Guelph Evening Mercury.

VOL. V. NO. 221 GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 20, 1872. PRICE ONE PENNY

Business Cards.

AUSTIN C. CHADWICK, Barrister, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary, &c., Town Hall Buildings, Guelph. dw

WILLIAM HART, Conveyancer, Land and General Agent, Negotiator of Loans, &c. Office hours from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Office, No. 4, Day's Block. dw

FREDERICK BISCOE, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Guelph. Office, corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets. dw

OLIVER & MACDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets, up stairs, Guelph, Ont.
R. OLIVER, JR. (dw) A. H. MACDONALD.

STEPHEN BOULT, Architect, Contractor and Builder. Planing Mill, and every kind of Joiner's Work prepared for the trade and the public. The Factory is on Quebec street, Guelph. dw

GEORGE PALMER, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office, over E. Harvey & Co's Drug Store. Entrance on Macdonnell street. dw

E. H. PASS,
Painter, Glazier and Paper Hanger

All orders promptly attended to.
RESIDENCE—Two doors above St. Andrew's Church.
Guelph, Feb. 26, 1872 d3m

ROYAL HOTEL LIVERY STABLE.
The subscriber begs to notify the public that he has purchased the above livery from Mr Geo. W. Jessop, and will continue the business as heretofore. Having made considerable improvements, he will be able at all times to meet the wants of the travelling public. First-class Turnouts ready at the shortest notice.
Guelph, 6th Dec. dtf W. J. WILSON.

O'CONNOR'S BILLIARD HALL,
IN THE
QUEEN'S HOTEL, GUELPH, OPPOSITE THE MARKET.
Refitted in the latest fashion. Five latest styles Phelan Tables. do

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN,
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
GUELPH, ONTARIO.
D. GUTHRIE, J. WATT, W. H. CUTTEN.
Guelph, March 1, 1871 dwy

F. STURDY,
House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter
GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER.
Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph. f27-dw1y

THE BEST HOTEL IN TOWN.
CASEY ALWAYS JOLLY.
The richest drinks, best table, most comfortable beds, merriest company, and jolliest house in town at Casey's—The Harp of Erin Hotel, Macdonnell Street, Guelph. do

DOMINION SALOON.
Fresh Oysters in every Style
The table supplied with all the delicacies of the Season in a first-class manner.
☞ At the Bar will be found the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Cigars.
DENIS BUNYAN.
Guelph, Nov. 21, 1872. do

SODEN'S PUBLIC CAB.
The subscriber having purchased Mr. D. Coffee's splendid Cab, begs to inform the public that it will be at their service at all times, either by the hour, the day, or any other way, at the most moderate charges.
It will attend all the regular trains, also Concert and Balls, and can be engaged for Marriages or Funerals on the shortest notice.
Order slates kindly permitted at Mr. Harvey's DrugStore, Parker's Hotel, and Hewer's Western Hotel.
A careful and steady driver always with the Cab. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.
Orders may also be left at the Owner's Grocery Store, Upper Wyndham Street.
Oct. 19, 1871. dtf R. SODEN.

SPRAGGE'S PUMP FACTORY.
The Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Pump Factory
Next to Thain, Elliott & Co's Agricultural Works, Eramosa Bridge.
He intends to enlarge his Factory, and by adding steam power to turn out better pumps and in shorter time than before.
All orders left at the above place will be promptly attended to.
Repairing done on short notice.
P. SPRAGGE.
Guelph, March 21, 1872 dwlm

NOTICE.
GEORGETOWN MILLS.
The subscriber, in returning thanks to his many friends in Erin for past favours, would call their attention to the fact that he is now running the mill himself, and after 26 years of practical experience of milling in Canada, has no hesitation in stating that he can give entire satisfaction to all that may give him a trial.
Cash paid for all kinds of Grain at the Mill.
P. S.—A large quantity of Caledonia Plaster on hand, for sale at $7 per ton.
April 3-wtf LAWRENCE ROSE.

ONTARIO COAL YARDS.
MURTON & REID
Have received and are receiving a large stock of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. Co's COAL of all sizes.
EGG, STOVE AND CHESNUT, IN FIRST-RATE CONDITION, CLEAN AND DRY.
This Coal, for general use, is the best article in the market—low for cash.
All other Coals, such as Briar Hill, Mount Morris, Lehigh and Blossburg, in large quantities. Order early and secure your stock at present prices.
OFFICE—James Street, one door south of the Canada Life Assurance Co., Hamilton.
dw GEO. MURTON, Agent at Guelph

DUIGNAN'S PUBLIC CAB.
The Subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph that he has purchased a handsome and commodious Cab, which will always be at their service.
He will be at the Railway Stations on the arrival of All trains.
Parties wishing to hire by the hour or otherwise will be charged the most reasonable rates.
As he will make it his study to see to the comfort of all passengers he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.
Orders left at the Express Office, Mr. Hugh Walker's, and at the Post Office will be promptly attended to.
Sept. 4, 1871. do JOHN DUIGNAN.

New Advertisements.

SERVANT WANTED.—Wanted immediately, a good active servant. Apply at this office. 16d

FAMILY CARRIAGE FOR SALE.—Apply to R. S. Brodie, MERCURY office, Guelph. dwtf

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED.—Wanted a good General Female Servant. Must be well recommended. Apply at John A. Wood's. 18d

WANTED A COACHMAN and GARDENER.—Must understand greenhouse, vinery, &c. Married man preferred.
19d6t JOHN HORSMAN.

MAN WANTED.—Wanted immediately, a man who thoroughly understands the care of horses. Apply to Dr. Herod, Quebec Street. 18dtf

CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEPSKINS, CALF SKINS, and WOOL PICKINGS.
The highest market price paid for the above at No. 4, Gordon Street, Day's Old Block, Guelph.
Plasterers Hair constantly on hand for sale at MOULTON & BISH.
Guelph, April 19, 1872. dwv

LUMBER FOR SALE.
For sale, Pine, Basswood, Hemlock, Birch, Soft and Hard Maple, Rock Elm and Soft Elm Lumber, cut to order, any size. Joists, Rafters and Scantling cut to any length required. Will be sold at the Mills or delivered on the cars at Goldstone station. Also for sale Flour Barrel Staves and Headings.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
ROBERT McKIM.
April 18, 1872 wtfd2w Parker P.O.

MAN WANTED.
Wanted, a good steady experienced man
Who Understands Farming
and the taking care of stock, to work on and take charge of a farm. Liberal wages will be given. A married man preferred. Apply to Geo. Anderson, Grain Merchant, Guelph. 18d6-w1

NOTICE.
The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style and firm of Paterson & Co., Wholesale Grocers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All liabilities of the late firm will be settled by our successors, Messrs. Massie, Paterson & Co., who are authorized to collect all outstanding accounts.
Signed, WILLIAM J. PATERSON,
ROBERT PATERSON,
Guelph, April 8, 1872.

REFERRING to the above the undersigned will continue the business in the same premises, under the name and firm of Massie, Paterson & Co., who hope by strict attention to all orders to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on their predecessors
Signed, JAMES MASSIE,
ROBT. PATERSON.
Guelph, 8 April, 1872. 6td-3tw

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Real Estate in the Town of Guelph
Wm. S. G. Knowles has received instructions from the Trustees of the Estate of the late James Bates, to sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 4th of MAY, at the Market House, that desirable property situate on the York Road, containing 5 acres of land, with a good stone cottage erected thereon containing 7 rooms, with frame stable and a good well of water. Terms liberal, and made known on day of sale, or apply at the office of W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer. Sale at 12 o'clock noon.
Guelph, April 20th, 1872 d&wtd

SEED POTATOES
NOW IN STOCK.
Garnet Chillis,
Early Rose,
Early Goodrich;
Also, Good Potatoes for table use delivered to any part of the town.
MOULTON & BISH.
No. 4, Gordon Street, Day's old Block
Guelph, April 19, 1872 dwtm

SEEDS, SEEDS.
Garden and Field Seeds.
The Subscriber, in returning thanks to the public for their patronage the past five years wishes to inform them that he has just received his new stock of Seeds from the most reliable Seed Merchants in the country. Also
EARLY SEED POTATOES.
And a very choice collection of House Plants on hand through the season.
The favour of the public respectfully solicited. Remember the old stand, next the Meloeon Factory, East Market Square.
Apl8dwlm WILLIAM ATKINSON.

GUELPH ACADEMY
AND
BOARDING SCHOOL
Opens on Monday, 8th of April.
Particular attention devoted to the English and Commercial Branches.
JOHN MARTIN.
Guelph, March 28, 1872 dwlm

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.
The subscriber keeps on hand Fresh Lime, Stone, Sand, Posts, Lumber, &c., which he will sell at reasonable prices to all who may favor him with their patronage. He also keeps teams on hand, to be let by the day or otherwise, at his residence near the G. T. station, where he will see to this new business in person in the usual way, and hopes to be patronized hereafter as he has been in the past. Orders promptly attended to.
DENIS COFFEE.
Guelph, April 11th, 1872. dw6m

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
A. H. R. KENNEDY'S
Flour and Feed Store.
Call and leave your orders with A. H. R. KENNEDY if you want the best
Flour, Potatoes and Feed
of all kinds, as cheap as any in the town, and always delivered to any part of the town when required.
Also, a fine lot of wheat, oats and peas, for seed.
☞ Remember the stand—Anderson's new buildings, next door to Wm. Sunley's tinshop, West Market Square. dfeb15—dw6m

GUELPH PUMP FACTORY.
The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has now fitted up his new shop in the most complete manner, and has on hand a large stock of Pump timber. He is prepared to make to order, and furnish on the shortest notice, pumps of superior quality of all kinds.
Having had long experience in the trade he feels sure that he can turn out work to the satisfaction of the public.
All orders for new pumps or repairs promptly attended to.
Remember the factory, on the banks of the Speed, near the Eramosa bridge, and directly opposite the new English church.
D. STOVELL.
Guelph, April 10, 1872. dw3m

Guelph Evening Mercury

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 20, 1872

Notice to Advertisers.

Hereafter parties who have contract advertisements in the WEEKLY MERCURY must bring in their fresh advertisements, or give us notice of the same, on Saturday, before the first side of the next week's paper is printed. We are obliged to make this rule in order to prevent the duplicating of advertisements which is sometimes the case now, and which we cannot do in future on account of our crowded space.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

THERE was no freshet in Mount Forest this year.

QUITE a large number of lambs are dying this season from unknown causes.

LET your advertisements have something of the dash in them, without great exaggeration.

HOUSE-FLIES have returned from their mysterious winter quarters, and announce their intention of resuming buzziness.

PAPER HANGINGS.—Mr. T. J. Day requests us to state that he has opened his stock of new English paper hangings. Splendid papers and cheap.

A FULL corps of engineers have commenced surveying the southern extension of the W. G. & B. R. There is some trouble in finding a proper line.

MR. A. G. MCMILLAN, barrister, Elora, is about to remove to Whitby to enter into partnership with Mr. J. Hamer Greenwood, of that town, for the practice of his profession. Mr. McMillan was very popular in Elora.

THE Mt. Forest *Confederate* is informed that Mr. Thomas Forbes, on the 12 concession of Minto, has lately lost thirty-one head of cattle, on account of the scarcity of fodder. They comprised 16 sheep, 7 hogs, 4 cows, 3 steers and 1 horse.

A very serious accident happened to James Lisk, sawyer, at Gowdy, Stewart & Co., saw mill, Esquesing, the other day. While in act of oiling an edging saw, the palm of his hand came in contact with it, severing two of his fingers completely, and fearfully mutilating the others.

THE *Express* says that the Fair at Fergus on Thursday was well attended. There was some excellent beef on the ground, but the prices asked prevented many sales being effected. Buyers were prepared to pay five cents per pound, but holders would not take less than five and a half and six cents.

A BOY about 15 years old, in the employ of Joseph Gross, farmer on the 10th con. Peel, met with a serious accident last Thursday. Whilst chopping in the bush he struck his foot with the axe, cutting off the big toe, and splitting his foot towards the instep about three inches. Dr. Emes dressed the wound, and it is doing as well as can be expected.

WOOL.—The present price of wool in the United States market is extraordinarily high, owing to a sudden fluctuation caused by the action of jobbers. The present high price seems to be originated for the purpose of working off the heavy clip of last year, which is in the hands of jobbers and manufacturers, and it does not seem probable that the present prices will be maintained when the new clip begins to move to market, as manufacturers will not risk these prices to work into stock. The probability is that a higher price than last year will be paid, but no such fancy prices as the present need be looked for. The United States Tariff favors the shipment of wool in the form of sheepskins, and they are now very high.

DAVID STIRTON, ESQ., M. P.—We notice that Mr. Stirton, member of the House of Commons for South Wellington, has been holding a series of political meetings amonst his constitutents, and had the warmest reception extended to him. This is only what we had reason to expect from so intelligent a constituency as that which Mr Stirton represents. Besides, it is only what their member deserves, when his long and faithful services to his constituents and country are considered, to say nothing of his honest adherence to his principles. There is no doubt that Mr. Stirton will be selected at the coming election, as he deserves to be, as the standard bearer of the Reform party for South Wellington, and returned we should think without opposition. Mr Stirton is in every sense of the word the people's candidate. He has risen to his present position by his natural ability and perseverance, and his constitutents are deservedly proud of him for his sterling qualities as a man.—*Berlin Telegraph.*

The Oswego *Press* says: "The spring style of dress, with point and scolloped flounces, make the ladies look like small perambulating awnings."

A Chicago journal considers the destruction of about a cart load of "original poetry" in its office as the most gratifying feature of the fire.

On dit that Hon. Wm. McDougall will lead to the altar a young lady, a resident of Cobourg—Miss Beatty—soon after the close of the present session.

A feeling of deep regret will be diffused through Scotland by the announcement that Dr. Candlish's health seems to be completely undermined. For nearly six months he has neither preached nor discharged any ministerial duty, and grave fears are entertained that he may never again be able to appear in the pulpit or on the platform.

A telegram from Washington announces that it is rumoured there, in usually well informed circles, that the question of indirect damages will be allowed to go before the Geneva Board of Arbitrators, it being previously clearly understood that the arbitrators will at once throw it out, on the ground that they have no authority to examine into the matter.

AN English gamekeeper has recently broken a black sow to hunt game in the woods, and she is said to run the hunt with wonderful success. She will track game, back and stand, and point partridges pheasants, snipes, and rabits as skillfully as a bred pointer. She bounds in response to a whistle, and wags her head and squeals with delight on being shown a gun.

NEWS ITEMS.

HORACE GREELEY denounces a statement by one of his opponents as a "square-toed lie."

THE North German *Gazette* positively denies the statements made in the London *Telegraph.*

THE Pew Rent of the new Metropolitan Church in Toronto will amount to over $5,000 a year.

EIGHTY horses and many lives were destroyed by the explosion of a powder magazine, at Tientsin, on the 3rd ult.

THE case of Nicholson *vs.* Coulson at the Ottawa assizes, has been disposed of by the withdrawal of the record by the plaintiff.

SMALL-POX has been extremely prevalent and fatal throughout the cities of Italy all the winter. Rome has seemed to suffer most, and Florence next.

EIGHT young ladies in New York have been licensed by the State Medical Society to go forth and look at the people's tongues, and "Ah! indeed!" at $2 a visit.

THE Brantford *Courier* is gratified to learn that there is a prospect that the wheat in the ground has suffered much less than was at one time anticipated from the severity of the winter.

ON Saturday last, the dry kiln of J. & G. Hunt, Glenwilliams, was destroyed by fire, together with a lot of bobbins and rake teeth, which were in the kiln drying at the time. Loss $100.

THE Minister of Public Worship, in Berlin, has given formal notice to the Bishops cautioning them that the consent of the Government must be obtained before sentence of excomunication may be pronounced.

A DESPATCH dated Yokohama, Japan, March 26, has just come to hand announcing the establishment of a fair under the direction of the Government, open to foreigners. This may be considered a virtual abandonment of their exclusive policy.

THE house of Mr. Donald McKinnon, Georgetown, was burned on Saturday last. Mr. McKinnon's loss is very heavy, he having only about $300 insurance on the house. A good part of the furniture was saved but in a very damaged condition.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE AT PAISLEY.—On Friday morning an old man called John Flood, living on the town line of Brant and Elderslie, attempted to commit suicide by severing the arteries of his arm When found he had fainted, but it is expected he will recover.

THERE are two cases of small pox in Georgetown. The disease was conveyed to the place by a young man named Johnson, who came from Toronto and died in the village. The Town Council issued sanitary notices to every person in town advising vaccination, which call was well responded to, and they also used every energy to have the streets and lanes cleaned up.

THE King of Sweden is the greatest poet, the Emperor of Germany the greatest soldier, the Emperor of Austria the greatest linguist, the King of Bavaria the greatest musician, the King of Saxony the greatest scholar, the King of Italy the greatest hunter, the King of Belgium the best dancer, and the Czar of Russia the greatest smoker, among the sovereigns of Europe.

THE THORLEY SHOOTING CASE.—Orillia, April 19—A verdict of wilful murder was passed against Gunn, the man who shot Healey at Thorley, on Wednesday. The verdict censures the Government for their laxity in having no Magistrates appointed in the township of Mara, in consequence of which no immediate action was taken for Gunn's arrest. The murderer is still at large. He possesses property at St Mary's, and resides there when at home.

AMERICAN visitors to the Hague mention with satisfaction the honors accorded the late Minister to England, Mr. Motley, who is hardly second to the King in the good graces of the Netherlanders. Mr Motley is engaged upon a new historical work but upon what nation, epoch or era is not stated, though it is probably the conclusion of the absorbing story of the Dutch Republic, promised in the last volume of the narrative already published.

THE buildings for Gilmore's Musical Festival at Boston is now springing up, in the colossal proportions of 600 feet by 350, with a roof in the form of a single arch, 150 feet from the ground, and will be open for inspection, it is said, by the 29th of May. One hundred and twenty-seven societies will have their representatives present, and the list of soloists, singing associations and musical bands which will take part in the Festival has become enormously lengthy.

THE London correspondent of the *North Brittish Mail* writes:—The many admirers of Dr. George Macdonald will be interested in the fact that he is at work on a dramatic composition fitted for performance on the stage. Should this design be prosecuted to its accomplishment by the most popular of the living poets and novelists of Scotland, there will be a markworthy addition made to the short roll of Northern writers who have produced works for the theatre.

VIRGINIA sells land on a peculiar system. Thousands of acres have gone untaxed since 1865, because the assessors could find no owner, and strange to say, claimant. The registrar of the land office is now selling these farms, giving tax-title therefor with some provisions entirely invalidating them if the real owner turns up within a reasonable number of years. Of course, the buyers run considerable risk, but, on the other hand, the land is sold for one dollar an acre. In 1871, 20,000 acres were disposed of, and it is said that only one owner has appeared for any part of the land thus obtained, and that his property contained less than 150 acres.

MANITOBA COLLEGE.—The *Liberal* of the 29th ult. says:—The written examinations for the winter term of Manitoba College are now in progress. The work has been conducted during the past term by Professor Bryce, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Black in classics, and in the special commercial course of book-keeping, penmanship and correspondence by J. H. Bell. The College has had during the past term eighteen students, averaging above eighteen years of age, in regular attendance. The classes have been conducted in rooms of the house of Mr. D. Murray, kindly offered for the pupose. The new College building is being rapidly pushed on and will be completed by the 1st of July, so the best boarding accommodation can be had on the beginning of the fall term.

BY TELEGRAPH

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Messrs. Laird's Ship-yard on Fire.

Comments on the Counter Cases

Tornado in South Carolina.

The United States' Consequential Damage.

Liverpool April 19.—A fire broke out in the extensive shipyards of Messrs. Laird, in Birkenhead, at 6 o'clock this morning and is still burning.

Noon—The conflagration in the shipbuilding yards of Messrs. Laird is raging yet. Loss now believed to be heavy. Thus far the fire is confined to the timber and other ship-building material in the yards. Two persons were killed by the falling wood. Hundreds will be thrown out of employment by this fire.

An explosion took place on the steamer *Illyrian* in the Mersey river this morning. Four persons were killed and three dangously injured.

London, April 19.—A despatch from Bombay has been received, announcing that the ship *Maria*, for Liverpool, has been wrecked, and 35 persons lost.

The journals of this city continue to discuss the counter cases presented by the British and American Governments at Geneva, drawing contrasts between them as very unfavorable to the American case. Intimations have been received here of the probability of the withdrawal of indirect claims. These are favorably commented on by the newspapers and Government, and the people of the United States are praised for their apparent disposition to render the possible fulfilment of the terms of the Treaty of Washington.

Charleston, S. C., April 19.—A tornado swept over the up country on Thursday night. The new Market House at Columbia which was about finished was blown down. The worst damage was done in Chester, at which place 62 houses were entirely destroyed by the storm, and many others seriously damaged. Nobody was killed, but some were injured.

New York, April 20.—The *Herald's* special from Washington says: Gen. Banks called on Secretary Fish yesterday, and had a long conference on the policy of our Government in regard to the claim for consequential damage before the Geneva tribunal. The immediate cause of this interview was on instructions of the Committee of Foreign Affairs of the the House to ascertain views of the State Department on the question, before any action was taken on the resolution introduced by Peters some days ago. It will be remembered that this resolution was brought before Congress through instrumentalities of the worst character and for the basest purposes. A very strong pressure is being brought to bear on the Congress and on the Executive Committee in the interest of persons who expect to profit by the award on the claims for direct losses, and the men thus interested are using everything which they can call to aid them to secure a withdrawal of the demand and to bring about the humiliation of the country. It was their interest that Peters' resolution was introduced into Congress, and a broken down gambling house runner is the reputed author and champion of it. It was never worthy of notice either from Congress or the American people, but it has served a good purpose in bringing from the Secretary of State a distinct avowal that the policy of our Government has not changed in regard to the case before the Geneva tribunal. Secretary Fish assured Gen. Banks in the most positive terms that President Grant and his Cabinet were thoroughly united in support of the position taken by the Department, and that so far as the claim was concerned there was not even possibility of our Government receding from its undeniably just and authorised demands.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, April 19.

Mr. Mills brought in a Bill to abolish dual representation.

The Hon. Mr. Holton called attention to the omission of some important documents forming portions of the correspondence relating to the Treaty of Washington. He pointed out that no evidence was afforded in the correspondence of the energetic protests made both by cable and by mail, as alleged by Mr. Langevin in his speech last June; the first document indicating that any protest whatever had been made being dated 28th July.

Sir John A Macdonald said the despatch could not be published without injury to the public service, and the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie must wait until the document should become historical. Mr. Mackenzie urged that, as it had been publicly alluded to by a Cabinet Minister, it was already historical in the truest sense of the term; but he did not succeed in moving the crafty Prime Minister from his policy of concealment.

The Hon. Mr. Blake then asked for a telegram alluded to in a despatch dated Feb. 16, 1872, stating that it would not be possible for the Imperial Government to pledge themselves to any foregone conclusion upon any particular point connected with the forthcoming negotiations, and adding, after alluding to the indisputable right of the Canadas to exclude foreigners from fishing within the three mile limits, that the latter might be ceded on payment of a money equivalent.

Sir John A. Macdonald admitted the telegram had been received before he left for Washington, and consequently was known to him when he gave the strong assurance of England's determination to maintain the rights of Canada to the House of Commons. The Premier declared that the subsequent despatch covered the whole substance of the telegram; and thus admitting the identity of the two despatches, pleaded guilty to the treachery of which they had convicted him.

A proposal to vote a sum of $45,000 a year for five years for the Geological Survey was met by an objection to departing from the constitutional rule of annual appropriations. It was however ultimately carried.

At the evening sitting a long conversational debate ensued, on a proposal from Sir Francis Hincks to relax to a certain extent the law restricting the issue of Dominion notes; the object of making this concession to the Banks being to induce them to promote more readily than they have hitherto done the circulation of paper of the smaller denominations. After some debate the resolutions passed.

Postmaster General's Report.

The report of the Post-Master General for the year ending 30th June, 1871, has been laid before the House. It shows that Post-cards have been found to be a great convenience. The number issued to the 31st of December was 1,470,000. Issues of money orders in the Maratime Provinces have increased from $989,195, in the year 1868, to $1,521,118 in 1871. During the year, 531 appointments of Post-Masters and way office-keepers were made, and 375 new mail contracts were entered into. The following is a statement of the revenue, including all postage accruing to June 30th, 1871: Ontario and Quebec, $923,708; New Brunswick, $69,955; Nova Scotia, $92,103. Total, $1,107,796. Expenditure of mail service during the same year: Ontario and Quebec, $1,016,271; New Brunswick, $109,968; Nova Scotia, $144,766. Mileages this year, 300,000 miles in excess of last year. Packet service with the United Kingdom shows the estimated number of letters carried in the year which ended November last, to and from Canada, 1,341,626 letters; 1,406,723 newspapers; 26,994 books; 8,536 samples patterns. to and from the United States, 209,724 letters; 90,725 newspapers. Contract with Mr. Inman for fortnightly service between Halifax and Queenston, Ireland, terminated 30th June, whereupon a contract was entered upon with Sir Hugh Allan on the same terms, viz.: £16,250 sterling per annum; the Imperial post-office contributing one half of the cost. There was collected in Canada on letters sent paid to the United States, and on letters received from Canada unpaid, $188,868; there was collected in the United States on letters received from Canada unpaid, $201,214. Registered letters in Ontario and Quebec, 980,000; in New Brunswick, 50,000; Nova Scotia, 70,000. By parcel post, the number of parcels in Ontario and Quebec, 19,140; amount of postage, $9,239; New Brunswick, 5,564 parcels, postage, $1,192 Nova Scotia, 9,516 parcels, postage, $1,985. The number of dead letters in Ontario and Quebec, 308,300; in New Brunswick, 12,991; Nova Scotia, 14,217; total, 335,508 of money order operations. The number of money order offices, 477 in Ontario and Quebec; New Brunswick, 36; Nova Scotia, 58. Amount of money orders issued in Ontario and Quebec, $3016,783; in New Brunswick, $613,850; in Nova Scotia, $907,268. In the Post-Office Savings Banks the aggregate deposits and withdrawals for the year ending 30th June, 1871, were $3,011,014; and for six months ending 31st December, 1871, was $1,840,411. In the report of the Postmaster-General it will be observed that the statistics relating to Quebec and Ontario have not been kept distinct, but have been lumped together.

Travel Rates to Fort Garry.

From a circular issued by N. W. Kittson, manager of Kittson's Red River Transportation Line, we learn that on the opening of navigation, passengers to Manitoba will be carried as under:—

From St. Paul's, 1st class, $22; 2nd, $17.

From Duluth to Fort Garry, 1st class, $19; 2nd, $15. Meals on boats, 50 cts. Usual amount of baggage allowed; children under 12, half fare. Time from St. Paul's to Fort Garry, six days. Rates of freight, $3 per hundred lbs. These rates are quoted in American currency.

It is expected that when the line of steamers from Sarnia to Duluth commences, persons will be able to reach Fort Garry for $30, first class fare.

It is time that Dawson should let the the public know something of the Canadian Route. We believe that it is the intention of the Government to reduce the fare by this route to half what it was last year, $15.—*Liberal.*

Affairs in Manitoba.

FORT GARRY, April 18.

The country was visited on Thursday by a heavy snow storm; and, up to yesterday, the weather for a week has been cold. The last edition of snow is fast disappearing, though the ice on the river is yet as fast as in midwinter. The storm of Thursday broke the telegraph line, and it is working to-day again for the first time; the roads are so bad from mud and snow that the stages have lost their connections, and it is eleven days since the arrival of the last Canadian mail.

Trouble is feared as to the result of threats made by the French half-breeds, to prevent parties taking away square timber and saw longs, which have been got out by Government officials, on the lands which the half-breeds claim as their selection. If the half-breeds attempt the execution of their threats, a serious disturbance is certain to ensue.

At a meeting of French half-breeds held at St. Boniface, on Monday, for the consideration of the land and timber question, the following rather significant resolution was adopted, "The meeting sees with much pain and regret the forced absence of Messrs. Riel and Lepine, whose wisdom and patriotism would be of so much usefulness in the critical circumstances in which we find ourselves."

Iron Trade in England.

The British *Trade Journal* of recent date announces that their iron men have no difficulty to contend with beyond the scarcity of material, and its high price, as well as the increase of wages and lessening of hours. These are difficulties, enough, one would think, unless strikes, floods and famines were added to the list. It also states that iron still shows an upward tendency, particularly Swedish and Russian, which can scarcely be procured. The American orders are still at large, and while old contracts are being completed at a loss to manufacturers, new demands are accepted with reluctance and at advanced price. The manufacturers are very adverse to altering prices, as they encourage foreign competition; but the increase on invoices have had no appreciable effect on the foreign orders. Yet in certain localities the substitution of three eight hour turns for the two twelve hours, threatens to force the blowing out of furnaces and shutting down of mills. Masters do not feel as though they could meet the expense of this change with the advance in the price of ore and fuel. The supply of fuel seems to be inadequate to the demand in most localities, and every feature of the trade tends to favor still further advances in prices.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment may be administered to children with perfect success, in cases of croup, whooping-cough, influenza, and almost any of the diseases to which they are liable.