

tions would be allowed and only one if the affidavits were of a similar kind, corroborative or nearly so. If they were long and important, differing somewhat, two instructions might be allowed, but if they were each and severally of sufficient importance and contained entirely different and new matter or sufficient of it, separate instructions might be allowed for each affidavit.

Where a Chancery case is entered for trial at a Common Law sittings for a county different from that in which the proceedings are carried on, I think the Clerk might charge the 3/ fee and attend to the case, because the Deputy Registrar could not attend to it out of his own County and the Deputy Registrar of the County where it is tried can have nothing to do with it.

Chancery cases entered for trial in county other than where carried on. Fee.

Chapter 16-47 Vic.—Under this Act, if the amount of the mortgage is within the C.C. and the remedy sought to be enforced can be pursued therein, the order for leave to proceed is to be made by the Judge of C. C. and the fees are the Clerk's, but if amount and remedy comes within the H. C. J. and is beyond the C. C., then the order is made by the Local Judge of H. C. and fees must be paid in stamps.

Mortgage, leave to proceed, 47 Vic., Cap 16; who order made by; Fees.

In order that a Sheriff can recover his fees for service and mileage of a Writ of Summons, he must make a return on it pursuant to R. S. O., Cap. 50, Sec. 335, page 681.

Sheriff's fees for service, mileage, necessity of Return.

Briefs are never allowed on Chamber applications.

Chambers, Briefs.

Where a Chancery case is entered at the Assizes and a jury is demanded, the jury fee must be paid as in other cases.

Chancery cases, Jury fees.

In case of a Solicitor dying and his estate being administered by a Solicitor and Client bill taxed at instance of Administrator is subject to the 1/6th Rule, the same as if bill was being taxed by the Solicitor himself. This would also apply to case where the Solicitor's estate was sold by Administrator and the bill was delivered by the purchaser and taxed.

Bill Sol'r. and Client in hands of Administrator or purchaser, 1/6th Rule.

The following is in answer to some questions put by Mr. Thomson in 1885:—

Tariff item 16—"Out of jurisdiction" means out of the Province. Court must have 1/ stamp, /50 being for seal.

Tariff item 16. Certificates, seal.

Præcipes should be filed for Præcipe orders and certificates.

Præcipes.

If a Solicitor desires to enter a number of cases for trial and he is in his turn of precedence, his cases should be entered if he so desires.

Assizes, entering cases.

An attendance for an order /50 should be allowed in addition to fee on.

Attending for order.

In an action for recovery of land a notice to quit given before action cannot be allowed as part of the costs.

Notice to quit.

The Sheriff is of course entitled to fees and mileage on all orders and papers he serves.

Sheriff, service of orders, etc.

Where an exemplification of a C. C. judgment, being a transcript of a Division Court judgment, is wanted, of course the transcript, which by Statute becomes a C. C. judgment, must be exemplified.

Exempl'n. of C. C. judgt., being a transcript from D. C.