The Archbishop of Canterbury has been speaking lately against the two Houses of Convocation in England. His grace thinks that one for all England would be much better. As long, however, as there are two Archbishops the two Houses are natural; but why need there be two ecclesiastical provinces in one country? Why, in Canada, is the great North-West isolated from us by the formation of a separate province? American Church people have an immense advantage in their one, consolidated Church, co-extensive with the nation itself. When it speaks, it speaks as a unit.

THE income of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel a hundred years ago was \$5,464. It is now more than \$118,000, yet this does not in any degree keep pace with the increasing wealth of the Church during that time. This venerable society is making preparations to assist in the centenary of the Colonial Episcopate which will be held in Halifax next August. Is the committee, appointed at our own Provincial Synod, as yet doing anything regarding this important movement? The following is the resolution which was passed relative to it:-"That a special Commemorative Service of Thansgiving be held at Halifax on August 12, 1887, the completion of the First Century of the Episcopate commenced by the consecration, on August 12, 1787, of the first Bishop of Nova Scotia; and that the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, of Armagh and Dublin, the Primus of Scotland, and the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, be requested to make such arrangements as may be practicable for a simultaneous commemoration in England and throughout the British Empire."

THE lamented death of the Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter, which occurred on the second of this month, calls to mind the historic character of the Diocese of New York, of which he was bishop. One hundred years ago (Feb. 4th, 1787), Dr. Provoost was consecrated first Bishop of New York in Lambeth Chapel, by Dr. John Moore, Archbishop of Canterbury. He, along with Dr. William White, of Pennsylvania, and Dr. David Griffith, of Virginia, had crossed the Atlantic to receive the precious boon of succession which belonged to the Anglican Church. Dr. Provoost, as being the senior of the three in years, was the first to be consecrated. After a tedious and tempestuous voyage, in which the newly made bishop was so ill that it was feared he would not survive, the three prelates arrived safely in their own country, to join with Bishop Seabury in planting the Apostolic Episcopacy firmly on this continent. The bishops of New York from the first are as follows:-

Samuel Provoost, D.D	Consecrated	1787
Benjamin Moore, S.T.D.	64	1801
John Henry Hobart, D.D.	66	1811
Benjamin Tredwell Onderdonk, ST.D	66	1830
J. M. Wainwright, D.D., (Provisional)	66	1852
Horatio Potter, S.T.D., LL.D., D.C.L	**	1854
Henry Codman Potter, D.D., nephew of		
above, and present bishop	**	1883

A GENEROUS GIFT.

THE sum of \$2,000 was given anonymously to St. Thomas' Church, St. Catharines, Ont. We are glad always to chronicle such noble gifts. It has been the means of placing a struggling church in good condition for future work.

ARCHBISHOPS OF CANTERBURY.

The heritage of historical standing which the Church of England can never give away is clearly seen in the following list of the Archbishops of Canterbury, from the year A. D. 597 till now. No break occurred in this great list of names. No indication is given of a "new church" being formed at the Reformation or any other time. The church remained the same, but the Reformation restored her to primitive practices and doctrine. Thomas Cranmer was Archbishop through those troublesome and trying days, but no change occurred in his position, and his successors have been regularly consecrated since his time as well as before. The following is the list:—

tollowing is the list :—	
Began.	Began.
I. Augustine 597	48. Richard Kilwarby, 1272
2. Laurentius 605	49. John Peckham 1279
3. Millitus 619	50. Robt. Winchelsey. 1293
4. Justus 624	11. Walter Reynolds. 1313
5. Honorius 631	52. Simon de Meopham 1327
	53. John Stratford 1333
6. Deusdedit 655	54. John de Ufford 1348
7. Theodore 668	54. John de Onord. : 1346
8. Berhtuald 693	55. Thos. Bradwardin, 1349
9. Tætwine 731	56. Simon Islip 1349
10. Nothelm 735	57. Simon Langham 1366
11. Cuthbert 741	58. William Wittlesey. 1368
12. Breegwine 759	59. Simon Sudbury1375
13. Jaenberht 763	60. William Courtenay. 1381
14. Æthelheard 790	61. Thomas Arundel1396
15. Wulfred 803	62. Henry Chicheley. 1414
16. Fleogild 829	63. John Stafford 1443
17. Ceolnoth 830	64. John Kemp 1452
18. Æthelred 870	
19. Plegemund 891	65. Thomas Bourchier. 1454 66. John Morton 1486
	67. Henry Dene1501
20. Æthelm 923	68. William Warham 1503
21. Wulfelm 928	69. Thomas Cranmer. 1533
22. Odo 941	
23. Alsine 958	70. Reginald Pole1556
24. Dunstan 959	71. Matthew Parker1559
25. Æthelgar 988	72. Edmund Grindal. 1575
26. Sigeris 990	73. John Whitgift1583
27. Aelfric 995	74. Richard Bancroft 1604
28. Elphege1006	75. George Abbott1611
29. Lyfing 1013	76. William Laud 1633
29. Lyfing	77. William Juxon1660
31. Eadsige 1038	78. Gilbert Sheldon 1663
32. Robert 1050	79. William Sancrost 1677
33. Stigand1052	80. John Tilletson1691
34. Lanfranc 1070	81. Thomas Tenison 1694
34. Lanfranc . 1070 35. Anselm 1093	82. William Wake1715.
36. Ralph de Turbine. 1114	83. John Potter 1737
37. Wm. de Curbellio1123	84 Thomas Herring 1747
38. Theobald1139	8r. Matthew Hutton 1757'
39 Thomas a'Becket. 1162	85. Matthew Hutton 1757' 86. Thomas Secker 1758
40> Dichard 1174	87 Fred'k Cornwallis, 1768
40. Richard 1174 41. Baldwin 1185	87 Fred'k Cornwallis. 1768 88 John Moore 1783
41. Daidwin	
42. Reg. Fitz-Joceline. 1191	89 Charles M. Sutton 1805
43. Hubert Walter1193	90 William Howley. 1828
44. Steven Langton 12C7	91. John Bird Summer. 1848
45. Rich'd Wethershed.1229	92. John Langley1862
46. Edm. de Abbendon. 1233	93. Archibald C. Tait. 1868
47. Boniface of Savoy1245	94. Edward W. Benson 1883