ted. In coml of the latter ith a graceful nder the chin the middle of



lower part side, while ked about er division d through on this pipe o; but there bination of attributing rguments to

, if, indeed, nected with

HAMMER STONES.



F16, 93. (Full Size).

The specimen represented here is a granite pebble symmetrically water-worn and roughly pecked on its upper and lower sides with only a few recent dents on the edge. It has perhaps been used either as a hammer, or as an anvil. Possibly the pecking has been preparatory to finishing as a disk, many specimens of which are hollowed on the sides. It is probable, however, that the former is the correct supposition although most hammer-stones have been used to strike with the edge. This specimen was presented by Dr. Craig of Lawrenceburg, Ind.



Fig. 94. (Full Size).

Hammer stones, as such do not always suggest their use, because many were simply held in the hand, but anybody would at once name figure 94 as an implement of this kind. The groove, of course, suggests a handle, and both faces bear marks of usage—the upper one as if for striking, and the lower one as if for rubbing or grinding. The material is a grey granite. Above the groove, the outline is oval; beneath the groove it is quadrangular—Township of Nottawasaga.