Every added scription Helps to make This paper better

he Atteckin Monitor

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BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, N. S., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1917

TERMS: -\$1.50 per Year in Advance. Single Copies 3 cents



WHITE AND GREY BLANKETS MEN'S AND BOYS' SWEATERS.

FLEECE-LINED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS 24 to 46 inch.

UNION AND ALL-WOOL SHIRTS AND DRAWERS

MEN'S FLANNELETTTE NIGHT SHIRTS. A Bargain

LADIES' NIGHT DRESSES. Bought before the jump in price.

A grand rauge of WINTER SOX ents per pair.

LUMBERMEN'S CYERSOX 55 cents upwa

BOYS' and MEN'S BRACES.

GRAND WORKING PANTS At "Keen Kutter" Prices.

The Strongest, Largest, Best WORK SHIRTS. A Bargain. FINE SHIRTS. 49c. to \$1.50.

A Fine Assortment of CHRISTMAS HANDKERCHIEFS.

A good assortment of RIBBONS. EMBROIDERIES at OLD PRICES

2 inches to 40 inches wide. BIBS and LITTLE DARLING HOSE for "Their Majesties."

BEAUTY PINS, 12. per pair.

Mercer. Crochet, 13c. ball Clark's Crochet, 8c. ball.

Clark's 300 yd. Spools, 9c BOSTON GARTERS and ARMLETS

REAL JAPANESE PEARL BUT-TONS, a good assortment.

MOODIE'S HYGEIAN VESTS ANI DRAWERS for Misses

MISSES' CORSETS AND WAISTS

LADIES' P. C. CORSETS AND WAISTS, 19 to 36 inch. Splendid

I am selling a large lot of Staple Dry Goods at less than present cost price.

CASHMERETTE Simpson's Price 25c. My Price 19c.

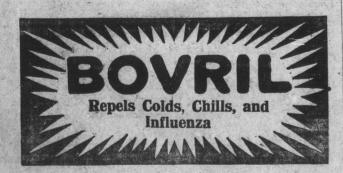
My store will be open every day and night until Christmas.

WALTER SCOTT

"The Keen Kutter"

One Price----Cash

Next Public Telephone Office, Bridgetown, N. S.



UNION GOVERNMENT RETURNED

Majority of Over Forty Claimed by the Unionists

Ontario Elected Only Ten Opposition and West of the Great Lakes the Union Party Made Almost a Clean Sweep-Only One Liberal Elected in Manitoba and None in Saskatchewan.

ernment has won a decisive victory at Capital, but the Liberal Leader was the polls. At an early hour this morn- returned in Quebec East by six thousing practically complete returns from the Eastern Provinces and results not quite so complete from West of the Great Lakes, indicate that apart from the soldiers' vote to be counted in January, the Government will have a majority in excess of 40. The Provinces east of the Ottawa River more than verified the predictions of those who believed that the Unionists and Liberals would break about even, but Ontario and the West proved a surprise. The opposition counted on at least 20 seats from Ontario and got only half that number. Liberals thought that they could count on not less than 15 seats in the West, but up to one o'clock, Mulloy of Provencher, Manitoba, is the only supporter of Sir Wilfred Laurier elected.

Two or three seats in Northern Alberta may still be in doubt because of the larger number of country polls still to be heard from, but there is little to indicate the possibility of little to indicate the possibility of South Cape Breton and Richmond more than 3 or 4 oppositionists being G. W. Kyte, Liberal. elected in Western Canada.

In Ontario 72 of the 82 constituer cies have been won by the Unioni forces and all the Ministers have bee elected by large majorities. The O sition has been successful only North Waterloo, Russell, South Refrew, Prescott, South Perth, West Mi dlesex, Kent, South Essex, North E sex and South Bruce.

Sir Wilfred Laurier and his running mate, Mr. Hal. McGivern, were d

OTTAWA, Dec. 18-The Union Gov- | feated by close to one thousand in the and majority

Quebec did even worse for the Un ionists than was expected, sixty-two out of the 65 seats going into the Liberal column.

THE RESULT IN NOVA SCOTIA. Yarmouth: E, K. Spinney, Liberal Unionist. Annapolis-Digby: A. L. Davidson

Kings: Sir R. L. Borden, Unionist Hants: L. H. Martell, Liberal Lunenburg: Wm. Duff, Liberal. Queens-Shelburne: Hon. W Fielding, Lib.-Unionist (acclamation.) Colchester: Hon. F. B. McCurdy

Cumberland: H. J. Logan, Liberal Pictou: R. H. MacKay, Liberal. Antigonish-Guysborough: J. H. St Clair, Liberal. Inverness: Dr. A. W. Chisholm

Inionist, (acclamation.)

North Cape Breton and Victoria D. D. MacKenzie, Liberal.

SUMMARY OF THE VOTING

200	BUMMART OF THE VOTIN	
n-	Unio	n Lib.
ist	Nova Scotia 5	8
en	New Brunswick 6	5
n-	Prince Edw. Island 0	4
in	Quebec 3	62
	Ontario 72	10
n-	Manitoba	1
id-	Saskatchewan 16	0
Cs-	Alberta 8	0
	British Columbia10	0
	British Columbia 3	Doubtful
ng	Alberta 4	Doubtful
le-	Deferred Elections 4	

Fought as a Boy

Early in the war a slight Belgian boy attached himself to a British company. He became a mascot, and sang for the soldiers. He said all his relatives were dead. A little Belgian uniform was given him recently. He played a heroic part in the severe, fighting, carrying ammunition. After the battle he was missed and a search was made. His mangled body was found in the thickest of the fray, and when prepared for burial it was discovered he was a girl.

Musical Beginnings

(From the Thanksgiving Puck) Mrs. Boyton caught a glimpse of her

Some Have "Dimmers."

Two scientists in Europe have decid ed that the human brain is radioactive and emits a faint glow under certain

Centrelea Red Cross Society.

Contributed to Halifax Relief: 3 barrels of bread, butter, vegetables, bedding, clothing, including 13 prs. knitted socks, 5 suits pyjamas, also \$17.00 in cash,

GIRLS! WHITEN SKIN WITH LEMON JUICE

Make a Beauty Lotion for a Few Cents to Remove Tan, Freckles, Sallowness.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will sup young son going to the library one afternon concealing something behind him. Upon investigation she discovered that he had a new porous plaster which he had found in the medicine closet.

drug store or tollet counter will supply you with three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Squeeze the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle, then put in the orchard white and shake well. This makes a quarter pint of the very best lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier known. Massage this fragrant creamy lotion. "Why Edmund," said the mother, "what in the world are you going to do with that plaster"

"I am going to see what tune it will play on the pianola, mother," replied the boy.

"I am going to see what tune it will play on the pianola, mother," replied the boy. surprise you.



Final Appeal Judge Gives Ruling on **Exemption of Farmers**

Mr. Justice Duff (the Final Court of Appeal) Declares it is Essential that there shall be No Diminution in Agricultural Production.

(Published by authority of Director of Public Information, Ottawa.)

Hon. Mr. Justice Duff gave judgment on December 6th, in the first test case brought before him, as Central Appeal Judge (the final court of appeal), for the exemption of a farmer. The appeal was made by W. H. Rowntree in respect of his son, W. J. Rowntree, from the decision of Local Tribunal, Ontario, No. 421, which refused a claim for exemption. The son was stated to be an experienced farm hand, who had been working on the farm continuously for the past seven years, and ever since leaving school. He lives and works with his father, who owns a farm of 150 acres near Weston, Ontario. With the exception of a younger brother, he is the only male help of the father on the farm. The father is a man of advanced years.

In granting the man exemption "until he ceases to be employed in agricultural labor," Mr. Justice Duff

"The Military Service Act does not deal with the subject of the exemption of persons engaged in the agricultural industry; and the question which it is my duty to decide is whether the applicant being and having been, as above mentioned, habitually and effectively engaged in agriculture and in labor essential to the carrying on of agricultural production, ought to be exempted under the provisions of the Military Service Act.

"These two propositions are indisputable:

"(1) In order that the military power of the allies may be adequately sustained, it is essential that in this country and under the present conditions, there should be no diminution in agricultural production.

(2) The supply of competent labor available for the purpose of agricultural production is not abundant, but actually is deficient.

"The proper conclusion appears to be that the applicant, a competent person, who had been habitually and effectively engaged in labor essential to such production, ought not to be withdrawn from it.

"It is perhaps unnecessary to say that such exemptions are not granted as concessions on account of personal hardship, still less as a favor to a class. The sole ground of them is that the national interest is the better served by keeping these men at home. The supreme necessity (upon the existence of which, as its preamble shows, this policy of the Military Service Act is founded) that leads the State to take men by compulsion and put them in the fighting line requires that men shall be kept at home who are engaged in work essential to enable the State to maintain the full efficiency of the combatant forces, and whose places cannot be taken by others not within the class called out."

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1917.