

3 Superb Styles

The famous Fit-Reform designer has created three models in 2 Button Sack Suits that surpass anything of this style ever seen in this country.

The combination of originality and elegance will appeal to every man who prizes exclusiveness and good taste.



The patterns—in fine English Worsteds—are equally distinctive.

Fit-Reform

THE GARDEN CLOTHING CO.

Calgary, Alta.

Compound Extract of SARSAPARILLA

A BLOOD PURIFIER OF MERIT

It's better to take no medicine at all than to depend upon cheap concoctions that are compounded to sell at a low price and a big profit, just because there is a large demand for certain remedies at certain seasons of the year.

Compound Sarsaparilla

Purifies the blood, arouses the torpid liver, drives out all impurities, cleanses and tones up the system, and helps nature through all the diseases that come from the indoor life of winter. It arouses energy, brightens the eye, clears the brain, and gives lightness to the movement. Compound Sarsaparilla is not the only thing you will find in this drug store. We make a specialty of all articles of merit.

J. Findlay Drug Co. Ltd.

Prescription Druggists
Calgary. Opp. Royal Hotel.

All Down the Years For More than Half a Century

EDDY'S MATCHES

Have been the Leading Light of Canada. Progressive activity and the best materials have evolved from the slow-burning Sulphur Match the perfect up-to-date Eddy "Silent" Parlor Match.

Why Use An Inferior Match?

USE EDDY'S MATCHES ALWAYS AND EVERYWHERE

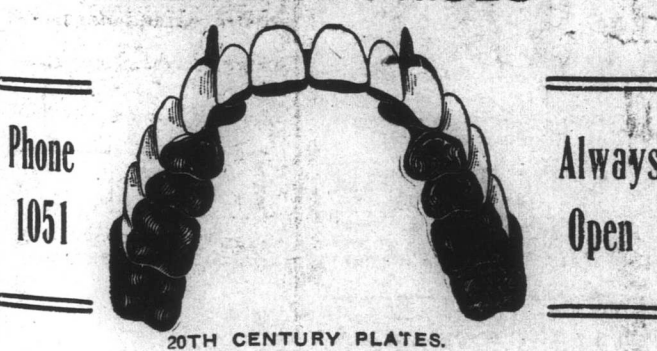
We have been making Eddy Matches at Hull ever since Eighteen Hundred and Fifty-One.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LTD.

HULL, CANADA.

Modern Dentistry

MODERATE PRICES



20TH CENTURY PLATES.

Gold Crowns, Bridge Work, Fillings, Painless Extraction of Teeth, etc.

We please People with out up-to-date Methods and our Moderate Charges.

We guarantee All Dental Work for Ten Years.

Three Expert Dentists and a Lady Attendant.

We cordially invite You to Visit Us.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST DENTAL PRACTICE WEST OF TORONTO, WITH THOUSANDS OF SATISFIED PATIENTS.

New York Dentists

3 Doors East of Post Office, 8th Avenue, Calgary.

DR. BRUNER and DR. LYMAN.

TIME WHEN IN DOUBT TROUBLE
ENTERPRISE ELECTRIC CO.

LAST ACT WRITTEN IN TEXAS ROMANCE

Salvage of Obispo's Ranch Marks End of Beresford's Strange Career in S. W.

El Paso, Texas, April 29.—The sale of the Obispo ranch in Mexico for \$190,000 wound up the affairs of the estate of the late Lord Delaval Beresford, who chose to spend his life on a cattle ranch of 110,000 acres in Mexico, his companion, a negro woman, rather than in England.

Delaval Beresford left England when a young man, twenty years or more ago, because he did not like the restraints of the life he had been accustomed to. He wandered until he found a location that suited him. It was leagues from the railroad, in the mountain fastness of the then almost unexplored stretches of northern Chihuahua, in Mexico. Why he went there and why he selected this location for his home he told nobody. He had money to buy the land, which was worth less than 50 cents an acre, and he had the money to buy the cattle with which to stock it.

He was rough and ready, as the cow boys say. He was an Englishman but he did not have the English ways. He was ready to ride with the hardest vaquero, and at night would sleep with nothing but mother earth for a bed and only his saddlebag for a pillow. That he was a lord, a member of the British aristocracy, nobody knew for years, but he was admired as an Englishman with nerve and grit.

"Bought" for El Paso.

Whether his relatives knew where he was nobody knew. He never seemed to get any mail and he never wrote any but business letters. He made friends of his Mexican vaqueros and their families, and he became known in El Paso, for he made visits every once and a while to the city, and it did not take long for the people to become aware when he was there. On these visits he treated everybody he met, neither race nor color being barred.

But always he kept out of the spotlight. He did not spend his money in the big gambling houses or in the brilliantly lighted saloons, as other cowmen do when they hit town with purses newly filled with the spoils of the sale. Always the small saloons, dives, were patronized. Delaval Beresford did not seek the best of society.

After one of these visits it was rumored that on his return to Obispo ranch he was accompanied by a negro, a well known fact, and that the city most frequented by the Englishman on his visits. Then somebody explained that she had been taken down as his cook, that he had been of the Mexican fare he had been getting.

The next time he came to town the negro was with him and the pair went to one of the leading hotels and applied for a room for "Mr. and Mrs. Beresford," but all rooms were engaged. Quarters were found elsewhere, and that night the usual Beresford spree was begun and the negro was a partner in it all.

During the revelry the negroes, known to her associates as "Pio," announced that she was Lady Pio and that she was the wife of Lord Delaval Beresford, brother of the English Admiral Charles Beresford. "We've swine back to old England and I've swine to see de Queen," she has been seen, "cause I've de wife of a lord," she would tell her friends.

Then it got to be a common talk: everybody soon spoke of the couple as "Lord and Lady Pio." The Englishman continued to raise cattle and ship them to Canada and sell them for a good price, and accompanied by his black companion he would go down to El Paso. He never denied the statements of the negroes that she was his wife and she made purchases at the stores and charged them to Lord Beresford, who always settled the bills promptly. No more letters passed between the Englishman and his family back in England than before the disclosure of his identity, however, and "Lady Pio" never made her trip to see the Queen.

In 1907, early in the spring, Lord Delaval Beresford took a trainload of cattle to Canada in the company of a returning from the Canadian market the train on which he was a passenger went into the ditch near Medicine Hat, Canada, and when the list of dead was printed there appeared the name "Delaval Beresford, Mexico."

"Lady Pio" was in El Paso when the wires brought the news and at once went into mourning and proceeded to make preparations to take charge of the estate.

Inside of ten days a lawyer came to town from New York. The cables had been working and the news of the death of Beresford had acted. The body had been ordered shipped home and the lawyer was directed to take charge of the estate in the name of the surviving relatives. A will was produced by the El Paso attorney who had done the legal business for the deceased, and it left the entire estate to "my legal heirs," with the exception of \$500, which I hereby devise and bequeath to my faithful housekeeper, Flora.

The will was offered for probate in El Paso county, also in the courts of the State of Chihuahua, Mexico, but there was a protest filed by counsel engaged by "Lady Pio." Statements were given to the newspapers that while she had never been married to Beresford she could prove that she was his common law wife. Hadn't everybody recognized her as the wife of the dead man and hadn't he promised that just as soon as he returned from Canada they would be married by a priest in Mexico? But the admission that there had been no marriage settled the case.

"Pio" Balked by Laws. In Texas she was at once ruled out of court because the law prohibits the marriage of a white person to one of African blood, although among people of the same race common law marriage law is not recognized, although there is no law against miscegenation. Thus the very law that would help in one country was against her in the other, and the probating of the will went forward.

Lord Charles Beresford then came over from London, made a trip to the ranch, visited Mexico City, consulted his lawyers in both countries and listened to all the stories about the past life of his brother. Then he sent a lawyer to see "Lady Pio," who in the meantime had appealed from the courts ruling in El Paso and was preparing to take the case to the supreme court, she declared, if necessary to get her rights. The next day all the legal steps taken by the negroes were stopped and Lord Beresford went back to England and the estate was offered for sale. It was then ascertained that the negroes received \$15,000, but it never was made a matter of record. The negroes is now living in El Paso in a comfortable brick house on South Campbell street, and she owns several similar buildings. On a big stone in

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN AT THE OFFICE OF THE GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY, LTD., TORONTO, ON MONDAY, APRIL 25th, 1910, AND WILL BE CLOSED ON OR BEFORE MONDAY, THE 9th DAY OF MAY, 1910, AT 3 P.M.

CAWTHRA MULLOCK & CO.

OWN AND OFFER FOR SALE

AT PAR, \$100 PER SHARE,

\$2,000,000 of the 7% Cumulative Preferred Stock, with a bonus of 25% Common Stock, of

Maple Leaf Milling Company, LIMITED,

(Incorporated under the Laws of the Province of Ontario).

HEAD OFFICE - - - TORONTO, CANADA.

CAPITAL STOCK, Issued and Fully Paid Up.
PREFERRED (7% Cumulative) - - - \$2,500,000
COMMON - - - 2,500,000
\$5,000,000

THE COMPANY HAS NO BONDS ISSUED OR AUTHORIZED.

GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY, Limited

is prepared to receive subscriptions for \$2,000,000 of the above seven per cent. cumulative preferred stock at the price of \$100 for each share, with a bonus of common stock equal in par value to 25 per cent. of the par value of the preferred stock allotted, to be delivered on payment of subscription in full.

The dividends on the preferred stock, accrue from April 5th, 1910.

Subscriptions will be payable as follows:
10 per cent. on Application, and
90 per cent. on Allotment.

In Instalments as follows, in which case interest at the rate of 6 per cent. will be charged:
10 per cent. on Application.
15 per cent. on Allotment.
25 per cent. on 1st June, 1910.
25 per cent. on 1st July, 1910, and
25 per cent. on 1st August, 1910.
100 per cent.

The right is reserved to allot only such subscriptions and for such amounts as may be approved and to close the subscription book without notice. Application will be made for the listing of the securities of the Company on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

BANKERS OF COMPANY: Imperial Bank of Canada and Bank of Montreal.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

D. C. CAMERON, Winnipeg, President.
President Rat Portage Lumber Company, Limited.
CAWTHRA MULLOCK, Toronto, Vice-President.
Director Imperial Bank of Canada, Director Confederation Life Association.
CHARLES W. BAND, Toronto.
Vice-President James Carruthers Company, Limited, Grain Exporters.

JOHN I. A. HUNT, London.
Vice-President Hunt Bros. Limited, Millers.
CHARLES WURTELE, Toronto.
Vice-President National Iron Works, Limited.
JOHN CARRICK, Toronto.
Secretary The Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited.
HEDLEY SHAW, Toronto.
Managing Director Maple Leaf Milling Company, Limited.

NEW COMPANY A GOING CONCERN.

Maple Leaf Milling Company, Limited, is a new company which has taken over the whole undertaking as a going concern of the Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company Limited, including therein that of the Hedley Shaw Milling Company Limited. The company has mills at Kenora, Thorold, St. Catharines, Welland, and Port Colborne, (the last named in course of construction) in the Province of Ontario and at Brandon in the Province of Manitoba. When the construction at present under way at Port Colborne is completed the company will have a total milling capacity of 12,500 barrels per day. The company has at present thirty-five elevators situated throughout the Western Wheat Belt, and fifteen additional ones are being added at the present time. A million bushel elevator is being constructed next to the new mill at Port Colborne. The company has also warehouses and offices at Toronto, Winnipeg, Kingston, Ottawa, and Montreal.

MARKET FOR OUTPUT.

The rapid growth of the business of the two companies taken over has long made apparent the necessity of additional milling capacity. Further, the tremendous increase in the total output from the Western wheat belt makes it absolutely necessary to have more mills in Canada to handle it. Last year the output of the Western wheat belt amounted to about 125,000,000 bushels, and men who have made a close study of the development that the Western country is likely to see, estimate that by the end of the year 1920 Canada will be producing at the rate of fully 500,000,000 bushels annually. As in the past, a great proportion of this large production will of necessity find its way into Canadian mills. Larger demands are bound to come as the population of the country increases, and the enquiry for the Canadian product, both from Great Britain and from the foreign markets of the world, will increase. The chain of mills that is now controlled by the new company will enable it to go ahead and secure its full share of the trade of every section of Canada, as well as to obtain even a very much larger proportion of the export business than it has at present.

SECURITY AND EARNING POWER: The assets of the old Companies taken over as above stand in excess of all liabilities and without any allowance for good-will, trade marks, etc., at \$2,703,524.11, this amount being ascertained on the basis of an appraisal by the Canadian-American Appraisal Company, Limited, as of March 17th, 1910, of the capital assets taken over, and the certificate of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Company, as of February 28th, 1910, as to current assets and current liabilities, with a liberal allowance for all contingencies. There has also been placed in the Treasury \$1,000,000 of additional cash, besides permitting of the completion of a 6,000 barrel mill and a million bushel elevator and storage warehouse at Port Colborne, and of fifteen additional elevators in the West will provide the new Company with further working capital.

As per certificate of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Company, of London, quoted below, the earnings of the old Company on the present plant amounted from September 28th, 1906, to August 28th, 1909, to \$218,845.38. And from August 28th, 1909, to February 28th, 1910, to \$166,793.29. being for the latter period at a rate equal to over 13 per cent. on the preferred stock of the Company.

The following is the certificate of Price, Waterhouse & Company:—
"Messrs. Cawthra Mullock & Company, Toronto,
"Gentlemen:—
"We have examined the books of the Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited, which include the transactions carried on under the name of The Hedley Shaw Milling Company, Limited, at Toronto and Brandon, from September 28th, 1906, (prior to which date the Company's principal funds were not completed nor in operation) to February 28th, 1910, and we certify that the profits for the period, after making provision for depreciation, but before charging interest on loans, were as follows:—
From September 28th, 1906, to August 28th, 1909, \$218,845.38
From August 28th, 1909, to February 28th, 1910, \$166,793.29
Yours very truly,
"PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO."

MANAGEMENT.

The properties of the old companies have been constructed and developed under the direction of Mr. Hedley Shaw, late General Manager of The Hedley-Shaw Milling Company, Limited, and of The Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited, and Mr. D. C. Cameron, late President of The Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited. Both these gentlemen will retain large interests in the new Company, besides being actively identified with it. Mr. Hedley Shaw will occupy the position of Managing Director of the new Company, thus giving to it the full benefit of his long practical experience.

FAVORABLE LOCATION OF NEW LARGE MILLS.

The location of the new large mill at Port Colborne is without exception the best there is in Canada. This mill when completed, in addition to having the large capacity mentioned, will have one of the most modern equipments in the world. The Company at all times will be able to keep it well supplied with wheat, in addition to its 1,000,000 bushel elevator, which will be situated just alongside of the mill, the Company will be able to make arrangements to have the last steamers, coming down from the West at the end of the season of navigation, tie up for the winter months, at the elevator and in this way afford additional storage capacity without any new expenditure of any capital outlay for it. Should at any time the Company find it advisable to do so, it will also be able to draw from the Government elevator, which will be situated on the same pier as its Port Colborne mill.

The location of the Company's mills is such as to provide a ready market for the by-products of each. The greater part of the milling capacity will be in Ontario, where, as Government statistics show, a smaller amount of wheat is being grown each year as the farmers go in more and more for stock-raising. This means a brisk demand for the by-products of the mills for feed.

A complete report on the advantages of the Port Colborne site, prepared by Mr. Hedley Shaw, will be found in the prospectus.

Prospectuses and forms of application may be obtained at any branch of the Imperial Bank of Canada or The Royal Bank of Canada, from Guardian Trust Company, Limited, Toronto, and from Cawthra Mullock & Company, Toronto.

APPLICATIONS FOR SHARES SHOULD BE MADE UPON THE FORM ACCOMPANYING THE PROSPECTUS AND SHOULD BE SENT TOGETHER WITH THE REMITTANCE DUE ON APPLICATION TO:

ANY BRANCH OF

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

OR

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto.

OR TO

CAWTHRA MULLOCK & CO.,

MEMBERS TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

Royal Bank Bldg., Toronto, C.

SINCE the advent of the New Visible Remington Models 10 and 11, in the Autumn of 1908, the sales of Remington Typewriters have surpassed by an immense total all previous records in typewriter history. These New Models of the

Remington Typewriter

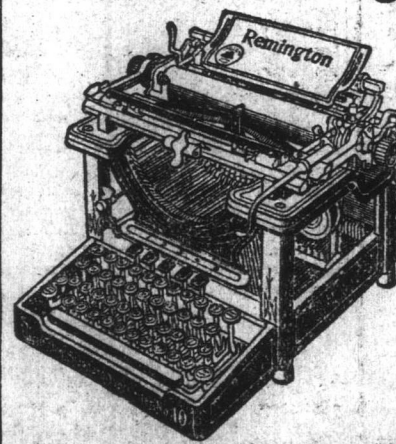
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