THE COURIER

Published by The Brantford Courier Limited, every afternoon, at Dalhousie Street Brantford, Canada. Subscription rate By carrier, $4 a year; by mail to British possessions and the United States, $2 per annum.

SEMI-WEEKLY COURIER—Published on Tuesday and Thursday mornings, at $1 per year, payable in advance. To the United States, 50 cents extra for postage Toronto Office: Queen City Chambers, 32 Church Street. H. E. Smallpeice, Representative. Chicago Office 745 Marquette Bldg, Robt. E. Douglas, Representative

Tuesday, December 5th, 1916.

THE SITUATION

The opinion was expressed in the Courier war summary that the saving of Bucharest would be unlikely, and so it is proving. The enemy has his big guns trained on the place, and it is said that the city will be evacuated in order to avoid the horrors of a bombardment.

In other directions, the news with regard to King Ferdinand's troops is not reassuring, and Berlin claims that eight thousand prisoners have been taken. The Russians report successes in the Carpathians and in Eastern Transylvania, but the prospects with regard to Roumania itself are the reverse of bright. It may be that the Teuton forces will finally push into Greece.

The Serbians still keep up their notable work. After a fight, lasting for several days, they have captured a whole series of heavily fortified positions beyond the Cerna river, east of Monastir. In their flight the Bulgars abandoned large quantities of stores and ammunitions, and left a large number of prisoners in the hands of the victors.

The Greek crisis is still that. As a further step in the pressure brought by the Allies, Great Britain has placed an embargo on Greek shipping. A blockade of her ports should help to bring Constantine to time.

THE PRESIDENTS ADDRESS

The address which President Wilson delivered at a joint session of the two Houses of Congress to-day was devoted entirely to domestic affairs.

There was not one word with reference to the war, to the fact that the murder of Americans on the Lusitania still remains without reparation, or to the further circumstance that the lives of other Americans have been jeopardized and taken by German submarines.

Had a half per cent. of what the Kaiserites have done to Uncle Sam been even attempted by John Bull, there would have been a tremendous hullabalo and demands for vindication in both Houses, and in every newspaper. It is impossible to escape the inference that Wilson and his advisers are still afraid of the hyphenates who reside within their borders.

The spectacle is not an edifying one. Our neighbors are supposed to stand pre-eminently for individual and national liberty, but are sitting idly by while the great German bully is trampling under foot, Belgium, Serbia and now Roumania, with an utter disregard of treaty conventions to which Washington has been a party.

A day or so ago the President pressed the button which is to result in the statue of Liberty, at the entrance to New York harbor, becoming illuminated at night. That statue was the gift of the French people, and it was France who aided our neighbors in the war of Rebellion. In the eyes of the rest of the world it is darkness which surrounds that statue, and not light.

THEY SHOULD DO MORE

Grit papers, and Grit speakers have suddenly dropped their reprehensible and contemptible attacks upon the Dominion and Ontario Governments with regard to nickel.

What they sought to show was that either through carelessness or design, the authorities were allowing nickel to reach the enemy, to help in the destruction of our own Canadian boys. It was an infamous, and totally unwarranted charge—one of the most flagrant ever preferred in all Canadian political history.

When it was officially announced that precautions taken had been with the consent and co-operation of the British Government, there was the insinuation of falsehood. When Hon. Mr. Meighen, announced in a speech in Toronto that the Merton firm, figuring in the transactions and whose enemy affiliations had been cited by Hartley Dewart and the rest, had been purged of German stockholders, he was to all intents and purposes told that he lied.

Then there came the cablegram which Bonar Law sent to the Governor-General, and in which he affirmed that steps taken had been in conjunction with, and to the entire satisfaction of the home authorities for preventing supplies to reach the foe. He also added:—

"Mertons have eliminated the enemy holding in the company with the approval of the Board of Trade. His Majesty's government therefore utilized the services of this company, which has assisted in securing governmental control of metals. Such control, owing to pre-war conditions, could hardly have been secured without their help."

It is not enough, under the circumstances, that Liberal papers and Liberal speakers, seeking to make political capital out of this thing, should take refuge in silence. The clear and the manly step for them to take is to retract their infamies. If not, they will be branded as maliciously desiring to let charges remain which have been proved to be absolutely untrue.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Premier Asquith on Thursday will ask the House of Commons for a new note of credit for £400,000,000. This will bring the total figures for 1916 up to £1,750,000,000.

* * *

The King of Greece will find that the fat is in the fire for him alright.

* * *

The Toronto Globe's Ottawa correspondent says that the Dominion House may open Jan. 18, and intimates that the extension of life of Parliament will not go through, and that there will be dissolution with an election in the spring. This apparently is the Grit program and they can come on as soon as they like.

* * *

The price of horse shoes has gone up as an added illustration of the fact that it is impossible to shoo the high cost of living.

* * *

BOMBARDMENT OF OPEN CITIES

Deplored by Pope Benedict in Addressing the Consistory

Rome, Dec. 4—via London, Dec 5.—(delayed)—In the consistory today Pope Benedict announced the appointment of the Right Rev. Monsignor William T. Russell, of the archdiocese of Baltimore as Bishop of Charleston.

Rome, Sunday, Dec. 3.—via London, Dec. 5.—(delayed)—Pope Benedict has appointed the Reverend James Coyle, member of the bishops council of Fall River, Mass., his domestic prelate. Father Coyle will occupy the title of Monsignor.

Rome, Dec. 4, via Paris, Dec. 5.—In his allocation delivered before the secret consistory here to-day, Pope Benedict denounced the aerial bombardment of open cities, and condemned all those, he said, who had defied the laws of God and man in the present war. The Pope said:

"It is well to recall, aside from the laws of God, that even if the law of man was obeyed at present, peace and prosperity would reign in Europe. If we neglect or disdain laws and authority, discord is the sure result. This is the highest social law.

As a result of ignoring this law we see every principle of right violated in Europe, acts committed in defiance of the laws of God and man, peaceable citizens and even young boys taken from their homes to fight amid the tears of wives and mothers, we see open cities and defenseless inhabitants exposed to aerial attacks and we see by sea and land nameless horrors. I cannot but deplore again these crimes and condemn all those by whom they are committed."

The Pope concluded his remarks with a prayer that as the new code of canonical law would mark a more tranquil epoch for the church so also the time might come when the spirit of law might again be respected in the world and bring harmony and prosperity to the nations.

Social and Personal

. . The Courier is always pleased to use items of personal interest. Phone 139.

Mr. Rose, of the Canadian Machine Telephone Co., has returned from a short trip to Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Maud Smith, Terrace Hill Street, who left last summer to visit her uncle in Montana, has returned as far as Minnesota, where she will spend Christmas with relatives in the Twin Cities.

Sergt. Gordon E. Nott, B. A. S. C. signalling instructor attached to the headquarters staff of the Second Military Division, Toronto, is in the city, the guest of Mr. John Ham.

Friends of Mrs. Samuel Cleaver, Burford Road, will be pleased to know that she has so improved after her illness in the hospital as to be able to return to her home.

Kingston court house is being given to the Military Hospitals commission for the use of convalescent soldiers.

Wm. Grey, M.P. for London, has returned from Battle Creek Sanitarium in a serious condition. His heart is affected.

FAITH IN GOD STILL ABIDES

But there are the graves. To-day, our All Saints Day, is in France for all the French, the Day of the Dead. The thoughts and the feet of the whole population are turned towards the cemeteries, on and off the present battlefields, in which they lie. We are apt in England—or we were—to consider ourselves a religious nation as compared with the French. The war I think has taught us better. Any of us, certainly who has wandered into a French church or cathedral—at Rheims, at Ameins, at Nancy—where you will—and has seen French women and French officers and private soldiers kneeling, side by side before or after a battle on the flag-stones in front of the altar, any Englishman who has visited, on the Jour des Morts, the infinitely pathetic enclosures where row upon row of crosses mark the last resting place of the dead soldiers of France must know that the faith of France and the bond between her and our own country are alive as probably they have never been before in her whole history. "Thy people shall be my people, and Thy God my God; where thou diest, will I die, and there will I be buried; the Lord do so to me, and more also, if aught but death part thee and me."

Faith and Patience

And there are the living—a far firmer bulwark, to my mind, against all the doubts suggested by the horrors of the battlefield than even these outward and visible signs of the common faith in the resurrection of the dead, which, after all, might be nothing more than a mere credulous delusion. For the lives of the living cannot be a delusion. And never, I believe, have so many ordinary men at the same time lived lives so unselfish, so patient, so self-sacrificing, so brave, so pure, so far removed from one's old ideas of the swash-buckling and somtimes brutal professional soldier of popular fancy, as is to be seen to-day in the lives of the French and English armies.

To a certain degree, no doubt, the same may be said—thank God for it—of the armies of the enemy. They, too, are fighting under the impression that they are battling in defence of their homes and families, and their very existence as a nation. But we know—we know—that theirs is a vain and dreadful delusion, and they must know, or they will some day, that not the most sacred of causes—least of all the most sacred of causes—could justify the crimes of which so many of them have been guilty before God and man. With our men, French and English, it is different. If only you people in England could see them as they are in the trenches—no, a thousand times no—your faith would not be shaken, even by the untellable horors of the modern battlefield. "God moves in a mysterious way His wonders to perform." And the inevitable conclusion carried away from the battlefield of France, in spite of all the horrible suffering and waste and destruction, is that never in the history of the world have so many men lived such noble and simple and self-sacrificing lives as the present armies of England and France. If, as George Meridith said, the principal part of faith is patience, then nowhere so much as in the cemeteries and on the battlefields of France is faith to be found.

IF HAIR IS TURNING GRAY, USE SAGE TEA

Here's Grandmother's Recipe to Darken and Beautify Faded Hair.

That beautiful, even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray or streaked, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundredfold.

Don't bother to prepare the mixture; you can get this famous old recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients for 50 cents a large bottle, all ready for use. It is called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair.

Everybody uses "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy and lustrous. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

The Home Department

Of the Farmers' Sun, Toronto, is specially edited, and presents the latest ideas in every branch of the home work, in which the farmer's wife or daughter is interested. Your reading is not complete without The Sun.

A number of the leading business men of the United States favor a six-year term for the president.

A man who made threates against President Wilson at Philadelphia railroad station, was arrested. He carried a large kitchen knife.

Railway Legislation Discussed by Wilson

President's Address at Opening of Congress Devoted Wholly to Domestic Subjects, Principally the Railway Problem

By Courier Leased Wire.

Washington, Dec. 5.—President Wilson's address at the opening of the session of Congress to-day was wholly devoted to domestic subjects, principally the problem of railway legislation.

In the Hall of the House with Senators and Representatives assembled in joint session, President Wilson, in accordance with the custom he began at the opening of his term, read his address from the clerk's desk.

The President not only renewed his recommendation for legislation to prevent a nation-wide railway strike or lockout before there had been opportunity for investigation, but defended it against the attack of organized labor as nothing arbitrary or unjust and the "unjustifiable safeguarding by society of the necessary processes of its very life."

Aside from recommendations for the passage of the Port Rico government bill, the corrupt practices bill and the Webb bill to legalize American collective selling agencies abroad, the President's address was devoted wholly to the railroad situation. The only feature which had not been forecast was the elimination of the proposal that Congress give explicit approval to consideration by the Interstate Commerce Commission of an increase in freight rates to meet additional expenditures by the railroads caused by the operation of the Adamson law.

To-day, the President took the position that "the power of the Interstate Commerce Commission to grant an increase of rates on the ground referred to is indisputably clear, and a recommendation by the Congress with regard to such a matter might seem to draw in question the scope of the commission's authority or its inclination to do justice when there is no reason to doubt either."

The other recommendations on the railroad situation, made in a special message during the last session, which were not put into law, were renewed to-day. They include:

"Immediate provision for the enlargement and administrative reorganization of the Interstate Commerce Commission along the lines embodied in the bill recently passed by the House of Representatives and now awaiting action by the Senate; in order that the commission may be enabled to deal with the many great and various duties now devolving upon it with a promptness and thoroughness which are, with its present constitution and means of action, practically impossible.

"An amendment of the existing federal statute which provides for the mediation, conciliation and arbitration of such controversies as the present by adding to it a provision that, in case the methods of accommodation now provided for should fail, a full public investigation of the merits of every such dispute shall be instituted and completed before a strike or lockout may lawfully be attempted.

"The lodgment in the hands of the executive of the power, in case of military necessity, to take control of such portions for military use and to operate them for military purposes, with authority to draft into the military service of the United States such train crews and administrative officials as the circumstances may require for their safe and efficient use."

The renewed recommendation for compulsory investigation of labor disputes on railways before strikes or lockouts are allowed, which has aroused the opposition of the railroad brotherhoods, and of the American Federation of Labor, was defended in the President's message. He declared he would hesitate to recommend a law which would force individual workmen to continue in an employment which they desired to leave, but that no such principle was involved in the suggestion that the operation of the railways of the country should not be stopped by the concentrated action of bodies of men until a public investigation for the benefit of the public has been instituted.

"It is based upon the very different principle," he continued, "that the concentrated action of powerful bodies of men shall not be permitted to stop the industrial processes of the nation, at any rate before the nation shall have had an opportunity to acquaint itself with the merits of the case between employee and employer, time to form its opinion upon an impartial statement of the merits, and an opportunity to consider all practicable means of conciliation or arbitration. I can see nothing in that proposition, but the justifiable safeguarding by society of the necessary processes of its very life. There is nothing arbitrary or unjust in it unless it be arbitrarily and unjustly done. It can and should be done with a full and scrupulous regard for the interests and liberties of all concerned as well as for the permanent interests of society itself."

Danger of competition after the war has been over-emphasized, says the United States Federal Trade commission, in a report on business conditions.

More than Soap

Lifebuoy Soap is a perfect soap and a perfect antiseptic acting together in perfect unity. Its rich, abundant lather makes it a delight to use.

LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

Protect your health by washing your hands and face with it—by bathing and shampooing with it. The mild antiseptic odor quickly vanishes after use.

At all Grocers 5¢

161

Campbell's Soup . . . . 2 for 25c
Silver Cow Milk . . . . at . . . . . 15c per tin
Christie's Plum Pudding 1 lb. tin 40c
2 lb. bags 75c
1 lb. tin *Fruit Cake* . . 40c
Lima Beans, 2 lbs for 25c
Fresh To-day
Ingersoll Small Pork Sausage, in 1 lb. cartons.

T. E. Ryerson & Co.
20 Market Street
Phones 820, 183.

Preparations F r— ections

The afternoon session of the Township Council, which was held yesterday afternoon in the council chambers, saw a large amount of business transacted. The most important item occupying the attention of the councillors was that of appointing deputy returning officers, poll clerks and polling booths for the various subdivisions. Accounts were also passed and the communications read at the morning session, dealt with, most of them being placed on file.

The communication from Chas. E. H. Foster, concerning mail boxes; W. B. Wilkinson, with regard to collection and disposal of garbage; E. S. Nicholls, about the condition of the West street sidewalk; Jackson and Lee's report on the Whiting and number Five bridges; W. McGarry, dealing with the contribution to the British Red Cross, and from A. Westbrook requesting tax refunded to several residents of the township were filed.

By-law Number 699 was passed appointing deputy returning officers, poll clerks and polling places for the Township of Brantford for the year 1917. The results arrived at were as follows:—

Subdivision No. 1—Polling booth, McDonald's House. Deputy Returning officer, Melton McAlister. Poll clerk, John Lavett.

Subdivision No. 2—Polling booth, Mt. Vernon School. Deputy Returning Officer, Beverly Lloyd-Jones. Poll Clerk, A. C. Perrin.

Subdivision No. 3.—Polling booth, McNaught school. Deputy Returning officer, Robert Shaw. Poll Clerk, P. S. Fairlie.

Subdivision No. 4.—Polling booth, guild room of Rectory. Deputy Returning officer, Fred Malcolm. Poll clerk, Wm. H. Martin.

Subdivision No 5—Polling booth, Burtch school house. Deputy Returning Officer, James McIntyde. Poll clerk, Charles Minshal.

Subdivision No. 6—Polling booth, Beemer's House. Deputy Returning Officer, Richard Brooks. Poll clerk, George Handsfield.

Subdivision No. 7—Polling booth Alfred Brown's house. Deputy Returning Officer, Lawson Fawcett. Poll clerk, James Mellican.

Subdivision number 8—Polling booth Moyle School House. Deputy returning officer, Jones Dalton. Poll clerk, Lawrence Sanderson.

Subdivision No. 9—Robert Johnston's house. Deputy returning officer, Geo. Alderson. Poll clerk, Geo. Lawton.

Subdivision No. 10—Polling booth, Arthur Howting's house. Deputy returning officer, William Harris. Poll clerk, Arthur Howting.

Subdivision No. 11.—Polling booth—Park Road School. Deputy Returning officer, W. Turnbull. Poll clerk, Chas. Stedman.

Subdivision No. 12—Polling booth, Geo. Holme's house. Deputy returning officer, Alex. Robinson. Poll clerk, James Baigent.

Subdivision No. 13—Polling booth, H. McCoy's house, 81 Mohawk street. Deputy returning officer, E. Smith. Poll clerk, Alfred Alexander.

Subdivision No. 14—Polling booth, Echo Place School. Deputy returning officer, Wm. Lewis. Poll clerk, Art Woodman.

Subdivision No. 15—Polling booth, Orange Hall. Deputy returning officer, Robert Devercaux. Poll clerk, Roy Pearson.

Subdivision No. 16—Polling booth, Pine Grove School. Deputy returning officer, Russel Fonger. Poll clerk, Chas. Johnston.

Subdivision No. 17—Polling booth, Misner's blacksmith shop. Deputy returning officer, Jas Westbrook. Poll clerk, Flint Long.

The date of the nomination of candidates for the offices of Reeve and Deputy Reeves and for Councillors of the township for the year 1917, was appointed on Friday, the 22nd of December, at the Court House.

IT'S $1.00

SUCCESS does not come to you—you must reach for it. All it requires is a little effort and you have it. Thousands of successful men and women owe their success to the wisdom of beginning early to lay aside their spare dollars. No matter how much or how little you may earn, you should make it a point to save a part of it. If you haven't a Savings Account at present. Now is the time to start. We pay 3 per cent. interest on Savings Accounts.

THE ROYAL LOAN & SAVINGS CO.
38-40 Market St., Brantford
TOTAL ASSETS - - - - $2,400,000,00

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA
HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO

Your surplus earnings in our Savings Department earn interest at current rate. 236

EST'D 1873
BRANTFORD BRANCH, W. C. Boddy, Manager
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Jaeger Underwear

If more men knew the value of Jaegar Underwear—
Its durability—
Its unshrinkable quality—due to the special treatment in manufacture—
The perfect fit—
The soft, velvety finish—
The genuine comfort in wearing this best of all British Underwear—
Broadbent would not be able to get enough of it to supply the demand of the men of Brantford.

These Goods can only be had in Brantford at

BROADBENT
Tailor and Haberdasher—4 Market St.
Agents for Jaeger's Specialties, Ely's Neckwear, Artex Cellular Underwear.
See Broadbent for your Furnishing needs.

CANADIANS
WANTED FOR THE
ROYAL NAVY

Two thousand Canadians are wanted for the Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve towards manning the new ships of the Imperial Royal Navy. Immediate overseas service. Only men of good character and good physique accepted.

Pay $1.10 Minimum per day—Free Kit
$20.00 per Month Separation Allowance

Apply to COMMODORE ÆMILIUS JARVIS
Naval Recruiting Officer, Ontario Area
103 Bay Street, TORONTO, or
Dept. of the Naval Service
OTTAWA

Wedding Bells

Patterson—Poulton

A very quiet wedding took place Saturday evening when Miss Vera Poulton, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Poulton, of this city, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony with Mr. Wm. Patterson, third son of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Patterson, also of this city. Rev. D. E. Martin officiated at the ceremony, which took place at the Wesley Methodist parsonage. The happy couple will reside in Hamilton.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

LOCAL

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.
The management committee Board of Education will mee night, and the Board will me Thursday evening.

A RECRUIT.
A list of recruits enlisted i ronto yesterday gives the na H. D. Merrill of 67 Cayuga s Brantford, who joined the sign He is an unmarried Canadian

COUNTY COURT.
A sitting of the county cour held at the Court House this ing with His Honor Judge presiding.

FATHER DEAD.
Sheriff J. W. Westbrook re a telegram this morning from unel Bros., undertakers, of Branch, Michigan, requesting locate D. D. Clark, who resi this section and inform him t father had died in that place

TRANSFERRED.
In orders issued at the Arm this morning the transfer of S. Taylor, No. 11405, a vete the 36th Battalion to the Battalion, was announced. Taylor was one of a party w turned from the front recen escort duty.

ACCOUNT PAID.
The Canada Metal Compa Toronto, have written the cit acknowledging the receipt cheque for $69, covering the account with that concern.

PROMINENT CRICKETER G
By the passing away of West, whose death was repo the casualty list from Ottawa days ago, the Brantford Crick loses one of its most pro members and players. Mr. time of his enlistment was of the Club, also was acting capacity of coach and groun The members had the pleasu prior to his departure of maki a presentation at an informa quet, held in the city, as a token for the work he had plished and for his interest good old game in Brantford. his genial good fellowship club being composed mostly lishmen, it has been parti hard hit by the war, no less players having enlisted.

Is This You Case?

It is the man or wo an who has only so slight eye trouble wh most apt to neglect Yet these are just cases that are most e ily relieved.

Do not wait until have serious sympto but let us examine y eyes now and make a pair of glasses t will relieve your e and be secure, comf able and becoming.

Chas. A. Jarv
52 MARKET ST
Manufacturing Optician
Just North of Dalhousie
Both phones for appointm
Open Tuesday and Satur Evenings

Chris

SUIT CAS TRAVELLI

Our prices are cheapest that's good shop looking aroun

NEILL S