

PROBS. Moderate northwesterly and northerly winds; fair and cool.

Senate Reading Room 1 Jan. 14 1922 SENATE P O

SEVENTEEN PAGES—MONDAY MORNING JULY 21 1913—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXIII—No. 12,041

MADERO'S WIDOW AND BROTHERS NOW SAY THAT HE WAS KILLED AND THAT HUERTA IS ASSASSIN

Widow Says Former President of Mexico Was Murdered in Bed and Proves It by Pictures—Says Huerta Is Unfit to Be Executive Head of Mexico.

Alfonso, Eldest of Seven Living Brothers, Says Huerta Was Recognized Under Force of Arms, and That American Consuls Were Ordered to Meddle.

(Special to The Toronto World.) WASHINGTON, July 20.—Senora Madero, widow of the President of the Republic of Mexico, in an interview given out here today, declares that her husband was brutally murdered in his sleep in the rooms of the superintendent of the palace, where he was a prisoner, and not killed while being conducted to prison, as was given out at the time. Her statement seems to have been made public as a part of the propaganda which is being conducted here to forestall possible recognition of the Huerta government by the United States.

Senora Madero declares that when her husband was shot he was not clothed. This she tries to prove by photographs of the room he occupied in the palace, from which he was taken to the prison, where it was said he was shot. He had only one suit of clothes, Senora Madero declares, and this suit is shown in the photographs of the room.

"My husband was slain in the rooms of the superintendent of the palace while he was asleep," said Senora Madero, "and there were several pieces of circumstantial evidence to prove it, as well as the repeated boasts in the streets in Mexico by Cardenas, then captain, now colonel, that he is the man who did the killing. This man has even exhibited the knife with which he stabbed my husband, and the revolver with which he struck him on the head while he was sleeping."

"Gustavo Madero, my brother-in-law, had been slain at the arsenal four days before. When my husband was arrested and conducted to the rooms of the superintendent of the palace, we feared the worst. I tried to see him; they would not let me. I tried to send him food and they would not let me, until the last day.

"No Bed Until Last Day. For the first couple of days of his imprisonment he had to sleep on a bench, and they would not let me send him a bed until the last day. On that day I was given the details of the plot had been concluded, and they wanted him to have a bed and to be asleep that night in it with Pino Suarez.

"The tragedy occurred about 10.30 or 11 o'clock the night of Saturday, Feb. 22. Ten minutes later it was whispered.

(Special to The Toronto World.) NEW YORK, July 20.—The following interview with Don Alfonso Madero, eldest of the seven surviving brothers of the murdered president, is the first authoritative expression of their views:

"The time has come when every Mexican should declare himself. We speak only for the younger generation, the brothers of the late president—have remained silent to this time because we did not wish to give rise to any suspicion that we sought only to avenge our brother. I speak now only because my unfortunate country appears to be approaching a crisis.

"Our sympathy has been, quite naturally, with the forces fighting to uphold constitutional government in Mexico. The movement led by Gen. Carranza has not only our sympathy but our hearty moral support. One of our brothers, Julio, has gone to join Gen. Carranza's staff. The rest of us are here or in Texas. Each one is responsible for his own movement, and each one, I am sure, is doing his duty as he sees it, and may be counted on to serve his country in the way which seems the most effective."

Don Alfonso Madero made the foregoing statement unhesitatingly to a World reporter on the day following the recall of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson. Time and again since coming to New York after the murder of his two brothers in Mexico City, Senor Madero has replied to all questions: "Not yet, but the time may come when I can talk." Meaning he fitted up a modest office on the thirteenth floor of No. 32 Broadway and settled down with his father, Francisco Madero, Sr., to direct as best they might the complex business affairs of the Maderos in the northern states of Mexico.

Every time the Maderos have been asked about affairs in their country, they have answered as to the point of bursting from impetuosity to declare themselves openly with the revolutionary cause—only they do not call

"I myself," said he, "feel that those guilty of this high-handed iniquitous business have gone beyond their legal scope. I am informed on good authority that we have excellent grounds for a legal battle."

With Township Clerk Alex. McPherson in the chair, the meeting was called to order. The arrival of Dr. Winter, who it is alleged, secured the controlling interest of the cemetery, and who is interested in the firm of subdividers, soon brought down on him an excited group, demanding to know where he got the right to utilize 40 odd acres of property which for 20 years had been registered as a cemetery, as subdivision property. In situations of underhand methods and grafting were openly hurled at him, while one lady grew openly vehement in her expressions as to what some people would do for the almighty dollar.

"You're not only trampling on the living, but on the dead," said she. An exciting technical argument was indulged in by Drs. Winter and Hamilton, as to the legality of the proceedings.

"The Cemetery Act prohibits just such proceedings as these," declared Dr. Hamilton, "and has never been repealed."

"Yes, but we got a new charter from the government, giving us the power to sell the land. It has the signature of the Hon. Mr. Hanna, that overrides the Cemetery Act. We operated under the charter of a joint stock company."

"Your bill never got its first reading in parliament," countered Dr. Hamilton, "it was thrown out in the private bills committee."

"Yes," assented Dr. Winter, "but we got our charter all the same."

Kept the Doctor Busy. Throughout the whole proceedings Dr. Winter was kept busy answering excited questions thrown at him by members of the assembly.

AMERICAN CONSULS ORDERED TO MEDDLE IN MEXICAN POLITICS

The following telegram has been quoted through Mexico as evidence of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson meddling in that country's internal affairs. It was posted outside the American Consulate in Monterey:

"TELEGRAM RECEIVED FROM AMBASSADOR WILSON, MEXICO CITY, BY CONSUL-GENERAL HANNA, MONTERREY: 'MEXICO CITY, D.F., Feb. 21, 1913, 4 p.m.

"American Consul-General, Monterey: 'You are requested to inform all consular officers under your jurisdiction by telegraph as follows:

"Provisional government installed yesterday with Gen. Huerta as president. Reassuring reports come from other places. President Madero is a prisoner awaiting the decision of congress in his case. Senate and house of representatives in full accord with the new administration.

"You should make this intelligence public, and IN THE INTERESTS OF MEXICO urge general submission and adhesion to the new government, which will be recognized by all foreign governments today."

The back of the sheet from which this copy was taken bears the stamp: 'CERTIFIED FEB. 21, 1913. U. S. CONSULATE GENERAL, MONTERREY, MEX.'"

THE TURKS ENTER ADRIANOPLE AFTER DEFEATING BULGARIANS

Troops Are Burning, Pillaging and Committing Atrocities, and Events of Last Few Days Indicate Complete Collapse of the Authority of Europe.

(Special Cable to The World. Copyrighted by The Toronto World and N. Y. World.) ROME, Monday, 6 a.m., July 21.—A despatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, dated Sunday, reports:

"The Turks have entered Adrianople after a short conflict with the small Bulgarian defending force.

"The Bashibazouks are burning, pillaging and committing atrocities.

"Roumanian troops are advancing in an easterly direction, threatening eastern Roumelia.

"The events of the last few days indicate a complete collapse of the authority of Europe."

DORAN'S BODY IS FOUND IN RIVER BASEBALL GIRLS' TEAM LOBBED

No Trace Has, However, Been Discovered of Men Said to Have Accompanied Him. When Boy Pulled Off a Wig and Disclosed a Closely Cropped Bullet Head.

(Special to The Toronto World.) WASHINGTON, July 20.—The first inning of a baseball game between the "bloomer girls" and a team of young men in the old Union League Park here this afternoon ended in a riot when the 4000 fans who had paid 35c each to see the "girls" play ball saw the "girl" who was playing in centre field throw the ball home all the way from the farthest part of the middle pasture. The fast and suspicious of whistling on the face of the muscular blonde lady who was capering about third base started the trouble.

A small boy who had slipped under the side lines sidled up to the third baseman and when the latter was watching the batter reached up quickly and grabbed the mop of heavy blonde hair which rolled in lovely Marcelle waves under the baseman's cap. One sharp jerk and cap and hair came away, exposing a closely cropped cranium of the bullet type.

Simultaneously a youth in the grand stand shouted, "Hey, look at the pitcher. She's chewin' tobacco!" Then the 4000 fans surged upon the field in one swiftly moving mass. A police captain and half a dozen patrolmen were swept away by the rush to intercept the "bloomer girls," who already had started for the gate. They reached it ahead of the crowd, but none too soon, for hardly had they dashed thru and across the street to the club house than the vanguard of the crowd began to throw things. Bricks, pop bottles and whatever came quickest to hand showered upon the little building in which the "girls" had barricaded themselves. While Captain Daley and his men vainly tried to quiet the enraged fans, the police managed to save the "girls" from injury.

The accused still stoutly maintains that Doran on the night of the murder was in the company of a woman, who transferred himself to another skiff occupied by two men, and proceeded up the river again. This was the last he saw of his companion, who he stated was a few hours before, fishing. The men were unknown to Empey, but Doran is alleged to have been quite friendly with the pair, calling one of them "Fred." The police have been absolutely unable to establish the identity of the strangers or find the least trace of them.

Doran and Empey worked together on the same floor as molders for seven years, and there is nothing to show they were not the best of friends. The dead man was a lifelong resident of Brockville, and was about 40 years of age. His wife and family have been living for some time on an island, Ohio, where he supported them.

NEW BULGAR CABINET. SOFIA, July 20.—(Can. Press.)—The new cabinet under the leadership of M. Radostoff, the Liberal leader in the Bulgarian Parliament, has been constituted as follows: Premier and minister of the interior, M. Radostoff; minister of foreign affairs, M. Guentcheff; finance, M. Toncheff; justice, M. Pecheff; war, Guentcheff; commerce, M. Blatoff; public works, M. Dimcheff; railways, M. Morphoff.

BI GFIRE AT INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANAPOLIS, July 20.—(Can. Press.)—Fire which threatened an entire block, caused a loss estimated at \$500,000 in the wholesale district here tonight. The cause of the fire is not known.

TEACHERS OUGHT TO INTERCHANGE SAYS PYNE

Suggestion Made at Imperial Union in London Moves Watson Raine of Montreal to Remark That Ontario Is Greatest Obstacle to Reciprocity of Teachers.

LONDON, July 20.—(C. A. P.)—Queen Amelia of Portugal successfully inaugurated an imperial union of teachers on Saturday at the annual meeting of the teachers' association, which is being attended by 3000 delegates from all parts of the empire. The Earl of Meath took the chair, and Hon. R. A. Pyne, minister of education for Ontario, extended an invitation on behalf of his government to the teachers' association to hold the next imperial conference in Toronto in 1916. He said he could assure them of a warm welcome and that everything would be done to make the meeting successful.

He hoped one of the subjects discussed would be reciprocity among the teachers. If some scheme could be brought into being whereby the well-trained teachers of Great Britain, Australia, Canada and New Zealand, etc., could get their qualifications recognized in every part of the empire, it would be a great advantage.

Ontario to Blame. Watson Raine of Montreal said the great obstacle to reciprocity in the teaching profession in Canada was the Province of Ontario. He would like the minister of education for Ontario to take the first step toward establishing reciprocity in Canada. He believed reciprocity, like charity, began at home.

Professor Gardner of London University proposed in view of the great advantage to education and the teaching profession generally, that teachers should gain experience in other countries than their own, and the dominion governments be urged to grant them special facilities for gaining professional experience when visiting any part of the empire. The resolution was carried unanimously.

Completion of Dreadnought Cruiser Marks Last Stage in Construction of Naval Defence Unit.

LONDON, July 20.—(C. A. P.)—Australia is forging ahead with the preparation of her naval defence and today the last section of her fleet unit, the Dreadnought cruiser Australia, is all completed for sea. She leaves Portsmouth for her new home port, Sydney, in charge of Rear-Admiral Sir G. Patey, who is first admiral of the first dominion fleet. The light cruiser Sydney, which will accompany her, arrived in their home waters will bring the Australian navy up to a very respectable strength.

The sister ship of the Sydney, H. M. S. Melbourne, is already in commission there with three ocean-going destroyers and a third light cruiser, H. M. S. Brisbane, and three more large destroyers are now being built at Cockle Island yards in Sydney harbor. The Light cruiser Encounter, has been lent temporarily to the Australian Government by the home navy, and the small cruiser Pioneer has been given to Australia, each for the purpose of training and enrolling Australian seamen.

THIS LADY FOUNDED "THE HUNGER STRIKE" Miss Elsie Mackenzie, One of England's Militant Suffragettes, Will Address Meeting.

Toronto women may hear Miss Elsie Mackenzie, the woman who first thought of the hunger strike, as an effective weapon toward gaining the suffrage, when she speaks in the Frances Willard Hall, 22 Gerrard street, this evening at 8 o'clock.

The subject of Miss Mackenzie's address will be, "Is Militancy in England Necessary," and she invites questions on the subject of women suffrage, which may lead to discussion. The meeting is under the auspices of the Toronto Vigilance Association.

Greece and Turkey to Sign Peace

ATHENS, July 19.—(Can. Press.)—Peace between Greece and Turkey is about to be concluded tomorrow. The Hellenic plenipotentiaries started from here today for Constantinople to sign the treaty.

BRYAN FAVORS A SUZERAINTY

Latin Republics in Vicinity of Panama Will Be Controlled and Another Canal Barred.

(Special to The Toronto World.) WASHINGTON, July 20.—The recommendation urged by Secretary Bryan, with the approval of President Wilson, before the United States Senate's committee on foreign relations on Saturday, that an American protectorate be established over Nicaragua, with responsibility for national indebtedness, is regarded as the forerunner of a general policy under which the turbulent Latin republics in the vicinity of the Panama Canal may be better controlled.

It is believed the same suggestion eventually will be made for similar suzerainty over such small governments as are susceptible to foreign influence, or subject to frequent revolutions. Its extension to Honduras, it is believed, would be inevitable, as that republic is in the same situation as Nicaragua—helplessly involved in debt.

The reason for protecting Nicaragua is regarded as self-evident. The United States will receive an exclusive permit for all time to construct an interoceanic canal thru Nicaragua. This will forever bar a rival waterway to the Panama Canal. In addition, opportunities will be afforded for the erection of great fortifications to defend the east and west approaches to the Panama waterway. Possession of the Pacific will be given the U. S. for a naval base.

Mrs. Pankhurst's flat is in a narrow, dimly-lighted street, near parliament. A cab stopped in front of the building shortly before midnight. The three detectives on duty observed two women alight and proceed to the second floor, where the Pankhurst apartments are located. Their suspicions were immediately kindled. They blew their whistles for police reinforcements and awaited developments.

Clash With Supporters. Simultaneously a party of fifty men and women, including a number of stout navvies, gathered at the entrance. A veiled woman, leaning heavily on her supporters, descended the steps. Immediately there was a clash between the police and the organized forces of the militants. Two detectives managed to cling to the cab. After the taxi had rounded the corner the crowd scattered and the street resumed its normal appearance. The lights in the Pankhurst windows continued to glow, and within half an hour the detectives reappeared and resumed their investment of the premises.

In the meantime, however, the flat was unguarded, and later it began to dawn on the police that probably they had been hoodwinked. There were lights in the Pankhurst flat again tonight, and there were detectives in the streets, but all information was refused.

Many mail boxes in London and the provincial cities were partly destroyed during the night, it is believed, by suffragettes.

NEVER PLAY CARDS FOR MONEY STAKES

Duke of Connaught Gives Denial to Story That Prince Arthur Was a Loser.

The Toronto World has received the following letter from Lt.-Col. H. C. Lowther, secretary to H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught: "The attention of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught has been called to a paragraph in The Toronto World of June 25, headed, 'Prince Arthur is Unlucky at Cards.' 'His royal highness desires me to give an absolute denial to the statements contained in the said paragraph. Neither his royal highness himself nor Prince Arthur of Connaught were at Windsor Castle, or near it, during Ascot races, and their royal highnesses never play cards for money except an occasional game of bridge for very modest stakes."

The paragraph referred to was sent to The World in its special cable correspondence. While regretting the error in statement, The World cannot help rejoicing in the opportunity which calls forth such an explicit statement of the attitude of the royal family towards the vice of gambling.

STILL HOOKING ON MY DAUGHTER (The Telegraph)

Finds Mayors in tree, (Land) Butchers in running brooks, South York in stones, Donlands in every thing.

MRS. PANKHURST ESCAPES THRU WILY RUSE

Police Arrested a Veiled Woman Who Emerged With Halting Steps From Suffragette Leader's Apartments and Were Slow to Discover Error.

LONDON, July 20.—(Can. Press.)—Again Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the suffragette leader, has succeeded in outwitting the police. It was thought that she had been placed under arrest last night, but it was another woman, impersonating Mrs. Pankhurst, whom the police captured in a taxicab, and took part way to Scotland Yard. Then they discovered the mistake and liberated their prisoner.

It was thought at first that the whole affair was a hoax, but it developed into an apparently well-laid scheme whereby Mrs. Pankhurst could escape from her flat by another passage while her impersonator was luring away the police. It is believed that she got away safely during the melee.

A Clever Impersonation. Late last night a woman emerged from the militant leader's flat. She walked feebly and was supported by two friends, who assisted her into a taxicab. The detectives, who had guarded the building night and day since Mrs. Pankhurst escaped in the riot after the meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union on July 12, instantly concluded that Mrs. Pankhurst was attempting to flee. They jumped into the cab as it was driving off, and ordered the driver to proceed to Scotland Yard. Before they reached their destination they lifted the veil and discovered that their prisoner was an unknown woman. There was nothing for them to do but to release her, as she had violated no law.

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HURL BOMBS IN LISBON STREETS

Policeman Killed and Others Injured—Many Arrests of Advanced Radicals Quieted Disorders.

LISBON, July 20.—(Can. Press.)—An organized attempt at bomb throwing in various parts of the city at dawn this morning, was frustrated by the police, who had been warned and were on the look out. They captured several automobiles, in which they found baskets of bombs, and arrested a large number of persons who had gathered in groups in the streets.

While the police were engaged in operations, shots were fired and several persons were wounded. One bomb, thrown from an automobile, exploded, killing a policeman and injuring others. A man dressed as a sailor and carrying a bomb, was arrested while attempting to enter the barracks.

Many of those taken into custody are said to belong to the advanced radical party.

Some children playing in the streets, later in the day, found two bombs. A boy hit one of the bombs with a hammer and it exploded, wounding him severely.