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SUMMER WORK.

Not for several years have the prospects of all kinds of farm crops and fruits, with the exception of the fall wheat in a few localities, been more encouraging in this province than at the present moment. From all parts of the country we have the same report, the same glowing descriptions of the beauty and luxuriance of the vegetation. The late spring frosts, which astonished us last year, and did so much mischief in the beginning of June, were altogether of an exceptional character, and fortunately have not repeated their visit this year. The supply of rain has been very limited, but the crops do not appear to have suffered materially on that account.

Very little now remains to be done to complete the seed sowing operations of this season. The white globe or other varieties of the English Turnip may be sown from the present time to the 1st of August. It will give a more bulky crop than the Ruta Baga, but of course not equal in quality for feeding purposes. Where the Swedes or Mangels or Carrots have failed, or where a sufficient quantity of them have not been sown, the white turnip may be put in as a substitute. They may be sown broadcast or in flat

drills the latter is preferable, upon any rich, porous, well prepared soil. Seed, one to two pounds per acre. Hungarian grass may still be sown either for hay or soiling. Indian Corn may be sown for soiling; it is rather too late now to sow this crop to expect it to come to maturity, although we have known the early ripening varieties sown as late as the 20th June and produce a fair crop. Buckwheat may be sown from the latter part of this month to the middle or end of July, upon light sandy or loamy soils. If intended to ripen the seed it should be sown not later than the middle of July, so as to avoid the early autumn frosts; if to be ploughed in for manure, it may be sown later. The quantity of seed is about a bushel per acre sown broadcast; if drilled, less will do.

All sorts of root and hoed crops, such as turnips, mangels, carrots, Indian corn, &c. as soon as they appear sufficiently above ground, should be gone through carefully with the cultivator and hand hoe to keep down the weeds and thin them out to the proper distance. The distance to which these crops should be thinned depends somewhat upon the variety of the root, and upon the quality of the soil. If the growth of leaf is likely to be luxuriant, they should