

No. 2.

Provisional Battalion on service in Manitoba.

To be Adjutant :

Lieutenant Hayter Reed, vice Gagnier, deceased.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Ottawa Field Battery of Artillery.

To be Captain specially and provisionally :

1st Lieutenant John Stewart vice Forsyth, deceased.

Hamilton Field Battery of Artillery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant :

William F. McMahon, vice Goddes, resigned.

36th "Peel" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 5 Company, Alton.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant Alfred Presley, vice Charles Smith, left limits.

To be Ensign provisionally :

Sergeant Joseph H. Benning, vice John Lemon, left limits.

No. 6 Company, Elba.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally :

Sergeant Joseph Whimp, vice N. Nesbitt, left limits.

37th "Haldimand" Battalion of Rifles.

No. 4 Company, Hagersville.

Advertising to G. O. (19) of 12th July, 1872, the formation of a Company of Rifles is hereby authorized at Hagersville, to be No. 4 Company of the 37th Battalion, to replace the former No. 4 Company.

To be Captain, provisionally :

William Glenn, Esquire.

To be Lieutenant :

Augustus A. Almas, Gentleman, M. S.

38th "Brant" Battalion of Rifles.

No. 1 Company, Paris.

To be Lieutenant :

Peter Henry Coxo, Gentleman, M.S., vice Totten promoted.

47th Frontenac Battalion of Infantry.

To be Major :

Captain and Brevet Major John Kirby Mauley, M.S., from No. 5 Company, vice Kirkpatrick, promoted.

Lieutenant and Adjutant William M. Bailie, M. S., to have the rank of Captain from 16th May, 1873.

No. 5 Company, Barriefield.

To be Captains :

Lieutenant James Byrne, M. S., vice Mauley, promoted.

To be Lieutenant :

Ensign Reinhold Strachan, M. S., vice Byrne promoted.

To be Ensign :

Charles Seale, Gentleman, M. S., vice Strachan, promoted.

49th "H stings" Battalion of Rifles.

To be Major :

Captain and Brevet Major George Henry Boulter, V.B., from No. 2 Company, vice James Cummings, deceased.

No 2 Company, Stirling.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant Robert Potts Fidler, V.B. vice Boulter, promoted.

57th "Peterborough" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 1 Company, Peterborough.

To be Captain :

Lieutenant William Johnson, M.S., vice Theodore Bold Clementi, who is hereby permitted to retire with the rank of Lieutenant.

To be Lieutenant :

Ensign John Dixon, M.S., vice Johnston, promoted.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Captain James J. L. Boice, 13th Battalion, for two months from 28th instant, on private affairs.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Lieutenant Colonel Darell R. Jago, New Brunswick, Artillery, for one month from 26th instant, on private affairs.

RETIRED LIST.

Captain George Hugo Perry, late 7th Carleton Battalion non service Militia, is hereby permitted to retire, under 32nd section of the Militia and Defence Act, with the rank of Major.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor General.

P. ROBERTSON-ROSS, Colonel,
Commanding the Militia of the Dominion
and Adjutant General.

The *Engineer* of Tuesday, April 11, 1873, says, apropos of ironclad ships: "There is practically no limit to the powers of a gun, but there is a very narrow limit to the weight of armor that can be carried, and this limit has been very closely approached in the *Dredington*. What her success as a sailing ship may be, remains to be seen. However great it may be, it will not suffice to convince the scientific world that she will constitute a fair match for the guns that may be brought against her in a few years. All this is very old and true, but may be easily forgotten, and our object in writing now is to call the attention of members of Parliament who are competent to speak on such matters to the fact that there is reason for believing that if 12-inches of armor were properly bestowed upon a ship it would put the heaviest shells in existence at absolute defiance. We have urged this point before, and very few words will suffice to explain what we mean. It is generally admitted by naval men that little is to be feared from shot; shell constitutes the terrible weapon of attack. If it were possible however, to explode shells before they got nearly through armor plating, they would do very little mischief indeed. Let us then, so dispose our armor that shells shall always be exploded while still without the true ship. To do this it is only necessary to divide 9 in. of armor into two plates each 4 1/2 inches thick. The first one is to be disposed in the usual way on the outer surface of the hull; the second to be placed about 8 ft. in board. The space between the two plates could be utilized in various ways. In action the first plate would explode every shell that struck it; nothing but fragments would be left to get through the second plate, if they could. It is a remarkable fact that the truth or fallacy of this line of reasoning has never been tested by any experiment worth the name, although the cost would be practically nothing. We earnestly wish that someone when the navy estimates next comes on for consideration, would urge this fact on the Government, and endeavor to obtain a crucial test of the value of a system of construction which promises to reinstate armor in the position which it held when the heaviest gun we had afloat weighed but 95-cwt."

The new Turkish Military Code has just been printed and issued to the army.

General Von Hattmann, who commanded the Second Bavarian Army Corps during the late war, is dead.

The entire reorganization of the Swedish artillery has been decided upon.

The Kriegsspiel or war game is being extensively introduced into the Italian army.

The Czar had appointed the Grand Duke Michael commander-in-chief of the Russian Artillery Force.

London 31st.—The new Government of France proposes to abandon the commercial treaty with England. It is reported the Bank of France will advance funds necessary to complete the payment of the war indemnity and the evacuation of the French territory by German troops will follow immediately.

REMITTANCES Received on Subscription to THE VOLUNTEER REVIEW up to Saturday the 31st ult.—

FOREST, Ont.—Capt. John C. Pollock.....\$200
MILLBROOK, O.—Capt. John Hunter..... 200