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VOL. 2. NO. 121.

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1902.

ONE CENT.

BELTING.



Our Red Strip Rubber Belting

Always runs the same.
Is strong and durable.
Standard sizes kept in stock.

CORRUDES' SINGLE AND DOUBLE
LEATHER BELTING.

SEND US A TRIAL ORDER.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited.

Prices to Clear.

All our Stock has been Reduced to prices bound to clear. Our entire stock is new and up-to-date and the values offered are the best.

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, Opera House Block.

TO BE DEPENDENT ON.
Retailers say Union Blend tea seems to have a stronger hold upon the people now than ever before; it seems to hold its patrons better than any other brand. Sometimes a customer will try another tea, but he invariably comes back to Union Blend. Have you tried a package of the new grades yet—50 and 60c.

HARRY W. DE FOREST.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE OF DINNER SETS FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

One Dinner Set of 87 pieces reduced to \$3.75.
Two Dinner Sets of 87 pieces reduced to \$4.00.
One Dinner Set of 94 pieces reduced to \$4.00.
One Dinner Set of 96 pieces reduced to \$4.50.
One Dinner Set of 97 pieces reduced to \$5.00.
One Dinner Set of 108 pieces reduced to \$5.50.

These sets are only slightly damaged or mismatched and we are selling them much below the original cost.

W. H. HAYWARD, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63 PRINCESS STREET.

If you read this advertisement, others will read yours in the St. John STAR. Ask for the advertising man.

Birch and Ash Pungs,

Also a few second-hand Sleighs cheap.

JAMES A. KELLY'S,
640 to 644 Main Street, North End.

TEN KILLED

And Others Hurt in a Tenement House Fire

Which Swept Through the Building So Quickly That Escape Was Almost Impossible.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—The fire in the Italian lodging house on Fleet street here early today, which flashed forth as if fed by gunpowder and swept through the structure in a few moments, caused the death of ten persons, while three others were injured by leaping from windows. The victims were all Italians. The financial loss was only a few hundred dollars. The dead: Louis Pilato, 54 years; Madeline Pilato, 48, his wife; Joseph Salento, father of Mrs. Pilato; Raffaels Desco, 30; Madeline Desco, 27, his wife; Jennie, Donetti, Antoinette Donetto; Sabatelli Dandi, 3 years; baby, not identified. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained. It seems to have started on the second floor of the four story structure and swept through the upper part of the building so quickly that no one tried to escape except by the windows. Pilato and his wife were the proprietors of the lodging house, and there were about a dozen persons in the various rooms. None escaped without injury and the majority lost their lives.

MCKINLEY'S BIRTHDAY.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Chicagoans of all ranks and stations honored the name of William McKinley today, the anniversary of his birthday. Flags throughout the city were at half-mast and memorial services held in many churches, schools and G. A. R. camps. All the city offices and county courts were closed for the day. The service will culminate in a meeting tonight, at which Judge William R. Day of Ohio will be the principal speaker.

BALTIMORE, M. D., Jan. 29.—While McKinley day was not a legal holiday in Maryland, special exercises were held today in the schools throughout the state, and the children were given an opportunity to contribute to the memorial fund.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Exercises in observance of the birthday of the late William McKinley were held in all the public schools of this city today. Flags were flying on all public buildings and services were held as a mark of respect to the president.

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 29.—A. J. Smith, secretary of the American Association of General Passenger and Freight, has called a meeting of that organization to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, on February 18. It will discuss the fraternal society that pertains to insurance, and which it is proposed to abolish.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Close personal friends of Lyman J. Gage, says the Record-Herald, make the statement that he will accept the presidency of the Chicago Title and Trust Co. Mr. Gage will leave the treasury department February 1, turning the office over to Gov. Shaw.

ADOPTED THE STANDARD CODE.
CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The management of the Northwestern road has determined to adopt the standard code of railway signals for its entire system. The code which is being put in is known as the American railway association code, and one of its objects is to eliminate the use of the color red to indicate danger. In adopting a standard code of signals the American Railway Association had in view, among other things, making it possible for a railroad man to work on any road in the country.

TWO SUICIDES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Former village president, Caleb W. Mitchell, committed suicide here today.

NEWTON, Mass., Jan. 29.—Lane B. Schofield, senior member of the firm of Schofield and Whycher & Co., bankers and brokers of Boston, committed suicide by shooting at his home in Newtonville today.

NEWTON, Mass., Jan. 29.—A brother of Mr. Schofield stated today that his dead brother had lost more than \$150,000 within the last two years. His reverses began at the collapse of the Globe National bank, in which he was interested.

BODIES WERE RECOVERED.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 29.—The bodies of Ray Trottochaud and James Williams of Sarnia, Ont., and Daniel Higgins of Cleveland, who lost their lives in the crib disaster last summer, have been recovered. There are now no more bodies in the waterworks tunnel.

REMARKABLE REPRESSION.
(From the Denver Republican.)

The most remarkable thing about Web Davis' visit to Denver is the fact that he managed to sit around here two days, all loaded and primed with a speech, and did not explode.

WHY SHE COMPLAINS.

"She finds fault with her husband's salary," they say.
"Yes," she says "I don't like her father used to make."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SOUTH AFRICA.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—The Evening Telegram's London cable says: "John P. Barlow, liberal member for Frome, in the house of commons, today asked whether those colonies which have expended money at the request and on account of the war office have charged commission, and if so, at what rate per cent, and if it was the intention of the government to pay such commission?"

"St. John Broderick replied that the usual commission of 3 per cent on local expenditure in connection with the raising and equipping of contingents furnished for South Africa would be allowed to the colonies by the imperial government."

LONDON, Jan. 29.—An announcement by Mr. Balfour as to peace negotiations caused a sensation in the lobby of parliament. Lord Rosebery brought about this movement on the part of the Dutch government.

It is recalled that in an interview published about Christmas time, Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch premier, was represented to have urged the impossibility of Holland's intervening in South Africa unless she had reason to think that both parties wished it. Consequently it is regarded as certain that the present move was inspired by the Boer delegates.

The Petit Bleu of Brussels, the organ of the Kruggerites, flatly denied last night that the Boer delegates had charged anyone to make peace proposals, and professed to be in entire ignorance of the Dutch communication.

The Hague correspondent of the Daily Mail declares that he has ascertained that Dr. Leyds inspired the Dutch foreign secretary, who was further advised by Prof. Asser, the international jurist, and adds that Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal, is apparently attempting to draw Mr. Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary, to disclose the terms conditional upon the waiving of independence.

The Daily News this morning claims credit for the initiation of the peace movement, and in referring to this matter editorially, draws the inference that the government has already replied, and has rejected the Dutch overtures as unauthorized, and otherwise Mr. Balfour would not have been in a position to promise the papers on the subject, this promise showing that no further negotiations were afoot.

This was the impression in the lobby as a result of the announcement of the government leader, and semi-official statements in government organs this morning declare that the outlook for peace is not hopeful.

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says that he understands Holland had consulted and secured the approval of the European powers before approaching Great Britain.

MIXED-UP DOG CASE.

In Which the Animal Was Brought In to Give Expert Evidence.

Yesterday afternoon the dog case brought by Thomas Tait against James E. McDonald, which occupied considerable time, was concluded. It appears that Tait got a pup from Sergt. Campbell, McDonald got one from Patrick Keefe. McDonald lost his some months ago, and Tait's disappeared last week. Then Tait learned that McDonald had come into possession of a dog which resembled his, and having satisfied himself that such was the case, applied to the court for the recovery of the animal. McDonald's defence was that the dog might have changed entirely in color and general appearance during the time it had been lost, and although he would not state positively that the dog in court was his he claimed that it was quite possible. Seven witnesses were examined, and the peculiarities of dogs minutely discussed. At one time the question before the court was whether an Irish terrier ten months old would be a Yorkshire in ten months. The dog in court was found to be lame and evidence was volunteered on this point. One witness claimed the trouble was in the right hind foot, another in the left, and a third that it was in one of the fore feet—or one of the four feet. To settle the question the dog was trotted up and down the court room.

After all the evidence was taken the magistrate ordered that the dog should be returned to Tait.

NOT BRIGHT.

Prospects for Stream Driving Are Decidedly Gloomy, Say the Lumbermen.

Lumbermen are not feeling at all elated over the prospects for stream driving next spring, says the Clearer. They say that conditions promise to be much similar to those of last year, which was an exceptionally hard one on the lumber operations. There is but little snow in the woods and there is no frost in the ground, and both snow and frost are needed, in fact essential, to keep the water up to driving pitch in the spring. Unless there should be exceptionally heavy and prolonged rains next spring it now looks as though the stream drivers will have a hard time to bring the logs out of the streams and into the booms. It certainly means that big crews will need to be put on the streams at the first approach of spring and kept hard at work as long as the water will float a log.

LUMBERING ON ST. JOHN.

Messrs. Kilburn and McConnell have returned from a trip to the scene of their lumber operations at the head waters of the St. John, says the Clearer. They report lumbering as well advanced, the month of January having been specially favorable to the work. Chopping is still going on, which is contrary to the usual custom, all chopping generally being done before or soon after the new year. There is but little snow in the woods, only about two feet. The cut on the upper St. John will be about up to the average.

SCHLEY'S APPEAL

To Roosevelt For Review of Evidence in His Case

Is Based Upon Three Grounds and Practically on Admiral Dewey's Finding.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The navy department has made public Admiral Schley's appeal, delivered to the president about a week ago. The department's "comment" will be published in a day or two.

Admiral Schley appeals to the president as the chief executive and commander-in-chief of the army and navy, "vested with power to regulate and direct the acts of the several executive officers thereof," and he asks that the president review the findings of the court. He asks this on three grounds, in each case basing his appeal on the findings of Admiral Dewey, as opposed to the majority report. These three grounds are set out in the "petition" which fills about eight printed pages of a pamphlet and is signed by Admiral Schley and by Messrs. Raymer, Parker and Teague, of his counsel. Attached to the petition are the three exhibits, "A," "B" and "C," each made up of copious extracts from the testimony taken by the court of inquiry and intended to confirm the statements of fact made in the petition itself. In this latter document the first ground of appeal is the holding of Secretary Long in his endorsement on the court's finding that "the conduct of the court in making no finding, and rendering no opinion on those questions (that of command and credit for the victory) is approved—indeed it could, with propriety, take no other course, evidence of these questions during the inquiry having been excluded by the court."

On this point the petition says that the secretary of the navy was in error in stating that the court excluded testimony to show that, as Dewey said, Schley was the senior officer in the battle of Santiago, was in absolute command, and entitled to the credit due for the victory which resulted in total destruction of Spanish ships.

The petitioner asks the president to annul Secretary Long's endorsement on this point, and that he specifically approve Admiral Dewey's statement declaring that Schley was in command. He says that only in this way can exact justice be done him under the precept.

The second ground relates to the alleged withdrawal of the squadron at night from Santiago bay and the character of the blockade, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises. This was one of the points upon which Admiral Dewey specifically dissented. The petition reiterates the findings of the court to the effect that the flying squadron did not withdraw at night, and declares that by this statement the court obviated the necessity of expressing its opinion as to whether or not a close or adequate blockade was established, and the propriety of Commodore Schley's conduct in the premises.

It is declared that under this specification—more than a majority of all the witnesses were examined, and about one-third of the whole period of the inquiry was consumed in its consideration.

Third ground recites Admiral Dewey's opinion to the effect that the passage from Key West to Cienfuegos was made at night, and the blockade with all possible dispatch, having in view the importance of arriving off Cienfuegos with sufficient coal, that the blockade of Cienfuegos was effective, that the Adula was permitted to gain information and finally that the passage from Cienfuegos to a point off Santiago was made with as much dispatch as possible while keeping the squadron a unit.

The petition declares that this opinion being at variance in certain points with the majority opinion, is the only one justified by the evidence and facts before the court.

CONFIRMED BALFOUR'S STATEMENT

THE HAGUE, Jan. 29.—In the first chamber of the states general today, the premier, Dr. Kuyper, replying to a question on the subject confirmed the accuracy of A. J. Balfour's statement in the British house of commons yesterday, regarding the Dutch government's offer to help in bringing about peace in South Africa. The premier added that he was prevented by courtesy from disclosing any details concerning the note so long as the British government had not published its contents or until a reply to it was received. The Boer delegates disclaim any knowledge of the contents of the Dutch note to Great Britain.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Forecast—Eastern states and northern New York—Snow this afternoon, becoming heavy and continuing tonight and Thursday; increasing northerly to northeasterly winds.

WHAT THE DEACON SAID.

A good sized audience was entertained at the Free Baptist church, Fredericton, Monday evening by Rev. C. T. Phillips, of St. John, in an interesting programme of character sketches entitled, What the Deacon Said. The readings were interspersed with selections by the choir.

Steamer St. Croix arrived last night from Boston. She brought 28 passengers and three hundred and twenty-six tons of cargo.

Astrachan

Jackets.

A few Astrachan Jackets left.
20 p. c. Discount.

D. MAGEE'S SONS,
63 King Street.

Rubbers,

Rubber Boots, Overshoes.

We handle only one kind and they are the GRANBY'S—enough said.

— LOWEST PRICES —

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

W. A. SINCLAIR,
65 Brussels Street, St. John.

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Up-to-Date

OVERCOAT

Or SUIT, Try

EDGECOMBE &
CHAISSON.

Their

Woollens

Are all of the

Newest Makes

And Mixtures.

104 KING STREET,
Trinity Block.

CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.

A Mason & Hamlin pedal Church Organ, hand blower, walnut case, full toned. A splendid instrument for a medium-sized church. Will be sold at very low price.

Wm. Peters,
266 Union Street.

BARLEY BREE.

Your Taste
Is Correct

if tested by Barley Bree
—the ideal whiskey by
the verdict of all connoisseurs.

SOLD BY

JAMES RYAN,
KING SQUARE.

CHAMPAGNES

Pommery, Mumm's.

—FOR SALE LOW—

THOMAS L. BOURKE, 25 Water St.

JOHN W. ADDISON,

GENERAL HARDWARE.

House Furnishings, Sporting Goods and Toys.

The cheapest store in the city to buy Wringers, Washtubs, Washboards, Washing Machines, etc. We sell extra wringer rolls and repair wringers of all kinds.

44 Gormain St., Market Bdg.
Tel. 1074.

H. L. COATES,
(Cor. Main and Harrison Streets, Opposite St. Luke's Church, N. E.)

CARPENTER, BUILDER

and GENERAL JOBBER.

Special attention given to the placing of plate glass windows.