

(c) Research on effects on climate

- (i) Theoretical and observational studies of the radiative effects of ozone and other trace species and the impact on climate parameters, such as land and ocean surface temperatures, precipitation patterns, the exchange between the troposphere and stratosphere;
- (ii) The investigation of the effects of such climate impacts on various aspects of human activity;

(d) Systematic observations on:

- (i) The status of the ozone layer (i.e. the spatial and temporal variability of the total column content and vertical distribution) by making the Global Ozone Observing System, based on the integration of satellite and ground-based systems, fully operational;
- (ii) The tropospheric and stratospheric concentrations of source gases for the  $\text{HO}_x$ ,  $\text{NO}_x$ ,  $\text{ClO}_x$  and carbon families;
- (iii) The temperature from the ground to the mesosphere, utilizing both ground-based and satellite systems;
- (iv) Wavelength-resolved solar flux reaching, and thermal radiation leaving, the Earth's atmosphere, utilizing satellite measurements;
- (v) Wavelength-resolved solar flux reaching the Earth's surface in the ultra-violet range having biological effects (UV-B);
- (vi) Aerosol properties and distribution from the ground to the mesosphere, utilizing ground-based, airborne and satellite systems;
- (vii) Climatically important variables by the maintenance of programmes of high-quality meteorological surface measurements;
- (viii) Trace species, temperatures, solar flux and aerosols utilizing improved methods for analysing global data.