

# The Port Williams Acadian

## PORT WILLIAMS AND VICINITY

The Women's Institute meets on Thursday (2nd). This is the annual business meeting, when the officers for the ensuing year are appointed and a large attendance of the members is hoped for. The roll call will be responded to with favorite quotations, prose or poetry. The annual offering for the Children's Aid Society, whose splendid work Mr. Stairs has so often put before the Institute, will also be taken that day.

Last week the community was quite gay with parties. A dance was held on Monday evening at Mrs. Marriots, on Tuesday at Mrs. (Dr.) Fullertons, on Friday at Miss Laura Hansons, and Saturday at Mrs. (Dr.) Zwicker's.

Mr. Lew Thompson, who has had charge of the Men's Ready Made Clothing of G. A. Chase's Dry Goods store, left on Saturday to accept a position in Boston. He will be greatly missed in the store where by his genial manner and unflinching courtesy he was a favorite with the customers.

Master Ivan Frazer entertained a number of his school friends on Monday afternoon in honor of his sixth birthday.

Mrs. Arthur Winter, Lake George, Yarmouth county, is the guest of her sister Mrs. Capt. Eldridge. Mr. Winter will join his wife and spend Thanksgiving here.

Miss Gladys Newcombe, who was operated on at Westwood Hospital for appendicitis, is now convalescing at her home.

Mrs. Alice Gillett, who has been the guest of her brother C. A. Campbell for the past three years, left on Thursday to visit her sister Mrs. Newcombe in Walpole, Mass.

Miss Florence Magee has gone to Boston en route to Alberta where she will visit her brother Ernest who is located there.

Capt. Eldridge had the misfortune to fall and break a rib last week. Though still confined to the house he is improving.

Donald Ellis, of Belcher Street, and Robert Chave, of Church Street left on Monday to attend Agricultural College at Truro.

Mr. and Mrs. Ibsen are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Oct. 21st.

Miss Lilian Sutton returned to her work in Boston on Saturday.

Several from here attended the Acadia vs. Mt. Allison football game at Wolfville last Thursday.

Miss Gwendolyn Fullerton entertained a number of friends with dancing on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. A. H. Chipman, of Hampton, N. B., was a guest at the Parsonage last week.

Rev. O. N. Chipman left on Monday to attend the executive meeting at Toronto of the Canadian Foreign Missionary Board.

Mrs. Chipman is visiting her mother at Lawrencetown, N. S.

Mrs. Geo. Starr, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. O. G. Cogswell, Miss Rand, Mrs. Collins and Mrs. L. Woodworth, Jr. attended the Institute meeting in Kentville on Monday, called by Miss MacDougall, of Truro, for the purpose of forming an organization to facilitate the work of the County Institute. Mrs. G. Starr was appointed President; Mrs. Partriquin, of Wolfville, 1st. Vice President; Mrs. Ward, of Canning, 2nd. vice President; Mrs. Sanford, of Coldbrook, Sec-Treas. The Executive Committee is made up of representatives of each Institute.

Amis ice Day is again to be observed as a remembrance of the closing of the World War, on Saturday Nov. 11th. Rev. A. J. Prosser, of Canard, will deliver an address.

The Hallow'en celebrations were carried off very quietly here. The boys and girls wore costumes, calling at seven o'clock, making considerable noise and howling their Jack O' Lanterns, but no damage was done or inconvenience to anyone.

Hon. George P. Graham announced at a memorial dedication in London, Ontario, recently that Canada is negotiating for the purchase of Vimy Ridge, it being the intention of the Government to maintain that famous battle ground as a park to perpetuate the memory of the Canadians who fell in that gallant exploit. This sacred soil of a foreign land would then be in truth, as in imagination, forever Canada.

Pay your Subscription to-day

## NOVA SCOTIA INDUSTRIES

(By Lucy Cogswell, prize winning essay at the Port Williams School Exhibition)

The industrial power of Nova Scotia has not yet attained the measure of its possibilities, warranted by the richness and variety of its natural resources.

Lord Grey, in a speech shortly before leaving Canada said, "After three years study of Canada, I am prepared to hold the field against the world on this proposition—that, great as are the resources, advantages, and attractions of the sister provinces, Nova Scotia need not be afraid to put her charms against those of the sister provinces however fair they may be. If the people of Nova Scotia do no reach greatness, they have only themselves to blame."

Thomas Chandler Haliburton, who, during the winter of 1837-38 contributed humorous sketches to the "Nova Scotian", under the nom de plume of "Sam Slick", wrote of Nova Scotia, "I don't know what more you'd ask, almost an island, indented everywhere with harbors, surrounded with fisheries; the key of the St Lawrence, the Bay of Fundy, and the West Indies; prime land above, one vast mineral bed beneath, and a climate over all, temperate, pleasant and healthy. If that ain't enough for one place, its a pity."

Nova Scotia stands third among the provinces of the Dominion in the value of her manufactured products, which increased from \$23,592,056 in 1900, to \$176,369,025 in 1917. This enormous increase was due to war conditions. In 1920 the Canada Year Book gives the value at \$70,860,756. The most important manufactures are fish products, iron and steel, but c-r-works, manufacture of logs and lumber, show figures running from 3 to 6 millions of dollars each.

Apart from these we have the Electric Light and Power, Textiles and Clothes, Hats and Caps, Condensed milk, Chocolates, Biscuits, Paint, Sugar Refining, and many smaller lines of manufactures. The recent development of our water-power promises to contribute materially to manufacturing in our province. It is estimated that there is a dependable supply for hydro-electric purposes of nearly 350,000 horse power.

The tripod on which the iron and steel industry rests is coal, iron and limestone. From it we have the manufacture of Railway materials, mining machinery, guns, armor plates, shafts, anchors, ships, bridges, agricultural implements, autos, boilers and engines.

The coal leg of this tripod is wholly Nova Scotian. It is estimated that at the present rate of consumption of from 5,000,000 to 7,000,000 tons per annum, we have coal-fields enough to last over 1000 years. We possess the only coal measures in America, on the Atlantic Sea-board. This coal mining industry is carried on in Pictou, Inverness, Cumberland and Victoria Counties. The value of the coal industry for 1920 was \$34,080,000.

Iron deposits are found in 10 out of 18 counties. The mines opened in Annapolis county yielded 350,000 tons between 1891 and 1913. This mine as well as the one at Londonderry opened in 1849 and worked till 1908 are now idle. Iron can be brought from Wabana, Newfoundland, where there are immense stores, cheaper than to mine it in Nova Scotia.

Limestone, the third necessity in steel manufacture is obtainable in many parts of the province, notably in Cape Breton. The Iron and Steel industries established at Sydney and New Glasgow, have already assumed large proportions and may be extended to an almost unlimited degree. The Dominion Iron and Steel Co. and the Nova Scotia Steel Co. are now merged into the British Empire Steel Corporation.

The normal production of the old companies up to the war period was \$10,000,000 and during the war period this was increased to over \$15,000,000. When the labor problem again becomes normal and immigration resumed, this production of coal and steel will be largely increased.

The gold-mining industry has been seriously interfered with since the war, on account of scarcity of labor and difficulty in procuring fuel. Gold mines have been operated since 1800 in Halifax, Yarmouth and Guysboro counties. The average yield to 1917 has been 19,130 ounces, the highest record being in 1898, when 31,104 ounces were extracted.

A splendid grade of sandstone is quarried in Cumberland county. It has a greenish-grey color and is used for building purposes. Several public buildings in Amherst, Truro and as far west as Hamilton and Toronto, having been built of it.

Granite is found in Annapolis, Lunenburg, Shelburne, Halifax and Guysboro Counties, and is used for buildings and monument. This is a valuable industry. Pctou shipped 300 tons of granites in 1919. The stone from this quarry is noted for its fineness and durability. Lime is only manufactured by one firm in Nova Scotia. This produced 748,316 tons in 1918, valued at \$149,663. Hants county is rich in plaster rock quarries, which shipped almost entirely to New York for manufacture.

The clay-working industry is confined to common red brick made from surface clay. The shale beds of New Glasgow furnish an industry of making sewer pipes, while small quantities of field drawn tile is made at the brick plant in Avonport, Kings County. Excellent stoneware clays are found at Shubenacadie and Middle Musquodoboit, but the manufacture of pottery has not yet been attempted in Nova Scotia, except a small plant at Enfield, Colchester County, where ordinary red-flower pots are made.

The lumber industry, while not as great as some of our sister provinces, is still a vital part in our industry, yielding an annual revenue of nearly \$10,000,000. The home consumption in 1918 amounted to 150,000,000 feet, while up to 1917, we exported annually to the United Kingdom, United States and the West Indies, about 100,000,000 feet. The manufacture of furniture, shoe lasts, pegs, cloth pins, and other lines for which both hard and soft woods are essential, has only begun to be utilized and is capable of expansion.

According to the Canada Year Book

for 1920, the value of the fisheries of Nova Scotia for 1919 was \$ 5 171,929, standing second in the whole Dominion. We have a slice of the largest lobster region in the world and our cod fishing industry is only second in the world. We lease an area of 1250 acres of oyster beds. We have cold storage plants for fish at Mulgrave, Canso, Halifax, Lockport and Port Hawkesbury. The fishery has been called Nova Scotia's "primal industry", in that the fish are self-propagating every year and the young fish reach a marketable size without care or attention from man, and that there is always a bountiful supply to be caught.

Shipbuilding was once a great industry in Nova Scotia, but steam destroyed the business of modern ships. The war revived the building of ships and small craft again for a few years. Lunenburg has the honor of building the "Buenose" fishing schooner, which beat the American schooner "Elsie" in the International Race at Halifax.

The arming industry I have reserved until the last because it is the greatest. It supports more families and produces more wealth than any other single industry. Its returns for 1920 were valued at \$49,456,000. Its advancement in the last twenty years has been great and its possibilities for future achievement is much greater. Out of 13,493,671 acres of land in the province, only about 25 per cent or 3,260,455 acres have yet been cleared and of the remaining 2,102,906 acres a great many are rough pasture land.

We have in the Annapolis valley no superior on the American continent in our apple-growing industry. Climatic conditions are undoubtedly more favorable in many of the fruit growing areas in America but improved methods of fertilizing and spraying have enabled the fruit growers to produce good crops year by year.

In 1880 we exported 30,000 bbls. In 1911 the extraordinary crop of 1,800,000 bbls. was produced and last year over 1 1/2 millions were exported. S. B. Chute of Berwick, is the largest grower of the province, 14,000 bbls. being gathered from his orchards last season. Previous to 1917, we looked to Great Britain as our principal market, but the embargo on shipping apples last year, induced the shippers to look for new markets. Nova Scotia's splendid shipping facilities enable her to take advantage of practically all the markets of the world. Last season apples were sent to Copenhagen, Denmark, and other European countries, as well as South America and South Africa.

Next to fruit growing is the dairy industry, which is now worth from 10 to 15 millions of dollars annually. Notwithstanding the dry season of July and August 1921 the 23 creameries of Nova Scotia produced over 3,000,000 lbs. of butter and to this must be added the home dairy products, of old and

## GROCERIES!

Advertised prices maintained until next issue

Shredded Wheat	14c. pkge.
Puffed Wheat	15c. pkge.
Kellogg's Corn Flakes	12c. pkge.
Soap, P. & G., Naptha and Gold	14 bars for \$1.00
Pearline	8c. pkge.
Lux	13c. pkge.
Starch—Blue and White	10c. lb.
Cocoa, Baker's 1/2 lb.	28c.
Chocolate, Baker's	24c.
Dainty Lunch Mayonnaise Dressing, Bottle	35c.
Onions, "Choice Stock", 10 lbs.	28c.
Lipton's Tea, Blue Label	48c.
Lipton's Tea, Red Label	57c.
No. 1. Blend Chase & Sanborn's Coffee	48c. lb.
Cranberries	15c. qt.
Tomatoes, Large Tins	16c.
Corn	16c.
Picnic Hams, 5 to 7 lbs.	29c. lb.

## DRY GOODS

**SILKS.** Now, as the social season is again in full swing you will find us well stocked in beautiful new silks for afternoon and evening wear.

Rich Canton Crepes in colors: Jade, Princess Mary Blue, Tomato, Navy and Black.

**TAFFETAS** in Orchid, Perrywinkle, Sky, Electric, Navy and Black.

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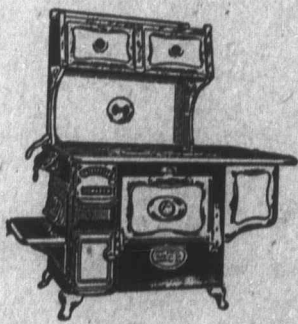
**REAL SWISS CAPES** in Sand, Electric, White and Grey.

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We carry the well known Stanfield and Harvey Knit Brands. Vests in White and Cream, light, medium, all wool and silk and wool; strap sleeves, short and long sleeves. Bloomers and drawers to match.

**COMBINATIONS**, high and low necks, short and long sleeves, in knee and ankle lengths.

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