General News.

—F. H. Ennis, Secretary of the Public Works department, died suddenly in Ottawa on Tuesday evening of apoplexy.

—Mr. P. T. Barnum has offered General Grant $100,000 if he will permit him to exhibit his trophies and relics to the public.

—*Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* will positively prevent all ordinary diseases common to horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and fowl, besides constantly improving them. Beware of the large packs; they are worthless.

FORGED BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES.—The bank of England authorities say perfect imitations of its notes in the denominations of £5 to £100 are in circulation. A number of £50 are circulating on the continent and in America. The bogus notes are supposed to be the work of American counterfeiters.

—One of the largest salmon ever known to have been taken from a European river was netted lately in the Tay, near the mouth of the Almond, a few miles above Perth. The weight was estimated at about 80 pounds. The fish was five feet in length and two feet five inches in girth. It was returned to the river.

—We caution our readers to beware of diphtheria, pneumonia, influenza, bronchitis, congestion of the lungs, coughs and colds at this season of the year. Get a bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* and keep it ready for instant use. It may save your life. It has saved thousands.

—Ah Ti, of La Porte, Cal., is the wealthiest Chinamen in America, having a modest $2,000,000 to his credit. His family consists of a wife and six children and he has sent them back to the celestial kingdom to live permanently, whither Ti will follow as soon as he settles up his business. He made his money in the mines and in trade, and is going home to enjoy it.

—Stuart Cumberland, the mind-reader who played tricks with Halifax dignitaries has just returned from Russia. Warsaw employed him to investigate a robbery. By performing his usual experiments with one of the parties charged, he frightened him into confessing. The amount stolen is $150,000, and Cumberland is to have a quarter of it, as it is discovered through his agency.

INSANE.—Rev. Father O'Connor, who has been stationed at Herring Cove, was taken by Saturday's express to Halifax for the purpose of placing him in the asylum. He has been in ill health for some months which finally culminated in insanity. He was so violent that it was necessary to enclose him in wrappings which were securely strapped about his person.—*Watchman*

—Instructions have been sent to inspectors of weights and measures not to enforce the law, which was to have gone into operation on the 1st inst., making it compulsory that all packages of canned goods be marked with the weight of the contents. It is the intention of the minister of inland revenue to make certain amendments to the act during the coming session. Until this is done the act will remain inoperative.

—The Mormon Church newspaper organ of Salt Lake, has had articles recently urging the assassination of United States marshalls who attempted to serve warrants on polygamists by entering houses, or to serve subpoenas for witnesses. It is now said this policy has been decided on and that a large number of special policemen has been sworn in to guard the house of polygamists against alleged intruders.

—The shipment of small fruits, embracing thirty varieties, sent by Mr. Saunders, to the experimental gardens of the government at Azabu, Tokio, reached their destination in excellent order. Mr. Saunders, of London, Ontario, has received a very interesting letter from the superintendent of the establishment, with hearty thanks for the donation accompanied by several packages containing an interesting collection of the seeds of some of their finest flowers and trees.

THE POSTAGE RATE.—The Postmaster General states that the reduction of postage to a two cent rate would cause a heavy loss of revenue, and if that were done postage on newspapers would have to be changed. It has been brought to his notice that large quantities of correspondence is being sent over by express to the United States to be posted at the two cent rate which throws into the United States treasury that which properly belongs to Canada. He says there is no remedy.

—A new method for the extraction of gold from quartz has been invented, that is not unlikely to prove especially applicable to Nova Scotia quartz. Instead of stamping in water, the ore is ground fine and then mercury is forced through the dry powder. If the promises of this process are realized, it will greatly reduce the expense of extraction, and enable miners on a small scale either to grind their own ores by a very simple apparatus, or send them to a large mill where they can be sold by sample as soon as ground, as is done with the Silver ores in Colorado.

—It is a curious commentary upon the present glutted condition of the world's grain markets, that farmers in Nebraska and other western parts of the Northwest, are actually burning corn for fuel. Soft coal in that state is worth about twenty-two cents a bushel, and corn is selling in rural markets for about twelve cents per bushel. Experiments have shown that two bushels of corn will produce more warmth than one bushel of coal; hence farmers are burning the former and saving themselves the trouble of drawing coal.

—It was Julia Ward Howe who penned these noble sentences:—

"If we have never bowed to crowned vice, or neglected despised virtue, if we have stretched out to the fallen the hand of help instead of pointing at them the finger of scorn, if we have made the way of the transgressor hard to go, but easy to return, whether we are remembered or forgotten, we shall depart from this world leaving some part of it the better and happier by our presence in it. We may not bear the bloody laurels of a wicked victory, but we shall have fought the good fight, and our names will receive a place in the record of the veterans, who, like Napoleon's Old Guard, die when they must, but never surrender.'

—The passenger traffic over the Canadian Pacific this year has been unprecedented in the history of the road. It is estimated that there were over 205,000 passengers carried over the road during the year. The business done on the Port Arthur division was simply enormous, and is only an augury of what the future will be. The facilities for conveying passengers on the C. P. R. now, are all that can be desired, and as a matter of fact no other road on the continent is better equipped in this respect.

The amount of freight carried over the road during the year is estimated at 475,000 tons. A large quantity of this was brought via Port Arthur.—*Winnipeg Times*

—A Prince Edward Island man was badly taken in by sharpers on a Maine Central train last Monday evening. The train was west of this city, and the former man was seated alone, when a well dressed fellow came along and engaged him in conversation. In a few minutes another fellow came along and addressed sharper No. 1 and asked if he could change $100, which was displayed in No. 2's hand. The former replied that he could not, when his companion said that he had a payment of $18 to make at Bangor, and asked if he could lend that amount until he got the bill changed. No 1 could not accommodate him and, therefore, he asked the P. E. I. man if he could do so, and said that he would pay him when the train reached Bangor. The man had but $19 and one half dollar, but lent the stranger the required $18. When the train reached the city, sharper No. 2 told the P. E. I. man to remain in his seat and he would return in a few minutes with the money. He then went out, followed soon after by No. 1, and neither men nor money have been heard from since. The swindle was not a very clever one, but the man readily fell into the trap set for him.—*Bangor Whig.*

Spanish Earthquake Scenes.

Granada, Jan. 10, 1885.—I have just returned from the village of Heuenejs, where the most remarkable phenomenon of the entire visitation has occurred. The whole village has moved 75 feet from its original position, yet every house is still standing, though many roofs are cracked and many walls have bulged. To day I passed around the village and interviewed the inhabitants. They said that the first intimation was one Christmas night, while they were holding revelry and dancing. The alcalde had received information that a band of brigands were near the village; consequently he was on the alert with the police. The inhabitants had never before experienced an earthquake and were unaware what had occurred. When chimneys tumbled, walls cracked and the rooms were filled with dust and plaster, all ran terrified from the house and remained in the open air all night watching, and wondering what had happened. During the excitement the brigands succeeded in stealing mules and portable property on the outskirts of the village. Next day a small crack was observed on the hillside, near the village; 15 minutes later the water supply stopped. The people noticed a crack passing through an ancient spring which for centuries has supplied the town. Subsequently the crack widened, and extended entirely around the village to a crack in the valley on both sides. Day by day the crack increased, aided by repeated shocks, until some places visited to-day were 40 feet clear, while in many places cracks covered from 100 to 300 feet. The town occupied a semi circular amphitheatre. The entire slope moved in the direction of the valley; it is estimated by a provincial geologist at 25 metres. I must confess to a peculiar sensation in walking over a river of earth and in cracks, wondering what the result would be if the earth should open again. Yesterday I visited Albumelas, a village in the mountains, to the northeast of Granada. Nearly the whole town is destroyed. Of a population of 2600, 250 were killed; also 300 were wounded. The scattered population is living in brush on the mountains. The government gives bread, and proposes to rebuild the houses and transfer the previous households. They deem this better economy than giving money. At the first but visited, yesterday, I asked: "Any lives lost?" "No, sir; only homes, by the grace of God." The next woman in answer to the same question, said: "Husband, mother, brother, sister are killed; all are gone." The distress is unparalleled. The people are wholly unprepared by experience for such a disaster, and, being unaccustomed by the habit of labor to meet the emergency, are wholly at the mercy and generosity of the cities, which seem to be responding bravely. On Saturday the King comes to the province, and all the horses and waggons for miles have been requisitioned for three days in advance, so it is impossible to travel, and the relief offered so far is impeded. To-morrow, I go to Alhama, afterwards to the province of Malaga, which suffered less than the province of Granada.

Egyptian Complications.

London, Jan. 19—It has now been ascertained that General Stewart with an advance guard of the Nile expedition, left Gakdul for Metamneh last Wednesday, the 14th. He expected to reach the river in about one week. The water for the men is carried in iron tanks and rubber bags. Each man is served with two pints of water per day. A daily allowance is issued to each company or squadron for cooking purposes.

There was a special meeting yesterday afternoon of the officials of the war office, in the rooms of Rear-Admiral Sir Francis M. Sullivan, the director of the department of transport, in Pall Mall. The meeting was in session for several hours, and the unusual occurrence of a council at the war office on Sunday causes everyone to connect the circumstance with startling information received, to the effect that Turkey was about to take an active part in the Egyptian war. The officials were considerably serious as they emerged from the council room, but they were very reticent and would neither admit nor deny that their meeting was in reference to the action of Turkey.

The excitement caused yesterday by the unusual occurrence of the council at the war office on Sunday was greatly increased to-day by the report that the government had decided to resist any attempt on the part of Turkey to occupy any portion of Egypt or to land troops in that country. There is considerable bustle and excitement at the war office to-day. Orders have been sent to Chatham, Portsmouth and Woolwich, which have caused much activity at those great naval stations. Another battalion of troops at Malta has been ordered to embark at once for Alexandria, and the other troops are under orders to be in readiness to move at a moment's notice. Indications all point to stirring events in Egypt, and there is no doubt that the ministry is determined not to allow Turkey a pretext to interfere in Egyptian affairs by placing an armed force in any portion of Egypt.

A New Washington Beauty.

There is a new beauty in society this season, over whom all are raving. She comes from the land of Mrs. Lanztry, and this Mrs. Horace Helyar, wife of the new Secretary of the British Legation, is a blonde of the purest and fairest Saxon type. She is a young woman, tall, slender and graceful, and the pink and white of her perfect complexion is as delicate as an infant's. She has a pretty mouth, dazzling teeth, and an aristocratic little nose, while with her blue eyes, goes a mass of fine, crinkly hair, and bright as spun gold. With her perfect skin she can wear pearls by daylight, and stand any kind of a cross light or reflection, and her favorite grey broadcloth suit only enhances her delicate coloring. Mrs. Helyar has been greatly admired from the start, and when the season is in full sweep, and the beauty is seen in her jewels and ball toilets, the city will be ringing with the praises of the young English woman. Mr. and Mrs. Helyar have been given many dinners and entertainments, and one pretty party, given very soon after their arrival, was by the Assistant-Secretary of State and Mr. John Davis. Mrs. Davis is the most brilliant of the three daughters of the Frelinghuysen family, and has eyes and hair as dark as a Spanish woman. The contrast between her and Mrs. Helyar is most striking, and as they are often together, each adds to the force of the other's charms.

Dangerous Organizations.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The number of armed Socialists in this city is placed at 2,000. "There are three warlike sections among the socialists of this city," said one of the leaders yesterday. "These are the "Lehr and Wehr Verein," the "Bohemian Sharpshooters" and the "Jager Verein." When the law of 1879 went into effect prohibiting us from parading in closed ranks with our rifles, the "Lehr und Wehr Verein" had about 1,000 active members, besides 500 reserves. Since then the organization has been kept up, but secretly. They drill now in halls, the location of which is frequently changed. The "Bohemian Sharpshooters" are a splendidly drilled and armed body and the same is true of the "Jager Verein." If things go on in the way they have been going for sometime, the threatened outbreak won't be far off. You may be sure of one thing, we'll not stand idly and see the workingmen shot down in the streets like wild beasts, as was done once."

The Way of the World.

That many with the glad consent praise new-born remedies, especially if they pay a larger profit—no one conversant with the substitution practiced in this respect will deny, and when you are told by interested parties that such and such a preparation is as "good or better"—than the great sure pop corn cure—Putman's Painless Corn Extractor. Just for a moment consider if your benefit prompts the advice, or if the small additional profit secured by the sale of inferior or poisonous substitutes lies at the bottom of the suggestion. We say then, buy only Putman's Painless Corn Extractor; the safe sure tested remedy for corns will be found in Putman's Painless Corn Extractor. N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, proprietors.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

MANKATO, Minnesota, Jan. 10, 1885.

MR. EDITOR:—

As it has been some time since you last heard from me I am thinking that news of this far-off place may be of some interest to your readers. I take up my pen to give you a little sketch. This city, Mankato, is situated on the Minnesota River, a branch of the Mississippi, in the centre of one of the finest districts of Minnesota, and the finest portion of the south western portion of the state. Twenty-eight years ago the spot which this city now stands was the home of the savage Sioux Indians. The city has a population of 10,000, and is the largest and most rising city in south western Minnesota. Mankato is destined to become one of the greatest manufacturing and commercial centres in the north west. It is to say that this city possesses more material advantages than any city in Minnesota. Here is located the Standard Oil Co., which are turning out one thousand barrels of cement per day, and they are enlarging their works so as to turn out two thousand five hundred barrels per day. This is made from a peculiar stone of which there is an exhaustible supply, and the cement made from it is allowed to be the best manufactured in America, hence its immense sale. The lime for sale. The lime works furnish an excellent stone and have given employment to over five hundred men the past summer and fall, and will be ready for the article the coming summer. The vast demand for this article, the facilities are increased their next season employ- over one thousand men.

The advantages of this city are still further increased by excellent facilities of transportation, which are offered here by the five different railroads which centre at this city, and also by the Minnesota river, which is navigable to this city for steamboats this winter. What will you think, Mr. Editor, I see by your paper that you have had some quite cold days with you when we have one with the thermometer down to 46 degrees below zero, the same as it was here on Friday, Jan. 2nd, which is allowed to be the coldest ever known in this part by the oldest inhabitants. Another thing which this country has of which you cannot boast is the "blizzard" or snow and wind storm, which this country has every winter. Your people may think that their storms in the winter are terrible, but they are nothing compared to the blizzards of this country. They are so terrific and fierce here that when one comes the people in the country never think of venturing out, not even to go near their stables to care for their stock. This may seem incredible to your readers but it is a positive fact of which I have been assured by a number of responsible men. But in spite of these draw backs and inconveniences, Minnesota is a very healthy country and is rapidly gaining in wealth and population. When I commenced to write this, I intended to make more mention of the country here, but as I have taken up so much space in my description of Mankato, I will have to draw this to a close by promising to write to you again soon, and give your readers a full description of this western country and rural life on these prairies, or how they rough it in the west.

Yours,
PEDAGOGUE.

MR. EDITOR:—

I read with considerable surprise and regret, your comments on a despatch copied from the Halifax *Chronicle*, concerning the disturbance in Bridgetown, on the 31st of December. Living under the motto "Salus populi suprema lex est," we have a right to expect different opinions. In your town you have law with a force, and no crime of no mean order is "extremely social." We would seen bullets whizzing in the hands of men who were aroused out of their brains out, if such a thing came. It is true there was not much, perhaps, fun in the gentlemen's minds when they split. Deadly pistols in some hands, as Mr. Glencross saw. But, I admit, in the hands of the crowd, ignorant and boisterous, very rough in their actions of course, it is evident, they would have broke the law with Mr. Glencross in getting the stove into the stove-room and shouting "let the——" in their actions. Your friends of the *Chronicle* appear to be of the opinion that warrant officers in the street, your letter implies. This is a mistake. I served three years in the Royal Navy, and, if I remember rightly, the Queen's Regulations and Admiralty Instructions, which are the law of the Navy, do not allow officers of the Navy to make arrests on shore, unless in the case of a felony, and then only in the case of a felon who would escape if not arrested. Mr. Glencross, a citizen, was perfectly within his rights in contempt, by the Editor, to be arrested and fined, or in default of sureties, to be jailed before they would get a hearing. Your worthy Stipendiary, would not, I am sure, when I asked him so. I am also credibly informed that there were three men who did not resist, but who did not resist. The rumsellers and their threats and intimidation to defend their cause, that it is high time were made to understand that the officers of the law who are not lawyers, need not be frightened by rumseller's threats and up by rumseller's gold.

When you, Mr. Editor, is aroused to be to uphold the safety of the law and not as an apologist for rowdy rum-sellers.

Yours truly,
E. H. ARMSTRONG.

Bridgetown, Jan. 10th, 1885.

MR. EDITOR:—

Will you permit me to make a few remarks, concerning an article I have just read in the Halifax *Chronicle* of the *Annapolis Spectator*. It seems to me an almost impossible thing that anyone could have constructed such a description of the unfortunate affair that took place here a few days ago, into an article of comfort to gloss over an act that is in no accordance with all the laws that govern society, much less as a covert attempt to uphold the selling of liquor on Sunday. Upon reading the remarks of the *Spectator*, giving the version of the occurrence, which was published in the *Halifax Chronicle*, my first thought was, how ably you had defended us from so libellous an accusation.

I imagine "Publicus" must be the *Chronicle's* correspondent, and he feels his feathers ruffled, because of your remarks concerning him, consequently he reads your article with jaundiced eyes, and gives vent to his spleen, in what he considers a magnificent perovation. The grandeur of his morality and the perfectness of his judgment are exhibited not only for your benefit, but that the world at large may admire the classical style of our would be teacher "Publicus."

RUSTICUS.

Bridgetown, Jan 19th 1885.

—Mr. William Johnson, who was for many years President of the Guelph Agricultural College, Ontario, died last Wednesday. At the early age of 25 years, and without any special training for the work, Mr. Johnson was placed in charge of the College, and soon mastered the duties, discharging them to the satisfaction of the people. But sixteen hours a day of hard work almost exhausted his powers; he retired, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. He at once became famous in election cases and no man at the Ontario bar was his peer in this department. But he worked himself out, and at the early age of 35 years one of the most prominent men in Ontario goes to his rest, a warning to those who strive to do too much. The Toronto *Globe* speaks very kindly of him, and says that he undoubtedly made the Agricultural College what it is.—*St. John Globe.*

EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND.—The announcement that the British representative at the Berlin conference has been instructed to accept the French proposal regarding freedom of trade in the Congo country has caused great excitement in mercantile circles. The proposition is denounced as a trap to turn the country over to the African Association after trade has been developed and Lord Granville is blamed for having fallen into it. A hot agitation in favor of the withdrawal of the English consent is in progress in most of the large cities, under the leadership of local chambers of commerce. Memorials from these bodies, urging a re-consideration of the subject, are pouring into the Foreign Office from all sections of England.

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—In the report to the Dominion government on the license act the judges of the supreme court uphold the validity of those clauses of the act which provide machinery for the enforcement of the Scott act in counties where it has been adopted. The Dominion authorities will therefore not be able to shirk the responsibility for non-enforcement of the Scott Act any longer.

London, Jan. 15.—The town hall at Warminster, Wiltshire, was partially wrecked by an explosion of dynamite last night. Several houses in the neighborhood were badly shaken, many windows shattered, and several persons thrown to the ground by the explosion. Two suspicious looking strangers were noticed loitering near the Town Hall during the afternoon, and the police are searching for them, but no arrests have been made.

London, Jan. 19, 1885.—Still another expedition is fitting out at Newcastle to search for the sunken treasure ship Trinidad. According to tradition this vessel was sunk off Bermuda many years ago, having on board a large sum of money in doubloons intended for the payment of Spanish troops in the colonies. Several attempts have been made to recover the treasure, but thus far without success.

Boston, Jan. 18.—The *Herald's* special cable from London says; It is learned upon trustworthy authority that despite Wolseley's attempts to avoid criticism upon his management of the Khartoum expedition, he really deserves serious censure. The sufferings of the troops in the terrible desert march to Gakdul are described as horrible, and it is declared that these sufferings are almost entirely attributed to the extremely bad management of the water supply. A large number of troopers are said to have been kept in a state of semi-insanity half the time from thirst. This was owing to the waste of the water carried, and this waste was caused by the poor quality of the skins composing the water tanks and the defective way in which they were put together. Plenty of water ground was found in the stated places, but it was impossible to reach it in most instances, because of some such criminal negligence on the part of the commissary, as that, for instance, of leaving the portable pump behind, which was done at Korti.

London, Jan, 17.—A despatch from Gakdul says that fifty camels dropped dead on the march from Howseitha. The troops suffered severely. The majority of the water skins leaked and the men, yielding to their thirst, exhausted their rations of water prematurely. Very few fell out of line, and the condition of the men under the circumstances was splendid. They are keenly desirous of a fight.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The *Temps* says that the French counter proposals in regard to Egypt are very conciliatory. France requires England to guarantee an Egyptian loan of £9,000,000, instead of £5,000,000, and thus cover the whole of the expenditure. France insists, upon the separation of Dacro Janieh from the Demobes, and objects to the revenues from these sources being paid into the Bank of England. France rejects the British proposals for the payment of interest on the existing debt, and suggests instead that a special rate be imposed on coupons. The French proposals do not touch the political side of the Egyptian question.

Barrington, Jan. 14.— The reciprocity meeting held at the public hall in Barrington Passage to-day was very large, including representative men from all parts of the township. Mr. John O. Crowell acted as chairman, and Mr. George Crowell as secretary. The following resolution was moved by Captain Joseph Hopkins and seconded by Mr John M. Shand:

"*Resolved* that in the opinion of this meeting it is advisable that the Dominion government and parliament be requested to take immediate steps to secure a reciprocity treaty between the United States and Canada upon terms mutally advantageous to both countries, and that, in the event of such proposals on the part of our government not being entertained by the government at Washington, we beg to request that the revenues of Canada be pledged, and the assistance of England be asked to such an extent as may be necessary to protect our resident fishermen in the employment of their right within the three-mile limits, and to prevent any infringement of these privileges by fishermen sailing under the American flag.

Births.

PALFREY.—Jan. 15, 1885, wife of Arthur Palfrey, of a son.

MORSE.—Jan. 16, wife of David Morse, of a daughter.

Marriages.

FAIRN—STARRATT.—At the residence of the bride's father, Greenfield, Queens Co., Jan. 8th, by the Rev. E. H. Fletcher, Adolphus B. Fairn, of New Albany, Annapolis Co., to Ada Starratt.

MCGINNIS.—SILVER.—At Nictaux, on 14th Jan., by the Rev. J. Clark, Angus McGinnis, to Drusilla Silver.

Deaths.

DELANEY.—At Annapolis, Jan. 7th, 1885 of fever, Alonzo H., son of John and Elizabeth Delaney, aged 16 years. Digby papers please copy.

WHITMAN.—At Annapolis, on the morning of the 11th inst., Etta Whitman, beloved daughter of Edward and Hannah Hall, aged 18 years.

Asleep in Jesus, O how sweet.

MILNER.—At Clementsvale on the 7th inst., Miss Mary Milner in the 82nd year of her age.

FOSTER.—At the Alms House, Bridgetown, on the 12th inst., in the 23rd year of her age, Jane, daughter of the late Corbitt Foster.

Advice To Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, their is no mistake about it. It cures dysentry and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces the inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

New Advertisements.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Dr. SLAYTER,
Professor of Diseases of Women and Children, Halifax Medical College.
Consulting Surgeon Provincial and City Hospital,

HAVING returned from Europe, may be consulted for above named diseases. Most Modern Surgical and Electrical Apparatus.
Address,
HALIFAX HOTEL, HALIFAX.
Halifax, Jan. 12th '85 4it44.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Whereas
William W. Brown,
Of the Township of Annapolis, in the County of Annapolis, Farmer, has assigned all his property, real and personal, to the subscriber for the benefit of such of his creditors as may execute the same within sixty days from the 31st of December last past, the date of said assignment.
Notice is hereby given that said Deed of Assignment lies at the store of W. W. Saunders, in Bridgetown, for inspection and signature.
ISRAEL FOSTER.
Bridgetown, January 5th, 1885. 392m

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT!

Notice is hereby given that
John E. Farnsworth,
of Hampton, in the County of Annapolis, yeoman, has by deed of assignment conveyed in trust to the undersigned all his personal estate for the benefit of his creditors, who shall become parties to said deed of assignment within sixty days.
A duplicate of the deed of assignment lies at my office where it can be examined and executed by said creditors.
A. D. CAMERON,
ASSIGNEE.
Bridgetown, Jan. 7th, 1885. 402mpd.

Nova Scotia S. S. COMPANY.
(LIMITED.)
1884. : : 1885.
Winter Time Table.
"ANNAPOLIS LINE."
Stmr. Cleopatra
WILL leave Annapolis every TUESDAY, P. M., after arrival of Express Train of Windsor and Annapolis Railway. Returning, will leave LEWIS' WHARF, BOSTON, every SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock; connecting at Digby each way with trains of Western Counties Railway, to and from Yarmouth and Intermediate Stations, with privilege calling at Eastport.
BAY LINE.
STMR. DOMINION
Will Leave St. John for Digby and Annapolis every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday morning at 8 o'clock, returning same day.
F. L. CLEMENTS,.....AGENT, BOSTON
C. E. CORBITT,
AGENT, ANNAPOLIS.
jany7tf

NOTICE
Is respectfully given to the public that
Mrs. L. C. Wheelock's
XMAS GOODS,
have all arrived, including a very handsome assortment of
XMAS & NEW YEAR CARDS,
—ALSO—
Picture Frames,
Wall Pockets,
Wisp Holders,
Hand Bags,
Auto, Photo, & Scrap Albums.
SHELLS,
INDIVIDUAL CUPS,
SAUCERS, & PLATES.
&c., &c., &c.

H. H. BANKS,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent,
COLONIAL MARKET,
—AND—
Parker Market, Halifax, N. S.,
Thanks his numerous consigners for their liberal patronage and solicits a continuance. Having had twelve years experience in handling COUNTRY PRODUCE, I am prepared to guarantee satisfaction. Storage for 12,000 barrels, also for produce in bulk.
Nov. 24th, 1884. 135m.

CASH SAVED
Is Money Earned!
All persons wanting
MOWERS, RAKES, CULTIVATORS,
SPRING TOOTH HARROWS,
HORSE HOES, COMBINED SEEDER AND HARROW,
ENSILAGE CUTTERS, SWEEP OR TREAD POWERS,
HAY FORKS, HAY FEEDERS,
THRESHERS, ETC., will save money, and be sure of getting the best implements in the market by applying to
A. O. VanBUSKIRK, Kingston Station,
Agent for Annapolis County.
April 25 n3tf

New Advertisements.

COME AND SEE
The superior stock of
CHRISTMAS CARDS,
—AND—
Fancy Goods
For Presents, at
J. W. Whitman's
Newest styles, Men's and Boys'
HATS & CAPS,
at bottom prices. Finest lines Long, Lace and Congress.
BOOTS & LARRAGANS,
at unheard of prices! Select stock of best
GROCERIES
Fruits, Biscuits & Confectionery, for Xmas trade.
Rugs, Robes and Quilts,
very cheap.
J. W. WHITMAN.

FURNESS LINE
Of Steamships,
BETWEEN
Halifax N. S., & London, Eng.
The Only Direct Line.
UNDER CONTRACT
With the Dominion Government.
FROM LONDON.
S. S. Newcastle City.....January, 2
S. S. York City..... " 27
S. S. Boston City.....February, 10
FOR LONDON.
S. S. Newcastle City.....January 25, '85
S. S. York City.....February 27, '85
Through bills Lading issued from all stations on the W. & A. R.
PICKFORD & BLACK.
Agts, Halifax, N. S.
ADAMSON & RONALDSON.
84 Leadenhall St. London Eng.
or of H. W. BARRETT.
Sole Agent of Annapolis Co.
Office, McCormick's Building, Annapolis.
Oct. 28th, '84. 3m.

APPLES! APPLES!
GENTLEMEN.—As the earnest solicitations of friends, fruit growers and shippers, I have decided to spend the remainder of the winter in London, engaged in the sale of apples. I have secured an office in the centre of the trade, near the auction rooms at Monument Yards, and shall aim to keep my patrons supplied weekly with such reliable information in reference to the market and its requirements. The best methods of packing, the proper varieties; the proper time of shipping and such other information as may be required, in order to secure the very best returns for the capital invested. I have felt for years that the fruit growers of this valley were losing large sums from the lack of such information as could be supplied by one who has had a long experience in growing and shipping, and is therefore fully competent to advise them.
I trust that the arrangement may prove mutually beneficial.
Correspondence solicited.
I remain yours,
A. H. JOHNSON,
49 Fish Hill, London, E. C.
Dec. 23rd, '84. 373m.

At the BRIDGETOWN DRUG STORE.
Just received, a fine assortment of
CHRISTMAS CARDS,
LADIES' DRESSING CASES,
CELLULOID HAIR BRUSHES,
—ALSO—
Auto., Photo., & Scrap Albums.
PURSES, CARD CASES. A large assortment of TOOTH BRUSHES HAIR, NAIL, and SHAVING BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, TOOTH PASTE and other Toilet Articles at the
BRIDGETOWN DRUG STORE,
DR. DENNISON.
Physician and Druggist.
Sunday hours for dispensing Medicine 10 to 11 a. m., 2 to 3, and 8 to 9.

APPLES!
APPLES! APPLES!
Charles Donald & Co.,
79, QUEEN ST., LONDON, E C.,
WILL be glad to correspond with Apple Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autumn and Spring business. They will also give the usual facilities to customers requiring advances. [aug09m]

Where can I obtain the highest prices for my Apples?
Send them to the
GRANT WAREHOUSE!
where they can always be sold or shipped. Special low rates of freight from
ANNNPOLIS TO LONDON,
Send for particulars.
☞ The loss for six months has never been more than THREE BARRELS in one hundred while other cellars lose from FIVE to TWELVE BARRELS.

Rates of Storage:
One Month, per Barrel.....3c.
Each additional month " .....2c.
One cent for Receiving, Delivering and Sorting.
No greater charge than 10c a barrel for the season will be made.
Apply to
F. C. Whitman,
Agent,
Nov. 16th, '84 3m.
Annapolis Spectator and Kentville Chron.

50 LOVELY Chrome Cards, with name and a prize, for 10c and this slip.
A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALE!
ANNAPOLIS, S. S.
In the County Court, 1884.
CAUSE:
WILLIAM HOYT FOSTER, Plaintiff.
vs.
RAYMOND FOSTER, Defendant.
TO BE SOLD AT
Public Auction,
by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis or his deputy, at Buckler's corner, Bridgetown, on
Saturday, February 7th,
next, at 12 o'clock noon,
ALL the estate, right, title, and interest claims, property and demand of the above defendant, or of any person claiming under him, of, in, and to all and whole, that certain piece or parcel of
LAND,
situate, lying and being in Granville, and abutted and bounded as follows: On the west and north by lands of Jarvis Chute, east by lands of the estate of the late Abraham Young, deceased; south by the main Post road, containing eight acres more or less, together with all and singular the easements, tenements and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise pertaining. The same having been levied upon under an execution on a judgment in the above cause, duly recorded more than one year.
TERMS.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale remainder on delivery of Deed.
J. AVARD MORSE.
High Sheriff,
J. G. H. PARKER, Plff's Atty.
Bridgetown, Dec. 22th, '84.

NOTICE
—OF—
Assignment!
JOSEPH GRAVES of Port Lorne, in the County of Annapolis, Trader, having by deed bearing date the 15th day of December, A. D., 1884, assigned to me all his assets and effects, real and personal, in trust, first to pay all expenses connected with said assignment, and then to pay such of his creditors as shall execute the said deed of assignment within three months from its date, the property assigned shall be sufficient thereto, in order as shown by his schedule of creditors annexed to said assignment.
Notice is hereby given, that the said deed of assignment is now at my office in Bridgetown, where parties interested in the assignment may inspect the same, and creditors of the said Joseph Graves wishing to participate in said assignment are requested to sign.
All parties indebted to the said Joseph Graves are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.
W. Y. FOSTER,
ASSIGNEE.
Bridgetown, 18th Dec. '84. 373m.

1884. 1885
WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
By the Swift Sea-Going
S. S. LONGFELLOW,
Mt. Desert Route.
Short Sea Voyage.
By the Splendid S. S. LONGFELLOW,
Leaving Annapolis 1.30, Digby, 3 p. m., on arrival of the W. & A. R. Express train from Halifax, every
MONDAY & THURSDAY,
—FOR—
MT. DESERT FERRY,
(Calling at EASTPORT, on the Thursday trip only), making close connection with Maine Central Railway between Halifax, Yarmouth, Bangor, Portland, Boston, New York, Montreal, Chicago, and all stations on the Maine Central, Eastern, Boston and Maine, and Grand Trunk Railways.
Baggage checked to destination. For tickets, Apply to
P. INNIS, Manager, W & A Railway.
J BRIGNELL, " W C Railway
JOHN WALSH, Agent, Digby.
and all Station Agents on the W, A. R. and W. C. Railway.
Thos. S. Whitman,
Annapolis, Gen'l Agent for Nova Scotia.
E. CUSHING, Gen. Superintendent, Portland, Me.
Annapolis, Dec 16th, 84. 394m.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!
500 MEN
To buy their WINTER SUITS and OVERCOATS at
Morrison's the Tailor,
Middleton, N. S.,
Where they can get a Better Stock of
Cloth and Trimmings
at LOWER PRICES than any other place in the two Counties.
Having a good staff of experienced workmen, I can guarantee satisfaction every time.
A. J. MORRISON'S,
MERCHANT TAILOR, MIDDLETON COR.
September 1, '84.

Notice of Change of Partnership.
The Law Firm of
T. D. & E. RUGGLES,
Office on Granville Street, Bridgetown, N. S., will henceforth be known under the name and style of
T. D. RUGGLES & SONS.
consisting of T. D Ruggles, Q. C., Edwin Ruggles, B. A., and Harry Ruggles, B A.
Dated December 16th, A. D., 1884. tf

SALESMEN WANTED
—FOR THE—
Fonthill Nurseries,
415 Acres. The largest in Canada.
Head office, Toronto, Ont. Branch office Montreal, Que.
We want Agents to sell our Hardy Canadian Nursery Stock. Steady employment at fixed salaries to all willing to work. Men and women can have pleasant and profitable work the year round. Good agents are earning from $40 to $75 per month and expenses. Terms and outfit free. Address
STONE & WELLINGTON,
MONTREAL, P. Q.
J. W. BEALL, 54 Counsel Street,
Manager Branch Office.
J. E. LOCKWOOD and DAVID DUNCAN,
Agents for Annapolis County. 813m.

New Advertisements.

AN EXTRACT FROM A LETTER DATED NOV. 12th, 1884!
"Please send me $5.00 worth of that
Refined Sugar,
and 10 lbs of that good
TEA,
of yours, which beats anything that can be got in these parts."
Have just received an invoice of the above TEA.
Goat Skin & Buffalo
ROBES,
in great variety and at low prices.
CANADIAN TWEEDS
a specialty.
A Bee Hive Stove
and a
BASE BURNER,
both nearly new and in good order, will be sold much under price.
B. STARRATT.
Paradise. Nov. 17th '84.

HARNESSES
—IN—
SILVER,
NICKLE,
BRASS,
& X C PLATE,
Best quality of
Men's Leg Boots,
Men's Grain Knee Boots.
Harness, Wax, Upper, Grain, Buff and Sole Leathers, Splits, Calfskins, &c., &c.
In any of the above articles the Subscriber is in a position to offer the best quality at the lowest prices in the market and purchasers will find it to their advantage to inspect and enquire prices before purchasing elsewhere.
A large lot of
Harness Furniture
for the trade in the latest styles and patterns, offered cheap.
300 BUS. PLASTERER'S HAIR
offered low in lots.
Wanted! Wanted! Wanted!
2000 Hides,
for which the cash will be paid, at the highest rates.
George Murdoch.
NEW
—AND—
Seasonable Goods!
—AT—
MIDDLETON CORNER!
WE are prepared to wait upon Customers with a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
GROCERIES.
A choice article of
MOLASSES.
HOME LIGHT OIL.
We want all kinds of Produce in exchange for Goods, for which we will give the highest market price.
Poultry of all Kinds Wanted.
S. L. FREEMAN