(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

## IS PICKED PURITY

Strong in Purity. Fragrant in Strength.

IMITATORS MANIFOLD. CHASE & SANBORN,

MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

### **ADVOCATES OF ARBITRATION**

For Settling Disputes Between Companies and Their Employes.

City Council Will Seek Legislation to Make It Compulsory.

A Variety of Contracts Considered by the Aldermen-Some Awarded, and Some Sent Back to Committee-Many Minor Matters.

The city council last night unanimously passed Aid. Parnell's motion favoring compulsory arbitration of disputes between companies holding public franchises and their employes. The motion has been hanging fire since early in August. It authorizes a petition to the local legislature for legislation along the lines set forth, and instructs the city clerk to write other corporations with a view to co-operation. There was little discussion. Other matters which came before the council were chiefly of routine nature. The mayor presided, and the other members present were Ald. Greenlees, McCal-Rumball and McPhillips. Ald. Parnell, who was out of town, came to the city on a late train and was just in time to bring up his compulsory arbitration

The following communications were referred to No. 1 committee: From the city assessors—Asking ad-

From Col. Holmes-Forwarding the vouchers re expenditure of money for services of militia. Of the grant of \$3,400 there remains a balance of \$14 87. Contractor Wade's account for 250 feet of sewer.

No. 2 committee will deal with petition from W. D. Buckle, et al., for sewers on Waterloo and St. James streets and Hellmuth avenue; a petition by John Pannell, et al., against extension of sewer on South street, east of the Port Stanley rallway tracks; a peutlon from W. H. Smith for exnsion of Wellington street sewer from Sydenham to St. James; a request from T. J. Low, et al., for erection of additional breakwater at the end of Front street, and a petition from U. A. Buchner for sidewalk on north side

of Bruce street.

No. 2 committee was empowered to deal with a petition from the Carling Company for permission to erect a grain chute projecting over Ann street. S. J. Bell gave notice that if the walk advertised to be put down on east side William street, King to York, be proceeded with, the ratepayers will reuse payment for same, as the walk petitioned against last spring.

Ald. Winnett thought private enterprise was in evidence. Someone was interested in having these walks go down, he said, and strongly criticised

City Engineer Graydon was called, and informed the council that Assessment Commissioner Grant deal all advertising of the sidewalks. There further discussion.

A requist from Elizabeth Bennett for permission to sell medicine on the market, and an application from Wm. Riddell for the position of weigh scales clerk, were sent to No. 3 com-

Mrs. Robert Saunders applied for admission to the Home for Incurables. Referred to the mayor and relief offi-

East End Methodists were granted the use of the town hall for religious

The city engineer reported an over-draft of \$905 25 in the board of works department, and asked to be allowed at the hospital. to make an overdraft of \$1,000. Filed

Messrs McCormick and Pococke were

#### HEALTH OF SCHOOL GIRLS

"Parents little imagine how great and prevalent is the injury done to girls between the ages of 10 and 16 by over-application to study," said a prominent New York physician when addressing

the school board recently. For reasons connected with the physiological structure of women it is of the utmost importance that at this when the peculiarly feminine period, when the peculiar feminine organs are begining to assume their functions, the nervous system should not be exhausted by over-exertion and eminations. Hosts of pale, weak, poorly-developed girls have been restored to health and strength by the use of

#### DR. CHASE'S

#### NERVE FOOD

the great restorative, in pill form. In all the year there is no season so well suited to building up the system. In the whole range of remedies there is Chase's Nerve Food. Let the nervous system be thoroughly restored before the school term starts. 50 cents a box. at all dealers, or Edmanson Bates & Co., Toronto.

granted the free use of the city hall for oratorio practices. Chairman Dreaney opposed the recommendation of No. 3 committee not to have a fire alarm box erected near

the Columbia Handle Company's factory. The council decided some time ago that the box should be put up, he said, and although the committee had no funds for that purpose it should be done. A motion to erect the box was

Ald. Douglass presented the report of No. 2 committee. The sum of \$94.30 was accepted as payment in full of account of \$125 28 against George T. Hiscox for artificial stone walk on King street.
The application of John Labatt, et

al., for permission to connect a private drain with the main sewer at the corner of Adelaide street and Lorne aveing that the petitioners will be refunded half the cost of their drain, \$166. The petitioners signified their willingness to petition for a sewer on Adelaide street or Dufferin avenue when called upon to do so.

The council declined to adopt the city engineer's recommendation that no more mosaic tile walks be laid. The recommendation to pay Con-tractor Howie \$500 was sent back to a race with some English boat, but

committee. An account from Cotton & Moir for \$156 for work on the West London breakwater was submitted to the council for action, the appropriation being

Ald. Douglass moved that the ac-count be paid. "I move it be filed," said Ald. Dreaney, and some other aldermen demurred. "These men have done the work, and must be paid. There is no use talking such childishness," said Ald. Carrothers. Ald. Douglass' motion carried.

No. 1 committee reported no funds re West London breakwater. Ald. Douglass, chairman of No. 2, was on his feet in an instant. It would be too lum, Wilkey, Dreaney, Garratt, Mal-loch. Graham, Winnett, Carrothers, breakwater drop now. They had ex-O'Meara, Jolly, Douglass, Pritchard, pended \$400 on work there that would not be worth \$4 after the first freshet if the work be not carried on. He moved that \$200 be appropriated for the work. It was no new thing for the board of works to overdraw its appropriation, said Ald. Douglass, and he announced that in 1896 the overdraft was \$1,192 19, and in 1897, \$4,277 59.

The sewer committee will reconsider the claim made by Mr. T. Garside that ditional remuneration for their ser- a nuisance is created by the outlet of an Elmwood avenue sewer into a creek, which runs through his property. was suggested that the sewer be cut off at Brighton street and connected with

the main sewer. The tender of Harding & Leathorne of \$4,485 to complete section A of the sew-

erage system was accepted. Four tenders for work to be done in filling in and making an earth embankment across the east cove on the siphon line were submitted to the council, together with the city solicitor's opinion on Harding & Leathorne's position respecting the proposed work.

Ald. McCallum feared that the proposed work would cut off the inlet and outlet at the cove and create a stagnant pool which would be very objec tionable. The matter was sent back for a report and further specifications. tender of John Hayman & Sons to build a valve-house on Evergreen avenue for \$1,011 was accepted. O'Meara wanted the matter referred

A heated discussion developed out of the hospital building committee's re-commendation that H. Burdick's tender of \$115 to supply sash to inclose a veranda at the contagious building be

Ald. Graham said this was for work that on his motion had been awarded to Contractor Purdom.

Chairman Jolly said the matter had en referred to himself with power. Graham misunderstood his own It was corrected in the minutes at a subsequent meeting at which Graham was not present.

Ald. Wilkey reminded the chairman that there had not been a quorum present at the committee meetings, either to confirm or correct the minutes since the motion was made.

For that Ald. Wilkey was to blame, Ald. Jolly retorted, and Ald. Wilkey answered back that no business was done at the meeting.

Burdick's tender was accepted on a vote of 7 to 6. recommendation to pay Architect McBride \$600 on account was not adopted, it being thought advisable to retain 20 per cent to insure progress

There were a number of inquiries. Ald. Wilkey was told that the con-

tractors laid cement walks in the frost at their own risk. Information was promised Ald. Drea-

ney regarding the termination of the street railway company's right to use the loop at the fair grounds. Ald. McPhillips was informed that the broken trees were being removed, that the appointee in T. Morkin's place on the pavement was only temporary; also that no word had been received concerning the proposed armory.

Ald. Carrothers-A great deal of time is taken up at these meetings by members of No. 2 committee asking questions of their chairman. Does he run the whole show? (Laughter.)
Ald. Pritchard moved that two driveways on York street, between Talbot and York, be repaired. He claimed it was a matter of urgency. Carried. Ald. Parnell moved that the council instruct the city clerk to draft a pelition to the local legislature of this province, praying that such legislation be enacted at its next session as will provide for compulsory arbitration of all disputes between companies holding public franchises and their employes, and that the clerk be instructed to write other corporations with a view to co-operation in the matter. Ald. Wilkey seconded. Carried unanimous-

Another motion which carried unanimously was by Ald. McCallum, that the clerk write a letter of condolence

terworks debentures was read three imes and passed, by consent of the eutenant-governor.
Bylaws for mosaic tile walks on

simcoe street were passed.

A bylaw to enable the children of the

waterworks employes to attend school at Byron was also adopted. Only two readings were given the bylow to convey to the City Gas Company property at the corner of Horton and Ridout streets. Adjourned at 10:50 p.m.

## THE COVETED AMERICA'S CUP

Is a Battered Old Siiver Mug Without a Bottom,

But Its Associations Render It an Object of Marvelous Interest and Value.

New York, Oct. 3 .- An old battered silver mug, which never held a drop of anything, because it has no bottom, and which now would be rejected by any sane second-hand store dealer, lies in an oaken case in Tiffany's vaults, on Broadway,

Forty-nine years ago this was offered as a prize for a race between a little American pilot schooner model of nue was granted, on the understand- 170 tons, and a fleet of twelve British yachts-sloops, schooners and cutters. The little pilot boat had been built for a pleasure craft by W. H. Brown, on plans drawn by George Heers, for Commodore John C. Stevens and G. L. Schuyler, of New York. She had sailed across the Atlantic in hopes of entering

> none would race with such a craft. Finally, one day, she went out with a fleet, and while she was not allowed to enter the race, she sailed away from them all, and was in port almost ten minutes before the next boat could be sighted in the offing. The next day a race was arranged, and a month later it came off, the "hundred guinea tro-phy" being offered as the prize. whole course.

THE AMERICA'S FIRST RACE. On Aug. 22, 1851, the race was sailed at Cowes Roads, England. The schooner was called America, and that race is the most memorable event in yachting history. Indeed, it more than any other event of its kind made yachting what it is today.

Suffice it to say, none of the English yachts had a chance with the America, and she beat out her nearest opponent, the Aurora, a 47-ton cutter, by 11 minutes. After a season of racing she sailed back to America with that hundred guinea trophy-now the most prized trophy that the sporting world has ever known-packed away in her hold with a lot of other truck.

The old trophy was used as an ornament for dressing stands and smoking dens for 20 years, until finally Mr. happened to think of it. He straightway challenged for it with the Cambria, and Mr. J. F. Osgood's schooner Magic defended it. The next year Mr. Ashbury again went after the trophy with the Livonia against the Sappho, and since that time it has been sailed for seven times. The race today will be the eleventh series that have been contested and the result has always been the same-the cup has remained in America, although, instead of ornamenting a mantel in a smoking den, it now reposes under innumerable locks in the strongest vault in the country. On one side of it, it is said, are the diamonds of the wife of one of America's richest millionaires, and on the other the bonds of a great railroad king, worth, it is said, \$1,500,000. Pretty comfortable quarters for a mug which can be duplicated now for \$50.

The first challenge came in 1870 from Mr. James Ashbury, an English yachtsman. His schooner Cambria sailed against a fleet of American "two-stickers" on Aug. 8, 1870, and was beaten by most of them, the leader, the Magic. defeating her by 39 minutes 12 seconds. The conditions were precisely the same as those under which the America

won the cup in the first instance. In 1871 Mr. Ashbury raced again with the schooner Livonia, the conditions being seven matches against a vessel to be selected by the club on the morning of each race. The American schoon-Columbia won the first by 28 minutes 28 seconds, and the second by 10 minutes 33 seconds. The Livonia won the third race, the Columbia having carried away her steering gear, losing by 15 minutes 10 seconds.

The fourth race was won by the schooner Sappho by 30 minutes 21 seconds. The Sappho also won the fifth and final race by 25 minutes 27 sec-

In 1876, the Royal Canadian Yacht Club challenged with the schooner Countess of Dufferin. Two races were sailed, the schooner Madeleine being the defender. Madeleine won the first by 9 | ward, but heading for the lightship. minutes, 18 seconds, and the second by Strung out astern there was a large 27 minutes 13 seconds, actual time. fleet of excursion boats, steam yachts, In 1881 the Bay of Quinte (Canada) launches, tugs, six torpedo boats, and

Yacht Club challenged with the sloop Atalanta. The American sloop Mischief beat her 31 minutes 15 seconds on the first race, and 36 minutes 54 second on Sir Richard Sutton challenged with

the cutter Genesia in 1885. Puritan beat her in the first race 6 minutes 47 seconds, and 2 minutes 9 seconds in the second and decisive race. In 1886 Lieut. Henn's cutter Galatea was beaten in the first race by Mayflower, 12 minutes 20 seconds, and in

That the Fair is over, let us



BROS., Richmond St.

sideration of the motion to pay \$166 on the second race by 29 minutes 48 sec-

Aid. McPhillips gave notice for reconsideration of the tenders for filling
in at the cove.

The bylaw to provide \$55,000 for wa
The bylaw to provide \$55,000 for waunteer defeated her twice, on the first occasion by 19 minutes 23 seconds, and on the second by 11 minutes 55 seconds In 1893 Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie II. was heaten in the first race by Vigilant I minutes \$6 seconds, and on the sec-

ond by 2 minutes 13 seconds, actual time, but only by 40 seconds corrected In 1895 Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie III. was beaten in the first race by De-fender 8 minutes 20 seconds, actual time. In the second race Defender was time. In the second race Defender was beaten 47 seconds. This race was, however, given to Defender because she was fouled by Valkyrie. Defender sailed over the course in the next race alone. Valkyrie withdrawing after crossing the line. Defender thus won the series

the series. The competitors in the present contest are Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock and the Columbia, owned jointly by Commodore J. Pierpont Morgan, of the New York Yacht Club, and Mr. C.

Oliver Iselin.

The terms of the contests call for 30-mile races, the first and third races being fifteen miles to windward or leeward and return, and the second and the s fourth being on triangular courses, ten miles on a side. The races are to be started either from the Sandy Hook lightship or the Scotland lightship, as the regatta committee may decide. The Sandy Hook lightship is 21 miles from the Battery by one channel, but by the main channel, which the larger boats must take, it is 24 miles. Sandy Hook lightship is four miles east by north of the Scotland lightship. According to the agreement under

which these races are to be sailed, the winner of three out of the five races will keep or take the cup as may result. The days are Oct. 3, Oct. 5 and Oct. 7, and if it is necessary to sail the five races the following Tuesday and Thursday are the extra days named

The water of the courses is very deep, varying from 11 to 50 fathoms and with no sandbar or obstructions save the Shrewsbury rocks, about a mile out from Seabright, and extend-

ing a mile from shore.
In reading the bulletin reports of the contests one will notice that many of them are dated from "Navesink Highlands." The Navesink Highlands is a bold promontory varying from 1,500 to 225 in height, and extending several miles from the shore below the hook. They rise abruptly from the water, and all around them the land is very low, sandy, and in some places is below sea level. From Navesink light with a strong glass on a clear day if it be a windward and leeward race, one can easily watch the racers over the

## THE SHAMROCK AND COLUMBIA

Start Their Contest for the America's Cup,

With Fine Weather and a Cool, Crisp, Ten-Mile Breese.

New York, Oct. 3 .- The day for the first of the international yacht races opened bright, fairly clear, and with a crisp north to northeast breeze blowing ten to twelve miles an hour. The weather conditions were considered excellent. The Columbia and the Shamrock, each with her attendant squadron, had been moored over night in the upper bay off Tompkinsville. The crews were astir at daybreak, preparing them for the competition. They were towed through the Narrows and anchored inside Sandy Hook. A sailor was sent up the truck of the Shamrock's mast a few minutes after seven ,and Sir Thomas Lipton's private signal was set. By this time the Shamrock had hoistpaid up a jib in stops, and it looked as though she were ready to go out at any time. The Columbia at this time

had not hoisted any of her sails. Meantime steam yachts, excursion steamers, large and small salling craft and tugs loaded with sightseers, were voyaging down the harbor and toward the neighborhood of the course.

OUTSIDE THE HOOK. The Shamrock and the Columbia, in tow of tugs, passed outside the Hook at 9 o'clock. The Vigilant, the old cup defender, was in the challenger's wake. The Columbia, when near the point of the Hook, began hoisting her mainsail. The Columbia broke out two headwhen about two miles east of the Hook and cast off her tow. At the same time the Shamrock, about three miles further to the east, was headed up into the wind, and began hoisting her mainsail. She had it well up, when the Columbia passed her under three lower sails. The wind was still north to northeast, but had decreased some, and was not blowing over ten knots. The flagship Corsair, with the regatta committee on board, passed the

HEADING FOR THE STARTING-

The Columbia reached Sandy Hook she had done up to this time, for lightship about 10:12. The Shamrock at time was three miles to the rock. several revenue cutters, all headed for the lightship. The wind was almost due northeast, blowing about ten knots an hour, a good club-top sail breeze. The United States dispatch boat Doiphin had on board the Earl of Minto, governor-general of Canada, and Lady Minto, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Col. Treadwell and wife, August Belmont and others. When they came aboard a suite of thirteen guns was fired in honor of the governor-general, and the flag of Canada was raised to the masthead. Gov. Roosevelt and his wife were expected aboard, but owing to the governor's absence for the purpose of attending the ceremonies in Washington in honor of Admiral Dewey, neither he nor Mrs. Roosevelt were aboard. The course is fifteen miles to leeward and turn, coming down the Jersey shore.

BULLETINS.

The preliminary gun was fired at 10:591/2 a.m. Shamrock was first over, Columbia a few seconds later; yachts about south on port tack.
Long Beach, 11:19—The Columbia appears to be gaining slightly on the Highlands, Navesink, 11:20 a.m.—The

Shamrock appears to be increasing her At 11:21 the Shamrock was 200 yards 11:23 a.m.-The Shamrock has set

her big balloon forestaysail. The spinnaker is drawing poorely, while the Columbia's big balloon jib top-sall appears to be drawing her up on the challenger. 11:25 a.m.—The wind has decreased

considerably, and at this hour blow-ing not much over seven miles. At

# The LEA & PERRIN'S Worcestershire

Though there are plenty of "fakes" on the market. See that you get Lea & Perrin's.

J. M. DOUGLAS & CO., Canadian Agents.

USE

The Most Durable on the Market. For Sale Everywhere.

## Cents Per Share

Stock is at this figure for a limited time only. Matters are progressing favorably and warrant a further advance shortly. The tunnel contract is let and work is being actively prosecuted at the mine. We have also added two more claims to the company's properties, giving us four in all, or nearly a mile of ore body on the Horne Ledge-the most famous lead in the country. Prospects are good for early returns.

### The Scottish-Canadian Mining and Development Co'y Of British Columbia, Limited.

A. E. WELCH, Managing Director,

W. J. TEASDALL, ESQ., Pres.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, ESQ., Sec

11:26 the Shamrock was still ahead ed to seven knots, and the yachts were and does not appear to be gaining any on her rival. On the other hand Columbia is a trifle closer, but yet the race between the two will be very

11:30 a.m.-The Shamrock has set idly. her balloon jib. Appears to hold about same position, although the Columbia appears to be gaining slightly. At 11:33 the boats had not sailed much over three miles of the course and at this time it looks as if the race will be a slow one. At 11:36 the Col-umbia had gained a little more, but was still 25 or 50 yards behind her

11:35 a.m.-The Shamrock appears have increased her lead somewhat. 11:43 a.m.-The Shamrock appears to have a little better wind and is increasing her lead. The excursion boats are closing up and appear to be crowding the racers. They have taken all wind out of the Columbia's saiis. The Shamrock has a full breeze and is not affected by the excursion fleet.

11:45 a.m.—The Columbia is now al-

most becalmed by excursion boats fol-11:48 a.m.-The Shamrock continues to increase her lead. 11:52 a.m.—The Shamrock leads over a quarter of a mile. 11:58—The Shamrock is still increasing her lead. The Shamrock now leads

by half a mile.

12:05 p.m.—Wind now about eight miles an hour and decreasing.

At 12:04 the Columbia took in her spinnaker and gybed her mainsail over the port, while the sheet of the balloon jib was also hauled over the stay, and the big sail set to port. The change in the Columbia's sail was the best thing

12:15 p.m .- The stakeboat is anchored east of Elberon. The Columbia is now gaining rapidly on Shamrock. Both boats have gybed. The Columbia, is increasing her speed and has now

passed the Shamrock. Highlands of Navesink, 12:25-The Columbia was about 50 yards ahead of the Shamrock, but did not seem to be able to drop her rival to any extent. The wind had backed to the northward, so that neither boat could set its spinnaker to starboard. Off shore the wind seemed to have decreas-

What is Scott's Emul-

It is the best cod-liver oil, partly digested, and combined with the hypophosphites and glycerine. What will it do? It will make the poor blood of the anæmic rich and red.

It will give nervous energy to the overworked brain and nerves. It will add flesh to the thin form of a child, wasted from fat-starvation.

It is everywhere acknowledged as The Standard of the World.

50c. and \$2.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

going toward the mark in a broad reach with a balloon jib set. 12:44 p.m.—The Columbia at this time is over half a mile in the lead, and

seemed to be dropping her rival rap-Long Branch, 1 p.m.-The Shamrock appears to be gaining slightly. The wind is freshening.

(Continued on Page 6.)

It Is as Basy to Love Your neighbor as yourself when your neighbor is a pretty girl. It is just as easy to cure yourself of Catarrh, Bronchitis or Asthma, if you use Catarrhozone, the new medicated air treatment for all diseases of the nasal and respiratory passages caused by germ life. Catarrhozone cures by inhalation without danger or risk to the sufferer. It goes wherever air go and never fails to reach the affected parts. This is why it excels treatments requiring the use of sprays, douches, powders, ointments, etc., which cannot reach the seat of the disease and are therefore useless. For sale at all druggists, or direct by mail,

price \$1 00. Send 10c in stamps to N. C. POLSON & CO., Manufacturing Chemists, Kingston, Ont., for sample outfit. A man may forget the dollar he borrowed, but he always remembers the

one he loaned. FAGGED OUT-None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cureone box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dande-lion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's

Pills. Every dog has his day, but somehow every dog thinks every other dog's day is so much nicer than his.

A DINNER PILL-Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healing nutriment, it becomes a poison system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity. open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutri-ment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

Lord Rosebery recently said that when wealth reached a certain point it ceased to give pleasure. THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which af-fect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclec-tric Oil—a pulmonic, of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well and, as an inward specific, possesses

Rear-Admiral Custance, of the British navy, who has just received his commission, is only 52 years of age.

LIFE SAVED .- Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians.
A neighbor advised me to try Dr.
Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that
his wife had used it for a throat
trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me. I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any