THREE BUSY STORES,

228, 230 and 232 Dundas Street, London.

A SURPRISE

In store for all Fair Visitors who will visit the "Three Busy Stores' before going home. Our goods and prices will demonstrate to you that you have the opportunity of getting First-Class Millinery, Furs and Fancy Drygoods at from 15 to 25 per cent less than you can buy at other stores.

An Interesting Sale of Silks and Satins.

Black, Fancy and Plain Colors. 75c TAFFETA SILKS, in all the

best colorings; for 59c yard. 75c Fine Black Taffeta Silks, for

23-inch Jap Silks, in black and colors, only 25c yard. 27-inch Jap Silks, in all colors, 39c

50c Satin, in fine colors, special

price now, for 25c yard. Extra fine line of Black Satin, for 50c yard. Wide width.

Children's White Pinafores.

Special line Embroidery-trimmed, regular 35c, for 19c each.

Men's Bicycle Hose, travelers'

Children's Navy Blue Cloth Tams, trimmed gold braid, regular | 50c each. 39c, for 25c each.

samples, worth 50c, for 25c pair.

in Our Velveteen Department.

We are showing 22-inch Velveteen, in black and colors, regular 35c line, for 25c vard.

A very beautiful line of Silk-finish Velveteens, 24 inches wide, in black and colors, 50c yard. A special line of Silk Velvets, we

are making a run on, at 39c yard.

Ladies' Blouse Waist Department.

Special of Heavy Black Satanna Waists, tuck stitched, with white silk in front; regular \$2 goods, our price \$1 25 each.

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Special line of Ladies' Fine Walking Hats, ready to wear, cheap at \$1 25; our price 89c and 97c each.

Look Out for Our Clearing Sale of Gents' Furnishings---Everything to Go.

This is a sample of what we are going to do. Big saving in this department now.

Men's Navy Blue Top Shirts, 29c each. Men's Fancy Top Shirts, lace front, 25c.

Men's Very Heavy Top Shirts, dark colors, fancy mix, cheap at 50c,

Men's Cardigan Jackets, 75c, for 50c each. Men's Cardigan Jackets, 90c, for 60c each. Men's Cardigan Jackets, \$1, for 75c each.

Men's Cardigan Jackets, \$1 25, for 90c each.

TRAVELERS' SAMPLES in Men's Black Cotton Hose, 15c, 17c, 20c, 25c pair

ROYAL VISIT TO THE DOMINION

A Brilliant Reception Arranged All Along the Route.

Who Come With Their Royal Highnesses.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Sept. 14.—The preparations for the welcome of the royal visitors with his deceased brother. On July 6, 1893, he married H. R. H. Victoria the whole route to be traversed by them. Never has greater enthusiasm beer shown for distinguished visitors to Canada or greater determination mother will cavil at the shortness of evinced to demonstrate the welcome which is theirs. Their royal highnesses will, it is believed, arrive at Quebec, the ancient capital of Canada, on time-that is, on September 16. There will be a naval as well as a civic flemonstration in their honor, Quebec, with its romantic and historic surcoundings, being admirably adapted for spectacular effect, and no effort is being spared to make the welcome truly Canadian in its warmth. Montreal will be the next stopping-place, and here the entire city is being prepared to intensify, if that were possible, the cordiality of which the populace will greet the heir to the British throne and his charming wife. While in Montreal, the royal party will most appropriately be the guests of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, who has come specially to Canada to aid in doing honor to the distinguished visitors. Here, in Ottawa, the magnificent Parliamentary Buildings, on the even- has edited the "Colonial Office List, ings when the royal party are at the capital, will be illuminated as they have never been before. They will be mass of splendor, eclipsing even the Pan-American display in point of wonderful electrical effects. This is rendered less difficult because of the unexcelled situation of the government ment, and what with electrical illumon the principal thoroughfares, and of the success of the demonstration in capital of the Dominion. After they leave here, the royal visitors will make magnificent special train placed at their service, the next regular stopping-place being Winnipeg. Though I have tour.

be interesting to contrast the account of the Times, and corresponds for his paper during the this occasion, with the story which tour. place being Winnipeg. Though I have no doubt there will be brief stops at all the leading towns passed by day en route, it is not probable that the delay will be greater than to enable the peo-

ple to get a glimpse of the prince and his charming consort. It will be pretty

near the middle of October before the

 \emptyset fore they sail from Halifax, N. S., for Newfoundland, and then home the duke and duchess will make the most of the time at their disposal, and will visit many central points in the eastern portion of the Dominion.

The Dominion cabinet ministers, along shadow of a foundation. with the lieutenant-governor and gov-ernment of Quebec, will unite with the governor-general in welcoming their royal highnesses upon their arrival. and it is expected that Premier Lau-rier will join the royal party and ac-Some Gossip About the Notables company them across the continent, afterwards giving them a Scotch convoy as far as Newfoundland.

> Everyone knows that the Duke of York is the son of King Edward, and that his name is George Frederick Ernest Albert. He was born on June 3, 1865, and when but a lad visited Cancoming as far west as Hamilton Mary of Teck, and they have four interesting children, who, in their absence, are being well taken care of by the queen grandmother. The youngest is only 18 months old. No Canadian the visit of the royal couple when they are seized of this fact.

The suite of the royal visitors embraces a numerous and distinguished company, composed of members of their highnesses' permanent house-with special additions chosen with great care for this tour only. Never before have they had such a large personal following. Their household numbers nineteen, and they have twenty-eight servants, including six The governor-general's maids. to accompany their royal highnesses will embrace eight or ten persons, and

they have seven servants. Lady Mary Lygon, lady-in-waiting to the duchess, has been long a close associate of her royal highness. Since her marriage she has been a member of her household. It was with great reluctance that the princess consented to her temporary absence as mistress of Government House at Sydney dur-

ing her brother's term as governor-general of New South Wales. The duke's secretary for official business is a Scot-Sir John Anderson, of colonial office. He was secretary to Mr. Chamberlain at the conference of colonial premiers four years ago, and is credited with a more thorough acquaintance than any other official with the personnel of the various colpointment brought with it his G. C. M

Sir Donald Mackenzie Wallace, K. C. headquarters. The citizens are cor- I. E., is a Scotsman, a bachelor, a dially co-operating with the govern- traveler, a journalist, an official, and is distinguished in all departments. His inations, great arches at many points official life was covered by the period when he acted as private secretary to novel fireworks, there can be no doubt | two viceroys of India-Lords Dufferin and Lansdowne-and when he was athonor of the duke and duchess in the tached as political officer to the staff of the Czarewitch during his tour in Ceylon and India ten years ago. For their way across the continent on the some years he has been editor-in-chief of the foreign department of the Times,

> Sir Arthur Bigge, who occupies the very important post of private secre-tary for personal affairs to the duke, has the distinction of having learned his business in the very best school, having served in a similar capacity to

vas disbanded at her death, the King, having his own private secretaries already about him, suggested Sir Arthur for his present position.

As the chaperone of Lady Mary Lygon comes Lady Latherine Gray Coke (pronounced Cook), daughter of the second Earl of Wilton, and wife of Hon, Henry John Coke, to whom she was married in 1861. Lady Katherine was lady-in-waiting to the Duchess of Teck, and has seen as much of Princess May almost from the time of her birth as if she had been her own daughter. Lady Katherine is pos-sessed of very considerable dramatic talent, which she has apparently trans-mitted in full measure to her one daughter, Sybil Mary (wife of Lieut. Col. Chas. Crutchley), who has the reputation of being, perhaps, the best amateur actress alive. Lady Katherine is greatly devoted to music. She was one of the earliest friends of Sir Arthur Sullivan, and, perhaps, the sincerest mourner at his funeral.

Prince Alexander of Teck, C. V. O., is the popular and agreeable brother of the duchess, and is acting as A. D. C. to his brother-in-law. He is a captain in the 7th Hussars, and served in Matabeleland and South Africa, whence he returned last year. From an article on Prince Alexander, by "Banjo" Paterson, the well-known war correspondent, I take the following: "Alexander of Teck is about 28 years of age, tall and well set up, with the swarthy complexion of a Spaniard. He quite won the hearts of the New South Wales troopers with whom he was associated, and when he left the Inniskillings to go to Mafeking, the men of the New South Wales squadron turned out on their own initiative to give him a cheer on his departure—a thing that steadfast qualities were recognized as was not known to happen to any other marking him for high places of reofficer in the campaign. While on the march he roughed it as much as His modest worth as a soldier was anybody. He and some other young known to President Lincoln, and he anybody. He and some other young officers shared a small cart, which carried their belongings, i. e., their canvas sleeping valises, cooking pots, tinned meat, etc., and if, as often happened, they were sent out on outpost duty and got separated from their cart, he and the others were quite prepared to roll a blanket round themselves and lie down on the wet ground among the men without anything to eat. If young Teck found himself cartless at night he did not stand on his royal dignity or expect to have things brought to him because he was a prince; no, he hustled round with the rest to raise a spare blanket or a horserug to keep himself out of the bitter cold, or the leg of a fowl or a half-tin of bully beef to eat, and when he had his goods at hand he was always ready to lend in his turn. He had previously seen active service, and is, in fact, very well up in his profession. He has a fair share of humor, too. One day, near Bloemfontein, a troop of Australian horse were on outpost duty on a hill in sight of the Boer position. The next hill was occupied by Teck with his troop of Inniskillings, and when the Boers began to move about on their hills the Australian Horse officer galloped over to Teck in a great state of excitement, and asked for advice. He was only a young volunteer officer, and felt the responsibility very keenly, and was anxious to get some approval of th way he had placed the men, because if the men were cut up he would be responsible. He was starting to explain how he had placed them when Lincoln. Teck interrupted, "Tell each man to get behind a rock and shoot for all he's Creek (Oct. 19), Capt. McKinley served worth; that's all you can do." "Well, I've done that," said the Australian officer, "but what should I do myself while the attack is on? What would you do if you were me?" "I would lie flat on my face till the danger was Then, when you're quite the Boers are running, get up and have shot at them," and, as anyone who knows him well, with the best results. The other brothers are very good soldiers, and the extraordinary story that one of the Tecks was responsible for the Sanna's Post disaster has not the

The Hon. Derek Keppel is the duke's equerry. Handsome, and very much of the exquisite, he nevertheless, like his elder brother. marle, is a type of the best of sporting Englishmen. One of the principal functions of an equerry is to wear a multitude of uniforms (not all at the ne time, of course), and to look well in each of them; and, as everyone who knows him will tell, the Hon. Derek home Keppel has ability in this respect which amounts to positive genius. The family has "colonial" traditions, Mr. Keppel's mother having been the daughter of Hon. Sir Allan Napier Mcthe daughter of Hon. Sir Allan Napier McNab, Bart., one time prime minister of ton, of Canton. (Two daughters both Nab, Bart., one time prime minister of ton, of Canton. (Two daughters both Canada. He is 38 years of age, was to Mr. and Mrs. McKinley—Katie in 1871, and Ida in 1873—both died in early Carrington. For the rest, he is credited with an absence of "side,"

Commander Sir Charles Cust, R. N. served as equerry to the Duke of York for nine years. He is the eldest son of Leopold Cust, Bart., was born in 1864, and succeeded his father at the age of fourteen. He is a popular member of the Naval and Military Club.

Viscount Crichton, one of the A. D. es, is the eldest son of the fourth Earl of Erne. He is captain in the Royal Horse Guards, is a festive bachelor, and a good sport. He is Irish.

Lord Wenlock possesses all those qualities which should make him an ideal chief of staff-suave, smart, socially alert, abundantly tactful. He was governor of Madras for five years, and has had a certain amount of parliamentary experience, having sat for Chester as a Liberal. In 1872 he married Lady Constance Lascelles, daughter of the fourth Earl of Harewood. Although connected with the Grosvenors-his mother was daughter of the second Marquis of Westminster-he is blessed with only a very moderate allowance of this world's goods. he stands high in favor with the King is evidenced by his elevation to the Privy Council a few days before the

Hon. Mrs. Derek Keppel is a sister of Lady Carrington. She has at least one thing in common with the duchess -she had to say good-bye to a very young baby when she came abroad.

Rev. John Neale Dalton, M.A., C.M. G., precentor and canon of St. George's, Windsor, like Sir Arthur Bigge, nas had a long association with royalty. His first post was that of a tutor to Prince Albert Victor and Prince George of Wales, whose "governor" he was on board the Bacchante. It will Canon Dalton supplied of the cruise of the Bacchante. The canon, who has now passed his threescore years and ten, was one of the three divines who recently assisted the rites at the funeral of the late Queen at Frogmore.

party get back from the Northwest the late Queen. The son of a north and British Columbia, in which far-off country clergyman he entered the spontaneity await them, and then there will be only a few days left be-

1880, when, at the age of 31, he was appointed groom-in-waiting, rising step by step to the private secretaryship. When the household of the late Queen was disbanded at her death, the King, the marriage market. Rumor, indeed, has already associated his name with that of a charming American heiress.

> Two other notable members of the party are Mr. Sydney Hall, the well-known artist of the Graphic, who was with the Prince of Wales on his Indian tour, and Chevalier de Martino, a dis-tinguished artist, who for some time was marine painter to Queen Victoria.

The Esculapius of the tour is Dr. Alan Reeve Manby, a physician of ex- on Canadian soil.

Major Bor represents the marines. He has a distinguished service record, and is assistant deputy agent-general of the marine forces. Like Lord Crichton, he hails from Erin.

The Canadian member of the staff is Major S. J. A. Denison, C. M. G., of the Royal Canadian Infantry, who has been specially selected as A. D. C. to their royal highnesses while they are

HIS BUSY LIFE

Chronological Sketch of the Late President's Active and Useful Career.

the office of president of the United States. Of these, only eight have been re - elected for a second consecutive viz.: Washington, Jefferson,

Madison, Monroe, Jackson, Lincoln, Grant and McKinley. The career of William McKinley has not been accidental or meteoric. His sterling and sponsibility while he was yet a boy. was cherished as a younger brother of Hayes and Garfield, and esteemed by men like the Sherman brothers.

1843-Jan. 29, William McKinley, son of William and Nancy (Allison) McKinley, born at Niles, Trumbull county, Ohio, being the seventh son of a family of nine children. 1852-The McKinley family removed

to Poland, Mahoning county, Ohio, where William studied at the Union Seminary until he was 17. 1859—Became a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Poland. -Entered the junior class in Alle gheny College, Meadville, Pa., but poor health prevented the completion of the course. Subsequently taught in a pub-

lic school near Poland, and later was a clerk in the Poland postoffice. 1861—June 11, enlisted as a private in Company E of the 23rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry. 1862—April 15, promoted to commis

siary sergeant while in the winter's camp at Fayettsville, W. Va. 1862—Sept.24, promoted to second lieu tenant, in recognition of services at the battle of Antietam. Won the highest esteem of the colonel of the regiment. Ru therford B. Hayes, and became a member of his staff. 1863-Feb. 7, promoted to first lieu-

1864-July 25, promoted to captain for gallantry at the battle of Kernstown, near Winchester, Va. 1864—Oct. 11, first vote for president cast, while on a march, for Abraham

1864-Shortly after the battle of Cedar on the staffs of Gen. George Crook and of inquiry on the destruction of the bold black eyes upon her. "I am a di-Gen. Winfield S. Hancock.

1865-Assigned as acting assistant adjutant-general on the staff of Gen. Samuel S. Carroll, commanding veteran reserve corps at Washington. 1865-March 13, commissioned by President Lincoln as major by brevet in the volunteer United States army, "for gallant and meritorious services at the battles of Opequan, Cedar Creek and

1865—July 26, mustered out of the army with his regiment, having never absent from his command on sick leave during more than four

1865-Returned to Poland and began 1866-Entered the Albany (N. Y.) Law

1867-Admitted to the bar at Warren, Ohio, in March. Accepting the advice of an elder sister teaching in Canton, Ohio, he began the practice of law in Canton and made that place his

1869—Elected prosecuting attorney of Stark county on the Republican ticket, although the county had usually been Democratic

1871-Failed of re-election as prosecuting attorney by 45 votes, and for which is bound to insure for him a the next five years devoted himself large and important share of popular-successfully to the practice of law, and became a leading member of the bar of Stark county.

1872 — Very active as a campaign speaker in the Grant-Greeley presidential campaign. 1875-Especially active and conspicuous as a campaigner in the closely contested state election in which

Rutherford B. Hayes was elected gov-1876-Elected member of the House of Representatives by 8,300 majority, his friend Hayes being elected to the pre-

1878-Re-elected to congress by 1,234 majority, his district in Chio having been gerrymandered to his disadvanby a Democratic legislature. 1880—Re-elected to congress by 3,571 majority. Appointed a member of the ways and means committee, to succeed

President-elect Garfield.

1882-Republicans suffered reverses throughout the country in the congressional elections, and McKinley was re-elected by a majority of only 8 1884-As delegate-at-large to the Republican National Convention in Chi-

cago, actively supported James G. Blaine for the presidential nomination. 1884-Re-elected to congress by a majority of 2,000, although his district had again been gerrymandered against 1886 - Re-elected to congress by a majority of 2,550.

1888-Led the minority opposition in congress against the "Mills tariff bill." 1888-Delegate-at-large to the national convention in Chicago that nominated Benjamin Harrison, and served as chairman of the committee on resolu-tions. Many delegates wished Mc-Kinley to become the nominee but he stood firm for John Sherman. 1888-Elected to congress for the seventh successive time, receiving a

majority of 4,100 votes. 1889-At the organization of the 51st congress he was a candidate for speaker of the house, but was defeated on the third ballot in the Republican caucus by Thomas B. Reed. 1890—Upon the death of William D. chairman of the ways and means com-

mittee and leader of his party in the house. He introduced his bill "to simplify the laws in relation to the col- through my second term to the aclection of the revenues," known as the "customs administration bill." He also introduced a general tariff bill. The bill becoming law Oct. 6.

1890-As a result of a gerrymandered congressional district, and the reaction against the Republican party through- 'C., June 10,

Twenty-five different men have filled jout the country caused by the protracted struggle over the tariff bill, McKinley was defeated in the election for congress by 300 votes in counties

> 1891-Nov. 8, elected governor of Ohio by a plurality of 21,511, largest vote that had ever been cast for governor in Ohio.

1892-As delegate-at-large to the national convention at Minneapolis, and chairman of the convention. McKinley refused to permit the consideration of his name, and supported the renomination of President Harrison. sult: Harrison, 535; Blaine, 182; Mc-Kinley, 182; Reed, 4; Lincoln, 1 1893-Unanimously renominated for governor of Ohio, and re-elected by a

plurality of 80,995. 1896-June 18, at the Republican national convention in St. Louis, McKinley was nominated for president on the first ballot. The vote: McKinley, 6611/2; Reed, 841/2; Quay, 601/2; Morton, 58; Allison, 35½; Cameron, 1.

1896-Nov. 3, received a popular vote in the presidential election of 7,104,779, a plurality of 601,854 over his Demo-cratic opponent, William J. Bryan. In the Electoral College, later, McKinley received 271 votes against 176 for Bryan.

1897-March 4, inaugurated president for the 28th quadrennial term. 1897—March 6, Issued proclamation for an extra session of congress to assemble March 15.

1897-May 17, in response to an appeal from the president, congress appropriated \$50,000 for the relief of destitution in Cuba. 1897-July 24, the "Dingley tariff bill" received the president's approval.

1898—Both branches of congress

to 0, and the senate by 76 to 0) to place \$50,000,000 at the disposal of the president, to be used at his discretion for the national defense.' 1898-March 23, the president sent to the Spanish Government an ultimatum regarding the intolerable condition

voted unanimously (the house by 313

of affairs in Cuba. 1898—March 28, report of the court Maine at Havana on Feb. 15 transmitted by the president to congress. 1898-April 11, the president sent a message to congress outlining the situation, declaring that intervention is necessary, and advising against the recognition of the Cuban Government. 1898—April 21, the Spanish Government sent Minister Woodford his passports, thus beginning the war.

1898-April 23, the president issued a call for 125,000 volunteers. 1898-April 24, Spain formally declared that war existed with the United.

States. 1898-April 25, in a message to congress the president recommended the passage of a joint resolution declaring that war existed with Spain. On the same day both branches of congress passed such a declaration.

1868—May 25, the president issued a call for 75,000 additional volunteers.

1898-June 29, Yale University conferred upon President McKinley the 1898-July 7, joint resolution of congress providing for the annexation of Hawaii received the approval of the

1898-Aug. 9, Spain formally accepted the president's terms of peace. 1898-Aug. 12, the peace protocol signed, an armistice proclaimed, and the Cuban blockade raised.

1898—October 17, the president re-ceived the degree of LL.D. from the University of Chicago. 1898-Dec. 10, the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States signed at Paris. 1900-March 14, the president signed the "Gold Standard Act."

1900-June 21, the Republican national convention at Philadelphia unanimously renominated William McKinley for the presidency. 1900-June 21, the president's am-

nesty proclaimed to the Filipinos was published in Manila. 1900-July 10, the United States Government made public a statement of its policy as to affairs in China. 1900-Sept. 10, letter accepting the presidential nomination and discuss-

ing the issues of the campaign is given to the public. 1900-Nov. 6, in the presidential election William McKinley carried 28 states, which have an aggregate of 292 votes in the Electoral College, his Democratic opponent, Bryan, carrying 17 states, having 155 electoral votes. His popular plurality

was also larger than in the election of 1901-Early last June Senator Depew declared in an interview that it his opinion that the country could not have too much of Mr. McKinley as president. Other men prominent in the Republican party indorsed the sugges-The newspapers of the country took the matter up, and the proposi-

Mr. McKinley out a stop to all such

tion found many supporters.

talk by the following statement, issued from the White House on June 10: regret that the suggestion of third term has been made. I doubt whether I am called upon to give it notice. But there are now questions of the gravest importance before the ad just consideration should not be prejudiced in the public mind by even the suspicion of the thought of a third term. In view, therefore, of the relteration of the suggestion of it, I will say now, once for all, expressing a long settled conviction, that I not only am Kelley, in January, McKinley became third term, but would not accept not and will not be a candidate for a nomination for it if it were tendered me.

"My only ambition is to serv generous confidence I so deeply appreciate, and then, with them, to do my duty in the ranks of private citizenship "Executive Mansion Washington, D.

IS THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER KNOWN.

Nature's Remedy for the cure of

ASK For the Full Name, | LABEL on bottle is BLUE with RED Centre Panel

THE OPHIR SIGHTED OFF CAPE BRETON

The Royal Yacht, With the Duke and Duchess on Board, Near Her Destination.

Ashly Bay C. B., Sept. 13.-The royal yacht Ophir, with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, passed here at 6 p.m. All re-

that had previously gone Democratic The Ophir passed up the Gulf. She signalled all well. She was accompanied by the cruisers Indefatigable and Intrepid, who will consort her to

Western Ontario.

Live Items Culled for Busy People's Information.

William Freel, of Thamesford, has sold his imported Clydesdale stallion to his partner, W. E. Butler, of Ingersoll, and the animal is to be sent out to the Pacitic coast. The price was \$2,000. It is likely that Mr. Freel will see him to his destination. Alanson Elliott, one of the most prominent men of Essex county, died at his home near Oxley on Thursday from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy which occurred three months ago. The deceased

was born in Amherstburg 67 years ago, and when a young man he went into partnership with his brothers, who were carrying on a general mercantile business at that place. He remained with them for a number of years, when he purchased a farm near Oxley, on which he lived until his death. He always took an active part in municipal politics and served his township as school trustee, councilor and reeve, the latter office entitling him to a seat in the county council. In 1883 he received the appointment of license inspector for South Essex, a position he retained until a few months prior to his death. He is survived by the following children: George, Sandwich; William H., Windsor; Joseph and Arthur, now sailing, and Andrew and Bessie, at home.

Smiles.

something of a student of human na-ture," began Miss Bewchus coyly. "Ah, but now," he interrupted, flashing his

HIS PREFERENCE .- "Would you rather have something else than a piece of pie?" asked the kind neighbor of little Freddie, who had run an errand for her. "Yes, ma'am," said Freddie, promptly, "I wu'd rather pieces."—Ohio State Journal. "I wu'd rather have two

NO TIME TO LOSE.-President (of mine)-"Advertise that we have a few shares of new stock to sell at \$1 a share." Clerk—"When shall I put the ads in?" "At once. We've got to get nough money together to pay the next dividend."-Detroit Free Press.

IN THE FUTURE .- "Do yez keep an assistant to the cook?" "Yes." And do the assistant have a helper?" "She ssistant to the cook?" to clane up after the assistant's helper?" "We have." "Well, I'll give yez a wake's trial."—Brooklyn Life.

Nervously Exhausted.

Sleepless, poor digestion, easily tired, blue as indigo—that's how you feel. Do you want to feel strong, make plenty of blood, enjoy buoyancy, strength and vim? You can do so by using Ferrozone. vim? You can do so by using Ferrozone. How it sharpens the appetite and imparts a feeling of buoyancy, strength and vim! Improves the appetite, digestion, assimilation, sleep. How surely Ferrozone does this, you can ascertain by using it. Ferrozone is a blood builder, nerve strengthener and brain invigorator. Sold by W. T. Strong & Co.

The oldest inhabited house in England is on the River Ver, close to St. Alban's Abbey. It is octagonal in shape, and supposed to be 11 centuries

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

In the Japanese Parliament there are 130 farmers, 23 barristers, 26 me-chanics, 6 editors, 3 doctors, 12 officials, and 76 members without fixed professions.

professions.

A SMALL PILL, BUT POWERFUL—
They that judge of the powers of a pill by its size, would consider Parmelee's Vegetable Pills to be lacking. It is a little wonder among pills. What it lacks in size it makes up in potency. The remedies which it carries are put up in these small doses because they are so powerful that only small doses are required. The full strength of the extracts is secured in this form, and do their work thoroughly.

thoroughly. Eastern oil refineres are rushing to California oil fields. The oil is now burned as fuel as it comes from the

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Cart Flitchish Wapper Children Cry for CASTORIA. Children Cry for CASTORIA Children Cry for CASTORIA

A new and wonderful brake for electric cars is being introduced, which in the case of accident drops to the rails and wheels and creates maximum friction.

When you feel weak, run-down, nervous, unable to work or think as you ought, take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. They'll built up your

in London to have been greater in vol-ume this year than even during the Paris (1900) Exposition.

Even Doctors Agree

Neades

INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS and THE AGED.

he system, strengthening the digestive organs, building up bone and muscle, and promoting in an minent degree the distribution of vital energy OVER SEVENTY YEARS

ts special nutritive qualities operate soothingly on

"An excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of infants and young persons.' Sir CHAS. A. CAMERON. C.B., M.D.

Ex-President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. "Neave's Food is not so binding to the howels as many of the foods are, and this s a great recommendation.'

PYE HENRY CHAVASSE, F.R.C.S.E., etc.

"Contains all the elements of food in an easily digested form.' GORDON STABLES, M.D., R.N.

NEAVE'S FOOD Russian Imperial Hursery

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED.

WOMAN'S EXHIBITION. LONDON, 1900. Manufacturers: JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO.



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It soaks up and absorbs odors

CLARIFIED MILK Is absolutely clean milk, put up & by clean men in a clean room

into thoroughly clean, sterilized bottles, sealed with paraffine stoppers, and therefore has no chance to absorb bacteria, dirt or odors of any sort. You have friends with you & this week. Bring them down

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and see our process. It will be

a pleasure for us to show them

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