

COERCION CARRIED.

A Majority of Eighteen Votes for the Second Reading of the Remedial Bill.

Plenty of Conservative Place-Hunters Without Any Liberal Defections.

British Columbia Members All Vote to Oppress the Sister Province.

Ottawa, March 20.—Amid the closing scenes of the debate on the second reading of the remedial bill this morning, Clarke Wallace took young Tupper to task for having said in the house the other day that he agreed with Sir John Thompson to abide by the decision of the judicial committee of the government. There was no such arrangement, as Sir John Thompson did not expect that it would ever come up as a political question. His (Wallace's) views were well known. On the 12th of July last he showed his speech, which he intended delivering in Ottawa, to Premier Bowen, at the same time telling him that if there was anything in it that was inconsistent with his position in the government he would resign. Premier Bowen said he did not think it would come before parliament. Turning from Tupper, Wallace refuted the statement of McGillivray that Margaret L. Sheppard was not at Bracebridge, in North Ontario, and he said that McGillivray knew she was there. McGillivray had told him during the North Ontario election that he was going to vote against remedial legislation. Several times before Wallace spoke the government was asked to adjourn, because the official reporters had been continuously on duty without any rest. This Foster refused to do. They were determined to force it through the house. Dr. Borden and some others who had speeches prepared and were anxious to deliver them gave up on account of the amendments. Sam Hughes, amid great uproar, proceeded to announce his position, as McGillivray and he would vote against the six months' bill. He was opposed to separate schools, but would not vote for the amendment, which was going to defeat the bill. It was impossible to hear his remarks amid the slamming of desks, but he held forth for three-quarters of an hour. The division was at last reached, and the bells rang at 4 minutes past 5. The vote on Laurier's amendment was: Yeas, 91; nays, 115; majority against 24. The vote on the main motion was 112 for second reading and 94 against; majority for the bill, 18.

On Mr. Laurier's amendment, "that the bill be read this day six months," the division was as follows: Yeas—Allan, Bain, Bechard, Beth, Bennett, Bernier, Borden, Bosth, Bourassa, Bowers, Bowman, Brodeur, Brown, Bruneau, Calvin, Cameron (Huron), Campbell, Carroll, Carscallen, Cartwright (Sir Richard), Casey, Charbonneau, Charlton, Choquette, Christie, Cookham, Coltery, Craig, Davies, McArthur, Edger, Edwards, "Ansel," Featherstone, Flint, Forbes, Fraser, Geoffroy, Gibson, Gilmer, Goubout, Grieve, Guay, Harwood, Henderson, Hodgins, Innes, Leclerc, Langer, Laurier, Lavigne, LeDuc, LeGendre, Corbould, Costantini, McDunnell (Huron), Maclellan (York), McCarthy, McGregor, McMillan, McMillen, McNeill, McShane, Marston, Miguault, Mills (Bothwell), Monet, Mulock, O'Brien, Patterson (Brant), Perry, Prefontaine, Probst, Rider, Rinfret, Rosmond, Sanborn, Scriber, Semple, Somerville, Sproule, Stubbs, Sutherland, Tarte, Tyrwhitt, Wallace, Weldon, Welsch, Wilson, Yeo. Total, 91. Nays—Angot, Angers, Baird, Barbour, Beausoleil, Bellefleur, Bergeron, Bergin, Blanchard, Boyd, Boyle, Burnham, Cameron (Inverness), Cargill, Carignan, Carling (Sir John), Carpenter, Carson (Sir A.), Chesley, Cleveland, Cookham, Cochrane, Corbould, Costantini, Dail, Davin, Davis, Lelisle, Desjardins, Devlin, Dickey, Dugas, Duval, Dyer, Earle, Fairbairn, Ferguson (Huron), Foster, Frochette, Fremont, Gillies, Girouard, Grandbois, Grant (Sir James), Guillet, Haggart, Haslam, Hammond, Hughes, Hutchins, Ingram, Ives, Lachapelle, Jones, Kaulbach, Kenny, Lacombe, Langerin (Sir Hector), Lavigne, Leclaire, Lepine, Lippe, Macdonald (Kings), Macdonell (Algonia), Macdowall, McAllister, McDonald, (Asquith), McDonald (Victoria), McDougall, McDonald (C.B.), McGillivray, McCreedy, McCreedy, McCreedy, McKay, McLean (Kings), McLennan, McLeod, Mara, Marshall, Masson, Metcalf, Miller, Mills (Annapolis), Monaghan, Northrup, Oimet, Patterson (Colchester), Pope, Powell, Priddy, Prior, Putnam, Reid, Robillard, Robinson, Roome, Ross (Dundas), Ross (Essex), Ryckman, Smith (Ontario), Stale, Tupper (Sir Chas.), Tupper (Sir C. (Renfrew), Wilmut, Wood, Total, 115. The Conservatives, including McCarty, O'Brien and Stubbs, the McCarty party, who voted for the amendment were as follows: Wallace, McCarty, Sproule, O'Brien, McNeill, Cookburn, Weldon, Tyrwhitt, Maclellan, Hodgins, Bonnet, Tyrwhitt, Henderson, Stubbs, Rosmond, Carscallen, Calvin and Craig. To these were added the votes of Ross (Dundas), Hughes and McGillivray, against second reading, making 21 voters on the Conservative side. The Liberals who opposed Mr. Laurier's amendment were seven: Beausoleil, Fremont, Delisle, McIsaac, Vallancourt, and Angers. The same Liberals voted for the second reading. There are three vacant constituencies—Pontiac, Soulanges and Missisquoi. The absentees were Montague, Denison and Corby. Sir Donald Smith was paired with Mr. Rowland. Denison and Corby would have voted against the bill if present. As for Montague, if present, he would have voted for the bill. The result of the vote stands as follows: For the bill, 112; against the bill, 91; absentees, 3; nays, 115; total, 215. The vote was therefore a large one. All the members west of Ontario except Martin voted for the bill. Dr. Weldon was the only Conservative member outside Ontario who voted against the bill.

LATEST FROM LONDON

Notes From the Transvaal—Venerable Bishop Dead—Mr. Bayard's Censure.

More About Venezuela—Egyptian Debt Commissioners on the Nile Expedition.

London, March 21.—The Evening Standard publishes a dispatch from Johannesburg saying that the Diggers' News, of that place, announces that Mr. John Hays Hammond, an American engineer and member of the Reform committee, now on trial, repudiates the letter which appeared in some American newspapers purporting to have emanated from him. A fresh outcry is being raised against the alleged Americanizing of the Rand by mining magnates, who, it appears, have adopted the method of placing machinery orders in the United States instead of England. It was pointed out that the directors of English companies are also directors of American companies. Venerable George Anthony Denison, archdeacon of Taunton, is dead, aged 91.

MISSION RAIDED.

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BAYARD CENSURED.

Resolution passed by a Decisive Vote in the House.

THE POOR EASTERNERS.

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BRITISHERS ARE READY

Great Enthusiasm Prevails in Cairo Over the Prospects of Fighting.

Action of the Government Called to Question in the House of Commons.

Communication From Italy Influenced the Decision of the Government.

Cairo, March 20.—The British and Egyptian troops are drilling daily. Englishmen are enthusiastic at prospects of fighting. The natives are not so jubilant. War correspondents of the London press are most active of all in preparations for the campaign. Many serious minded observers predict that an attempt to carry England's long matured policy on the Sudan into effect will provoke a European war such as will afford Russia and France the opportunity they have been yearning for. London, March 20.—Under secretary of state for foreign affairs, Mr. George N. Curzon, answering a question in the house of commons this afternoon, said the decision of the government in sending British-Egyptian troops to Dongola was considerably influenced by a communication from Italy relative to prospects of a Derwish attack on Kassala and the effect it might have upon Egyptian interests. The house was occupied for an hour to-day with various questions put by Mr. John Morley, Sir William Harcourt and Mr. John Dillon regarding the Egyptian Nile expedition and the understanding with Italy in regard to the steps taken. Mr. Morley, during his remarks on the subject, pointed out the unfortunate nature of the expedition decided upon by the government, saying it was not only a derogation of the pledge of Great Britain that she would not assume a protectorate over Egypt, but, he added, was likely to withdraw from that country some of the benefits and blessings of British administration of its affairs. London, March 20.—The Conservative leader and first lord of the treasury, Mr. A. J. Balfour, appeared in the house of commons to-day with his right arm in a sling. Mr. Balfour, who is an enthusiastic bicyclist, had a fall while out riding, and sprained his right arm and wrist. London, March 20.—A dispatch to the Globe from Cairo says: The Khalifa has proclaimed a Jihad (holy war) against Egypt and has called all Derwishes capable of carrying arms to enlist under his banner. The dispatch adds: It is stated that Osman Digna has accepted the offer of the Khalifa to join the Derwishes now mustering at Dongola. London, March 20.—Mr. Samuel Plimsoll, the originator of the "Plimsoll mark" to prevent the overloading of ships, is dangerously ill. He was formerly a member of parliament and once president of the National Amalgamation of Sailors and Firemen union of Great Britain and Ireland. He wrote "Our Seamen" and "Cattle Ship." He was born in 1824 and went into parliament in 1865. He was a member of the cabinet. Mr. Plimsoll was instrumental in bringing about the passage of several amendments to shipping laws. Dublin, March 20.—In the bye-election just held in South Lough, Mr. McGhee, Nationalist, was the successful candidate. The result was as follows: McGhee, Nationalist, 1626; Nolan, Parsonell, 1249; Cally, Independent, 467. Anti-Parliamentary majority last election, 302.

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CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

Will Proceed to Winnipeg With the Saviors of the Conservative Party.

It Will Be Similar to the Force of the Famous Reciprocity Hunt.

They Hope Mr. Greenway Will Give Them Some Pretext to Abuse Him.

Ottawa, March 21.—There was a meeting of the cabinet this forenoon, when the question of sending delegates to Winnipeg was up for consideration. Premier Bowen, who has been ill, was present at the meeting. While it is expected that the delegates will leave on Monday, it is not yet definitely settled. Messrs. Dickey and Desjardins will likely be the delegates. If full arrangements are not made for their going on Monday, Mr. Desjardins will go ahead of Mr. Dickey and prepare the way for him, as Archbishop Langevin is said to be opposed to the conference. It is thought that Mr. Desjardins may succeed in having him converted to their idea before Mr. Dickey reaches Winnipeg. It is not known yet who of the Liberals, if any, will go. The whole affair is viewed here as a farce. What the government is in hope of doing is the same as when they went to Washington in regard to obtaining reciprocity. They are hopeful of picking something out of Mr. Greenway which will assist them in coming back here and abusing him so as to call upon their forces to put through the coercion bill. Mr. Greenway ought to be as careful of them as he would be of political burglars. Later—Lord Aberdeen this afternoon signed a commission appointing Messrs. Dickey, Desjardins and Sir Donald Smith commissioners to go to Winnipeg to meet Mr. Greenway's government in regard to the school question. They will report to the cabinet on their return. They leave on Monday.

THE DIVIDED BOOTH.

The Departure of the Booth-Tuckers From London For New York To-Day.

The General Confident That Ballington Booth Will Return to the Fold.

London, March 21.—There was a large gathering of members of the Salvation Army at the Waterloo railway station to-day to bid farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Tucker, who sail for New York from Southampton in order to assume command of the "forces" there. At nine o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Tucker, their two children and Major Milan, Sister Felice of the Italian Salvation Army, who is accompanying the Booth-Tuckers to the United States, arrived at the railway station and were greeted warmly by their fellow workers. Booth-Tucker, in an interview at the station, said: "Our plan, primarily, is this: We hope to induce Ballington to return to the fold and make him most liberal offers. Failing this, we have great belief in the efficacy of prayer and shall labor with him in a prayerful spirit. We have great hopes of his sister's influence, as he is very fond of her, and this may prevail with the conduct of the militia operations and in the active pursuit of the insurgents now going on. Encounters with the enemy are of daily occurrence and the troops are repulsed in almost every instance, victorious. All reports circulated that it is the intention of the captain-general to resign are classed as untrue. Most complete harmony prevails between the captain-general and the officers under his command, and General Weyler enjoys the full confidence of the Spanish government, and officials here. A detachment of troops near Cardenas, province of Matanzas, has captured 151 cases of ammunition, 20 boxes of accoutrements and two boxes of cartridges and caps. These supplies, evidently intended for the insurgents, were found in three boats which apparently belonged to some filibustering steamer. The Spanish cruiser Infanta Isabella has left Matanzas for Varadero, near Cardenas, which is the nearest place to the spot where the three boat loads of supplies of the enemy were captured. The steamer Earncliffe has been lost off Cape Cruz, province of Santiago de Cuba. Recent sales of autographs in London show that Mark Twain's signature is worth twelve shillings and sixpence, Bret Hart's eight, Andrew Lang's six, and Rider Haggard's three. For some inscrutable reason Mrs. Humphrey Ward's signature is considered worth six shillings, while Southey's is only fifteen.

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AGAINST SEAL SLAUGHTER.

Carloads of Petitions to the American Senate Against the Bill.

It Will Be Similar to the Force of the Famous Reciprocity Hunt.

They Hope Mr. Greenway Will Give Them Some Pretext to Abuse Him.

Washington, March 19.—Protests against the bill to exterminate Alaskan seals have been received here by the carload. It is remembered that a bill has already passed the lower branch of congress, but that it is not yet authorized for the killing of all seals in American waters. This step was taken because the British government has bluntly refused to cooperate with the United States in protecting seals swimming in waters of the Canadian and Alaskan coast. Much money has been spent by Uncle Sam in past years to maintain a supply of seals. We were protecting English seals, too, without an aid whatever from the English government. This session of congress, however, awakened to the fact that Uncle Sam has been doing all this protective work, and that Great Britain was reaping a part of the harvest. After some discussion a bill was framed and passed by the house ordering every seal within one month killed except those which are in the protection of the fur-trade. Senator Mitchell of Oregon, has introduced a bill in the senate appropriating \$30,000 for the erection of a quarantine station at Astoria, Or. It reads as follows: "That the sum of \$30,000 be lawfully appropriated for the purchase of site, erection of buildings, pier, disinfecting apparatus, launch and other appliances for the establishment of a quarantine station during the fiscal year 1897, and that said station be maintained and operated under the provisions of the quarantine laws of the United States. "Sec. 2. That the secretary of the navy be authorized to transfer to the secretary of the treasury, for the use of this quarantine any vessel which has been condemned as unfit for naval purposes."

SEVENTY YEARS AGO.

Since Gold and Silver Ore Was Found in the Rockies.

At the present time when so much is being done to develop the mines of British Columbia, the following article published in the British Colonist of September 21st, 1826, regarding the first discovery of ore in British Columbia, may prove of interest: "McTaggart, in his three years in Canada, published in London in 1826, states that in 1825 or 1826, both silver and gold were found in the Rocky Mountains. In the year 1826, McTaggart met at LePrallre a respectable young man, who had just returned from a distant excursion in the fur trade; from whom he received an account of his journey, and embodied it in the shape of a letter for the information of the government. In that letter we read (vol. 1, p. 50 and 51)—After considerable travel and fatigue, we camp upon the Rocky Mountains, alias the back bone of America; and, as you may expect, all my mineralogical science was brought into full requisition. My bag is full of the rarest specimens, and what will astonish the sons of Mammon, I have both gold and silver ores. In fact, I collected the mountains to be much more valuable than the Indies." In what part of the Rocky Mountains these specimens were found, the letter does not state; but as the fur trade came into the country, the way was made to call upon their forces to put through the coercion bill. Mr. Greenway ought to be as careful of them as he would be of political burglars. Later—Lord Aberdeen this afternoon signed a commission appointing Messrs. Dickey, Desjardins and Sir Donald Smith commissioners to go to Winnipeg to meet Mr. Greenway's government in regard to the school question. They will report to the cabinet on their return. They leave on Monday.

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A PRIEST.

It was intended.

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