LICET NOBIS GLOBIARE. pose at ease scarcely valued at their wor.

PIC-NIC AT PAKENHAM VILLAGE. To the Editor of the C. P. Herald.

two by two, along the yerdant banks of the Mississippi, to a most delightful grove, on the premises of Arthur McArthur, Esq., about three quarters of a mile from the Village. The day being somewhat unfavorable, the visitors did not arrive till about half past two, visitors did not arrive till about half past two, from which time the young ladies sang some delightful pieces, and otherwise amused themselves, till about 4 o'clock, when all sat down to a good dinner, to which, ample justice having been done, the singing and recitations were again resumed by the young ladies, who acquit ted themselves in a praiseworthy manner. It was really delightful to hear little girls, (apparently not more than eight or nine years old,) hold dialogues on "the Faith and Courage of Elijah;" "Why the Earth moves round the Sun;" and "Why an Apple Falls"; —Subjects deeply interesting to the youthful mind, and admirably calculated to create a thirst for knowledge.

Another mode by which it may be altere found in the opening up of a new marke the sugar where refiners as yet are not, where a fine and nice looking sugar will be once bought for direct retail. Such a least is Australia proving to the Maur greatly to their advantage and prospel such a market we have not the least down dies, if the price be deemed worth strugg tor and securing. But we cannot, obtain as we do ourselves, our refined sugar for home expect Canada to have direct recoit to us unless we provide—even as Mauri has done for Australia—a sugar agreea to look at, and fit to use at once. We can a thirst for knowledge.

The more advanced pupils held conversa-tions on scientific and moral subjects, and re-cited pieces from the best authors, (such as "Mary Queen of Scots," in two parts,)— with a taste and spirit which reflected equal credit upon their teacher and themselves. The parents appeared highly gratified with the manner in which their daughters acquit-ted themselves. Indeed, they could not be otherwise, if they were not inclined to find otherwise, if they were not inclined to find fault where there was none. Towards the close of the evening, the whole affair was concluded, by singing "God Save the Queen," England by the approaching bankruptcy, when all left the pic-nic ground highly gratified with the proceedings of the day.

happy lot it is to be committed to her charge for instruction. The strong attachment which so happily seems to exist between her and her pupils, cannot fail to crown her eff-

"Delightful task to tear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to shoot."
We hope the parents and guardians of the children,—who, by the by deserve great credit for the hearty good will with which they seem to enter into everything calculated to promote the cause of education,—may long retain the services of Miss McCarthy. If so, we predict their daughters will have, instead of the gewgaws and trappings so often foisted upon the world, as a substitute for intellectual and moral worth, something to recommend them to the admirers of refinement and taste. Your Obedient Servant, JOHN FOSTER.

Fitzroy, Sept. 2, 1856.

FREE TRADE BETWEEN CANADA AND THE WEST INDIES.

AND THE WEST INDIES.

From the Port of Span Trinidad Gazette.

We perceive by the last papers that a question was asked of the Secretary of State for the Colonies in the Imperial Parliament concerning the recent step toward a reciprocal free trade between Canada and the West Indiessy and though no information of any kind was elicited, we may judge from the mergafact of the subject being introduced there, that our anticipations that we should yet hear more of the project, are likely to be realized. In the event of a rupture with the United States, whence Canada receives at present a large portion of its sugar, the probabilities are changed almost into certainties that recourse would be had to the West Indies as a substitute. But if we are mercifully spaned the horrors of that mischief, the demand for sugar in Canada West must from two causes, so largely increase, that the certainty still remains that these colonies will be called upon for the larger supply. The first cause is the immense enlargement of the population, wealth, and civilization of the provinces of British North America; and the second is that accompanying and, is one were anything to compete with the maple, never anything to compete with the maple, never anything to compete with the cane, must diminish. The maple does not, like the sugar cane, come to the sugar producing state in a single year, nor reproduce itself annually; the process of sugar making is every year diminishing the erstwhile measureless tracts of the wood—the progress of agricultural enterprise is gradually converting the lands once maple covered into profitalos of the imhabitants. The maple was never a rival to the climate, and suited to the liabits of the inhabitants. The maple was never a rival to the climate, and suited to the liabits of the inhabitants. The maple was never a rival to the cone; it was just the best wild substitute the climate, and suited to the liabits of the inhabitants. The maple was never a rival to the cone of the climate, and suited to the liabits of the

improvements and enterprise than almost anything else—the system of keeping up two distinct interests, the producing interest and in e refinery one. We have very rarely, we might but for a few exceptional cases of late pears say, never stood face to face with the those now living may read of some Turkish Boabdil leaving Constantinople with the same regrets that the Moorish Monarch felt where weeping over the lost beauties of the Almahra.—Globe.

THE COUNCIL ELECTION. pears say, never stood face to face with the consumer of our produce, or with what is nearly the same thing, their direct agents. Between us and them has stood the colossal monopoly of the English refiners—an influence often opposed to our own benefit, and unfortunately an influence far more powerful in the councils of the state, than the disunited in and singly acting representations or the colonies themselves have ever been. If we con-

fairer condition are pretty certain to go any constituency where to "say money" well wrong, and are after a little while given up, not help him; he goes to a constituence d a return made to the old jot-trot fashion. where he is unknown, in order that his money But this is a true figure every one must testify who is in the liabit of seeing the works on tary to the people of Rideau as it is disgraced that the liabit of seeing the vacaum pans, centrifuted full to Mr. Vankoughnet. We know he agrapparatus, and debris of all kinds that re-

old metal; and the reason of it is, that returns of sales do not show a sufficient Dear Sir:—I have much pleasure in transmitting you an account of a Pic-nic, got up by Miss McCarthy and the young Ladies of her Seminary, on Friday last, the 28th Ult.

At about one o'clock, P. M., the young ladies, dressed in white, and tastefully decorated with blue ribbons, left the School Room, preceded by a blue flag, bearing the motto "A happy band are we," and wended their way, two by two, along the verdant banks of the Mississippi, to a most delightful grove, on the erence between the rates realised, for

to look at, and fit to use at once.

RUSSIAN FAITH.

The hastily patched up peace forced

Once free from an allied occupation of We may say, without using a single word Crimea, Russia is brave and defiant age of flattery, that Miss McCarthy deserves to Her troops will not evacuate Kars burried be praised in the most glowing language, for for mere remonstrances, and by a quibble of the very visible improvement which her teach-still holds possession of the Isle of Serpen ing has produced upon the young ladies, whose The importance of this latter stronghold of be conceived in a moment. By the alter tion of the Besserabian boundary, Russia b given up a dear prizes Previous to the venter territory north of the Danube gave to forts with success, and plainly show that to the sole rule of the trade and navigation that river. She could stop at a moment the great corn commerce of Wallachia Moldavia with Western Europe, and in a disagreement with Austria hold the sa lisagreement with Austria ower of veto as a formidable weapon in l hands. The dismemberment of Besserah to all appearances, died away with this; be Muscovite ingenuity has found an unthough of refuge from the contingency which other believed mevitable. The Isle of Serpents at the mouth of the Danube, it "com the trade of that stream, and when fortific Russia may, under its guns, levy what to she likes, and, at the same time, have a close point from which to menace Turkey in the Black Sea than she before possessed. war and its antecedents have informed the world pretty well what Russian resources and Russian deceit are, and what, under her aut pices the Isle of Serpents might become ma

to the chuate, and suited to the habits of the inhabitants. The maple was never a rival to the can are; it was just the best wild substitute that was handy, when the genuine article could not be procured; made use of exactly as the lost traveller would, during his wanderings in a forest, make wild fruit, berries, and roots the succedaneum for his regular diet. The two questions arising from this stafe of things are these:—Shall we—with the prospect before us, that even that portion may be at a moment dashed away by the rude hand of war—remain content to share in the supply of Canada by means of American merchants and the American refiners. Or shall we, by willingness to make some changes, probably sacrifices, and to take a good deal of trouble, secure to ourselves the direct supply?

There are many reasons that may be urged against the first course, not the least pressing of which is the one already alluded to, of the effects of the quarrel with the United States having to be settled by an appeal to arms. Another is the perpetuation of an evil system that has ever been the bane of these colonies, and which has done more to stifle improvements and enterprise than almost anything else—the system of keeping up two

THE COUNCIL ELECTION.

It is true beyond doubt that Mr. Van koughnet intends running for Rideau. Note withstanding the positive statement of the organ a few days ago, we had some doubt whether the unhappy munister would submit to the degradation, but the statements of the Bytown papers place the fact beyond question. We observe that government influence has already been at work with the Ottaw newspapers, and that the paper which owr and singly acting representations or the colonies themselves have ever been. If we continue to supply British America through the refiners of the States alone, we help to create and uphold a precisely similar state of things in this hemisphere, and the consequences will be the same.

It is acknowledged almost universally that attempts there to improve the aspect and appearance of the sugar are a mere waste of time; that the sort of sugar that pays bestand there must be the test—is that which is produced by the smallest amount of trouble and expense, that is the sort that best suits the refiners. And again, it is pretty generally admitted that, as our labor stands at present, scientific and complicate, means of turning out the sugar in a fairer condition are pretty certain to go

Way 31st, 185

FROM CALIFORNIA!

New Orleans, Aug. 26. The Steamship Granada, has arrived at

n named Brace, for a murder committed by

Judge Terry was still kept prisoner by the mmittee. Mr. Hopkins whom he stabbed, recovered. Several attempts had been made to fre both cramento and San Francisco.

The loss by the Sierra Nevada fire is set wn at \$2,000,000. The failure of Messrs. Palmer, Cook & Co. pay the State and City Coupons in New ork had created a feeling of indignation troughout the State and the State Treasure over due interest. The crops through the State were in a

tisfactory condition. Serious disturbances had occurred in differt parts of the State between Americans and

amer for Nicaragua. NICARAGUA

FOREIGN ITEMS.

Letters say that the relations between Aus and Russia are becoming friendly.

Shakespeare's house is to have restored to the old "Swan" building, in its original

he rumor recently circulated, that the king he Belgians would soon abdicate, is contrated by himself.

The height of that sacred spot, Mount in, is two thousand five hundred and thirty feet above the level of the Mediterranean a, and about three hundred feet above the

At the Crystal Paris in London, when the untains are in operation, they have 11,788 s playing, and the quantity of water disyed simultaneously in them is about 120,000

Intelligence from St. Petersburgh says that waters of the Volga were higher than they ever been in the memory of man. At atoff, more than five hundred houses were

in London, out of a population of two and half millions, only five hundred thousand end church. In Liverpool, the proportion attendants on public worship is about one-rd of the population. The case seems etty much the same in all the great

more than half a century. "It is too their stock annihilated, to the great injury of their stock annihilated, to the great injury of the reputation and credit of Canada. In the reputation and credit of Cana

June. 1858

requisition, numerously signed, has been and to Mr. Mc Murrich from Orillia, which a Tory neighborhood. From other parts the district we are informed that Mr. Mc furrich's nomination excites an enthusiasm hich is very gratifying.

In Burlington all is quietude. Dr Smith Mr. Hatt the only candidates, and the rimer certain of election.

In the Western District, Mr. Rankin is ill in the field, with no appearance of giving by Mr. Dougall's nomination is popular hong Reformers, as it deserves to be, and the poll.—Globe.

TWO WEEKS LATER

FROM CALIFORNIA!

down in the pursuit of gold or pleasure in the first few years of existence. Such must be content to drift down the tide towards the ocean of eternity, stattered waifs and wrecks. but to those who have not wasted the golder She brings San Francisco dates to the 5th, d Aspinwall to the 20th Aug.

The steamer *Illinois* left Aspinwall on the ter date for New York with \$1,500,000 in lasure, 500 passengers and the California witnesses some naw exerting of the steam of the words "too late." In connection they do not exist in their lexcon. Each day witnesses some naw exerting of the steam of witnesses some new exerton of mind-s The Vigilance Committee on the 29th of ly, hung Joseph Hetbrington for the murder Dr. Landall, a few days previously; also a named Brace for a murder committed by day and hour of existence, and they repos

"With cross and garland over their green turf. And their grandchildren's praise to: epitaph."

COMMERCIAL REWIEW.

There is little of interest to note during the past week. The prices of flour ar wheat have tended slightly downward, although quotations in the Western States and Western Canada are relatively higher tha was to provide for the speedy payments of in New York and Montreal, whilst even at the latter rates there is little demand for hipment. There is no question, however but that America has a surplus to export, and as a consequence, the price must either The San Francisco papers say that 300 relits for Walker would leave in the next shipments.

more cheerful, owing to recent dry but cold

NICARAGUA.

The latest dates from Nicaragua are to the instant, and the accounts represent condition of Walker as very precarical condition of weather. Some crops, especially on low lands, are injured by the rotting of the straw, and potatoes have suffered severely; but; upon the whole, there is a reasonable expectation of a good crop.

The crops of the country below Quebec are more extensive and better than any previous year. In fact, we have seen a large breadth of as fine wheat, barley. Tye, and oats, in the parishes on the south shore below Quebec, as we have ever seen in any region of Lower Canada, not even excepting the Richelieu. The only danger so far north, is from an August frost, which some times arrests vegetation, or from a cold season, which postpones the harvest are lower cheefful, owing to require the whole, there is a reasonable expectation of a good crop.

The crops of the country below Quebec as we have ever seen a large breadth of as fine wheat, barley. Tye, and oats, in the parishes on the south shore below Quebec, as we have ever seen in any region of Lower Canada, not even excepting the Richelleu. The only da

prospects of the Saguenay, which shows that country to be in a flourishing condition.

In the region about Perth, the Spring Wheat has been a failure, and there was but little Fall Wheat sowed. The hay crop also light, so that fodder will be scarce. these circumstances some three or four hun-dred head of cattle have already been sold and driven off to the States. From several, other parts of Canada West, samples of re-The Sultan of Turkey, at the instance of rd de Redcliffe, has granted lots of land licient for the proposed Anglican Church, h parsonage and schools.

markable fine wheat have been exhibited in this market, and the yield is reported as most abundant. The Chicago wheat coming to market is of a quality so superior this year as to enable millers to make No. 1 flour (new inspection) of it, which could not be inspection) of it, which could not be done

The continued rise in the price of barley is about 2d to 3d per bushel on Wheat, Is to attracting attention. Several American buyers have lodged credit with our banks, and on Corn.

Messrs Byland, Aythe & Co., call the are competing with each other in the various markets of Canada till they have raised the price to 5s 6d and even to 6s per minot.

Provisions are slightly receding in price, with the exception of butter, which has advanced to 101d for good uninspected, owing to scarcity in the market.

vanced to 101d for good uninspected, owing to scarcity in the market.

Imported goods have been coming in freely by recent arrivals, and there are now beautiful stocks of Dry Goods open. Hardware is also well assorted; and the advertisement of a cargo of Teas direct from China, and two cargoes of goods direct from the Bast Indies and Spice Islands, for sale on the 30th of this month, will doubtless attract all the merchants of Canada of any note to Montreal about that time. Some of the nearer country merchants are beginning to drop in already.

The supply of money is rather short of the demand, and the favorable state of the crops gives firmness and confidence to commercial transactions generally, so that a rise in the

demand, and the favorable state of the cross gives firmness and confidence to commercial transactions generally, so that a rise in the sque of the most eloquent of the Welsh divinistic Methodist clergy in Wales, has arated from that body, and united with Established Church of Engtand. The se has created a great sensation in religious cles.

Paper is now made in Belgium from refuse made leather. After the tanning is washed in the leather, about twenty per cent of hemp rope is mixed with the scraps, and a whole is cut up and reduced to a pulp, in which the paper is made.

"TOO LATE!"

"TOO LATE!"

"TOO LATE!"

"Too late!" How often do these despair; words fall upon the ear from hips of those has or are urged to arouse themselves from a ten of the thargic apathy, to perform some bod deed, to achieve some high aim, to make one onward movement, in the great army of smanity.

"Why don't you set out trees!" says the ver of nature and of beauty, to the old set-ir who has grown gray in the unpainted me, in which the unfenced suns of summer! It he pitiless storms of winter have beaten a make on the pitiless storms of winter have beaten a make of the pitiless storms of winter have beaten and the instruction would be all that its traffic would warrant; and we are of pitiless storms of winter have beaten a make of the reputation and credit of Camada.

"Too land the scraps, and the last reports which we have seen of traffic on the Great Western and Prescott and Cohoung Sailways, all show increasing prosperity. The Grand Trunk publishes no reports of passengers or freight, and we greatly seen it is not supported as it ought to be urging the claims of the Prince Pierre Bonaparte to the literone of the Danuban Kingdom, and to be considered from the beauty of the capital stock. In fact, unless the stockholders look after the Conpany's scale of expectations would be all that its traffic would warrant; and we are opinion, that unless the stockholders look after the Conpany's scale of expectations. The firm of the pitiless storms o

of Naples, and in the event of a refusal self-

plying his de- BROKER'S CIRCULAR -- WHOLE- to comply with their demands, their HORATIO N. DOUGHERTY'S BOOT

at which it is not taken, leaving the tendency downward. The other grades are scarce, and do not participate in the decline. In Beef there is nothing doing. Butter being scarce and needed for consumption here, is

Do. Spruce £7 a £7 10s for 1sts, £6 0s for 2pds. REMARKS.

During the early part of last fortnight, there was great dullness in the market generally, but during the last few days a great deal of White Pine has changed hands at prices varying from 71 to 8d, although in one instance 6d was taken for fair new timber, but this we consider an exceptional case. There is more enquiry fair new timber, but this we consider an exceptional case. There is more enquiry for rafts of last year, and holders are more lslands.

eral lots of old timber have been sold at The reports received from various parts of 6d for 34; and 71 to 72 for 36 to 38

Oak is only asked for in small quantities, and Elm is dull of sale, except for 40 feet in shipping order.

The people who have established them-selves there under the British occupancy, selves there under the British occupancy.

cheon, from the small quantity arriving to market, and held at £16 to £17; but buyers seem disposed to substitute Culls or

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE! ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.

New York, Sept. 3.
The Persia arrived about 8 o'clock this

The following are the quotations of Maxwell & Co.:-White Wheat 10s 6d to 10s 10d, Com

R. Spence & Co., report Beef rather firmer, but quiet; Pork, steady; Lard, in better request, at 70s; American securities quiet, prices nominal.

The British Parliament had been further orogued till November 13th

1st. Of a general treaty of amity and 2d. Of a convention for the adjustmen

for rafts of last year, and holders are more sanguine of obtaining their prices than they were some weeks ago. For large average 9d on the Raft has been circumstance of their occupation and colonization by Great Britain having been ago. The convention for the restoration of the Bay Islands is that, which from the circumstance of their occupation and colonization by Great Britain having been regarded in the United States as a flagrant violation of the Clayton and Bulwer conventien, first claims attention, and will excite much interest. The conventions of the convention of the conventio Red Pine, is still little asked for. Sev- regarded in the United States as a

Tamarac is in fair request for square, several lots of 35 feet have been sold at 11d, but for flat the demand is very limited.

Standard staves move on steadily at Standard staves move on steadily at posed inter-oceanic railway through Honbetween Great Britain and Honduras, an

Lathwood to giving these rates.

Deals are in special request for first rate specifications, either Brighter or Floated, but for ill-assorted or old lots it is difficult to obtain Ten Pounds for firsts, and proportionate prices for seconds.

FORSYTH, BELL & Co.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE!

In respect to the remaining issues in the Central American complication, it has been agreed, between Lord Claren-don and Mr. Dallas, that the port of San morning. She left Liverpool on the 23d, don and Mr. Dallas, that the port of San at 2 P. M. Saw the Arabia at 3:30 p. m. Juan de Nicaragua (Greytown) shall reat 2 P. M. Saw the Arabia at 3:30 p. m. on the 24th, bound for Liverpool.

The Ericsson arrived on the 15th, and sailed again for New York on the 20th, with 25 passengers.

The City of Baltimore, from Philadelphia, had arrived at Liverpool on the 20th.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS.

The Circulars vary materially in their remarks upon the date of the market. The weather had been unsettled, and a general advance had consequently taken place. The leading authorities make the rise about 2d to 3d per bushel on Wheat, 1s to 2s per barrel on Flour; and 2s per quarter

Messrs. Byland, Aythe & Co., call the advance on Wheat as much as 4d to 6d per bushel; and the Broker's Circular calls Indian Corn, which had been extensively dealt in, 2s higher.

The following Messrs. Byland, Aythe & Co., call the advance on Wheat as much as 4d to 6d per bushel; and the Broker's Circular calls Indian Corn, which had been extensively dealt in, 2s higher.

White Wheat 10s 6d to 10s 10d, Common Western Red, 8s 2d; Frime Ohio Flour, 34s to 35s; Western Canal, 30s to 33s; Canadian 35s to 37s; Mixed Corn 33s; Yellow, 33s 6d; White 33s 6d to 35s.

R. Spence & Co., report Beef rather R. Spence & Co., report Beef rather Common but onict; Pork stendy; Land, in of Rosetta. It contains an excellent Beaver Mendow, abundance of water, a young prospering Orchard, &c., &c. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, on the

A Span of excellent young Mares, one 4 the other 6, years old; Harness and Sleigh &c. Cheap JAMES SMITH, JR.

Lanark, September 8, 1856. SITUATION WANTED. BY a young man of some experience, in a Store, either in Town or Country. Satisfactory references can be given, as regards character and ability.

Address Situation, Carleton-Place

Herald Office.

WANTED, BY the Subscriber, a good Wagor Maker, to whom good wages will be Apply immediately.
ALEX, STEWART,

9th con. Beckwith, June 5th, 1856. INTO the Premises of Archibeld Campbell, on the 25th August. the owner is requested to prove property, pay costs, and take her away.

ARCH. CAMPBELL.

Lanark, Sept. 6, 1856.

59-6.

AND SHOE MANUFACTORY. CORNER OF WILLIAM AND BAINE ETS.,

Where his customers may expect all orders to be attended to with the utmost promp-September 5th, 1856,

> BRITISH HOTEL PAKENHAM, C. W Mrs. McFarlane PROPRIETOR. Pakenhan, Sept. 1856.

PORTER'S SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

\$3 a year, or 6 cents a number.

New York, Angus, 1856.

After the editorial career of over a quarter of a century, as founder and Editor of the 'N. Y. Spirit of the Times,' the 'undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public, that he will issue, (in his own behalf,) oa the 6th September next, a Weekly Sporting and Literary Newspaper, to be called 'Porter's Spirit of the Times.'

This paper will be of the same size as the journal fra. which the undersigned has recently withdrawn; and while, like that journal, it will be devoted mainly to the Turf, Field Sports, Agriculture, Stock Breeding, the Drama, and Sporting matters at large, its literary departments will be such as to make it as desirable in rhe Drawing Room, as in the Jockey Club, the Rail-Car, the Hotel or the Study. In the connection, the undersigned takes pleasure

dering the war. They had taken Anapa, the Consumption here, is taken at 104d.

Ashes.—We quote a slight advance on pots; the demand is good, pots \$56, to 36s and mote and the consumption as \$150,000 and mote and the consumption as \$150,000 and mote and met with a distinguished reception a \$150,000 buried by the Russians of Security and the surface of the consumption as \$1, Peter sburgh.

The Quantity of treasure, valued at \$150,000 buried by the Russians of Security and the surface of the consumption as \$1, Peter sburgh.

The quantity of treasure, valued at \$150,000 buried by the Russians of Security and the surface of the forthcomin gioranthe for the forthcomin gioranthe for the forthcomin gioranthe for the forthcomin gioranthe for the forthcomin gioranthe production of the allies.

LATEST.

The London Money Market of Friday mass the addy and free from uncessions as the addy and free from uncessions and superior Rafts, measured off, and the surface and quality, and the surface and the surface and quality, and the surface and the surface and the surface and quality, and the surface and quality, and the surface and the surface and quality, and the surface and quality and the surface and qualit

WM. T. PORTER.

Office, 346 & 318 Broadway, cor. Leonard Street,
pposite the Carleton House, New York.

NATIONAL MAGAZINE.

EDITED BY JAMES FLOY. TT will be the aim of this periodical to comb

with such articles as the popular mind usually elishs with most avid ity, an elevated literary tone, a ritical appreciation of art, the discussion of great practical questions, and a just recognition of religion—religion without dogmatism and without sections.

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Orders for the Magazine may be directed to either Garagen and Porter, New York; Swormsted and Pee, Cincinnati, W. M. Doughty, Chicago; J. L. Read, Pittsburgh, or J. P. Mager, Boston.

Terms, \$2 a year; in advance. Single numbers

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York."

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GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE. COMMENCEMENT OF THE FORTY-NINTH VOLUME.

NINTH VOLUME.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

Graham's Magazine has been toe long a pfavorite to need from its present proprietors a in reference to its character. We could give dreds of extracts from the Newspaper Press of seaboard and the interior, in praise of its litt and Artistic merit, and these are repeated on the seipt of every monthly number. It appeals particular class of the community, nor sectit the Republic; but its contents are of such a mag to be interesting and valuable to all. It a