

Skirmish

Between Rundle's Men and
Some Entrenched Boers.

The Canadians Capture a Couple of
Twelve-Pounders and Win Praise
From Lord Roberts.

London, Tuesday, June 28—4:20 a.m.—Gen. Sir Leslie Rundle had a sharp artillery and rifle skirmish near Senekal Friday, with a large force of entrenched Boers. He declined to attack them. This is the only fresh fighting reported.

The Boer outposts northwest of Pretoria are busy. The telegraph wires between Standerton and Newcastle were cut Sunday, and Sir Redvers Buller had to resort to heliograph.

Gen. Dewet is being hard pressed. It seems Dewet has succeeded in transferring most of his prisoners beyond Standerton, in route for Middleburg.

CANADIANS WON PRAISE FROM LORD ROBERTS.

Pretoria, June 27.—The first battalion of the Canadian Mounted Rifles has come in for high praise from Commander-in-Chief Lord Roberts, for the gallant manner in which they captured two of the Boers' 12-pounder guns at Rustfontein between Pretoria and Rustenburg. The guns were defended stiffly by the enemy, and when defeat stared the Boers in the face they hid the guns in a native kraal prior to their departure during the night. There the guns were found by the Canadians and brought to camp—an exploit which Lord Roberts recognizes by a special mention in general orders today.

While at Rustfontein the Mounted Rifles joined hands, much to their delight, with C Battery, which was present at the relief of Mafeking, and has since marched across country under Major Col. Baden-Powell. Major-General Ian Hamilton's column reached Heidelberg without a fight, and were joyfully welcomed by the inhabitants, but the general was himself injured by a fall from his horse.

EFFECTIVE RUSE.

London, June 27.—Mr. Winston Churchill, in a dispatch from Pretoria, dated June 19, describes an interview with Gen. Baden-Powell, in which the hero of Mafeking says, among other things, that the Boers could certainly have stormed Mafeking early in the siege. Little flags dotting the outskirts and numerous warnings to the townspeople not to let their cattle stray within the areas sown with mines proved an effective ruse, and saved the garrison the trouble of laying mines.

AT ST. HELENA.

A Jamestown, St. Helena, dispatch, dated June 27, says: Sarel Eloff, President Kruger's grandson, who was captured by the British at Mafeking, landed here today with eleven officers and 98 troopers, mostly foreigners. The prisoners, who were clean and of respectable appearance, were immediately sent on to Deadwood, the prison camp. Most of the Boers at Deadwood are in good health, and thus far there has been but one death from enteric fever.

The Boers.

DEWET'S MOVEMENTS.

Commandant Dewet, with 3,000 men and three guns, is moving northwest in the Orange River Colony. It is understood that he and Commandant Gen. Botha entered into a compact that neither would surrender so long as the other was in the field.

A Pretoria dispatch says: A few of Commandant Gen. Botha's men have returned, and are among the Kooles along the Poonar River, and indulge in occasional sniping at our camps at night. Remounts are being issued to the cavalry and mounted infantry. The burghers continue to surrender.

The London Times correspondent of the London Times says: According to Transvaal advices the Boers are entrenching in considerable force in the Middleburg hills. The Irish, Hollander and Italian corps are getting uncontrollable. The Boers are looting stores and farmhouses. Bar gold is a drug on the local market, owing to a suspicion that it is of inferior quality. A large quantity of stolen gold is waiting to be smuggled out of the Transvaal.

A dispatch from Maseru says: The Boers attacked a body of Basuto laborers, killing 20 and capturing 200. The natives believe the Boers are gaining in their war with the British, and are becoming restless. Trouble with them may follow.

The Disabled.

HOSPITAL MISMANAGEMENT.

London, June 27.—The Times publishes this morning a communication from Mr. William H. A. Burdett-Coutts, Conservative member of parliament for Westminster, who is now in Cape Town, charging the government with inadequate provision for the sick and wounded. The writer paints a painful picture, telling of 1,500 patients who laid in field hospitals for seven weeks without beds. He says that typhoid fever victims were stretched upon the ground in the rain, when the mud was three inches deep, and that the poor wretches had practically no nursing. The Times, commenting upon this statement, says: "Such horrible details show the cal-

lous short-sightedness of the war office."

London, June 28.—The exposures regarding the hospitals in South Africa has made a great sensation in England. They began with three columns of restrained language in the Times yesterday from Mr. W. A. Burdett-Coutts, Conservative member of parliament for Westminster. His disclosures have been widely reproduced, and are supplemented this morning with denunciatory telegrams from survivors and army medical men.

The archbishop of Cape Town, in an address before the Society of Good Hope, in the Cape Government, Monday, expressed great dissatisfaction at the way in which the sick and wounded were treated. He declared that the warm clothing that was absolutely necessary, was freely offered, but was rarely, if ever, distributed by the army doctors; that the sick slept on the bare ground, and that even in Cape Town the way in which the hospitals were mismanaged makes one's blood boil.

Mrs. Hanbury-Williams, wife of Major John Hanbury-Williams, Sir Alfred Coutts's military secretary, told the meeting that if the visiting ladies had reported the mismanagement the doors would have been shut in their faces.

A news agency dispatch from Cape Town says: "Certain revelations point to malfeasance in connection with the supplies of comforts for the sick and wounded."

The Daily Express refers to the springless, out-of-date ambulances of the British, and contends that the Boer ambulances are notoriously superior. Princess Christian publicly asks for volunteer nurses.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that Lord Roberts will reply fully to the charges of Mr. Burdett-Coutts, Mr. Frederick Treves, consulting surgeon to the London hospital, who was recently at the front, says the charges came to him as an absolute shock and are quite incredible. He praises the medical department.

CASUALTIES.

London, June 27.—The latest casualties in South Africa include Lord Ken-

sington, of the Life Guards, who has died at Bloemfontein from the effects of wounds; Capt. J. J. Macdonald, of the Canadian Infantry, captured, and Pte. A. Robson, of the Canadian Infantry, dangerously ill.

Hamilton Times: Arthur Robson, who is reported as dangerously ill at Bloemfontein, is a son of Mr. Robert Robson, No. 102 Hess street north. He enlisted with the first contingent at Stanley Barracks, Toronto, and is a member of G. Company, with Warwick Warren and other Hamilton lads. Robson is in his 21st year, and was a member of G. Company, 13th Battalion. He was employed at the rolling mills here before enlisting for service in South Africa.

ARKONA.

Arkona, June 28.—Dr. Brown is once more in our beautiful village.

Misses McKay and Rosser, of Denfield, returned home on Sunday after spending a few days visiting their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McKay.

Misses E. Fuller and C. Dunn, members of the Epworth League, will canvass for donations to the India famine relief fund. All who are desirous of giving and are not called upon by these ladies will please hand their donation to them as early as possible.

Remember the starving in India. How many lives will you save? Two cents a day will support one life; \$1 will save a life for two months; \$2 will save a life until the harvest; \$5 will keep a man, wife and child till the next crop is gathered; \$10 will save a whole family from death; \$20 will save ten lives for four months; \$25 will save them and afford the comforts of a blanket during the rainy and cold season; \$50 will save five families; \$100 would save a small community.

J. T. Showler, of Strathroy, was here on Sunday.

Mr. T. W. Showler is visiting in Toronto.

Mr. Copeland returned home on Wednesday from Halifax, where he was a delegate to the Presbyterian Assembly.

On Wednesday evening the Epworth League gave an ice cream social on the paragon grounds to all members and adherents. A very enjoyable time was spent.

Miss Lena Fuller is visiting in Theford.

Miss Clara Dunn was in Watford on Monday.

Mr. J. L. Fuller was in Theford on Sunday.

All stores will be closed on Monday—Dominion Day.

The Arkona junior baseball club went to Theford on Saturday, and

played a very interesting game with the picked nine of the town and vic-

inity, winning by a score of 12 to 9. The features of the game were the batting of Casselman and the running catch of A. Towle in left field. This is the second game the visitors have captured from the home team. Return match will be played at the home grounds on Saturday, July 6.

CIRCULATION OF THE

London Advertiser

LONDON, - ONTARIO.

For One Year—June 1st, 1899, to May 31st, 1900.

DATE.	JUNE, 1899.	JULY, 1899.	AUG., 1899.	SEPT., 1899.	OCT., 1899.	NOV., 1899.	DEC., 1899.	JAN., 1900.	FEB., 1900.	MARCH, 1900.	APRIL, 1900.	MAY, 1900.
1	7,900	8,171	8,177	8,397	Sunday	8,339	8,498	8,550	8,979	9,957	Sunday	8,849
2	7,899	Sunday	8,204	8,368	8,115	8,293	8,697	8,739	8,962	9,101	8,969	8,868
3	8,185	7,872	8,213	Sunday	8,138	8,297	Sunday	8,700	9,208	9,343	8,952	8,878
4	Sunday	8,042	8,294	8,061	8,135	8,444	8,532	8,758	Sunday	Sunday	8,986	8,867
5	7,994	8,074	8,711	8,309	8,154	Sunday	8,550	8,840	9,025	9,088	8,949	8,911
6	7,900	8,010	Sunday	8,232	8,170	8,396	8,497	8,947	8,901	9,049	8,958	Sunday
7	8,222	8,055	8,416	8,215	8,398	8,319	8,462	Sunday	8,976	9,090	9,072	8,866
8	8,032	8,419	8,260	8,236	Sunday	8,345	8,522	8,811	9,002	9,154	Sunday	8,905
9	8,028	Sunday	8,282	8,372	8,162	8,325	8,668	8,862	9,034	9,000	9,103	8,906
10	8,205	9,534	8,245	Sunday	8,180	8,344	Sunday	8,835	9,223	9,261	8,957	8,853
11	Sunday	8,772	8,219	8,230	8,182	8,706	8,586	8,590	8,825	9,000	9,035	8,931
12	8,016	8,414	8,496	8,340	8,238	Sunday	8,590	8,825	9,000	9,046	8,939	Sunday
13	8,013	8,372	Sunday	8,281	8,191	8,344	8,550	9,002	8,997	9,046	9,074	8,885
14	8,002	8,296	8,242	8,297	8,343	8,323	8,558	Sunday	8,979	9,010	Sunday	8,877
15	8,024	8,425	8,338	8,071	Sunday	8,416	8,728	8,838	8,988	9,051	Sunday	8,870
16	7,977	Sunday	8,275	8,325	8,172	8,380	8,784	8,845	8,990	9,229	8,948	8,877
17	8,191	8,283	8,277	Sunday	8,268	8,331	Sunday	8,873	9,208	9,238	8,861	9,207
18	Sunday	8,331	8,263	8,129	8,250	8,485	8,692	8,808	Sunday	Sunday	8,902	9,077
19	7,985	8,301	8,334	8,262	8,233	8,342	8,644	8,894	9,002	9,046	8,914	Sunday
20	8,271	8,214	Sunday	8,262	8,233	8,342	8,644	8,894	9,002	9,046	8,914	Sunday
21	8,014	8,246	8,177	8,231	8,354	8,418	8,654	Sunday	8,837	8,985	8,983	8,886
22	8,036	8,444	8,191	8,308	8,239	8,406	8,677	8,880	9,502	8,978	8,915	8,873
23	8,042	Sunday	8,191	Sunday	8,231	8,457	Sunday	8,869	9,334	9,109	8,859	8,877
24	8,103	8,197	8,245	8,242	8,604	8,625	8,707	8,822	Sunday	Sunday	8,793	8,878
25	Sunday	8,254	8,268	8,262	8,293	8,414	8,668	8,969	9,050	9,094	8,842	8,939
26	7,993	8,247	8,358	8,268	8,293	8,414	8,668	8,969	9,050	9,094	8,842	8,939
27	8,012	9,385	Sunday	8,262	8,293	8,414	8,668	8,969	9,050	9,094	8,842	8,939
28	8,113	8,237	8,428	8,265	8,413	8,347	8,722	Sunday	8,969	9,004	8,951	8,822
29	8,034	8,328	8,269	8,173	Sunday	8,456	8,719	8,863	9,025	Sunday	Sunday	8,828
30	7,959	Sunday	8,272	8,248	8,277	8,479	8,960	8,943	9,019	9,078	8,863	8,824
31	.....	8,154	8,278	.....	8,422	.....	Sunday	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,840
TOTALS	209,210	217,077	224,008	214,662	214,556	218,425	224,923	239,274	219,265	245,894	223,448	240,327

GRAND TOTAL OF COPIES CIRCULATED FOR THE YEAR, 2,691,069
Divided by 313, the actual number of days of issue, MAKES A DAILY AVERAGE FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS OF 8,597.

DAILY AVERAGE FOR EACH MONTH.

June, 1899.....	8,046
July, ".....	8,349
August, ".....	8,296
September, ".....	8,256
October, ".....	8,252
November, ".....	8,400
December, ".....	8,650
January, 1900.....	8,862
February, ".....	9,136
March, ".....	9,103
April, ".....	8,937
May, ".....	8,901

103,188

ONTARIO,
COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX,

To Wit:

I, John Cameron, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, Managing Director of The London Advertiser, do solemnly declare:

THAT the above statement represents the actual bona fide circulation of THE LONDON ADVERTISER for one year, between June 1st, 1899, and May 31st, 1900.

This circulation is exclusive of all spoiled copies, being the actual circulation of Mail List, Subscribers, Agents, Carrier Boys and Street Sales.

And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of The Canada Evidence Act, 1893.

Declared before me at the City of
London, in the County of Middlesex,
this 13th day of June, A.D. 1900.

T. H. PURDOM,

A Commissioner, etc., H. C. J.

John Cameron

NOTHING FOR SIR ROBERT

Peel Will Not Share in Proceeds
of Heirlooms.

The Khedive in London—Opening of an
Underground Electric Railway by
the Prince of Wales.

HIS CLAIM DISMISSED.

London, June 28.—Sir Robert Peel is not to have any share in the proceeds of the sale of the Peel heirlooms, which created so much interest recently. He tried to get some of the money, when an application in his behalf was made in the court of appeals.

The heirlooms were expected to bring £30,000, and actually realized £76,000. As about £1,000 a year was left after paying incomes to Lady Peel and other charges on the estate, application was made that Sir Robert should have this, but the court refused to alter the original arrangement.

Lord Justice Romer said he thought Sir Robert, before receiving any of the money from the trustees, should recoup them for the unauthorized sale of some of the pictures he had formerly made. Mr. Lincoln Reed asked the court not to deal too harshly with Sir Robert on account of his youthful indiscretions, and begged the court to allow him so much out of the estate as to enable him to maintain the position of a gentleman, but Lord Justice Smith said that if he had thought Sir Robert would ever get sincipice of the money he never would have made the original order.

THE KHEDIVÉ IN LONDON.

The Khedive of Egypt arrived in London yesterday from Port Victoria, where he had been since he reached England from Flushing, June 21. He showed few signs of his recent illness. The traveler was received on the platform of the Charing Cross railroad station by the Duke of York, the Turkish ambassador, Anthopulo Pasha, and suite, a guard of honor from the Coldstream Guards and a band, which played the khedival anthem. The Duke of York embraced his highness. After inspecting the guard of honor, the k-

divé entered a carriage, accompanied by the Duke of York, and was driven to Buckingham Palace, escorted by a troop of the Horse Guards, and cheered by the spectators.

LONDON'S LATEST IMPROVEMENT.

The newest and most important underground electrical railway, running from the Bank of England to the western suburbs, beneath the central portion of London, was opened by the Prince of Wales yesterday afternoon in the presence of a distinguished gathering. The prince rode the whole length of the line underground, and greatly admired the handsome cars, similar to those in use on the New York elevated railroads, and the elaborate elevator service from the streets to the station platforms, 80 feet underground.

THREE WARS AT ONCE.

London, June 28.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, speaking of the difficulties facing a chancellor who had three wars—in China, Africa, and Ashanti—on his hands at the same time, said: "It is difficult to know what are the scope and nature of work before us in China. We cannot yet tell what were the precise immediate reasons for this furious outbreak. We do not know how far it extends, or will extend, nor can we tell what are the relations of the Chinese Government with those who, at any rate in the first instance, appeared to be rebelling against the authorities. It is easy to see, however, that the first duty before the powers, among whom I am glad to recognize the United States and Japan, is to rescue and defend their legations and subjects, and to exact reparation for injury to life and property as well as to see that such things do not occur again. Since the war between China and Japan began, it has been fashionable to regard China as a plum cake, to be divided among the powers, provided the powers do not quarrel among themselves. I doubt whether anyone among us would advance that view; and it has never been the view of her majesty's present government, which has always desired that there should be stable government in China. At the present time I believe this view to be held by all the powers."

CABLE NOTES.

Twenty-five new bubonic plague cases are reported in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Rebellion has broken out on Paratonga, an island under British rule in the south seas.

The World's W. C. T. U. Congress elected the president, Lady Henry Somerset, and the other officers.

REBELLION IN RIO DE JANEIRO.

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DIED WHILE PRAYING.

Watertown, Wis., June 27.—Frank Kasten, while in the midst of a prayer at the German Methodist camp meeting, dropped dead. He had been in attendance at all the services and had become very excited. At last he arose and announced that he would deliver a prayer. He had spoken but a few words when he reeled and fell. One of the elders rushed to the spot and found that Kasten's heart had stopped beating.

SUICIDAL DYSPEPSIA

Positively Averted by Using
Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Yes! In thousands of instances Dyspepsia has given the invitation to death. This may be a startling statement. But it is a true one.

Dyspepsia unchecked causes a melancholy, hopeless feeling. Soon this merges into dark and dreary despondency. Then follows insanity—which is the second stage of despondency. The inevitable tendency of all who suffer from melancholy insanity, is to commit suicide. In nine cases out of ten they succeed.

This Dyspepsia leads to death. Now, there's not the least necessity for this. It need not be so, and can be prevented as easily as you can fall asleep. There's no secret about how it is done. Simply use Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets—one or two after each meal—for a couple of weeks, and the thing is done.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are a perfectly perfect digestive. They digest the food themselves. They don't need help.

Sometimes Constipation accompanies Dyspepsia and indigestion. In each box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets is a supply of smaller tablets that are the most perfect bowel regulators ever made. Taken with Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets they fit the bowels to perform their duty which is supplementary to the digestive process.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets have never failed, never will fail, cannot fail to cure any case of Indigestion, Dyspepsia or other stomach trouble.