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NO. 48.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

Lord Roberts' Views on the Uprising in India.

London, Aug. 20.—The Daily Chronicle publishes this morning an interview with Lord Frederick Roberts of Kandahar, commander of the forces in Ireland, with reference to the disturbance in the Swat valley and Indian rising generally. Lord Roberts said: "There is no cause for alarm or anxiety. The movement is wholly fanatical. We have a large body of magnificent troops on the frontier, officered by highly experienced commanders, and capable of coping with any difficulty likely to arise."

THE FRENCH NAVY.

Mishap to the Cruiser Braix Causes Much Indignation.

London, Aug. 19.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says that the accident to the French cruiser Braix, which had been delegated as one of the vessels to escort President Faure, was due to the failure of her machinery, caused a stormy cabinet council to-day. Admiral Besnard, minister of marine, wished to resign, but he was persuaded to wait until the return of President Faure from St. Petersburg. It is possible that the fiasco will result in a fierce campaign for overhauling the French navy.

THE CLONDYKE MAILS.

Agreement Reached Between the Canadian and American Governments.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Canada's proposition for carrying the gold round trip a month between Dawson City and Dyea was formally accepted this afternoon by acting Postmaster-General Shallenberger, and the Canadian government notified of the action. In this communication this government is stated to be in readiness to assume its share of the responsibility, and Canada is urged to put the service in operation at the earliest possible moment. Dyea, which is 100 miles above Juneau on the Lynn Canal, and Dawson City will be declared international postal exchange offices. The British mails will be carried by the United States from Victoria, B. C., to Dyea.

Postoffices will be opened at Fort Cudahy, Forty Mile and probably at other points. The service will be under the immediate supervision of Canadian Mounted Police. The carriers will be equipped with dogs and sledges and have Indian drivers. The first contract at least will be for one year. Whenever the British mails can be expedited by carrying them over the Circle City route between the dates of the new service this will be done.

JAPAN ANSWERED.

Sherman Replies to the Protest Against Annexation.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Secretary Sherman has submitted to the Japanese government an answer to Japan's last note relating to the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. The answer was delivered to Mr. Hoshi, the Japanese minister last Saturday. It is in reply to Japan's note of July 10, which up to that time had not been acknowledged. Mr. Sherman's answer was marked by its friendly expressions towards Japan. Two features are brought out. It reiterates the position heretofore taken by the secretary of state as to the right and propriety of the annexation of Hawaii by the United States. With this, however, is coupled an assurance that the interests of Japan in Hawaii will be fully safeguarded. It also expresses satisfaction at the plan of arbitration between Japan and Hawaii on the question of Japanese immigration to Hawaii.

Minister Hoshi has cabled the substance of the answer to the Tokyo government, and the full text has been forwarded. It will not reach Japan until September 7, and no action may be taken until the text is before the Japanese foreign office. The Japanese legation is reticent about the dispatch, although there is no effort to conceal the dissatisfaction felt over the friendly spirit displayed throughout Mr. Sherman's answer. The attention of the Tokyo government has been particularly directed towards these expressions of good will.

Mr. Natanael Mortenson, a well-known citizen of Ishpeming, Mich., and editor Superior Posten, who, for a long time, suffered from the most excruciating pains of rheumatism, was cured, eight years ago, by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, having never felt a twinge of it since.

SPAIN AND THE U. S.

President McKinley Wants to Know How Europe Would Regard Declaration of War.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Daily Graphic publishes the following dispatch from Berlin: "General Stewart Woodford, the newly-appointed minister to Spain from the United States, has been instructed by President McKinley to ascertain the limit of neutrality to be observed by the European powers in the event that the United States should decide on an offensive policy against Spain, and he has been in communication with the various American ambassadors on the subject."

An American Official's Interview with Late Spanish Premier on Situation in Cuba.

London, Aug. 20.—The Daily Graphic publishes the following dispatch from Berlin: "General Stewart Woodford, the newly-appointed minister to Spain from the United States, has been instructed by President McKinley to ascertain the limit of neutrality to be observed by the European powers in the event that the United States should decide on an offensive policy against Spain, and he has been in communication with the various American ambassadors on the subject."

Col. John Hay, American ambassador to Great Britain, has received no encouragement from Lord Salisbury. M. Hanotaux, the French minister, emphatically refused to discuss the matter with General Horace Porter, American ambassador to France, and for some days avoided granting an audience to General Woodford.

As a last resource General Woodford and General Porter telegraphed for Mr. White, who joined them. Mr. White is the cleverest American diplomat in Europe. He knows better than anyone in President McKinley's cabinet the futility of the step now being taken. He has avoided even mentioning it to the German government, and went to Paris resolved to do all in his power to dissuade General Woodford and General Porter from any course but the one of moderation towards Spain."

London, Aug. 20.—Mr. Calderon Carliste, Washington councillor to the Spanish legation in the United States, has arrived here in the course of an interview with a correspondent of the Associated Press. Mr. Carliste said he went to Spain to pay a visit to relatives; but while there he had an audience with the Queen Regent, and discussed with the late Senor Canovas del Castillo, the premier, and other high officials of the Spanish government, the various aspects of the Cuban question, explaining to Senor Canovas the details of some of the principal filibustering expeditions from the United States to Cuba, and giving his views as to the legal aspects of the filibustering claims which had been investigated since the war broke out in Cuba. Spain, he said, intended to press her claims for compensation for filibustering expeditions from the United States to Cuba, and giving damages to the property of citizens of the United States in the islands of Cuba.

My last interview with the late Senor Canovas, said Mr. Carliste, "was during the week before he was assassinated, and at the hotel where he was staying. He requested me to call. I was awaiting his arrival at the office of the hotel. When Senor Canovas entered the room he was immediately surrounded by half a dozen gentlemen, amid whom he stood talking of Cuban matters. I inquired as to these gentlemen, and was told that they were newspaper correspondents. The scene was entirely informal—quite American in fact. One could easily see how a man so approachable as Senor Canovas could be assassinated without much difficulty. I was told he always received newspaper correspondents freely and talked to them frankly."

Senor Canovas appeared to be in excellent health and spirits, though of course he was no longer a young man. He told me that he was satisfied that the progress of the war in Cuba this summer had been all that could be expected in the way of success, and that he believed conditions would be much better in the autumn. He spoke feelingly of the suffering in Cuba, which he considered and described as unendurable, and that he believed conditions would be much better in the autumn. He spoke feelingly of the suffering in Cuba, which he considered and described as unendurable, and that he believed conditions would be much better in the autumn.

The condition of public sentiment in the United States was a matter about which he made particular inquiry. I assured him that the country was not so far from the insurgent movement as might be inferred from some newspapers and the reports of the congressional debater. Mr. Carliste believes the effect of the assassination of Canovas will be to unite more closely the various sections of the Conservative party in Spain. He said: "I can speak not only for the court circle, but also for the people in three provinces, where the Carlists are reputed to be strongest; and I can say that I saw nothing to corroborate the reports that the Spanish people are so dissatisfied with the government as to be easily inclined to overthrow it."

SITUATION IN INDIA.

Turkish Newspapers Banned Out—General Blood's March.

Calcutta, Aug. 20.—The official gazette will publish to-morrow a notification to the effect that the Turkish newspapers Selah and Mahmut will hereafter be prohibited from circulation in India.

Miners on the Willamette Organize to Preserve Order.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 20.—Shortly after the collier Willamette left Seattle for Dyea the passengers organized for police protection, the organization being named the Willamette & Clondyke Protective Society. Especial care is taken to prevent fire and all suspicious characters are watched. Before the boat reached Dyea eight suspects had been imprisoned.

THE COAL CITY.

A Propector's Return—Ledges Located Between Nanaimo and Nitinat.

Nanaimo, Aug. 20.—E. Gartley, who has just returned from a prospecting tour in the mountains between Nanaimo and Nitinat, reports having discovered several well defined ledges of quartz near Alberni lake, one of which was seven feet and the other five feet wide. He brought in quite a number of specimens. He also discovered two new lakes facing outlets in Nanaimo Bay. These lakes fairly swarmed with trout. They caught six in six minutes; the smallest was ten inches long, and the largest twenty-five inches. He describes these lakes as the paradise of fishermen. Reports regarding the excitement over the claims on the Nitinat river, to which he met many people making their way. The government dredger had steamed yesterday for the first time since she was beached at the mill stream for repairs.

MEXICO HARD HIT

The Enormous Depreciation of the Silver Dollar is Ruining Many Merchants.

New York, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Mexico says: "Exchange at New York has reached \$1.45 premium. In other words, it takes \$2.45 of Mexican money to buy an American silver dollar containing less silver than the Mexican. This enormous depreciation of the Mexican dollar is ruining the merchants. They are cancelling all orders for imports, and will close their stores, as they cannot sell the stock on hand at a rate high enough to replenish them. They believe the price to be unacceptably depressed, due to a conspiracy abroad."

Bankers Say a Handful of Men in London Are Responsible for the Sudden Decline.

The government is hard hit, as it has to pay the interest on foreign debt in gold. Capitalists are flocking into the country to take advantage of the high premium to invest gold. The belief here is that labor paid in silver will eventually win against silver. Bankers here say a handful of men in London are manipulating the money world, which means that they are controlling the rate of exchange.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Costa Rican government asked the United States mint department to coin 100,000 colones. Under former governments the new system of coinage was favorable to gold. A colon is equivalent to 100 centesimos. The ratio of gold to silver was 16 to 1, as between gold and silver.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

The Yukon Mails—Increase in Savings Bank Deposits.

Ottawa, Aug. 20.—The postoffice department has a telegram from the Yukon stating that a letter regarding the proposed arrangements for carrying mails on the Pacific coast for the Yukon district has been forwarded here.

W. Borden, banker, Halifax, has been appointed accountant of the military idea in a regiment to be known as the "United Service Veterans." There are ready to be enrolled 100 pensioners and 500 retired militiamen in Ottawa. The objects are to strengthen imperial sentiment, encourage the military idea among the young, and assist the widows and orphans of deceased soldiers.

In the postoffice savings banks there was on deposit at the end of the fiscal year \$32,880,000. During the year \$8,225,000 deposited, and \$7,656,000 withdrawn. The interest was \$1,024,000.

An independent assay of a sample of the new gold mine found near Ottawa has been made at the instance of a local paper. It showed less than \$1 a ton. The discoverer gave out that the ore ran \$30 per ton, and so started a gold fever in the district.

The hair, when not properly cared for, loses its lustre, becomes crisp, harsh, and dry, and falls out freely with every combing. To prevent this, the best dressing in the market is Ayer's Hair Vigor. It imparts that silky gloss so essential to perfect beauty.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Pills, immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

STEWART RIVER FIND

Definite Information Contained in a Letter Received at Juneau from James O'Brien.

As had been expected, Geo. Brown, shot at Beechy Bay on March 18 by his son-in-law, John Aiken, died last night at 10 o'clock at St. Joseph's hospital, where he was taken a few days ago for treatment. Ever since the day of the shooting, Brown, once a big, powerful man, has been slowly wasting away. The doctors could not locate the bullet, but as had they been able to do so, they could not have saved his life, as his lungs had been affected. A post-mortem examination is being held this afternoon and an inquest will follow. Then the attorney-general's department will decide what information is charged with attempted murder. The charge will probably be changed to murder. Aiken claims that when he fired through his gun at Brown, he was afraid that Brown was trying to get into the house to kill him. It is only a few weeks ago that Brown's evidence was taken. Two weeks ago Brown's condition became serious and he was removed to St. Joseph's hospital.

Six Tributaries of the Clondyke Have Proved Rich Beyond Expectations.

Definite information was received here yesterday of a big find of gold near the Stewart river, rumors of which have been prevalent for some time. W. H. Hindle, of Juneau, has received a letter from James O'Brien, dated Clondyke, June 22, in which the writer says "a new strike has been made on a creek sixty miles above Clondyke, near Stewart river." Forty-seven pounds of gold had been taken out of the discovery hole. As is the case in a mining country, the news rapidly spreads, and those who had failed to strike it rich at Clondyke were rushing for the new diggings. As the letter was being written 150 men were starting from Clondyke for the Stewart river, just as hopeful as when they took part in the rush to Eldorado and Bonanza creeks.

The Situation in Constantinople—Fresh Outrages Are Apprehended Shortly.

Constantinople, Aug. 20.—It now appears Wednesday was selected for the explosion of bombs in this city because the Turkish cabinet had been announced to meet that day at the office of the grand vizier. Turkish officials have for some time past been apprehending danger, though they were not aware of its imminence. Immediately after the explosion gangs of Mussulmans crowded the streets, ready for mischief. The police ordered them back to their homes and even arrested some who were armed with cudgels.

The Desperate Armenians Scheming to Assassinate Their Much-Hated Enemies.

Constantinople, Aug. 20.—The British and Italian guardships have left their usual anchorage and entered the harbor. New York, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Constantinople says: "Perfect calm reigns, but rumors of fresh Armenian schemes for outrage continue. A Turkish official who has much to do with the maintenance of public order just said to me: 'Well, let them try, if they care to. We are perfectly ready for the utmost vigilance. They are scheming to stand any more Armenian defiance of law. The man I described yesterday as having fired a revolver at Pera, had previously thrown a bomb amid the sentries stationed outside the official residence of the governor of Pera. The detonator exploded, but, luckily, the bomb did not, otherwise a hundred innocent men would have been sacrificed.'"

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Chang Coming West—Canada's Flour Exports—The Harvest Hands.

Winnipeg, Aug. 19.—H. Rev. W. Riddle, D.D., Bishop of Caledonia, who has been in attendance at the Lambeth Conference in England, arrived in the city this evening, proceeding west on the Pacific express.

THE BRITISH YUKON CO.

Mr. Arthur Bellingham, of the British Yukon company, passed through Montreal last week on his way from Victoria to New York, whence he sails for England. Mr. Bellingham said to a reporter that Mr. C. H. Wilkinson, the Canadian representative of the British Yukon company, is now in London, and Mr. Bellingham says he will return to this country early in September, authorized by his company to take immediate steps for the starting of work of the proposed railway over the White Pass from Dyea to the head waters of the Yukon. The distance, as known, is about 50 miles, and it is expected that the railroad will be completed early in the summer of 1898. Mr. Bellingham says it is just possible that the road may be pushed to completion this summer, though the expense of doing the work in so short a time would be considerably increased.

GEORGE BROWN DEAD.

Charge Against Aiken Will Probably be Changed to Murder.

As had been expected, Geo. Brown, shot at Beechy Bay on March 18 by his son-in-law, John Aiken, died last night at 10 o'clock at St. Joseph's hospital, where he was taken a few days ago for treatment. Ever since the day of the shooting, Brown, once a big, powerful man, has been slowly wasting away. The doctors could not locate the bullet, but as had they been able to do so, they could not have saved his life, as his lungs had been affected. A post-mortem examination is being held this afternoon and an inquest will follow. Then the attorney-general's department will decide what information is charged with attempted murder. The charge will probably be changed to murder. Aiken claims that when he fired through his gun at Brown, he was afraid that Brown was trying to get into the house to kill him. It is only a few weeks ago that Brown's evidence was taken. Two weeks ago Brown's condition became serious and he was removed to St. Joseph's hospital.

THE TURKS TREMBLE

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MINING REGULATIONS

Terms of Changes Made by the Government—Claims To Be Forfeited.

Ottawa, Aug. 13.—Following are the precise terms of the amended regulations governing gold mining in the Yukon, as they will appear in the Official Gazette to-morrow: "That the regulations governing the disposal of placer mining claims along the Yukon river and its tributaries in the Northwest Territories, established by order-in-council, be amended by providing that entry can only be granted for alternate claims, known as creek claims, bench claims, bar diggings and dry diggings, and that the other alternate claims be reserved for the crown, to be disposed of by public auction, or in such manner as may be decided by the minister of the interior.

That the penalty for trespassing upon a claim reserved for the crown be the immediate cancellation by the gold commissioner of any entry or entries which the person trespassing may have obtained, whether by original entry or purchase, for a mining claim, and the refusal by the gold commissioner of the acceptance of any application which the person trespassing may at any time make for claims; and that in addition to such penalty the Mounted Police, upon a requisition from the gold commissioner to that effect, may take the necessary steps to eject the trespasser.

That upon all gold mined on the claims referred to in the regulation for the government of placer mining along the Yukon river and its tributaries, a royalty of 10 per cent shall be levied and collected by officers, to be appointed for the purpose, provided that the amount mined and taken from a single claim does not exceed \$500 per week, and in case the amount mined and taken from a single claim exceeds \$500 per week there shall be levied and collected a royalty of 10 per cent, upon the amount so taken out up to \$500, and upon the excess or amount taken from any single claim over \$500 per week there shall be levied and collected a royalty of 20 per cent; such royalty to form part of the consolidated revenue, and to be accounted for by the officers who collect the same in due course.

That the times and manner in which such royalty shall be collected, and the persons who shall collect the same shall be provided for by the regulations to be made by the gold commissioner, and that the gold commissioner be and is hereby given authority to make such regulations and rules accordingly.

That default in payment of such royalty, if continued for ten days after notice has been posted upon the claim in respect of which it is demanded, or the vicinity of such claim by the gold commissioner or his agent, shall be followed by the cancellation of the claim.

That any attempt to defraud the crown by withholding any part of the royalty of which it is demanded, or by making false statements of the amount taken out may be punished by cancellation of the claim in respect of which fraud or false statements have been committed or made; and that in respect of such claim fraud or false statement or non-payment of royalty, the decision of the gold commissioner shall be final.

Another order-in-council reads as follows: "Whereas clause 7 of the regulations governing the disposal of placer mines on the Yukon river and its tributaries in the Northwest Territories, established by order-in-council of the 21st of May, 1897, provides that if any person shall discover a new mine, and if discovery shall be established to the satisfaction of the gold commissioner, a claim for 'bar diggings' 750 feet in length may be granted; and whereas the intention was to grant a claim of 750 feet in length to the discoverer of the new mine upon a creek or river, and not to grant a claim of that length for 'bar diggings,' His Excellency, by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, is pleased to order that clause 7 of the said regulations governing the disposal of placer mines on the Yukon river and its tributaries shall be and the same is hereby amended, so that the above grant to a discoverer may apply to creek and river claims instead of 'bar diggings.'"

A FAMOUS HORSE MARKET.

Dyea Likely to Become One—Many Miners Won't Get Through.

Port Townsend, Wash., Aug. 20.—C. M. Weymouth writes from Lake Lindeman that in his opinion Dyea will become a famous horse market, for the reason that the horse cannot stand the usage there longer than a few days, when the hoofs, regardless of the heavy shoes, become so broken as to entirely incapacitate them for any use. Mr. Weymouth gave as his opinion that not one in ten of those now at Dyea and Skagway and en route will be able to cross the divide this year.

PAID THE PENALTY.

San Sebastian, Aug. 20.—Michael Angiolillo, who killed Senor Canovas del Castillo, prime minister of Spain, on Sunday, Aug. 23, was executed at 11 o'clock this morning.

Physical strength and energy contribute to strength of character, and both may be had by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

the land, have followed the requirements of the act and are waiting for their patent. There is only one flaw in their title and it is that they "chose stringed" the land, that is, took up a long strip, instead of taking up 100 acres as near in a square as possible.

A correspondent in the north predicts that there will be trouble unless something is done to scatter the crowds now at Dyea and Skagway. Some men get away every day, but their ranks are soon augmented by new arrivals. There are 500 men trying to get through White Pass on a trail, the greater portion of which is covered with several inches of mud. It was found necessary to kill a number of horses and mules which had become bogged. This writer, however, considers the White Pass route preferable to the Chilcot route, the latter being impassable for animals a greater part of the way, the mountain being almost perpendicular.

In a letter to a friend Mr. H. Howard, who went up on the Danube with Dr. Richardson and Messrs. Carmody, Casey and Flint, says their party got their pack train and eight horses out on their first trip for the lakes at 5 o'clock of the morning of their arrival.

There will soon be enough feed, and more than enough to feed all the horses at Skagway and along the trail. Already a number of steamer and scow loads have gone up, and more will follow on each steamer going from here. Messrs. F. White and J. St. Clair Blackett intend taking up a lot on the Queen, which sails on Sunday. They will open a feed store, or rather a feed tent, and remain there all winter.

A MISGUIDED GOLD SEEKER.

Among the passengers for the West via the C.P.R. express, says the Winnipeg Free Press, was a young man whose baggage was addressed to "Clondyke." A Free Press reporter interrogated the young man regarding his trip and the expectations he had of making a fortune. The result of the conversation went to conclusively prove what many thought, viz., that a large number of people who had a severe attack of "Clondyckitis" were going to the land of promise without the slightest idea of what they were undertaking.

"Why, I expect to pick up enough gold in the next year or so to keep me comfortably fixed," said the gold seeker. "I left New York the other day and came up by the C.P.R. to avoid any long journey by water. How much farther have I got to go anyway? I've been travelling about four days now, and don't appear to be much nearer my destination."

When asked where he got his information about the country he replied that it was in the New York papers, and that he knew all about it. The scribe endeavored to enlighten the New Yorker regarding the difficulties to be encountered in the trip before him, but the fortune hunter laughed at the advice and said he would be digging gold on the banks of the Clondyke in twenty days. He had no outfit beyond a rifle and bed clothing.

There is no article in the line of medicine that gives so large a relief for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and...

A Pair of Pants

Made from Hair Line Stripe, solid Worsted, in 15 designs.

Shorey's Make

can be bought retail for \$3.75....

Worth \$6 made to order.

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WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

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VICTORIA, B.C. AGENTS.

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Men and women who can work hard talking and writing six hours daily for six days a week, and will be content with ten dollars weekly. Address NEW DEAN CO., Medical Building, Toronto, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE—Cheap for cash—100 acres in Clover Valley; 200 sold miles from New Westminster. 25 from Vancouver, one mile from G. N. Ry., trams, barn and stable 70x35; spring creek; trees from barn; fruit and orchard; suitable for mixed farming; on main road. Terms cash. Address A. Apple, Clover Valley, B. C.