the member nations, on their approach to the problems which will face the organization. There is need not only for discipline in accepting agreed decisions, but there is an equal need for restraint on the part of the majority in deciding on particular courses of action. If it were possible to concentrate on positive problems, on problems which can be solved at this stage within the organization as it stands rather than on condemnatory or idealistic schemes, the effectiveness of the organization would be greatly improved.

In the fields assigned to the Economic and Social Council, the International Court and the Secretariat, there probably will not be startling developments but continued expansion. Here is unspectacular but solid work for the organization which, over the years, contributes powerfully to human welfare and helps also in improving the prospects of peace. I am confident that by 1965 the achievements of the Organization will have become even greater and more impressive and will have gained wider recognition.

Looking forward in 1955 to the future in 1965 I am more confident than ever that the 1945 ideals remain valid and that the instrument which was developed to achieve them is adequate for the purpose if we agree to use it sensibly, wisely and consistently. In any event, it remains - as it always has been - our best hope for progress toward international co-operation and friendship. As such it continues to deserve, and I hope will receive, the support - strong and unswerving - of all peoples and governments everywhere.