the continent, in vain may she appeal to the laws of nations in ings. They, great statesmen, despise the laws of Nations; it consider, besides, that France has made herself very busy in the affairs of Texas. Now, these may be very proper proceedings viewed by American eyes, but the question is whether Europe will submit to such dictation. The popula-tion of the United States does not quite amount to two-thirds of that of France alone, and is immeasurably inferior to the French in all military qualities. We throw out these hints for the consideration of Messrs. Polk and Cushing at their next cisive blow. Meeting .- Ibid.

THE OREGON TERRITORY derives its name from Oregano, a Spanish word for wild marjoram (the origanum vulgare of Linnæus,) which grows abundantly on the Western coasts of

HONOURABLE CONDUCT OF A TRADESMAN.-We have great pleasure in giving insertion to the following: The creditors of Mr. Effingham Wilson, jun., the publisher, assembled at the Chapter Coffee-house, Paternoster-row, on Tuesday, in consequence of a circular from him, and each received 17s. $7\frac{1}{2}d$. in the pound, making, with the dividend already received upon the estate, 20s. in the pound. Mr. Effingham Wilson came into property to the amount of about 1,400%, and he generously devoted 1,350% to pay his creditors in full.

A vacancy is created in the representation of the West Riding of Yorkshire, the Hon. John Stuart Wortley being called to the House of Lords, by the title of Lord Wharncliffe.

'THE BAR .- At the commencement of last term, the bar consisted of nearly 3000 individuals,—the senior of whom had been called 55 years, the junior a few months. During the term the unprecedented number of 61 more candidates for legal distinction received their diploma, and became "barristers-at-

The lighthouse fixed by Mr. Bush on the Goodwin Sands has disappeared. The exact time of its sinking in the sands is not known, as the fog prevented observation for two or three

THE POET CAMPBELL .- Mr. Park, the sculptor, is engaged on a colossal statue of Campbell, to be erected in some Conspicuous situation in Glasgow.

CHELTENHAM.—The Rev. F. Close has written to the Editor of the Record, requesting his name to be withdrawn from the "Evangelical Alliance," recently formed in London.

A gang of ruffians made an attack on the residence of the lodge-keepers at Mount Shannon, the seat of the Earl of Clare, to search for arms, although his lordship is not only a perma-nent resident nobleman, but a kind and liberal landlord. FROST AND OTHERS .- The latest letter received from Van

FROST AND OTHERS.—The latest letter received from van Diemen's Land, at Pontypool, states that Geach, the expatriated solicitor, was, in July last, keeping a school in a small cottage at Hobart Town. Frost, the Russell Justice, was actively employed as a clerk in the same place; and Jones had left off driving a stage-coach, and was then engaged at his trade of a watchmaker. INVISIBLE WRITING.—The plan of writing with rice water,

INVISIBLE WRITING.—The plan of writing with rice water, to be rendered visible by the application of iodine, was practised with great success in the correspondence with Jellalabad. The first letter of this kind received from thence was concealed in a quill. On opening it a small paper was unfolded, on which appeared only a single word, "iodine." The magic liquid was applied, and an interesting despatch from Sir Robert Sale stood forth.—United Service Magazine. LAW OF WILLS .- The Prerogative Court was engaged du-

ring the whole of yesterday with motions and allegations, none of which call for a detailed report. Amongst the former were cases, which show that the neglect of the requisites of the Wills Act is by no means confined to illiterate testators, or persons in health of the confined to the in humble condition, or inopes concilii—one relating to the testamentary papers of the late Bishop of Bath and Wells, another to the will of the late Mr. John Ramsbottom. In this case the will was dated the 2d of March, 1844, and was in the testator's handwriting. With the exception of a few legacies the property was left to the testator's two sons, no executor ing appointed. On the second page of the will there had been a paragraph of about five lines, in which a legacy had been bequeathed to a certain person, which paragraph was ex-punged with a pen so as to be almost if not quite illegible; but he alteration was not attested, as required by the act. It appeared, from the statement of the subscribed witnesses, that when they attested the will it was so folded back that they were unable to see whether this paragraph were obliterated at that time or not, and no information could be obtained as to whether the alteration had been made before or after the execution, except that the testator had become reconciled to the person named in the paragraph before he died, but when, did not appear. The Court was moved to decree administration with the will in its present state, that is, upon the presumption that it was made before execution, which would carry into effect the wishes of the family; and Sir H. Jenner Fust, obserfeet the wishes of the family; and Sir H. Jenner Fust, observing that the will being expressly declared to be a temporary or provisional will, to have effect only in case the testator made no regular disposition of his effects, and that, from the appearance of the signature it would seem that the alteration and the significant would seem that the alteration and the significant works are contemporaneous acts, decreed administration the sole object of our efforts."

commerce of age.

"I have reason to hope that the common action of France and England will lead, on the banks of the River Plate, to the restoration of regular and pacific commercial relations, which is strongly were contemporaneous acts, decreed administration the sole object of our efforts."

DEATHS AMONG THE ARISTOCRACY. The number of peers opinion, has been repeatedly expressed by M. Thiers him

Earl of Belmore 44 Baron Hartland Earl of Abergavenny Marquis of Downshire ... 56 Baron Aston 57 Marquis of Ely 58 Earl of Effingham... Earl of Egremont 63 Marquis of Westminster Viscount Canterbury ...
Baron Stuart de Rothesay 65 Earl of Stamford and War-66 rington 67 Baron Carbery Earl of Romney Baron Montagu Baron Wharncliffe Thus averaging 68 years.

SUICIDE OF COL. GURWOOD.—Brighton, Dec. 29.—On Monday morning, Mr. Gell, one of the coroners for East Sus-Monday morning. Mr. Gell, one of the coroners for East Sussex, held an inquest on the body of Colonel John Gurwood, on the unattached list, who, after a short sejourn at Brighton, first at the residence of Sir Henry Webster, in Brunswick-square, and afterwards at lodgings, which he had taken for his family at 120, King's-road, terminated his earthly existence on Saturday by cutting his throat. The deceased was greatly distinguished in the Peninsula, was on the staff of the Duke of Wellington at the battle of Waterloo, afterwards private secretary to the Duke of Wellington, and he has lately completed a task on which he had been for many years engaged, as editor of the Wellington Dispatches. He wore the Waterloo medal, and another decoration; he was a Companion of the Bath, and he filled the office of Deputy Constable of the Tower of London, to which he was appointed by the Duke of Wellington.

THE CORN LAWS AND THE TRADE OF CANADA. - We have received the following document from an eminent com-mercial house in this city, which we insert with great pleasure, as we do anything bearing on these important questions.-

Liverpool, Dec. 15, 1845. SIR,-The present Ministerial crisis, and the uncertainty which exists as to the intentions of Sir Robert Peel, with the agitation of the Anti-Corn-Law League, and the recent declaration of Lord John Russell, pledging himself uncon-ditionally to a total repeal of the Corn Laws, appears to me to call upon all parties interested in the welfare of our Colonies and shpiping, to set forth their claims to be heard, before a rash verdict is delivered by the constituencies of the kingdom upon effects of which, if consummated, would be felt at home and abroad in a manner few would be prepared for, and have but little idea of-it would produce crash upon crash, and shake the credit of the kingdom from one end to the other.

Thus circumstanced, our movement must have a commence-ment, and for this purpose I venture to address you, as Chair-man of the General Shipowners' Society, to whom the Ship-owners have owners have been accustomed to look up as the guardians of

For my part, I have scarcely anything to advance in addition to the evidence I gave before the Select Committee, on Ship ping in 1844, from which I extract the following questions and answers: "Question 1040—(Chairman)—Corn is generally imported in foreign ships?—Yes. 1041—(Mr. Dennistoun) That is in consequence of the sliding scale duties?—Yes, as far as it has reference to the Baltic; but I believe this, that if the Corn Laws were to be abolished to-morrow, it might create greater employment for our ships for the year, but ultimately it would only cause increased production, and greater competition of foreign vessels; they would flourish, and we should go back, as far as the Baltic is concerned."

"1044—Suppose you had free trade, and corn were imported to the extent of from two to three millions annually, what tonnage would that require?—I could not answer that question off-hand. If we had free trade at all in corn, I should

tion off-hand. If we had free trade at all in corn, I should drawback system, British iron via New York can be laid down prefer having it with America; but if we had trade in corn, it would be most injurious to the British shipowner, for this reason: that by the new tariff we shall have a vast quantity of the pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot to pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot to pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot to pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot the pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot the pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot the pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot the pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot the pass through the United States free of duty, but we cannot the pass through the

quantity of bread stuffs into Canada." would destroy the new trade that is about to spring up in Canada."

evident from the lact that the Attorney General could not give a decided opinion on the clauses which refer to the employment the schooner William Walker, from Boston for St. Andrews, shall receive their best attention.

Toronto, January 14, 1846.

The privileges we claim for Canada should also, in common follow each other in consecutive seasons. Concessions to this extent ought not, in my opinion, to be resisted—they would tend to attach our Colonial brethren still more strongly to the Mother Country, the Monarchy, and our glorious Constitution, Mother Country, the Monarchy, and our glorous Constitution, and give them the assurance that at length our Colonies were recognised as integral portions of the British Empire, whilst, at the same time, we should virtually establish free trade in Corn with the United States of America, and thus neutralize their protective Tariff by a flank movement; for if Congress persisted in their protective duties on native Manufactures, the Western States would supply themselves through Canada; but if relaxation took place, the effect would be that the manufactured goods of this country would be sant. New-York, and give employment, as hitherto, to American ships, whilst British ships would have the benefit of carrying the returns, via the St. Lawrence, so establishing reciprocity, and calling forth in fact (to use the figurative language of the lamented Canning) "a new world into existence," for such

Upper Canada may yet be considered.

Should, however, these concessions be denied His Grace of Richmond and the landed interest, and, in consequence, a total repeal be forced upon us, would it not be well to request Lord John Russell, or rather Mr. Cobden, to permit us to build and repair our ships abroad, and allow us to man them with foreign sailors, abolishing all the burdens we have so long borne, and yet willing to bear, provided due protection is afforded our ships,

colonies, and commerce?

With this brief commercial view of the question, I beg to commend its further consideration to your Committee, leaving it to older politicians to pronounce on what n.ust follow, if the bulwarks of the nation are to be sacrificed at the bidding of a faith. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

HENRY CLEAVER CHAPMAN. To the Chairman of the Committee, General Shipowners' Society, London.

LIVERPOOL CORN PRICES CURRENT, JANUARY 3. WHEAT, \$\sigma 70 lbs. Canadian red. 8s. 2d. @ 9s.; Canadian white, 9s. 4d. @ 9s. 10d.; United States red, 9s. 1d. @ 9s. 4d.;

Canadian white, 0.
RYE, per qr. Baltic, &c., free, 36s. @ 38s.
BARLEY, \$\psi\$ 60 lbs., Grinding and Dis. 0.
OATS, \$\psi\$ 45 lbs., 4s. @ 4s. 4d.

Beans, p qr. European, 42s. @ 44s.
Peas, p qr. Baltic, &c. white, 47s. @ 52s.; Canadian white, INDIAN CORN, p 480 lbs., 40s. @ 44s.

FLOUR, 40 bs., duty paid, Canadian sweet, 35s. @ 37s.; United States sweet, 36s. @ 37s. 6d.: United States sour, 32s. 6d. @ 34s.; United States, in bond, 26s. 6d. @ 27s. 6d.

Seed, # 112 lbs. Clover, Foreign red, 0; Rape, per last, 10 qrs., 0; Linseed, # qr., 0; United States, # hhd., 7 bushels, 0. FRANCE.

OPENING OF THE FRENCH CHAMBERS .- On Saturday, the 27th Dec., the French Chambers were opened by His Mujesty the King of the French in person. The following is an extract from his Speech on the occasion. We make this selec-tion for the sake of illustrating the friendly feeling which prevails at present between Great Britain and France, and affords proof of the extreme improbability that disturbances are generally apprehended on the part of these two nations, as

some appear to have suspected.

"The friendship that unites me to the Queen of Great Britain and of which she has again so recently afforded me an affectionate testimony, and the mutual confidence of our governments, have happily secured between both states good and intimate relations. The convention concluded between us for putting down the odious slave trade is at this moment in for putting down the odious slave trade is at this moment in course of being carried into execution. Thus, by the cordial co-operation of the maritime forces of the two states, the slave trade will be efficaciously repressed, and at the same time our commerce be again placed under the exclusive surveillance of the Banks in this city.

(Signed)

annuity of 10th bequeathed to a poor person failed to have effect, owing to the testatrix, who wrote her own will, not signing it until the attesting witnesses signed, the Court having determined that the signing or acknowledgment by the testator must precede the signing by the witnesses.

Dearths and or the force of the peace of the world. This, our to be the safest guarantee of the peace of the world. This, our to be the safest guarantee of the peace of the world. This primes if West-ninster, Downshire, and Ely; 13 earls—St. Germans, Effingham, Mornington, Romney, Egremont (extinct), Abergavenny, Stamford and Warrington, Dunmore, Grey, Spencer, Verulam, Belmore, and Portarlington; I viscount—Canterbury; and 10 barons—Aston (extinct), Wynford, Carbery, Harris, Seaford (inherited by Baron Howard de Walden), Bateman, Montagu (extinct), Hartland (extinct), Stuart de Rotheman, Montagu (extinct), Hartland (extinct), Albertand the maintenance of the peace of the world-because everything tends to unite them, placed, as they both are, at the head of the free and civilized nations. The two governments inspire each other with mutual confidence; they have given each other pledges of their mutual loyalty; and if the British Cabinet consented to a very great sacrifice in its opinion-that of the right of search-it was, because it knew that the French Cabinet, the Cabinet of the 29th of October, concealed no arrière pensée, and prosecuted with similar ardour the abolition lious slave-trade. The alliance is consequently honourable on both sides-it is free; it rests on mutual exchange of good offices. The speech from the throne expressed nothing else; it might have expressed the same truth in still stronger terms, without wounding in the least the dignity of France."

Colonial.

THE NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL.—We are happy to have it in our power to state, that the mail brought by the *Hibernia*, brings the appointment of His Excellency Lord Catheart as Governor General of British North America; and that His Under ordinary circumstances, we might be inclined to doubt the policy of uniting in one person the powers and duties of Civil Governor and of Commander of the Forces in these important possessions; but, looking at the present aspect of our foreign relations, we cordially coneur in the wisdom of the appointment. pointment .- Montreal Heruld.

The making out of the Commission only awaits His Lordconferred upon him, and this will be conveyed by the next mail, so that, by the return one, the Earl of Cathcart will be

formally installed as Governor General of these Provinces.

We understand that Her Majesty's pleasure was signified to His Lordship in terms most complimentary to himself, and which must have been in the highest degree gratifying to his His Lordship's high character and abilities were acknowledged, and he was assured that the uniting in his person the civil and military authority of the Province was the result of no accidental combination of circumstances, but of a mature and deliberate conviction of his high qualification for the administration of both - Montreal Gazette.

It is reported in town, but we have not been enabled to trace the report to any good authority, that a portion of the Provincial Militia is to be immediately embodied for drill. We have also heard that an immense addition to the regular forces in Canada will take place in the spring; it is said to the extent of 13,000 men; but this also is merely a report, the truth of which we are not disposed to father.—Montreal Conrier.

Nor we. But we have no doubt that the militia system,

which is admitted to be defective, will receive that consideration with a view to its amendment which so important an arm of the national defence is entitled to, and that both the Vother Country and the noble and gallant person now at the head of the Provincial Government will provide ample means, and make every fitting arrangement, for the defence of the Province in any contingency that may possibly arise .-- Gazette.

The Kingston News gives the operation of the drawback system recently adopted by the United States, so far as affects that port. The total value of goods imported was £5,558, and of duties repaid £2,228. The articles particularized are cigars, almonds, currants, raisins, molasses, olive oil, linseed oil, raw sugar, refined sugar, and wine.

raw sugar, refined sugar, and wine.

From the experience of the past at Kingston and the other, ports, there can be no doubt that the system will operate very extensively, removing much of the business heretofore done at Montreal to New York and Boston, and materially affeeting the value of the public works of Canada—unless measures are devised to counteract it. The trade under it will not be confined to groceries or articles of West Indian product, as may be inferred from the fact that under the operation of this

corn by the St. Lawrence, which will be exclusively brought in British shipping. I have no doubt when the communications are opened with the Western States, that will divert a vast quantity of pass through the what will be its result.—Niagara Chronicle.

The School Act.—This impracticable Act for all useful purposes, is one of the legacies of the Radical ex-ministry, and quantity. like a Will made by a person at the point of death, is so imper-"1045—(Mr. Liddell)—That will be very beneficial to the British shipowner? No doubt; an alteration in the corn laws would destroy the clarge which refer to the employment

Canada; and if the produce of the Western States of America were to be allowed to enter Canada at a nominal duty, the supplies would be annually increased, to the great advantage of the producers in the United States, as well as the Canadian colonist and British shipowner; but totally repeal the corn laws, and the growing trade with Canada and the Western States of America will be crushed by the cheaper productions of the Baltic and the Black Sea—consequently America, Canada, and British shipping, would receive a severe and decisive blow. support of her rights. In vain has France founded a colony in the Pacific in hope of enjoying the free commerce of its western stuffs, and the remunerating freights throughout this year from the Pacific in hope of enjoying the free commerce of its western stuffs, and the remunerating freights throughout this year from stuffs, and the remunerating freights throughout the consequence. We trust the first throughout the consequence of the Western States of Maine, consisted of S. T. Cook, master; Wm. John stuffs, and the remunerating freights throughout the consequence of the western states of the free commerce of its western states of the free commerce of its western states of the free commerce of justice, be extended to our other colonies; and why not permit ito afford it, and by this means our schools might indirectly be governed by men of education. But the present School Act, failure of the oat or potato crop?—for bud and good harvests by allowing Trustees, and the Township Superintendents to they would be apt to seek instruction from persons compete

direct the course of study to be pursued, and the Books to be used is productive of more mischief than good.

It sounds very well in theory to say the people are the proper persons to decide what instruction their children shall receive and how it shall be imparted to them. But, practically, we know that the most sensible part of the people are diffident of prehensions and narrow prejudices. We say generally, because there are exceptions, and sometimes really useful men are ap-

pointed, but they are few and far between.

But it may be said, it is very easy to find fault, but why don't you point out a better system of Common School education, or how the act may be amended. To this we shall only answer, that in the selection of good and instructive books, men are generally governed by the opinions of those who are presumed to know better than themselves; and so the selection men are generally governed by the opinious of those who are presumed to know better than themselves; and so the selection of good teachers, and the direction of what shall be taught in our Common Schools should be confided to persons of acknow ledged education, religious and most ledged education, religious and moral, appointed by others com-School Act which should provide for this .- St. Thomas Stan-

dard.

In the absence of those official and full advices which the Directors of the Toronto and Luke Huron Railroad Company. are accustomed to receive from their agent in London, Mr. Widder, we have been driven to gather such tidings as we could, it to older politicians to pronounce on what must follow, if the bulwarks of the nation are to be sacrificed at the bidding of a few agitators. To me it appears it would not require much foresight to predict the sequel, viz., Fergus O'Connor and the people's charter to succeed Richard Cobden and the Anti-Corn Law League, then farewell to the Church, adieu to the Monarchy, good bye to the Funds, and away with all national faith. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, a number of influential and respectable parties, among whom we may mention is Lord Morpeth to a considerable amount.—
The whole amount of stock is sure to be taken up; and, if nothing, at present beyond calculation, should intervene, we may expect actual proceedings to commence in the spring. As regards the Great Western line, we have a reluctance to advance any thing; but it is stated in the Morning Chronicle, of Jan. that all the proceedings thus far have been null and void, a legal opinion having been given, that the company could per-form no act until the election of Directors in February, 1846. The stock was quoted at $1\frac{1}{2}$ premium, but it is not pretended any new bonâ fide sales were made at that rate. On the contrary, it is the prevailing opinion, that as the premium paid on purchases would have to be refunded, the chance of receiving £3 15s. was worth buying at £1 10s. or £2. In the course of our next publication, we shall, most likely, be able to advert more fully to this subject. But on a question of so much importance to our readers, the foregoing few, though compara-

tively imperfect, observations will not be unacceptable.

P.S.—Since the foregoing remarks were in type, we have learned from the London Times, of Jan. 3rd, that the quotation of the "Great Western Railway" on change was, that 34

A. SIMPSON, Treasurer Gen. Com. Quebec, 19th January, 1846.

ICE FORTS .- Yesterday afternoon a pretty numerous assemlog was attracted, in despite of the extreme coldness of the tion as may assist your deliberations, both as to the feasibility of the contemplated work and the extent to which pecuniary from the temporary battery on St. Helen's Island. A butt, about sixty feet square by eighteen feet high, has been erected y the labours of the artillerymen, and forms a very conspicuhas object from the city. It occupies the site of a small island or rock, and was formed by piling ice and snow, and consolida-The face, towards the battery, was blackened, and bulls torm. The lace, towards the battery, was blackened, and bulls eyes marked upon it. The distance was 416 yards. Four long guns, eighteen pounders, and one of smaller calibre, we believe, were placed in battery, and two carronades. Of the latter, one dismounted itself at the first discharge, and the other was not fired again. The object of the experiment was partly to practice, and partly to fry the capabilities for defence of ice ramparts. The balls, we are informed, buried themselves from ten to twelve feet in the mass without splintering, and a great number were put into it very close together without visibly shattering it, or materially altering the contour of the

EXTRAORDINARY ESCAPE.—Yesterday afternoon the Hon.
H. H. Killaly, President of the Board of Works, accompanied by his son, was proceeding in his sleigh towards town, when, from some cause, the horse became unmanageable, and ran off at a most furious rate down Bleury Street; this street being a ta most furious rate down Bleury Street; this street being a decay the decay that the channels through which it is communicated to man,"

Candidates for this Prize, (who are limited to members of the Diocesan Theological Institution at Cobourg,) are required to transmit their Essays to the Diocesan Theological Professor, EXTRAORDINARY ESCAPE. - Yesterday afternoon the Hon. at a most turnor rate down bledry Street; this street being a continued descent and very narrow for its great length, made the danger very imminent and the honourable gentleman's chief anxiety was directed to the preservation of his son, about 9 years of age, who, at the request of his father, and without speed of the horse then was at its utmost, and we can imagine he feelings of the honourable gentleman who could only hop but barely expect, his son to be unburt. The horse proceeded onwards until he reached the intersection of Lagauchetire onwards until he reached the intersection of Lagauchetire Street, when the sleigh came with such violence against the corner post, that Mr. Killaly was thrown upwards of thirty feet out of the sleigh. He was stunned, but in a few minutes recovered, and on hastening back to learn the fate of his son, his joy may be imagined on seeing him coming, with only a bruise on the head, and in no way seriously injured. The horse, after traversing several streets at the same speed, was finally stopped by running himself into deep snow.—Herald. DISTRESSING OCCURRENCE. - An inquest was held on Saturday last, before George Walton, Esq. one of the Coroners of the Home District, on the body of Joseph Price, Esq., long an esteemed resident of the township of York, near the first Toll-

Gate, Yonge-street, about two miles from the City of Toronto. This gentleman, was the owner of considerable property there and, as appeared in evidence, left his residence on the morning of Wednesday last, in a carriage drawn by two horses, and ac companied by his daughter, for the purpose of looking after some property he had in the township of Toronto. When at proved restive, and, unfortunately, the reins breaking, ran away. The deceased told his daughter to save herself, and get out of the carriage as well as she could; she instantly leapt out, and unfortunately met with a severe accident by the dislocation of one of her shoulders. The horses proceeded on furiously for about one hundred yards, when the decease leapt from the carriage, but in doing so fell to the ground. He was taken up insensible by some persons living in the neighbourhood, and conveyed to his house, not far distant. Dr. Widmer and Dr. McIlmurray, were sent for, and promptly attended; but the unfortunate gentleman, after lingering for about 48 hours, expired—death being caused, as the medical gentlemen stated, was much respected. He was an Englishman, and was a member of the Society of Freemasons; and his remains, will be buried, we are given to understand, with Masonic Honours. The verdict of the Jury was in accordance with the melancholy

Accident.—We regret to learn from the Hamilton Joural, that last week, Mr. Peterson, of Glanford, while in the act arranging some part of the machinery of his saw mill, by me means got entangled and was crushed to death. The deased formeries resided in the control of the machinery of his saw mill, by and Cotton Hosiery, Leghorn Hats, and Doubtellow Do.

Western Midtland Do.
Brock ...

Consist of Blankets, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Table Linens and Cotton Hosiery, Leghorn Hats, and Doubtellow Do.
Brock ...

Do.
Brock ...
Do. facts of the calamity. - Toronto Herald. of arranging some part of the machinery of his saw mill, by some means got entangled and was crushed to death. The deceased formerly resided in Stamford, and was son-in-law of John McMicking, Esq., of that place.—Toronto Herald.

GODERICH. - Mr. Gzowski, an Engineer from the Board of Works, says a contemporary, paid Goderich a visit lately, and selected the spot on which a "first-class permanent Government Light-House" is to be erected, before the end of June next, and in the meantime a temporary one is to be put up be-fore the end of March. Will this put an end to the systematic babbling of certain parties about the great dangers of this coast? Sailors acquainted with the subject say that it ought to do. different from what it had been represented to him. He en-tirely concurred in the opinions of Sir George Arthur, Lord Catheart, &c. &c., with regard to its capabilities and position. May Goderich be more frequently visited by such men as these.

DEATH IN THE WOODS .-- We learn from the Woodstock Telegraph of the 10th inst., that Messrs. Deanis Downey and Dauiel McEacharn, natives of Charlotte Town, P.E. I., who were employed by Mr. Amos Dickenson in the lumber woods, went astray, and after two days search Downey was found dead, and McEacharu so badly frozen that it was thought he could not be a search of the country of the co

Now, Sir, for a verification of what I advanced in 1844, I Egerton Ryerson, who has been making the tour of Europe, State of Maine, consisted of S. T. Cook, master; Wm. John

On Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor came down to the Council Chamber, to open the Legislative Session. His Excellency was accompanied by a splendid staff, and was received at the entrance of the Province Building by a guard of honor of the Rifle Bri-gade. Salutes were fired upon the arrival and departure of his

The House of Assembly having by direction of his Excellency been summoned, attended in the Council Chamber—the Speaker at their head—when his Excellency was pleased to open the Session with the following SPEECH.

Mr. President and Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council.

The necessity which exists for devising means to alleviate the distress and privation to which there is but too much reason to apprehend that a portion of the most rural population of this Province will shortly be exposed, in consequence of the almost general failure of the potatoe crop, joined to a desire to consult the convenience of many amongst you, has induced me

with the exception of the potatoe crop, has been in most parts of the Province rather more than usually abundant.

I regret, however, to inform you that the fisheries have been

less preductive than for several years past, although the de-crease is not to be attributed to causes likely to be permanent in their nature, or calculated to excite anxiety for the future success of this branch of industry. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly.

The public accounts, and the estimates of the expences of the current year, shall be submitted to you with the least pos-

Assured of the generous sympathy of the people of Nova Scotia for their suffering fellow subjects in Canada, I did not hesitate, on the occasions of the late extensive fires at Quebec, to appropriate a portion of our abundant resources to the relief of those who had been visited by such dire calamity, convinced that, in so doing, I but anticipated the wishes of those whom you represent, and that the measure would meet with your approbation and concurrence.

Mr. President and Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly.

I am happy to acquaint you that the public revenue still

continues in a prosperous state.

I have received from the Governor of Barbadoes a letter expressive of his grateful appreciation of your liberality in granting four thousand dollars for the succour of those amongst the equiation of Bridgetown who were reduced to distress and deslast; and a copy of a joint resolution, passed by the Council and Assembly of that Island, which I am sure you will be

sideration a project for the construction of a Railroad from Halifax to Quebec and Montreal, which has lately much en--£61,354 3 10 gaged the public attention, and the execution of which, should it turn out to be practicable under present circumstances, can-Balance in the hands of the Treasurer...... £24,503 4 8
Of which there is £10,000 deposited at interest in the sevewith each other, and affording at all seasons an outlet through British Ports for the productions of British Canadian dominions., I have thought it necessary to address her Majesty's Government on the subject of this great enterprize; and I have sudeavoured to obtain such statistical and other informaaid should be afforded to promote the undertaking, should

deem it expedient to apply to that purpose any part of the public income. The information thus collected shall be imparted to you at the first convenient opportunity.

I have been unable to carry into effect the intentions of the Victoria. Legislature expressed in the Act passed during the last session, entitled an Act relating to the funded debt of the Province, but I must remind you that it will be necessary to make provision for the immediate lipuidation of that portion of it borrowed in 1836, payable in doubloons, early in the present year, and I rely on your bestowing on this, as on all other matters of deep public concern, that grave and dispassionate considerach their importance so imperatively demands .- Hali-

The subject for this Prize, with the approbation of the Lord Bishop of Toronto, is fixed as follows :-

on or before the 15th May next. The names of the writers are to be sent accompanying in a sealed note, with a motto on the outside answering to one affixed to the Essays respectively. The Prize (value about £10,) will be adjudged immediately after the Annual Examination in August next.

CHURCH SOCIETY. The members of the Eastern Branch of The Diocesan

Church Society are hereby notified, that the Annual Meeting of said Society will be held at Pakenham Mills, on the 18th Williamsburg, 28th January, 1846.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE MIDLAND CLERICAL ASSOCIATION. The next meeting of this Association is appointed to be held (D. V.) at Kingston, on Wednesday the 4th, and Thurs-

held (D. V.) at Kingaton, day the 5th of March next.

SALTERN GIVINS, Secretary. Mohawk Parsonage, 2d Feb. 1846.

A CARD.

DR. J. R. WAKEFIELD, DENTAL SURGEON, formerly of London, and recently of the Co. of London, and recently of the City of New York, will remain (this visit) for a few days only. Recommendations un-

BY AUCTION, On Wednesday, the 18th Instant, AND FOLLOWING DAYS,

TILL BE SOLD, without reserve, at the Subscriber's Store, King Street, three doors west of Montreal Bank, who is retiring from the Retail trade,) his entire and valuable

FANCY GOODS: longst which are Black and Coloured Gros de Naples, Satir

Turks, Satins, Thread and Blond Laces and Edging, Worked Collars, Satin, Silk, Cashmere and Bareje Shawls and Scarfs, Veils, &c. &c.; French Mouseline de Laines, Cashmeres, Balgerines, Muslins, and Muslin Ginghams, with a variety of other Dress Stuffs. Also an excellent assortment of Ribbons, French Kid Gloves and Shoes, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.

Fancy Bonnets. Likewise, a select assortment of Linings and frimmings, of all kinds, with a great variety of other articles. GROCERIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Including Superior Old and Young Hyson, Gunpowder and Bohea Teas; Brandy, Gin, Wine in wood and in bottles, of the best qualities; Pickles, Sauces, &c. &c., with a lot of ex-Crockery, Glass and Stoneware, Patent Pails, Brooms, &c. &c.

CONDITIONS OF SALE-£10 and under, Cash; £10 to £25, three months; £25 to £50, six months; £50 to £100, nine months; £100 and upwards, twelve months, on furnishing ap-On the second day of the Sale, the Lease of the Store will

be put up, and possession can be given on the first of the ensu-PETER MORGAN Cobourg, February 3, 1846.

ORDERS FOR ENGLAND.

& W. ROWSELL are now making up their ORDERS
FOR BOOKS, &c., to come out from England by the
early Spring Vessels, and will continue to send by every Steamer This is could not live.—St. John (NB.) Courier.

We learn from the St. Andrews' Standard, that the crew of lar Works, are requested to forward them their orders, which

THOS. KIRKPATRICK, Esq., of Kingston.

GEORGE S. BOULTON, Esq., of Cobourg. JOHN TURNBULL, Esq., of Belleville. Mrs. Poetter will be happy to forward her terms to any per-

King Street, Kingston, Sept. 16, 1845. BOARDING SCHOOL, FOR YOUNG LADIES,

BY MRS. GEORGE RYERSON. TERMS PER QUARTER:

UITION in the following Branches of Educa- & s. tion, viz.:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, the use of

A Quarter's notice required before removing a Pupil.— Quarters commence on the 9th May, 1st of September, 23rd

November, and 15th of February.

MRS. RYERSON hopes to do justice to those who may entrust their children to her care, as she has had much experience in the work of instruction in the West of England, in Dublin, and in London, in the families of Noblemen and private Gentlemen.

Bay Street, (between King Street and } Adelaide Street) March, 1845. dertake sales of property of every description, BY AUCTION, either in town or country, ou most reasonable terms. He OLD ESTABLISHED BOOK-BINDERY, will hold a ADELAIDE BUILDINGS, KING STREET, TORONTO.

HUGH SCOBIE GRATEFULLY acknowledges the kind and extensive patronage with which he has been favoured in the above department of his business from all parts of the Province, and egs to assure his friends that he will avail himself of every pportunity to sustain and enhance the reputation the BINDERY are employed, nor any but the BEST MATERIALS used, and

An experienced Parisian Hand has been engaged, and an entirely new assortment of Tools of the newest patterns pur-chased, to get up FANCY and ORNAMENTAL BINDING,

n a style to command universal approbation.

Especial attention will be paid to the Binding of Law and ACCOUNT BOOKS.

Plain and Fancy Binding and Blank Books executed to any

Bankers' and Merchants' Books made and ruled to order, in a very superior manner.

All Orders will be executed with the greatest dispatch, and at the lowest possible price. Toronto, Sept. 29, 1845.

proud to place on your Journals.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to instruct me to signify to the Provincial Parliament Her Majesty's willingness to relinquish the Casual and Territorial Revenues of the Crown District. Township. Lot. Con. Acres. | Do. | do. | 19 | ewcastle | . . . | Cartwright | . . . | Broken lots | 8 & 19 | eidland | | Camden East | . N. | half | 22, half | 23 | Do. | do, | . . . | Broken lots | 39 & 40 | . . . | iagara Cayuga 5 and 6, North side Talbot Road, South Simcoe Collingwood .. Do. do.

Eastern Cornwall

Newcastle Cramahe

Western Dawn E. half 14 E. half 19 Part N. half 2 ... Broken lots 10 & 11 .. 8} Hamilton, (Town of) \$ 5, 6, 7 & 12, Block No. 2 14 & 15, " W. half lot 2 \$ 6, 18, 22, 24 & 34 CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC.

W. half 19 13. W. half 14 Part 24, (in lots N. half Prince Edward P South half 14 . 9, 11, 12, 13 & 14 Part 4 For Terms of sale and other particulars, apply,-if by letter, free of postage, to FRANCIS M. HILL. Kingston, 1st December, 1845.

LANDS FOR SALE. THE FOLLOWING LANDS, the property of several Gentle in England and Canada, are offered for sale by the undersign

District. Township. athurst..... W. half 11 W. half W. half 23 South Sherbrooke

TO LET.

RS. HERRMAN POETTER receives a limited number of a sound and lady-like Education.

References kindly permitted to the Rev. W. M. HERCHMER, to whom Mrs. Poetter is indebted for the superintendence of the religious instruction of her pupils,—and also to the undermentioned gentlemen, whose daughters she has educated:—

Those eligibly situated Premises in King Street, three doors west of the Montreal Bank, consisting of a commodious and very convenient Dwelling House, with Store underneath, fitted up in a superior style with Show Windows, Glass Cases, &c. &c., and well adapted for general basin say with a Counting House off the Store, and a large Warehouse in rear. Early possession can be had; the House and Store modious and very convenient Dwelling House, with Store underneath, fitted up in a superior style with Show Windows, Glass Cases, &c. &c., and well adapted for general business, with a Counting House off the Store, and a large Warehouse in rear. Early possession can be had; the House and Store let separately or together. For particulars apply to the Proprietor, D. E. BOULTON, Esq., or to the Subscriber.

PETER MORGAN. Cobourg, January, 1846.

TO CAPITALISTS. O BE SOLD, that excellent WATER MILL, and FARM PROPERTY,

BRONTE MILLS,

in the Gore District, consisting of a Woollen Factory, Grist Mill, Saw-Mills, and Dwellings; with 350 acres of Land, of which upwards of 100 acres are in a state of cultivation. This property has cost more than £10,000, and will be sold for £5,000, on easy terms,—say £1,600 cash, £500 in September, 1846; £1,300 in December 1847; £1,200 in January

Land Agent, Notary Public, and Auctioneer, BEGS to return his grateful thanks to his friends and the public in general, for the liberal support he has experi-nced in business, and to inform them that he continues to transact every description of LAND AGENCY and CONVEYAN-CING business, at the most moderate charges, and with the greatest exactness.

In addition to his usual business, he is now prepared to un-

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION. On Monday, the Second day of March next,

WILD LANDS, CLEARED FARMS, HOUSES TOWN LOTS, &c. &c. which will be continued on the first Monday in every month throughout the year; and he respectfully requests all persons desirous of availing themselves of the advantages which will be thus afforded them of bringing their property into public

tice, to furnish him with full particulars at least ten days before each sale, in order that a more detailed account of the properties to be offered may be duly published. King, (near Bay) Street, Toronto, January, 1846.

ANNUALS FOR 1846. TISHER'S Drawing-Room Scrap Book....... £1 15 0
The Keepsake, edited by the Countess of Blessington 116 3
Heath's Book of Beauty, edited by the Countess of

tch, and

Blessington ... 1 16 3

Heath's Book of Beauty, edited by the Counters of Blessington ... 1 16 3

The Poet's Gallery of Beauty, by E. Finden, with descriptive letter-press by Mrs. S. C. Hall ... 3 5 0

Ackerman's Forget Me. Not. ... 0 17 6

Nature's Gems, or American Wild Flowers in their Native Haunts, by Emma C. Embury, the plates coloured after nature ... 1 16 3

The Rose ... 0 7 6 ALSO: A great variety of other Handsomely Bound Books, Rose-

wood and Mahogany Desks, Rosewood Work Boxes, Colour H. & W. ROWSELL. Toronto, January 14, 1846.

ROWSELLS' DIARY, AND LAW AND COMMERCIAL REMEMBRANCER. Price-7s. 6d.

UST PUBLISHED, a work with the above title, and which it is the intention of the Publishers to continue annually. It is of the size of letter paper, and contains a separate space for every day in the year, with the days of the week and month printed at the head of the respective spaces. The Calendar and a variety of other useful information is prefixed. In England such Diaries for registering appointments, business to be attended to on particular days, &c., are in general use, and the Publishers having frequently had demands for a similar description of work, have been induced to attempt the publica-It is printed on good paper, and substantially half-bound. As only a very limited number of copies is printed for 1846, parties desirous of baving them, are requested to forward their orders immediately to the Publishers,

H. & W. ROWSELL King Street, Toronto

JUST PUBLISHED. THE CHURCHMAN'S ALMANAC FOR 1846, CONTAINING FORTY-EIGHT PAGES

Ecclesiastical, Commercial and General Information. Price Fourpence.

THE generally increased demand for this Almanac during the last two years has induced the Publi-hers to print a much larger edition for 1846, which enables them to reduce the price to FOURPENCE CURRENCY. Clergymen and others desirous of promoting the circulation of this Almanac, and in whose neighbourhood it may not have been procurable in previous years, are respectfully requested to communicate with the Pub-lishers, and inform them of the names of respectable Storekeepers where they could be sent for sale, as also the number of copies which would probably be in demand.

For Sale at the Depository of the Church Society, Toronto;

by Ramsay & McKendrick, Hamilton; A. Davidson, Nia, ara; by Ramsay & McKendrick, Hamilton; A. Davisson, J. F. Rogers, Woodstock; Ramsay, Armour & Co., Kingston; Goodeve & Corrigal, Cobourg; Mr. Parker's, Cornwall; and at many other of the principal Stores throughout the Province; and at the Publishers',

H. & W. ROWSELL, King Street, Toronto. November 6, 1845. NOTICE

I S hereby given, that a Meeting of the Stockholders in the COBOURG HARBOUR will be held at the Office of the Company, on Monday, the second day of February next, for the purpose of electing Directors for the year next ensuing that date. By order of the President, W. H. KITTSON, Harbour Company's Office. Cobourg, 27th Dec., 1845. The above Meeting is POSTPONED until Saturday, the 7th March next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

By order of the Board.

W. H. KITTSON. 31st January, 1846. BIRTHS. At Scarboro, on the 18th ult., the wife of the Rev. Wm. Stewart Darling, of a daughter.

At the Commodore's Cottage, Point Frederick, on the 26th ult., the wife of Capt. Fowell, R.N., of a daughter.

MARRIED. At Toronto, on the 31st ult., by the Rev. H. J. Grasett, John A. Tully, Esq. C. E., and D.P.S., to Anna Eleanor, eldest daughter of R. Watson, Esq., Proprietor of the "British

At St. James's Church, Kingston, Canada West, on Tuesday the 3rd of February, by the Rev. R. V. Rogers, Arthur A. Farmer, Esq., of Huntingford, near Woodstock, Canada West, second son of the late William Mecke Farmer, Esq., of Nonsuch Park, in the County of Surrey, England, to Louise

Emily, daughter of the Hon. P. B. de Blaquiere, and Niece of General the Right Hon. Lord de Blaquiere.

In Peterboro', on the 27th ult., by the Rev. R. J. C. Taylor, Rector of Peterboro', Mr. Charles Perry, son of E. Perry, Esq., of Cobourg, to Margaret, second daughter of John Gilbeits.

At Picton, on the 14th ult., at the residence of Jas. Primrose. Esq., by the Rev. C. Elliott, Rector of St. James, Wm. B. Chandler, Esq., Barrister at Law, eldest son of the Hon. Edward B. Chandler, of Dorchester, N. B., to Ellen, only daughter of the late John Carritt, Esq., M.D., of Amherst, N.S.

DIED.

On the night of Friday the 23rd ult., at Simcoe, Talbot District, of a rapid decline, William Campbell Loring, Esq., Barrister-at-law-eldest son of Col. Loring, and grandson of the late Sir William Campbell, Chief Justice of the Province of Upper Canada.

At Weston, Etobicoke, on the 19th ult., Sarah, wife of Dr. 200 J. Ackland De La Hooke.

Veilington South Sherbrooke

Part 21 2 76
Veilington Woolwich Block No. 3, on the Grand
River, containing 30:0 acres, now being laid out in 200 acre lots
For terms of sale and other particulars, apply,—if by letter free of vostage,—to

FRANCIS M. HILL,
Kingston, 1st December, 1845.

T. Champion Esq. (2). rem.; Mr. T. Ryall, rem.; L. Burwell
Esq.; Rev. E. J. Boswell; Rev. S. Givins; J. Davidson Esq.,
rem.; Hon. J. Crooks; L. Moffatt Esq.; Rev. F. A. O'Meara
(Jan. 23); J. Walton Esq (much obliged); Rev. R. Harding;
Rev. W. A. Adamson; Rev. T. S. Kennedy; Kev. S. Armour. Letters received during the week ending Thursday, Feb. 5;

an., 1847 Meeting The sum cted Lay

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