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ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1907

LATEST WEATHER REPORT  
FAIR.

ONE CENT

Polishes That Brighten Things Up!



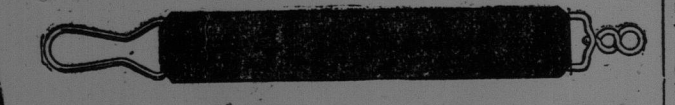
WHITO, 1 lb. packages, 25 cents  
ARGENTAL, 1 lb. packages, 25c per bottle  
U. S. PASTE, 1 lb. packages, 10, 20 and 30c per tin  
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JUBILEE, 1 lb. packages, 15c per bottle  
SAPOLIO, 1 lb. packages, 15c per cake  
BON AMI, 1 lb. packages, 15c each 2 for 25c per pkgt.  
NIKETY KNIFE POLISH, 1 lb. packages, 25c per tin  
BLACK JACK STOVE POLISH, 1 lb. packages, 10c per tin

W. H. THORNE & Co, LTD, Market Square, St John, N.B.

RAZOR STROPS and SHAVING BRUSHES

We make a specialty of reliable Stropps in both Swing and Cushion patterns.

Swing Stropps, 25c to \$2.50  
The "Gilford", a special good value, 75c  
Cushion Stropps, 20c to \$1.00



LATHER BRUSHES, Many Good Kinds, Prices, from 10c to 75c.

Our special "The Holdfast", the bristles of which are fastened to the handle by a non-corrosive metal cap, making the strongest brush on the market. Price, 25c

Emerson & Fisher, Ltd  
25 GERMAIN STREET.

Sale of Ladies' Whitewear  
WE ARE SHOWING a full line Ladies' finely-made Underwear in best White goods. Special offer for the next few days. Come and get a share in our sales.

J. ASHKINS, 655 Main St. Opp. Long Wharf. Open Evenings.

MEN'S SPRING HATS--NOW OPEN.

Our stock is chosen from the best English, Canadian and American factories. See Our \$2.00 Styles. Special attention paid to the young men's trade.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. E.

Sale of Men's Trousers!

All This Season's Goods and Our Own Make, which is sufficient guarantee. Prices: \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.25 to \$4. See our Window Display.

American Clothing House, Outfitters to Men, Youths and Boys, 11-15 Charlotte St.

LADIES! BARGAIN PRINTS and MUSLINS For Your Children's Dresses.

While the Winter is still on it is the very best time to be making Pretty Little Dresses and Aprons for the children. We have just received our new stock.

PARISIAN STORE, 47 Brussel Street. A. TANZMAN, Proprietor. Close at 6 p. m.; Saturday 11. St. John, Mar. 4, 1907

Men's Tailoring A FINE RANGE OF SPRING CLOTHS.

We have not been in the tailoring as long as some others, but we have been in it long enough to gain a reputation second to none, for good workmanship, careful attention to all the little details, and promptness in delivery, and as we do cash only we can save you from \$1 to \$5 on the price of your spring suit. A fine range of cloths to select from.  
Business Suits to order, \$15.00 to \$28.00  
Frock Suits to order, 25.00 to 35.00  
Overcoats to order, 15.00 to 28.00  
Pants to order, 3.50 to 7.50

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings, 199 to 207 Union St.

MANY DISASTERS ON THE GOODWIN SANDS

Several Vessels Have Recently Grounded There.

Steamer Valerian Floated—This Ship Was Recently in a Serious Collision

LONDON, March 4.—Advice received from Dover today state that the Red Line steamer Valerian which grounded on the Goodwin Sands last night got off early today and proceeded on her voyage.  
The fact that the steamer resumed her voyage indicates that she sustained no serious damage as the result of the stranding.  
Two or three other vessels have grounded on Goodwin Sands.  
Many collisions are reported. The German steamer Marsalis and Helene sank and eight of the crew were drowned.  
Goodwin Sands is a range of dangerous shoals in the Strait of Dover.  
The Valerian and the steamer Northworth Castle were in collision January 13, off the South Goodwin Lightship. The Northworth Castle was sunk and three of her crew perished. The Valerian suffered damage to her plates below the waterline.  
The Admiralty Court on February 15 rendered judgment against the Red Star Line holding that the Valerian was to blame for the collision.  
The Valerian is a twin screw steamer of 12,017 tons; length 389 feet; breadth 62 feet. She carries ordinarily about 200 first class, 150 second class, and 1,500 steerage passengers. She is commanded by Captain R. P. Ehorf.

THIRTY ENTOMBED IN MINE EXPLOSION

Death List Will be Large, But Number Not Known Yet

A Dozen Injured Men Taken Out, of Whom Four are Fatally Hurt

SCRANTON, Pa., March 2.—Twelve men are known to have been injured and possibly thirty killed by an explosion of gas today in the Holden mine of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Erie Western Company at Taylor, four miles from Scranton. The twelve injured taken from the gas filled mine, four probably will die.  
Twenty-seven chambers in the district were affected by the explosion with two men in each chamber. Twenty-four men from these chambers have been accounted for, leaving thirty about whose fate nothing is known. As the explosion occurred at about the time it is possible that a majority of the thirty will be found at their homes when the excitement subsides. They are nearly all foreigners.  
If there are any men in the affected district who have not been already taken out they are dead beyond all doubt, according to the mine officials. The explosion would asphyxiate them.  
Definite information was difficult to obtain until 3 P. M. Today, the only official who would talk, was called to the Woodward mine in Kingston near Wilkesbarre tonight, by an explosion which killed two men and injured five. Mr. Tobie made the statement that no one knew definitely how many, if any men, were in the explosion area. He learned he feared that there were probably twenty who had not gotten out. While the miners believe men are still entombed, Mine Inspector Williams, at 7 o'clock tonight, says he believes that all the men in the Holden mine are accounted for.  
Fourteen are seriously burned and twelve others slightly.  
The greatest fear of the explosion was that the road leading from the mine to the Mule Barn Road that leads from the Mule gateway to the Mule Barn. This was fully a half mile from the mine. The roadway was strewn with the debris from battered doors and brattice work, which obstructed the safe passage for the rescuing forces to penetrate the dense fog of the shaft. The roadway after dark, that filled the workings. The first news of the explosion caused Mr. Tobie in Taylor, and as his seriousness spread into Hyde Park and Minors, where live many of the miners, dreads hurried to the mine. Men burned and maimed were hoisted out of the mine. Some of the most seriously injured were devoid of any clothing when found, the clothes being completely torn.  
Rescuing parties headed by mine Supt. W. B. Owens, mine Inspector Williams and Stanley Deane, made every effort to reach the innermost section of the mine where thirty or more men were known to have been working.  
Then came the news that all the men had escaped. Crowds of people still lingered about the shafts at 10 o'clock tonight, still believing there were some men in the ruins.  
The dead at the Woodward Mine are Stanley Deane and Edward Reilly, both brattice men. The injured are foreigners and while they were seriously burned, it is believed they will recover.  
The mine is very gaseous and the men worked with safety lamps. It was at first reported that a large number of men were entombed in the Woodward mine, but this arose through the accident at the Holden Mine near Scranton.

RUSSIAN PARLIAMENT OPENS TOMORROW.

St. Petersburg Full of Wonder-Struck Peasant Members.

Different Parties Fail to Agree on a Policy—Labor Unions Want to Celebrate the Opening

ST. PETERSBURG, March 4.—The deputies to Russia's second parliament are coming into St. Petersburg from all directions in readiness for the opening session at noon tomorrow. Over 200 members have already arrived and more expected by the morning trains tomorrow. The deputies here are nearly all strangers in St. Petersburg, and many having their first glimpse of the big city easily distinguished in wandering groups staring at the palaces and cathedral. All went to the Tauride palace yesterday and inspected the re-modelled building. They selected their seats in the session hall by the simple process of laying their cards on seats. Only 425 of the 529 deputies will be present of the opening ceremony.  
Monarchists, 89; Octoberists, 85; Polish Nationalists, 44; Progressivists, 49; Constitutional Democrats and their adherents, 32; Left Party, 129; Indefinites, 12.  
The above is the present opposition of the new house. Exclusive of the last named party the house may be divided into two main groups—106 on the right, composed of Monarchists, Constitutional Democrats and Moderates; 146 in the center, composed of Constitutional Democrats, Progressive and Poles; 132 on the left, including the group of toll and some reactionaries.  
The Constitutional Democratic conference placed itself on record as opposed to reactionary as distinguished from active tactics. M. Hessein, one of the leaders, declaring that incendiary tactics in the present Lower House of Parliament would be an unpardonable sin.  
The caucus of the Group of Toll was attended by a large number of uncommitted peasants. Constitutional Democratic emissaries made a desperate attempt to swing the group, which failed. The caucus of the Revolutionist influence, into the Constitutional Democratic camp. There was a long debate but no definite conclusion was reached.  
A council of Empire will also be convoked tomorrow after the parliament. The labor unions are trying to arrange for the cessation of work in all factories and the celebration of the opening of the day of parliament.

THE HISTORY OF THE WANDERERS AFTER THE STANLEY CUP

Germany and Austria Opposed Games With Kenora Will Be Arranged at Once

Britain Was Slightly Interested for a Time Through Italy's Action—Former Counsellor Gives His Views.

PARIS, March 4.—Some interesting revelations concerning the diplomatic history of the triple alliance are made in a recently published volume entitled "The Ambassadorship at Paris of Baron de Mohrenheim." Mohrenheim was for 19 years the Russian Ambassador here and conducted the Russian end of the negotiations which resulted in the dual alliance.  
Julius Hanson, the author of the book, was the counsellor of the embassy during that period. Hanson says his information comes from a "sure source." He says that besides the official treaty constituting the triple alliance with its appended military conventions, Emperor William and King Humbert verbally engaged their words of honor to remain true to the alliance and to use every influence, should the case arise, to prevent their ministers from dissolving it. Emperor Francis Joseph was asked to join this pact and he acquiesced. It was between the three sovereigns concerned in it that the pact was made, Hanson says, the Kaiser, "was thinking only of France, Emperor Francis Joseph only of the possible aggressions of Russia, and the Slavs in the Balkans. The outcome of these conventions was prepared with the most scrupulous care. It foresaw the possible necessity of the union of the Austrian and German forces on the Rhish frontier against France, the union of the German and Italian fleets against Russia and against the operations of the united armies and navies in the Dardanelles and beyond. He says:  
"This formation is absolutely exact, and one reason Germany always opposed the publication of the treaty was because it contained as many clauses against Russia as against France, and its divulgence would only have hastened the conclusion of the dual alliance by dissipating Russia's last hesitation."  
"But the most curious feature of the 'historic' treaty, is that England was at one time practically a party to it. In the treaty as it is existed before 1902," says Mr. Hanson, "there was a clause or rather a reservation inserted in the Italian cabinet, by which in no case should any ally be engaged in a league against England."  
"In 1902 Mr. Primett forgot the reservation concerning England. 'Gagat Britain,' says Mr. Hanson, "was very prudent and was never more than partially engaged. The foreign office limited itself to declaring that in the war between France and Austria or between France and Italy in the Mediterranean, it was very probable that Great Britain would intervene against Russia in the one case and against France in the other. Without admitting this declaration entailed upon England obligations as a *casus foederis*."

NEWS PARAGRAPHS MUST BE CONSIDERED IN ENTIRETY

No Libel in Any One Sentence—The Best Meaning of the Whole Must Be Accepted

NEW YORK, March 3.—A newspaper article capable of two distinct conceptions, one libelous and the other not, must show unmistakable innuendo to be libelous under a decision rendered by Judge Ray in the United States court today. In the same decision Judge Ray holds that extracts cannot be taken at random from articles upon which have libelous proceedings, taking the ground that whole article contains the true meaning so far as the libel is concerned. The decision was rendered on a motion to set aside a verdict for \$5,000 found by a jury in favor of Wm. H. Daley against the New York Sun. The defendant contended that there was nothing libelous on the face of the published article and further that the alleged libelous statements were likewise capable of an innocent or non-libelous meaning and that as no innuendo ascribing the libelous meaning was present in the complaint no cause of action has been stated.  
The contention was upheld by Judge Ray and a new trial was granted.

CHIEF CLARK NOW WANTS MORE PAY

Substitute Firemen May Get 100 Per Cent Increase

Which Will Bring Their Salaries to Half the Amounts Paid to Call Men.  
The salaries committee met this morning at City Hall and considered the application of the substitute firemen for an increase in pay. It was decided to recommend to the council which is holding its regular meeting this afternoon that the pay of the substitute firemen should be double that of the call men, or \$150 received by the call men, and that the Carlton substitute firemen should receive \$75, thus also doubling their pay. It is also recommended to the council that the chief have power to appoint two additional substitute men, thus doubling the force up to the full number. In future, however, no appointments are to be made.  
Chief Clark also appeared before the committee and asked that his pay should be increased together with the other members of the force. The chief said that he was the mountain in preventing the destruction of the village and earth apparently will soon be overcome. Troops have been rushed to the scene to encourage the people.  
NAPLES, Mar. 3.—The Mountain in the province of Potenza, near Montemuro, which is slipping into the valley, again today began to move after having remained quiet since Saturday night. Five thousand persons are homeless and the scene is one of desolation. It is feared the whole village will be covered over.

STEAMSHIP DAKOTA RAN ON THE ROCKS

TOKIO, March 4.—Full particulars of the accident to the steamer Dakota are expected when the vessel sails to assist her, return to Yokohama tonight. A despatch indicates that the steamer struck a rock, lost her balance and that her stern sank into the water. She is now in that position and leaking badly. The scene of the disaster is near the Mollm light-house, ten miles from Yokohama. The day was clear and it is difficult to determine the cause of the disaster. It is presumed that a strong current was reached.  
SEATTLE, Wn., March 3.—According to advices received last night from Yokohama by Alfred Matson, purchasing agent of the Great Northern Company, the Dakota will be floated tomorrow. The cause is said to be safe, minor.

ACTOR LOST HIS NERVE AND FELL TO DEATH

CHESTER, Pa., March 2.—In an effort to escape being burned to death, John Conly, an employe of the Vanity Fair Co., was instantly killed yesterday by jumping from the window of the Arcade Hotel, where the theatrical company was stopping. Firemen were on the scene before the flames gained much headway and rescued all except Conly, who seemed to lose his presence of mind and jumped from a third story window.  
Mrs. Watson, a member of the company, was severely burned. She is in a hospital in a serious condition. The monetary loss will amount to about \$15,000.  
and will return to England towards the end of April.  
In the meantime Queen Alexandra will entertain in London and at Sandringham her sister, the Dowager Empress of Russia, who will arrive here from St. Petersburg, March 7, and remain in England a week.  
WARSAW, March 4.—Prison Inspector Kalbawa was attacked today by three revolutionists while at the door of his residence. He was shot and killed. One of the assassins was captured. He said the inspector had been sentenced to death by the Social Revolutionists because of his cruelty to political prisoners.

BRUTES WHO ASSAULTED GIRLS NARROWLY ESCAPED

MARIETTA, Ohio, March 3.—Walter W. Savage of Syracuse, N. Y., and Andy Corothers, charged with drugging and assaulting six small girls, tonight narrowly escaped violence at the hands of a large crowd that for a time surrounded the jail.  
Savage is an advertising sketch artist and has been here about a week occupying a window in the Dime Savings Society Building. He has made a specialty of getting young girls to allow him to make their pictures.  
This afternoon he had six girls between the ages of 12 and 14 years of age in his room, gave them whiskey, wine and beer, in which he administered some of his drug. The police this evening found the girls unconscious lying on the floor. Savage and Corothers were found in the room with the girls and the six girls were taken to the city jail.  
Physicians gave the girls emetics and they regained consciousness. The girls said that the men forced them to drink. The physicians are convinced that at least two of the girls are victims of an attempted assault.  
Under guard of the entire police force the men were rushed to the county jail.

ROOSEVELT ASKS HELP FOR RUSSIAN FAMINE VICTIMS

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Declaring that Russia has been a good friend to America in the past, President Roosevelt in a letter to the Russian famine relief committee of New York, made public today, appeals for contributions in behalf of the famine sufferers in that country. With the letter he sent his own cheque for \$100. He called attention to the present unprecedented prosperity of the United States, and hopes the people out of their abundance will give generously on this occasion. His letter is in reply to one received from the committee calling his attention to the urgent need of assistance.

SIXTY FIVE PERSONS WERE BURIED IN LANDSLIDE

BONA, Algeria, March 4.—Sixty-five persons have been buried by a landslide of about fifteen square miles on the mountain-side near Sedrata.  
NAPLES, March 2.—A mountain in the province of Potenza, near the village of Montemuro, is slipping into the valley in a series of landslides and threatening to overwhelm the village. The people are fleeing in panic. Only a low spur of the mountain is preventing the destruction of the village and earth apparently will soon be overcome. Troops have been rushed to the scene to encourage the people.  
NAPLES, Mar. 3.—The Mountain in the province of Potenza, near Montemuro, which is slipping into the valley, again today began to move after having remained quiet since Saturday night. Five thousand persons are homeless and the scene is one of desolation. It is feared the whole village will be covered over.

KING EDWARD STARTS FOR THE SOUTH OF FRANCE

LONDON, March 4.—King Edward started for Biarritz this morning. He will spend the night in Paris after about three weeks' stay at Biarritz. His majesty will join the royal yacht Victoria and Albert in the south of France.

TAMPA FLA. MARCH 3.—The sahn, door and blind mill of the Jetton Double Lumber Co., was burned at midnight last night together with a considerable quantity of lumber. The loss is \$30,000.