

poor persons. Has any one heard the friends of either of these institutions say one word in opposition to the national houses of refuge in this province?

At Gravenhurst there is a Sanatorium for Consumptives with fifty beds, admitting only those who are in the early stages of the disease, and who are able and willing to pay \$6.00 or \$7.00 per week. This institution is a credit to the country and is worthy of generous support. Has any one ever heard the friends or agents of that institution say a word in opposition to this Association, which has been the life and soul of the national movement to bring an ideal Sanatorium within reach of every consumptive in every municipality, in accordance with the provisional legislation already referred to? If you have heard of such opposition is it not time that a deaf ear should be turned towards such?

As I have had many inquiries as to whether this Association was in any way connected with Dr. Playter's Sanatorium in Moore Park, I think it is due to the public and to this Association to state that this Association is in no way, directly or indirectly, connected with that enterprise. We are in opposition to no institution. Our object is first to set in motion the provisional legislation, so as to bring an ideal Sanatorium within reach of every consumptive in this city; and secondly, to encourage every other municipality in this province to take steps to secure a similar privilege for their people who are suffering from this disease, hoping thereby to check the spread of the white plague, and save and prolong many valuable lives.

DR. ADAM H. WRIGHT, on being introduced to the audience to supply the place of Sir James Grant, who was unavoidably prevented from being present, said:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: I am embarrassed, in the first place, at being called upon to speak for Sir James Grant, my dear old friend; and I am embarrassed in the second place by the very pleasant remark made by the Chairman.

In the first place, I hardly know why I should be called upon to speak for Sir James Grant. It reminds me of an occasion, many years ago, when I was very much embarrassed by being called on to respond to the toast of the ladies. I was perfectly innocent about the matter, I had no idea why I should be called upon, but I was told I was called upon because I was the youngest person present. Well, I thought the matter over pretty carefully, and I told them this: I said, "If you want to get hold of some person who is particularly fond of the girls you could not find a more suitable boy in the whole country than myself." I may say in the same connection that if you wanted to find in this country a man who admired Sir James Grant very highly you could get no better person than myself. I admire him as a man; I admire him for the views which he has expressed on this very important subject of Tuberculosis.

Notwithstanding the fact that I have studied the matter of Tuberculosis for many years, I have learned much from the very able and very interesting address that has been delivered by the President of