Miscellaneous.

Literally Frightened to Death.

No amount of experience will teach fools that guns should not be pointed at people in play, and that to 'frighten' a woman by way of joke may mean homicide. A girl of 18, named Harriet E herington, has just been frightened to death at Brockley. She was walking on a lonely road beside a cemetery, when a man with something white round his face 'flew out at her.' Probably the neighborhood of the graves may have disposed her to be readily alarmed. She went home, told her story, and fell dead at her father's table. There is a class of idiots who think it amusing to play on the nerves of women in this manner. To be frightened by a person in a hideous disguise who leaps out suddenly in the dark, a girl need not be superstitious, or inclined to believe in churchyard spectres. The suddenness of the attack may startle even a man of strong nerve for a moment. To a girl, still more a child, such an attack may mean simply murder. When other children are guilty of this peculiarly cruel and senseless joke their ignorance is their excuse. They can hardly be expected with their limited knowledge and dormant imagination to foresee the dangerous results of their amusement. When a man is the joker it is ardently to be hoped that he may fall into the hands of a stronger than he, armed with a sufficient stick and skilled in its use. Such a one should assuredly not spare for the crying of the hardened fool who makes himself a nuisance to the neighbourhood, and who in this case has brought grief to a respectable family.—*London Daily News.*

How to Escape Nervousness.

The first prescription is an ample supply of pure, fresh and cool air. The nerves will always be weak if the greater part of the day and night be passed in close, ill ventilated and over-heated apartments. The nerves, more than the rest of the body, to be properly nourished, require a full supply of oxygen. They will not endure vitiated air, whether the impurities come from sewers, gaslights, subterranean furnaces or the individual's own person, without making an energetic protest. A gas-burner consuming four cubic feet an hour produces more carbonic acid in a given time than is evolved from the respiration of eight human beings. Bear this in mind you who are suffering from nervousness, that when you have shut yourselves up in your rooms and lighted an argand burner (which consumes about twelve cubic feet of gas per hour) you are to all intents and purposes immured with twenty-three other persons, all taking oxygen from the atmosphere. Is it a wonder that after several hours' exposure to the depraved air your nerves should rebel, as far as your weak state permits, and that your head should ache, your hands tremble, and that your daughter's playing on the piano almost drives you wild?—*Our Continent.*

What They Both Thought.

It was twenty-five minutes past seven. The buggy was at the door, to take him to the train. His hand was on the knob. 'Good-bye,' he called out. There came from somewhere up stairs, through the half-open door, a feminine voice, 'Good-bye;' then he had gone out in the glad spring air, odorous with the foretokens of coming life and musical with the songs of the nest-builders. But there was no song in his heart, no spring hope and light in his life, as he took the reins out of the groom's hand and spoke to his impatient horse a sharp 'Get on?' And as he rode through the royal avenue that led up to his house, this is what he thought:

If I had been a guest, Martha would have been up and dressed. She would have sat at the table and seen that my coffee was good, and my eggs hot, and my toast browned. And I should have at least a parting shake of the hand, and a hope expressed that I would come again, and perhaps a wave of the hand kerchief from the balcony. And I should have carried away with me that smile that is brighter than sunshine, as the last gift of her gracious hospitality. It is a chance if she would not even have proposed to ride to the station with me, to see me off. For she knows, if ever women did, how to welcome the coming and speed the parting guest.

But I am only her husband; and I can eat my breakfast alone, as if I were a bachelor, and get my coffee muddy or clear, hot or cold, as Bridget happened to make it; and take eggs hard or soft, and toast burnt or soggy, as it chances to come from a careless cook. And nobody cares. And when I go, 'Good-bye' is flung after me like a dry bone after an ill cared for cur. Heigho! What's the use of being married, anyway?

And this is what she thought as she put the last touches to her hair before her glass, and tried hard to keep the tears back from her eyes before she went down to see that the family breakfast was ready.

I wonder if Hugh really cares anything for me any more. When we were first married he never would have gone off in this way, with a careless 'Good-bye' tossed upstairs as he might toss a well cleaned bone to a hungry dog. He would have found time to run up and kiss me good-bye, and tell me that he missed me at breakfast, and ask was I sick. He is gracious to his friends; a perfect gentleman to every one but his wife. I believe he is tired of me. I wish I could let him go. It would be hard for me; but it would be better for him!—Well! well! I mustn't think such things as these. Perhaps he does love me after all. But—but—it is coming hard to believe it.

And so with a heavy heart she went to her work. And the April sun laughed in at the open windows, and the bird chirped cheer to her all day, and the flowers waved their most graceful beckonings to her in vain; all for the want of that farewell kiss.

Oh! husbands and wives, will you never learn that love often dies of slight wounds; that the husband owes no such thoughtful courtesy to any person as he owes his wife; that the wife owes no such attentive consideration to any guest as she owes to her husband; that life is made up of little things, and that oft-times a little neglect is a harder burden for love to bear than an open and flagrant wrong:—*Christian Union.*

Agricultural.

Farmer's Review.

KITCHEN AND MARKET GARDEN.

Corn-planting time which is readily ascertained for each locality, is the earliest period at which it is safe to risk plants that are natives of warm countries.

Succession crops of those things which are in perfection but a short time such as peas, radishes, spinach, etc., should have a fresh sowing made every week.

Beans are easily killed by frost, and, while a few may be risked for very early, the main crop should wait for settled weather. For Limas, make well-manured hills four feet apart each way and set the poles, but do not plant the beans until the weather is 'set fine.' Put in five or six beans to each hill, pressing them into the mellow soil with the eye downward. When well established pull up all but two or three of the strongest plants. They sometimes require to be helped in climbing the poles.

BEETS.—The first sown must be thinned as soon a large enough, leaving the smaller kinds four or five inches apart. Handle the thinnings carefully, keeping the tops all one way, for use as greens.

CARROTS.—The main crop is usually sown this month though some sow as late as the middle. Use an abundance of seed, in order that the young plants may break through the ground freely. Thin sowing is a frequent cause of failure, as the young plants, being very weak and slender, cannot make their way through the soil that covers them.

CELERY.—The seeds, if not already planted, should be sown at once, in rows a foot apart. The seed is slow in germinating, and on account of frequent failures many prefer to buy the plants. Much of the success in raising the plants depends upon rolling or otherwise bringing the soil in close contact with the seed after sowing. Keep clear of weeds and thin the plants to two inches apart in the row.

CORN.—The general crop of sweet corn is put in at 'Corn-planting time,' but it is well to risk a small planting somewhat sooner. The chance of having a picking a week earlier is worth risking a little seed.

CUCUMBERS.—Plants from seeds sown on sods or in pots, may be planted out as soon as danger of frost is over. Make well manured hills four feet apart each way. Sow seeds in similar hills. The pickle crop is not usually sown before July. Use an abundance of seeds, as insects will demand a large share of the young plants. On a small scale, the best protection from insects is to cover the hills with a bottomless box or frame, with millinet or some such fabric over the top. In field culture Paris Green is used. Fine slacked lime or a mixture of ashes and plaster freely dusted over with young plants will keep off the flea.

LETTUCE.—Transplant to rich soil, a foot apart each way; hoe often. Sow seeds of India or other late kind.

Melons require the same treatment, and are attacked by the same insects as cucumbers.

PARSLEY.—Sow, if not already done. When large enough, transplant. It makes a pretty edging in the kitchen garden.

PARSNIPS.—Some prefer to wait until the soil is warm, we usually sow among the earliest things in order to get strong plants before drouths come.

PEAS.—'American Wonder.' and other dwarf varieties may be sown wherever there is room. Tall varieties should have the earth drawn to them, and given some support before they fall over with their own weight, as it is then difficult to make them cling to the brush. In localities where brush is scarce, a wire trellis, made as described elsewhere will be found an excellent substitute.

Potatoes should have early atention to save them from the beetle, and the more thoroughly the first brood of insects are poisoned, the smaller the next.

RADISHES.—Sow frequently for succession.

RHUBARB.—Never cut the leaves, but separate them with a side-wise pull. Cut the flower-stalks when they first appear, and continue to do so.

SQUASHES.—If seeds of bush sorts were started under glass, plant out, and sow seeds in in hills or rows, thinning to 18 inches apart. Use plenty of manure. Superphoshate helps them. Winter Squashes.—Manure the whole plot, and give the hills or rows a little good fertilizer. Make hills eight feet apart and put in dozen seeds at every four feet. As soon as the plants appear, dust with ashes and plaster; hand pick squash bugs, and if the 12 spotted squash beetle appears, give it poison. A single strong plant, or at most two in a place, will be enough in a hill.

TOMATOES.—Set out when frosty nights are no longer feared. It is well to have a reserve stock of plants to guard against accidents. Where there are few sets they may be protected as described elsewhere. In garden culture support the vines on some kind of trellis, which should be put in place when the plants are set out. Those who require but a few plants, usually prefer to buy, rather than to be at the trouble of raising them. It is better to procure potted plants, even if the price is much higher than that for the crowded drawn-up things usually sold.

TURNIPS.—Sow the Ruta bags sorts the last of the month or the first of next. For table use, the White French, though not the largest is the finest flavored. Rich soil, clean culture and thorough thinning are needed.

Put soap suds from the wash-house round the young grape vines every week.

A good mess of carrots keep the horse in good condition.

SKIMMED MILK FOR HENS.—There is nothing better for laying hens in the spring than milk, after the cream has been taken off.

— Seedy customers — Nurserymen.

DYE WORKS,

GILBERT'S LANE, - - - SAINT JOHN, N. B.

MEN'S CLOTHES, of all kinds, CLEANSED or RE-DYED and Pressed, equal to new LACE CURTAINS, BLANKETS, CARPETS, &c. Cleaned by a NEW PROCESS, every week day. SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, DRESS MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS DYED. FEATHERS, KID GLOVES, TIES, &c., &c, CLEANED OR DYED.

All Orders left at the following places will receive prompt attention. PRICES LOW Macaulay Bros. & Co, 61 Charlotte street; W. P. Mosse & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.; W. H. Killer, Truro, N. S.; P. H. Glendenning, New Glasgow, N. S.; Wm. Shannon, Annapolis, N. S.; Chipman & Etter, Amherst, N. S.; Miss Wright, Digby, N. S.; Robt. Young, Charlottetown, P. E. I., or at the DYE WORKS, GILBERT'S LANE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. L. LAW, Proprietor.

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BARRISTER-AT-LAW, CONVEXANCER, and REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Practise in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to.

OFFICE—Fitz Randolph's NEW BUILDING, Bridgetown. 7ly

EYE, EAR AND THROAT!

Dr. J. R. McLean,

Corner Hollis & Salter streets, HALIFAX.

Sept. 5th, 1882.—tf

Edmund Bent

LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

Sales attended to promptly in any part of the County. Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made.

Bridgetown, N. S., May, 1880. n5tf

Encyclopedia Britannica.

Subscriptions will be taken at this office. Payments are made very easy and extend over a period of five or six years, enabling a person of very moderate means to secure this invaluable work.

Various Causes—

Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light or red hair to a rich brown or deep black, as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action. It removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or the glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brashy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its results, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is colorless; contains neither oil nor dye; and will not soil or color white cambric; yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous, imparting an agreeable perfume.

For sale by all druggists.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber is ready to receive orders for STONE CUTTING and PLASTERING, and also for GRAFTING. He has received a number of choice scions of the following standard sorts—Lady apple, Newton Pippin, Seek and Canada Red. All orders promptly attended to.

WM. M. MILLER.

Cleveland, March 1st, 1882. tf

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WHY ARE

MILLER BRO'S

SELLING THE

Improved Raymond Sewing Machines Faster Than Ever?

Because the people are finding out that it is *THE BEST* Family Machine.

All kinds of S. Machines kept in Stock, (having about 20 different kinds, American and Canadian) and if after trying the Improved Raymond it does not give perfect satisfaction, will exchange for any other kind.

First Class REPAIR SHOP in connection with each office, where all kinds of Sewing Machines are repaired.

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Agents for several first class makes of

PIANOS & ORGANS.

Address:

MILLER BRO'S.

Middleton, Annapolis Co.
or, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
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LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

Is a Positive Cure

For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Women. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man, woman or child. Insist on having it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

Factory at Stanstead P.Q.—Trade supplied by Wholesale Druggists.

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JAMES PRIMROSE, D. D. S.,

(Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College.)

OFFICE.—Lawrencetown.

THE UNION MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company of Portland, Maine, U. S.,

INCORPORATED IN 1844.

JOHN E. DeWITT, President.

Government deposits at Ottawa,...$130,000.00
Assets, about.....$5,500,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities,.....$678,545.53
Dividends to Policy holders, to 31st December, 1881,.....$4,032,915.54
Total payments to Policy-holders,.....$18,579,285.07

This is the only Company that issues all Endorsement Policies, giving the benefits of the Maine non-forfeiture law, and specifying in definite terms by its Policy Contract, that there can be no forfeiture of the insurance by non-payment of premium after three annual premiums have been paid, until the value provided for is exhausted in extended Insurance.

Head office for Nova Scotia and P. E. Island: Queen Insurance Building, 177 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S.

F. E. K. MARTER, Manager.

ALBERT MORSE, Bridgetown, Special Agent.
aug24]

Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of ELIZABETH TUPPER, widow, late of Bentville, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within six months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

RICHARD J. UNIACKE, ADELBERT HARDWICK, } Executors.

Annapolis Royal, March 17th, A. D. '83—tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of WILLIAM T. CLARK, farmer, late of Granville, deceased, are requested to render accounts, duly attested to, within three months from the date hereof. And all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to

JOSEPH H. GRAVES,
CHARLES W. PARKER,
Executors.

Granville, April 3rd, '83. 3mos

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of Robert Douglas, late of Wilmot, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to JOHN H. DOUGLAS, Executor.

Wilmot, March 6th, 1883.—n48 3m

Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y.

Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Tu., Thurs. and Sat.	Passenger and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
0	Annapolis—leave.....	1 45	7 00	.....
6	Round Hill	2 10	7 25	.....
14	Bridgetown	2 33	7 51	.....
19	Paradise	2 49	8 07	.....
22	Lawrencetown	2 58	8 19	.....
28	Middleton	3 18	8 41	.....
32	Wilmot	3 30	8 56	.....
35	Kingston	3 39	9 10	.....
43	Aylesford	4 00	9 39	.....
47	Berwick.....	4 18	10 00	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	4 50	11 00	.....
	Do—leave.....	5 05	11 45	6 40
			P.M	
64	Port Williams	5 21	12 05	7 00
66	Wolfville	5 30	12 14	7 07
69	Grand Pre	5 41	12 27	7 0
77	Hantsport	6 08	1 00	7 46
84	Windsor.....	6 32	1 50	8 30
116	Windsor Junct.....	7 50	4 30	10 45
130	Halifax—arrive	8 30	5 10	11 30

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Passenger and Freight daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
0	Halifax—leave.....	7 45	7 00	3 00
14	Windsor Junc—leave	8 24	7 52	4 00
46	Windsor.....	9 48	10 45	6 03
53	Hantsport.....	10 10	11 12	6 31
61	Grand Pre.....	10 36	11 43	7 03
64	Wolfville.....	10 47	11 54	
			P. M.	
66	Port Williams.....	10 55	12 02	7 16
71	Kentville—arrive....	11 10	12 20	7 40
	Do—leave	11 30	12 45	
		P.M.		
83	Berwick.....	12 06	1 29	
88	Aylesford	12 20	1 51	
95	Kingsten	12 38	2 19	
98	Wilmot	12 48	2 32	
102	Middleton	1 00	2 20	
108	Lawrencetown	1 18	2 40	
111	Paradise	1 28	3 51	
116	Bridgetown	1 45	4 08	
124	Roundhill	2 10	4 34	
130	Annapolis — arrive..	2 30	5 00	

Express Trains cross at Round Hill.

Steamer leaves Annapolis for St. John every Tu. Thurs, and Sat. p. m.

For Digby daily.

Steamer City of Portland, leaves Annapolis for Boston every Mon. p. m,

P. INNES, General Manager.

Kentville, 1st Jan., 1883.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time, $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

NOVA SCOTIA STEAMSHIP CO.

(LIMITED,)

YARMOUTH LINE

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Two Trips a Week.

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FARE:

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Passengers by the "Yarmouth Line" leaving in the Afternoon arrive in Boston THE NEXT AFTERNOON.

TICKETS FOR SALE AND

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At the Station of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway, Bridgetown.

ASK FOR TICKETS BY THE

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E. F. CLEMENTS,
Genl. Manager,
YARMOUTH, N. S.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IN order to meet the demands of our numerous customers, we beg to announce that, we have added to our extensive

Slipper and Larrigan Factory

the necessary Machinery for the Manufacture of

Men's, Women's, Misses', & Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES

in all the leading styles.

By continuing, as in the past, to use first quality of material, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage in our new branch of business, as well as a continuance of public favor in our old business.

Vincent & McFate,

240 Union Street, St. John, N. B

AT PRIMROSE'S Drug Store

ANNAPOLIS,

Will be found the best assortment of

FANCY GOODS!

PERFUMERY, SOAPS, and all TOILET ARTICLES, EVER OFFERED IN THE COUNTY.

tf36 F. PRIMROSE.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

ADONIRAM J. SAUNDERS,

of Tremont, Aylesford, shoemaker, did on the 14th of May, 1883, assigned and set over to me all his property of whatever description, for the benefit of his creditors, certain preferential creditors named therein, to be first paid.

Said deed has been duly fyled at the office of Register of deeds for Kings County, and a duplicate thereof lies at my office in Wilmot, where it is open to inspection and signature by all parties interested therein, or desiring to execute the same.

Parties failing to execute the same within three months from above date, will not be entitled to any benefit arising therefrom.

HENRY MUNRO,
Assignee.

May 15th, 1883.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

DAVID E. McGREGOR,

of South Farmington, in the County of Annapolis, yeoman, has this day assigned to me all his real and personal property and effects for the benefit of such creditors as may sign the deed of composition within 60 days from the date thereof, certain preferential claims mentioned being first paid. Said deed has been duly fyled and recorded in the office of the Registrar of deeds for the County of Annapolis. A duplicate thereof lies at my residence in South Farmington, where it is open to inspection and signature of any person interested therein, or desiring to execute the same, within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.

ISRAEL CHUTE.
Assignee.

South Farmington, April 11th, '83. [n3

Notice of Assignment!

C. WILLOUGHBY SHAFFNER,

of South Farmington, in the County of Annapolis, Merchant, has this day assigned to me all his real and personal property and effects, for the benefit of such creditors as may sign the deed of composition within 90 days from the date thereof; certain preferential claims mentioned therein, being first paid. Said deed has been duly fyled and recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Annapolis. A duplicate thereof, lies at my residence in Nictaux, where it is open to inspection and signature of any person interested therein, or desiring to execute the same. All parties failing to execute the same within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.

ABNER B. PARKER.
Assignee.

Nictaux, April 9th, '83. 2

Notice of Assignment.

CAPT. JOSEPH REAGH.

of Middleton, in the County of Annapolis, has this day assigned to me all his real and personal property and effects for the benefit of such creditors as may sign the deed of composition within three months from the date thereof, a certain preferential claim mentioned therein being first paid.

Said deed has been duly fyled and recorded at the office of the Registrar of Deeds for Annapolis County. A duplicate thereof lies at my office, in Middleton, where it is open to inspection and signature of any person interested therein.

All parties failing to execute the same within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.

O. M. TAYLOR,
Assignee.

Middleton, May 18th, 1881.

NOTICE.—The Canada Advertising Agency, No. 29 King St., West Toronto, W. W. Butcher, Manager, is authorized to receive Advertisements for this paper.

SEND TO THIS OFFICE FOR BILL-HEADS, CARDS, TAGS, ETC.

Health is Wealth.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six bottles for five dollars sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by M. F. EAGAR for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, he will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued, and medicine sent only by M. F. EAGAR, Druggist, Halifax, N. S. 25

PAINT. PAINT.

THE BEST PAINT IN THE WORLD IS THE

AVERILL Chemical Paint.

Over $1000 worth sold in this County alone last year, and all satisfied.

It has been clearly proved that it will wear twice as long as Lead and Oil.

MIXED IN ALL SHADES READY FOR USE

S. N. JACKSON,

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R. H. BATH, Bridgetown;
N. F. Marshall, Middleton;
W. H. JACKSON, Kingston;
THOMAS ANTHONY, Berwick.

One Superior Ox Waggon for sale. mch28 13] S. N. J.

J. M. OWEN,

BARRISTER - AT - LAW,

Notary Public, Real Estate Agent.

United States Consul Agent.

Annapolis, Oct. 4th, 1882—1y

MONEY AT 6 PER CENT.

Can be obtained from the

N. S. P. B. Building Society and Savings Fund,

On real Estate Security, payable in Monthly instalments extending over a period of about eleven years.

For particulars apply to

J. M. OWEN,
Agent for County of Annapolis.

Annapolis, Feb. 27th, 1883.—6m

Fertilizers for 1883.

BONE MEAL size about Cornmeal.
MEDIUM BONE " Oatmeal.
GROUND BONE " cracked Corn.

Manufactured at our Own Works.

"Ceres" Superphosphate,

THE COMPLETE FERTILIZER.

These goods are without doubt the finest ever offered to our farmers. Send for Samples.

Jack & Bell,

HALIFAX, N. S.

dec 26—6m

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all the painful disease of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

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Marble Works.

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Of ITALIAN and AMERICAN Marble.

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ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS,

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Plain and Ornamental Stone Work,

—SUCH AS—

WINDOW CAPS, SILLS, WATER TABLES, CHIMNEY TOPS, Round & Square, STONE EDGING, STONE STEPS of any design, COPING for Cemetery purposes, BURIAL CASES, CHIMNEY THIMBLES,

Monuments & Head Stones

of all descriptions; Ornamental Vases, Drain Pipe, Flower Pots, Flagging for Walks and Platforms, and all kinds of Stone work that can be manufactured.

We will warrant this Stone to stand any kind of weather, and the longer exposed the harder it gets.

We have now in the Woodland Cemetery, Annapolis, a lot of Coping, manufactured recently, which the public can inspect for themselves.

Orders solicited—satisfaction guaranteed.

Artificial Stone Works.

Annapolis, N. S., Feb. 16th, 1881.

For the Ladies.

Housecleaning Notes.

Good fires should be kept up during house cleaning time, even though the doors and windows be kept open.

Drain pipes and all places that are sour or impure may be cleansed with lime water, copperas water, or carbolic acid.

Salt liberally sprinkled over a carpet before sweeping will absorb the dust and dirt, and bring out the colors as fresh as new.

Paper and plaster are active absorbents, and when they become thoroughly saturated with various effluvia nothing but entire renewal will cleanse them.

If the wall about the stove has been smoked by the stove, cover the black patches with gum shellac and they will not strike through either paint or calcimine.

Hot, sharp vinegar will remove mortar, and paint from window glass. Glass is best cleaned with a soft paper moistened in alcohol and water, or soda water, or cold tea, to which has been added a little powdered borax. Rub the glass carefully up and down and polish with dry paper.

Do not try to do anything else on the day set apart to clean closets; it is very fatiguing to take out, deliberate over, and put back the usual belongings of a closet. Everything should be thoroughly aired. Have just as few things as possible in the closets opening out of sleeping rooms; old shoes and soiled clothes poison the air. When the bedrooms are aired each morning the closet door should be left open that it may have its supply of fresh air.

If new paper is to be put on the wall, and you have any doubts as to the healthfulness of its coloring, take a piece to a chemist; he can at once by a simple test determine if it is wholesome or loaded with arsenic.

After washing wood work, always wipe it with a soft cloth; this prevents drops of water being left to dry on and discolor the paint. A danger which all ambitious but delicate women should avoid is trying to accomplish too much in one day. The temptation to do just one thing more and then another thing, is so great that much firmness is needed to resist it, but we must not yield.

Housework rarely kills, but imprudence frequently does. Running out doors with sleeves rolled up and head unprotected when you are heated, are needless exposures, certain to be followed by more or less suffering. Every one ought to feel that she is of to much consequence in her family to be laid aside for a day, and she owes it to those who love her, even if they do not say much about it, to take the best possible care of herself.

—I've admired an unknown woman all winter,' remarked a man the other day, 'she was stylish, well dressed carried herself well, but I heard her speak to-day and the charm vanished.' 'What did she say?' some one asked. 'Only two words. A companion in a stage asked her a question, to which she replied in the affirmative: 'You bet?'

THE SARCASTIC YOUNG WOMAN.—Insufferable though the giggling, gushing girl may be, she is angelic when compared with her sarcastic sister. The sarcastic girl is, in some instances, the product of a hasty or ill-advised compliment paid her by some thoughtless admirer on her making some spiteful criticism or some rude remark concerning an acquaintance or companion. She has not the ability to distinguish between impudence and satire, and it is an easy task to convince her that ill-bred rudeness of speech is the perfection of irony, and that to say spiteful and unpleasant things to everybody she meets is sure to give her the reputation of being sarcastic. She eagerly cultivates her fancied talent, not allowing an opportunity to exercise it to pass unimproved, and she generally succeeds in making herself heartily disliked by those who are unfortunate enough to be numbered among her acquaintances. Young men who are generally sensitive to ridicule avoid her systematically. She attributes this to the wholesome fear in which she is held. The family think her brilliant when everyone else pronounces her insulting.

Her sarcasm generally degenerates into into insolence, and she is regarded as a pest. Without friends she becomes lonely and dissatisfied, but is still far from guessing the true reason of her forlorn state, for her petty vice has become a second nature, and she can not estimate its disagreeable effect upon others.

Domestic.

AMBROSIA.—Peel and slice as many oranges as you choose; make alternate layers of slices of orange, powdered sugar, and grated cocoanut. Have the cocoanut on top. Arrange in a glass dish for dessert or tea.

SUET PUDDING.—One cup of suet, one cup of raisins, chopped, three cups of flour, one cup of milk, one-half cup of molasses, one tea spoonful of soda, and a little salt. Put in a pail, cover tight, set in water, and boil three hours. To be eaten with sauce.

INDIAN PUDDING.—Stir seven tablespoonfuls of corn meal, carefully sifted, into a quart of milk, scalded; add a teaspoonful of salt, a tablespoonful of ginger, a small lump of butter, a teacupful of molasses and one well-beaten egg. Bake three hours. Eat with a sauce.

STEWED BEEF STEAK.—Take a large, thick slice of beefsteak, salt and pepper, then spread on dressing of bread prepared as you would to stuff fowls, roll up, and tie to hold together. Fry a slice of pork, take out the pork and put in the beef and fry brown, then add a little water and stew two and one-half hours, or until the beef is tender. Good, cold or hot.

—Never wash raisins when they are to be used in sweet dishes. It will make the pudding heavy.

Joker's Corner.

How Two Smart Alecks Gave Themselves Away Telegraphically.

A well-to-do young man recently, married and started West on his bridal tour. The happy young couple were breakfasting at a station eating-house. During the repast two smart Alecks came into the dining room and seated themselves opposite the contracting parties. They were telegraph operators. By delicate poising of their knife and fork they were able to make sounds in close imitation of telegraphy. In the mystic language of the key one said unto the other:

"Ain't she a daisy, though?"

The party thus addressed replied by clicking off:

'Wouldn't I like to hug and kiss her, the little fat angel?'

'Wonder who that old bloat is that she has married?'

'Some gorgeous granger, I reckon!' replied the other.

The groom stood it until forbearance ceased to be a virtue, when he also balanced his knife, and click, click, it went, in rapid succession. It was intelligable to the very cute twain that had recently made fun of its author. When interpreted it read:—

'DEAR SIRS:—I am superintendent of the telegraph line upon which you work. You will please send your time to headquarters and resign your respective positions at once. Yours, Superintendent of Telegraph.'—*Lowell Courier.*

—In one of the pleasantest cities in Connecticut, a distinguished clergyman in the leading church had one morning finished his sermon when, one of his much impressed hearers came forward to thank him for it, and this dialogue followed:

'It is fifteen years since I heard you last. In this very place, fifteen years ago, I heard you preach a sermon that I have never forgotten. It did me more good than any sermon I ever heard. It stuck by me, and I have always wanted to thank you for it.'

'Ah, indeed!' replied the pleased preacher. 'Such evidence of my poor labor is very grateful. I should like to know what sermon it was. Do you remember the text?'

'Well, no, I can't tell what the text was now, but it was the greatest sermon I ever heard. It just lifted me. I never forgot that sermon.'

'I should really like to know what sermon it was,' replied the clergyman much interested in so decided a case of the power of the pulpit. 'If you can not recall the text, what was the subject of the sermon?'

'Well, now, doctor; it's gone from me; I forget what the text was, and I can't rake up the subject now; but I tell you it was a great sermon. It did me more good—it was the most powerful discourse I ever heard. I sha'n't forget it if I live to be eighty.'

'But can't you recall anything in it? You excite my curiosity. Can't you give me a clew that will identify it?'

'No, I can't tell what was in it exactly, the subject has slipped out of my mind. I don't know exactly what you said, but it was a magnificent sermon. It did me more good than all the preaching I ever heard. It has just staid by me for fifteen years.'

'And you can not recall a word that will help me to identify it?'

'Well, I can't now bring up what it was about, but I remember how it wound up. You said, 'Theology ain't religion—*not by a—