your attention to the statement therein contained relative to Mr. Pope, a gentleman whose valuable services (in a position you would hardly suppose could be made available in the way they have been) were brought under my notice, during the last two years, in a most favorable point of view.

"But his merits have been more eminently conspicuous during the many and great difficulties experienced (and which have been detailed by anothor hand) by the visitation of the most awful malady, the cholera, in the island, and which I am bound to declare entitle him to all the support in my power to afford.

"I do most sincerely hope you will be pleased to give your patient attention to this représentation, as nothing but a sense of the eminent and extraordinary services performed by this talented individual, could possibly induce me to address you in a strain of praise, unusual perhaps in military communications.

"It has seldom fallen to my lot, to have had an opportunity of witnessing more talent, zeal and ability displayed by any one person, and I beg to add I know none more likely to make to his country a grateful return for any patronage or favor, you in your good judgment might think meet to bestow upon one so truly worthy of it.

"I have, &c.,

"T. BUNBURY,

"Major-General."

"The Right Honorable the Secretary at War."

This recommendation was most favorably noticed by Mr. Fox Maule, who, in answer, expressed the sense of the Lords of the Treasury "of the merits and valuable services of Mr. Pope, particularly during the prevalence of the cholera," and notwithstanding the regulation respecting pay, a substantial increase was forthwith allowed him, as a "special grant," being "without precedent."

Upon the commencement of hostilities against Russia, Mr. Pope was gazetted paymaster to the 47th Regiment, which he accompanied to Varna and the Crimea, where he served till the reduction of Sebastopol, and the evacuation of the Peninsula. He was present at Alma and the sortie of the 26th October, 1854. On the morning of the battle of Inkerman he had a very narrow escape. The 47th were in the vicinity of the famous "Sandbag Battery," and he had just issued from his tent, when a shell entered and exploded, shivering the saddle which had served for his pillow. This gallant corps played a distinguished part in that bloody encounter. The regiment also took an active part in the successful affair of the Quarries on the 7th June, 1855, simultaneously with the French attack, and capture of the Mamelon. The Quarries were obstinately held for a while by the Russians, and in one of

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