PARKS' COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

COTTON WARP.

White, Blue, Red, Orange and Green, Nos. 5's to 10's. Warranted Pull Length and Weight. Stronger and better in every respect than any other English and American Warp,

#2" Renaire of Indutions. None is genuine without our name on the Label.

COTTON CARPET WARPS.

Made of No. 8's Yarn 1 Ply Twisted, White, Red, Orange, Brown, Slate, Blue, Green, &c. All Past Colours,

Beam Warps for Woollen Mills.

ANY WIDTH AND NUMBER OF YARN.

WARRANTED TO WEAVE WELL.

GREY COTTONS.

We would ask the attention of purchisers to the Grey Cottons we are not include This Article is manufactured on or

AMERICAN COTTON.

Which is much superior to the material used in making English Grey Cotton.

It will be found quite as cherp, and really we can marrier than any other Cotton in the market.

14 All our goods have our name upon them, and are warranted to be all that we chim for them. They are sold by us only to the

WHOLESALE TRADE.

from whom Country Merchants can always obtain them by ask in špietala, vok žijem

> WM. PARKS & SON New Brunswick Cotton Mills!

The British Empire of to-day.

Empire recalls the splendid rhetorical figure of Daniel Webster about the dram-beat of its armies, awakened by the sunrise, re-echoing from hand to land, till it incircled the whole empire on the globe, that of China, which is calculated to have 477,500,000 of people. Russia, which stands third in the list, has short of 80,000,000-only about a third of the numerical size of Great Britain. The United is about 178,000. States is the seventh nationality in point of numbers, but in the course of a dozen years will probably stand next to Russia. The area of the British Empire is put down at 7,769, 449 square miles, which makes it a trifle (in the midst of such figures) smaller than the Russian Empire, now possessing 7,862,568 square miles. The United States is the third in landed possessions-3,578,392 square miles and Brazil is the fourth, having within about 200,000 square miles of our own extent of territory. The subjects of Queen Victoria are said to live in 44,142,651 houses, which, if the figures are accurate, can give but little practical idea either of value or comfort, for they would comprise dwellings of all grades from Holland House to the hut of the Hindoo or the New Zealander. Such, however, are the statistical outlines of the British Empire of to-day, the richest and most imposing, if not the most powerful materially and intellectually, of any age, and immensely superior to the great empires of antiquity.

The centre or hub of this vast nationality is the United Kingdom, which has but 121,008 habitants up to 731,528 in Victoria. The smother ranch in Cameron County, on which he square miles-which is almost exactly the

The recently published census of the British 260 persons to the square mile in the United Villages. In addition are the Island of Cey-Kingdom, but only 38 to the square mile lon, with over two millions of people, Sing throughout the empire. In some parts of the colonies, however, as in some portions of India, the density of population is greater than striking. globe "with one continuous and unbroken it is in England or Scotland. The European | strain of the martial airs of England." The portion of the British Empire, aside from the Queen of England now rules over 234,762,593 home region, consists of but three little dots. souls. There is only one other more populous as it were: Heligoland, with five square miles of territory, Gibraltar, with less than two, and Malta with 115 the last two being military stations, with garrisons amounting to some 14,000 men. The total population of the three

> In crossing the Atlantic a very different state of things is seen. In the Canadas or the Dominion, as it is now called, a population but slightly exceeding that of Scotland, inhabits a country ten times the extent of Scotland and is increasing steadily, but not rapidly, at something like an average rate of 14 per The total population is 789,670, inhabiting an area of 3,376,925 square miles: nearly the extent of the United States. The only other British possessions on the main land of the Americans are British Honduras, having 377 whites, and Guiana having about 200,000 inhabitants, including 50,000 'immigrants from Asia," or coolies. West India Islands with 13,169 square miles and about a million of people, and the little Falkland Islands, with 803 inhabitants, close the list of British American possessions.

On the African continent and adjacent is lands the English claim to be masters of 236,-860 square miles of territory, peopled by L-\$13,450 inhabitants. In Australia we find six Christi he will probably find a market for divisions, ranging all the way from 24,000 in-some of them. He has recently purchased greatest of all the British colonial possessions, has 10,000 more of cattle, and attached to size of our Territory of New Mexico, or about however, is India, whose population is reck-1 which is about 10,000 acres of land,

the same as the combined area of New Eng- oned at 191,307,050, distributed over an area land, New York and New Jersey. There are of 958,366 square miles and inhabiting 487,061 apore, Malacoa, Hong Kong, Ac. Truly, Mc. Webster's ineigery was as correct as it was

A Great Cattle Ranch.

C. C. Fulton writes to the Baltimore American: What is regarded as the greatest of the cattle ranches in Southern Texas is that of Captain King, located in Nences County, about thirty-eigh/miles southwest of Corpus Christi, on Santa Gertrade's creek. It is undoubtedly the preffiest homestead in the country, surrounded by all the comforts and luxuries that money can purchase, indicating a fine taste on the part of the proprietor and his family. which is not usual among the cattle ranches of Texas. Captaca King has an enclosed pasture of 70,000 acres, though he owns about 150,-000 acres of land in Neuces and Duval Counties. The entire stock held by him at the present time is 50,000 head of cattle, 20,000 head of sheep, and 10,000 head of horses. He overstocked his enclosed pasture to such an extent last fall that he was compelled to turn a great many out of the range again, although he sent 4,000 head to Kansas and slaughtered 4,000 head for their hides and fallow. He disposes annually of about 8,000 head of cattleeither by sale or slaughter, notwithstanding which his stock is steadily on the increase. If the shipping of stock is commenced at Corpus