ONE TWENTY-SIXTH MAN IN THE CASUALTIES

STAGE SET FOR OPENING OF LEGISLATURE TODAY

Visitors Will Have to Establish Identity Before Gaining Admission to House.

RECEPTION IN HONOR OF COL. H. H. McLEAN.

C Company of 104th Turns Out to Meet Brigadier on Arrival Last Night for Inspection of Troops.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, March 8.—C Company, 104th Battalion, turned out this evening under the command of Maj. Pincombe as a guard of honor to welcome Col. H. H. McLean, M.P., brigadier in command of New Brunswick military district, who arrived from St. John accompanied by Col. Powell on his first visit of inspection of troops located in Fredericton. The 104th Battalion band, which arrived by the same train headed the procession from the C.P.R. station and despite the blizzard which prevailed hundreds of people were on hand for the occasion.

On arrival at the Queen Hotel a general salute was given and Col. McLean expressed his pleasure at the fine appearance of Maj. Pincombe's company.

An unusually large number of officers of the various overseas units, many of them accompanied by their wives, are here for the opening of the Legislature tomorrow and the military display promises to be the most elaborate ever seen in connection with the opening of the House.

The 104th Battalion band will remain until Saturday evening, giving a concert at the Opera House tomorrow night and leading a recruiting demonstration parade on Saturday afternoon.

Most of the members of the legislature arrived here this evening.

Persons attending the opening of the legislature will have to establish their identity before they can gain admission to the building. An order to that effect has been issued and a guard composed of returned soldiers, as well as a squad of police officers, will be on duty to enforce the rules. Invitations to seats upon the floors of the House and tickets of admission to the Speaker's gallery will be regarded as sufficient for admission, but those in charge will closely scrutinize any stranger seeking to enter the buildings.

During the session of the legislature, if not for a longer period, returned soldiers will continue to guard the provincial buildings.

All Ready for Today's Ceremonies.

All is ready for the opening session of the New Brunswick Legislative Assembly tomorrow.

Lieut.-Governor Wood is to have a staff of probably twenty more khaki clad officers, headed by Col. H. H. McLean, M. P., brigadier in command of the New Brunswick military district, and including officers commanding four of the overseas battalions being organized in New Brunswick.

Mr. Melanson, of Westmorland, is slated for elevation to the Speakership as already forecasted.

Considerable interest attaches to pronouncements expected to be made in the speech from the throne. It is believed that a referendum on a prohibition law will be announced and important legislation in connection with the St. John Valley Railway, as well as a revision and consolidation of the New Brunswick Elections Act, will probably also be foreshadowed. The speech will also naturally refer to the war and the part which New Brunswick has played in aiding the Empire in its struggle.

Following the opening ceremonies, Lieut.-Governor Wood and Mrs. Wood will hold a reception at the Queen Hotel. Mrs. Ryan, of Sackville, Mrs. H. A. Powell, of St. John, and Mrs. Nichol, of Montreal, are expected to assist in receiving. About twenty-eight or thirty will attend the state dinner.

REFUGEES FROM ARMENIA REACH NEW YORK

Red Cross Flag Made from Women's Clothes Attracted Notice of Allied Cruiser Which Rescued them from Turks.

New York, March 8.—A party of forty-five Armenian refugees, who have been supported by the American Committee for Armenian and Syrian Relief at Port Said since last September, arrived here today on the Italian steamer America from Naples.

The Armenians were among the residents of five villages located near the foot of Mount Moses, and were driven from their homes by the Turks last July. Numbering in all about 4,000, they fled to the mountains, members of the party said, where they subsisted on what food they could forage until their plight was discovered by a French cruiser, which took them aboard and landed them at Port Said.

During the stay in the mountains, they said they were attacked by Turks on several occasions. Soon after they became refugees 135 men of the party, armed with all the rifles they could muster, surprised a detachment of Turks, and although greatly outnumbered, captured several thousand rifles and quantities of ammunition, with which they were able to resist later attacks, it was asserted.

Hemmed in by Turks in their mountain retreat, and in danger of being starved into submission, women of the party made from their clothing a large cross, which they displayed as a signal of distress.

This flag attracted the attention of the cruiser, which rescued them. The warship was one of the unit of the Allied blockade fleet.

HOW TO GET IT ALMOST FREE

Clip out and present five coupons like the above, bearing consecutive dates, together with our special price of 98c. Book on display at office of

The Saint John Standard

MARCH 9.

5 COUPONS AND 98c Secure this $3.00 Volume

The Genuine Cardinal, Seal Grain, Flexible Binding, Red Edges, Round Corners, with 16 full-page portraits of the world's most famous singers, and complete dictionary of musical terms.

Out-of-town readers will add 18c extra for postage and packing

"HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 400 of the song treasures of the world in one volume of 500 pages. Chosen by 20,000 music lovers. Four years to complete the book. Every song a gem of melody.

BERLIN PROMISES TO ABIDE BY INTERNATIONAL LAW IN SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN

Washington, March 8.—The German government, in a memorandum handed today by Count Von Bernstorff, to Secretary Lansing, outlines in detail its position in regard to armed ships, reviews events leading up to its decision to torpedo without warning all armed merchantmen of its enemies, concedes that international law, as at present constituted, makes no provision for the use of submarines, and expresses a willingness to operate its submarines in accordance with international law prevailing prior to the war, on the condition that Great Britain does not violate the same laws.

ZEPPELIN DAMAGED ON WAY HOME.

London, Mar. 8—Messages received here from newspapers in Kent assert that one of the Zeppelins that took part in Sunday's raid was damaged by anti-aircraft guns.

One message states that a Zeppelin which passed over the Kentish coast homeward bound early on Monday morning was seen to be in difficulty. Another despatch says it is reported that an explosion took place on board the Zeppelin when it was hit, and this partially crippled it. A broken portion of a Zeppelin propellor was found.

CAPT. PAPINEAU OF THE 22ND IS WOUNDED

Ottawa, March 8.—The midnight casualty list contains the following maritime province men:

26th Battalion, wounded — John Doherty, South Africa; 22nd Battalion, wounded—Capt. Eugene M. Papineau, Dorchester, N. B.; 14th Battalion, died—Gordon W. Manderson, Malpeque, P. E. I.

The list is as follows:

Eighth Battalion.

Wounded—David D. Kincaide, Fort William, Ont.

Died of wounds—Lieut. Shaver Eadie, Oakland, Man.; Samuel Moore, Ireland.

Fourteenth Battalion.

Died—Gordon W. Manderson, Malpeque, P. E. I.

Fifteenth Battalion.

Seriously ill—Norman A. Smith, Armstrong, B. C.

Killed in action—William H. Millard, Toronto; Corporal James Gleed, Toronto.

Slightly wounded—Henry D. Hart, England.

Twenty-Second Battalion.

Wounded—Captain Eugene M. Papineau, Dorchester, N. B.

Twenty-Sixth Battalion.

Wounded—John Doherty, South Africa.

Twenty-Seventh Battalion.

Wounded—Alfred W. Howe, Kamloops, B. C.

Accidentally wounded—David J. Budd, England.

Forty-second Battalion.

Killed in action—Charles J. McLeod, Ireland.

Wounded, still on duty—Harry Moore, England.

Forty-ninth Battalion.

Seriously ill—Charles A. Edenborough, Higgins, Texas, U. S. A.

Wounded—Arthur D. Wood, England; George P. Edmond, England; Richard Barcroft, England.

Fifty-fourth Battalion.

Died—Ebenezer W. Vans, Vernon, B. C.

Princess Pats.

Died of wounds—Arthur E. Leemirig, England.

Sixth Howitzer Brigade.

Severely wounded—Gunner George Nuth, England.

Fourth Field Company, Second Canadian Artillery Engineers.

Severely wounded—Lance Corporal Alexander F. MacBrayne, Scotland.

Training Depot Engineers.

Seriously ill—Sapper Claude Bailey, Florence Point, Que.

Unsightly Pimples Covered His Face.

All diseases and blemishes of the skin are caused by the blood being in an impure condition.

You cannot make a good complexion from the outside; you must get to the seat of the trouble. You must make the blood pure and rich by taking a medicine that will drive out all the impurities and poisons from the blood; one that drives out everything from the system that is the cause of these unsightly skin eruptions.

The best blood cleansing medicine on the market to-day is Burdock Blood Bitters; a medicine that has been used with the greatest success for the past forty years; a medicine you don't experiment with when you buy it.

Mr. Lennox D. Cooke, Indian Path, N.S., writes: "I am writing you a few lines to tell you what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. Last winter my face was covered with pimples. I tried different kinds of medicine, and all seemed to fail. I was one day to a friend's house, and there they advised me to use B.B.B., so I purchased two bottles, and before I had them taken I found I was getting better. I got two more, and when they were finished I was competely cured. I find it is a great blood purifier, and I recommend it to all."

B.B.B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

BALFOUR MAKES BITTER REPLY TO CHURCHILL

(Continued from page 1)

Some monitors had been constructed so hastily, he continued, that even now it has been found impossible to use them, it being necessary to remodel them.

Mr. Balfour urged his hearers to dismiss empty fears. He said every kind of ship regarded as of value in a modern war had been increased largely since the war began.

Col. Churchill's suggestion to recall Lord Fisher to office, Mr. Balfour continued, had been listened to with profound stupefaction. He characterized Col. Churchill's suggestion as a paradox of the wildest and most extravagant kind, and proceeded to pay a warm tribute to Sir Henry Jackson. He said he should regard himself as contemptible beyond the power of expression if he yielded to the demand for supercession of Sir Henry by Lord Fisher, made in such a manner by Col. Churchill.

Immediately Mr. Balfour concluded his speech Col. Churchill arose. He said his disquietude was due to doubts whether the destroyer and battleship programme was being executed according to the revised plans, and that on this point Mr. Balfour had given no assurance.

Col. Churchill charged Mr. Balfour with using every parliamentary device of which he was master to make an effective reply. He said that the first lord had put the charges which he (Churchill) had brought in crudely exaggerated form.

Col. Churchill said that he agreed that there was no reason for alarm as to the strength of the navy. All he desired to do was to sound a note of necessary warning, and he was only restrained by regard for public interest from making it still stronger.

"If we could associate," he said, "the guiding power of Lord Fisher with the carrying on of Lord Fisher's policy great public advantage would result."

When Mr. Balfour said that guns for monitors had been designed for capital ships, Sir Arthur Basil Markham, Liberal member for Nottinghamshire, interjected:

"The monitor guns came from America."

"There was more than one lot of guns," retorted Mr. Balfour.

Continuing, the first lord said the monitors had proved of the greatest value, but that all the monitors in the world would not add a tittle of strength to the grand fleet; they could not work with the grand fleet, and were not intended to work with it. He did not assert that it was wrong to build these vessels, which had done very good service in the Dardanelles, and on the coast of Belgium, and might do good service against them who had deliberately—and perhaps rightly—weakened the grand fleet to create those monitors should turn around and say: "You are neglecting the grand fleet."

Press Views of the Debate.

London, Mar. 8—(Montreal Gazette cable)—Winston Churchill's remark about volte face has excited surprise, indignation and perplexity as to the real meaning of his out-spoken speech. The Times sees in it an expression of popular anxiety felt in regard to the naval position. The Chronicle, a government supporter, would regret to see the matter become an acrimonious one, but hopes that the services of the greatest originating sailor of modern times will once more be frequently utilized for the empire's benefit. Lobby opinion is that Churchill has done neither himself nor the state any good.

Cocagne, Mar. 7—Miss Alma Biloeau of Cape Bauld spent Sunday at her home here.

Miss Lily St. Peter, who has been teaching at Shemogue has gone to the Moncton hospital to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Lieut. A. A. Legere of the 165th Battalion, Moncton, spent a few days at his home here.

Mr. Thomas St. Peter spent a few days in Moncton.

BURIED ALIVE FOR HOURS DURING THE BATTLE OF VERDUN

Three FrenchSappers burrow their way from mine gallery where they were entombed.

Paris, March 4.—The story of three French sappers, who were buried alive for hours during the battle of Verdun and finally dug their way out safely, is told by one of them who arrived in Paris on a hospital train this morning. He said:

"With my friends Bernard and Jean, I was posted in a trench at the edge of the Vauche woods. The enemy showed a disposition to attack and, according to orders, the three of us, with a charge of powder, fuses, and tools, started down a mine gallery, to fill the mine chamber, to lay the wires and to pack the gallery behind it. We did this without difficulty and were on our way back when a heavy explosion shook us. Had our mine gone off already? 'I hear stones falling,' said one of my comrades. We rushed forward; the gallery was full of gravel. We realized the horrible truth, we were walled up. An enemy shell had exploded above the gallery, causing the roof to fall in.

"We examined the walls in feverish haste. 'We are done for,' said Jean. We were not afraid of death, it was all part of the game, but we did not like to die there in the darkness. 'How long can we stay here?' Jean asked again. 'There is plenty of air, and the gallery is roomy, but there is nothing to eat,' I replied. 'Well, what's the good of a few hours more or less?' he said. 'Why wait? I for one have already made up my mind.' He took out his revolver, but I stopped him and said, 'don't be a fool. Let us wait a while, we may hit on some way out.'

"The first horror having passed over, we began to discuss ways and means. 'Let us wait patiently for our mine to explode. If it makes a big enough hole we can dig through into it,' I said.

"We sat down in silence and could hear all the sounds of battle above us. We tried to distinguish the character of the various vibrations, so as not to miss the noise when our mine exploded. Finally, we heard it and we rushed forward through a wave of hot air. We plied our picks furiously, but our packing had been so well done that it took us two hours before we got into the empty mine chamber. I listened, but the sound of firing seemed so far off that I judged there was a thick layer of earth between us and the outer world. We set to work again, and started a fall of earth which nearly buried us. We were all injured, Bernard's leg being broken, Jean's head cut, and my left arm broken. Despite our pain we continued our efforts, and after a while we came on a number of dead bodies of Germans, which had rolled to the bottom of the crater which the mine explosion had made.

"After an hour of digging and crawling among these corpses, we got out into the air. Both my comrades were so exhausted that they fainted. I watched over them, being sheltered from shells and bullets by the steep side of the crater. After eight hours' waiting, ambulance attendants found us and by that time we had but little life left in us."

104TH BAND WILL GIVE CONCERT AT CAPITAL

Fredericton, Mar. 8—The band of the 104th Battalion, consisting of forty pieces, will furnish music for the opening of the legislature here today. On Friday night they will give a concert in the Opera House.

Acting Premier James A. Murray has purchased the gallery seats at the Opera House for the concert. The tickets will be given by Hon. Mr. Murray on behalf of himself and the members of the legislature to the students at the Provincial Normal School. The military band is sure to receive a hearty welcome and liberal patronage from Fredericton theatre-goers on Friday night.

Arrangements may also be made for the band to visit Woodstock.

"I want Bovril—not that!" No substitute will save money in the kitchen as Bovril does, or give the same nourishing value to soups and stews. It takes the beef of an entire ox to make less than two dozen bottles of Bovril. Bovril is thus so strong that it cannot possibly be put up in cheap cubes. Get the real thing—Bovril in the Bovril bottle.

C.N.N.

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF FIGHTING

French Report.

Paris, March 8.—The text of the official communication issued tonight says:

"To the north of the Aisne destructive fires have been carried out against the enemy works on the plateau of Craonne and the environs of Pasly, north of Soissons.

"In the Argonne we concentrated our fire on the German organizations at Haute Chevauchee and the Chepy wood.

"West of the Meuse the enemy attempted to make a fresh advance during the course of the day. Under cover of an intense bombardment an attack by heavy effectives was directed against our positions at Bethancourt, but was repulsed.

'A counter-attack launched by us on the Bois Des Corbeaux, where the Germans penetrated yesterday, drove the enemy from the greater part of that wood, of which he occupied no more than the eastern extremity.

"On the right bank of the Meuse the bombardment has again become very violent in the region of Douaumont, where the Germans attempted unsuccessfully to attack our lines.

"East of the fort, after an infantry action, the enemy succeeded in re-occupying the Hardaumont redoubt, which we took possession of yesterday.

"In the Woevre a very spirited artillery action has been maintained. Our batteries on the Meuse hills have energetically counter-shelled the German artillery.

"In Upper Alsace a grenade attack enabled us to re-occupy some sections of trenches taken by the Germans on Feb. 12, to the east of Seppois.

"One of our bombing groups, composed of sixteen aeroplanes, dropped 124 shells, of all calibres, on the Metz-Sablons station, where there were several trains. The projectiles struck well. A squadron of enemy aeroplanes gave chase to our machines, which returned to their base with the exception of one, which was obliged to make a landing owing to motor trouble."

The Belgian official communication reads:

"Minor artillery actions occurred at several points of the front. A violent engagement with bombs took place near the Ferryman's House."

German Report.

Berlin, via London, Mar. 8—The official report tonight says: "On the left bank of the Meuse, in order to improve the connections with the new German line on the right bank of the Meuse, which runs on the southern slopes of the Cote De Talou and of the Cote Du Poivre and on the Douaumont positions, we stormed French positions on both sides of Forges Brook, below Bethancourt, over a width of six kilometres (3.7 miles) and a depth of more than three kilometres (1.8 miles).

"The villages of Forges and Regneville as well as the heights of Raben and the Cumieres woods are in our possession.

"Counter-attacks by the French against the southern boundaries of these woods were repulsed with sanguinary losses. A great number of the occupants in the captured positions perished. Fifty-eight officers and 3,277 men were taken prisoner. Furthermore ten cannon and much other war material were captured.

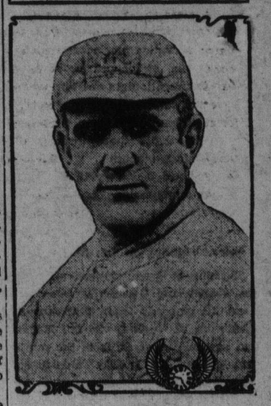
"In the Woevre district the enemy was driven out of the last houses in Frenses. The number of prisoners taken there was increased to eleven officers and more than 700 men. A few machine guns were captured.

"Our aeroplanes dropped bombs on the villages to the west of Verdun which are occupied by the enemy.

"Eastern theatre: Russian attacks were repulsed at several points on this front. The stretch of railway between Ljachowitschi, southeast of Branowitschi and Luniniec, where great railway traffic was observed, was attacked by our aviators with good results.

"Balkan theatre: There is nothing to report."

Diamond Hero Shines As a Picture Star



Louis ("Bull") Durham, Horsley-Mutual Studios.

Baseball fans will find an added attraction in "A Law Unto Himself," a Horsley-Mutual Masterpicture, De Luxe Edition, in the person of Louis ("Bull") Durham, former star pitcher of the New York Giants. Durham will be seen in the role of the "heavy," in support of Crane Wilbur, the star.

Durham played in the two major leagues and a number of the big minor leagues. He was with the Brooklyn and the New York clubs in the National league; with Washington in the American league and with Indianapolis in the American Association. With Indianapolis he made a great record, pitching and winning several double headers. It was because of this record that he was signed by the New York Giants.

If You are Stout.

Don't wear the too-short skirt; three inches from the floor is a good, conservative length.

Don't adhere too strictly to fashion's latest whims—pass the choker collar, for instance.

Don't let the smart deep-yoked skirt tempt you if it's the slender hip you want.

Don't adopt the long, tight sleeves, even if it is the mode of the moment. The tight transparent sleeve brings out too prominently the shape of a big fat arm. This effect should be avoided.

Nervous, sick headaches are of exhausted nerves, and warn you of approaching prostration or paralysis. By enriching the blood Dr. Chase's Nerve Food restores the wasted nerve cells and thoroughly cures headaches, sleeplessness and other nervous disorders.

50 Cents a Box, all Dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

BEAUTY DOCTOR TELLS SECRET

Detroit Beauty Doctor Gives Simple Recipe to Darken Gray Hair and Promote Its Growth.

Miss Alice Whitney, a well-known beauty doctor of Detroit, Mich., recently gave out the following statement: "Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, promote its growth and make it soft and glossy. To a half-pint of water add 1 oz. of bay rum, a small box of Orlex Compound and ¼ oz. of glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray-haired person look twenty years younger. It is also fine to promote the growth of the hair, relieve itching and scalp disease, and is excellent for dandruff and falling hair."

PURITY FLOUR

is a thirsty flour. It is so strong that it takes up a great deal more water. It therefore makes

More Bread and Better Bread

Buy it and see for yourself.

HUNS DISH

GERMAN PRISO TELL WHY MAR VERDUN

Officers promised Cannon would clea ry, but instead French field an cut advancing battalions to piece every battalion wiped out.

Paris, March 8.—Prisoners taken at Verdun e the battalions which took part in infantry assaults average of two-thirds their total strength.

"Our officers promised us," said one, "that ca way for us so that we could occupy the French line We believed also that at each stage of our advanc paration would enable us to continue without gre battalion, under unheard of fire from field guns a hours together, was cut to pieces. The effort we sure of human strength. That is why the march

A German soldier belonging to the Sixty-four

"Our battalion started from its position in the March 2, with orders to occupy an earthwork to t mont. Suddenly someone called 'Here come the was so impetuous that it overwhelmed our lines. by a shell and lay there all night, listening to the for stretcher bearers. The moans of them ended i

"There can scarcely be anything left of my ready lost one-fourth of its numbers in the fighting 24. This was the finish."

Another German, a member of the Twenty-fo

"I was glad to get out of that hell. Our spir all the division, because we felt that the work of have to be begun all over again."

NEWCASTLE BOY GETS COMMISION IN AERIAL SERVICE

Lieut. Gerald Creaghan passes examination for Commission in Royal Flying Corps.

Newcastle, March 7.—Lieut. Gerald F. Creaghan, son of J. D. Creaghan, of Newcastle, has passed his examination successfully and received his commission in the Royal Aerial Service. He left Newcastle last July in the Canadian Overseas Railway Construction Corps.

The Town Improvement League decided to call a mass meeting of the citizens in favor of prohibition and will invite the president and secretary of the N. B. Branch of the Dominion Temperance Alliance, Rev. W. D. Wilson and Donald Fraser, Jr., to address it.

St. Samuel's Dramatic Club staged the 3-act drama "The Messmates" in Douglastown Temperance Hall, Monday night. The play was well attended and the hall was filled. The proceeds, for building a new hall for the congregation, were $70.25.

Newcastle Patriotic Fund committee met last night. One new name was added to the relief list and several dropped off. The thanks of the executive were on motion of Revs. W. J. Bate and P. W. Dixon, unanimously tendered the retiring secretary, Ald. H. H. Stuart, for his sixteen months faithful occupancy of that office.

BREWERS WILL CUT DOWN THEIR IMPORTS TO RELEASE SHIP TONNAGE

London Board of Trade decides not to investigate loss of steamer Persia.

London, March 8.—Walter Runciman, president of the Board of Trade, stated in the House of Commons today that the Brewers' Society had agreed to a reduction of imports of brewing materials by one-third in order to release ship tonnage. Mr. Runciman stated that this would mean a saving of 200,000 tons.

In answer to a question, the president of the Board of Trade said that in view of the fact that the services of every officer and seaman were urgently needed afloat, the board had reconsidered the question of holding a formal investigation into the loss of the steamer Persia. He said that the board had come to the conclusion that an investigation would not produce results of sufficient importance to justify the further detention of the officers and crew ashore, or the considerable expense which would be involved.

Will Not Run.

Judge Forbes announces that on the advice of his physician he will not be a candidate for the office of mayor.

Get th Drink B

Says we wit

Millions now instead with drugs. you say. perform mi these hot w

There are women who in the mor hot water kidneys a important on the ou do not al blood, whi

TO C APPL

Look Its N An

Comma heavy te turn gra beautiful a few a lation if or gray. Sulphur troubles a 50-cent Sulphur all ready recipe f other in While sinful, youthful ness. F Wyeth's no one naturally en a spo draw th one sma ing all and, aft your ha glossy. This et requi cure, in case.