CANADIAN MINING STILL IN INFANCY

Thousands of Square Miles of Unexplored Land Remains.

OPTIMISTIC PREDICTIONS

Possibilities for Other Cobalts and Porcupines Thruout Country.

From World Special Correspondent. Porcupine, Aug. 15.— Anyone who has looked over the unbroken forests of Northern Ontario a dozen years ago and predicted that this district would soon be producing twenty millions in gold and silver annually, paying dividends almost equal to those of all the chartered banks of Canada put together, would have been put down as a fantastic dreamer, but that is the fact today and the output is continually increasing. And yet only a small portion of the country has been prospected, Running north-east a small portion of the country has been prospected. Running north-east and north-west from Cobalt and extending to the Arctic Ocean, taking in all northern Quebec and northern Ontario, is the great Canadian pre-Cambrian shield, the basement formation of the continent. It contains thousands of square miles and offers to prospectors better chances of locating valuable mineral deposits than, can be found in any other country in the world. Turning from such a record world. Turning from such a record and looking forward into the future it requires no very vivid imagination to see other Cobalts and other Porcupines converting the wilderness into Antiving three of industry. No. the foregoing is not an extract from the flamboyant prospectus of a wild cat mining company. It is the sober well considered statement of A. A. Cole, mining engineer of the Timis-banning and Northern Ontario Railway and also president of the Canadidan Mining Institute, and Mr. Cole was at the time addressing the men. was at the time addressing the mem-bers of the institute in his official capacity, a rody probably better able to appraise the value of his remarks

to appraise the value of his remarks than any other similar number of men in the whole Dominion and not in the least disposed to tolerate even the slightest exaggeration or departure from well ascertained facts.

Dividends Paid.

The dividends paid by mining companies in Northern Ontario are now over \$120,000,000. Porcupine and Cobalt had, at the end of June last, accounted for \$82,731,840, and a year ago Sudbury had \$36,508,152 to its credit. Sudbury had \$36,508,153 to its credit. But this is merely a beginning. At Sudbury there is 70,000,000 tons of positive ore above 1500 feet, and in all probability there are 100,000,000

tons not yet proved.

Cobalt is our biggest dividend payer, its total distributions being over\$72,000,000. It is doubtful whether there is or has been any mining district in any part of the world with greater earnings in the same period of time or a larger percentage of profit on production. The production in the Klondike had about the same value and it was recovered in about the same length of time. But the profit was not as great, and resides the Klondike was the richest placer gold field ever known. The same thing may be said as to Cobalt in relation to give a distinct type to the ore bodies of Kirkland Lake. Tallurides and metallic sulphides have nearly the same relation to ores of gold. They are strong precipitants and their oxidation often shows vistered as to Cobalt in relation to said as to Cobalt in relation to ible gold, silver. In Mexico, and at the "sponge" go its silver. In Mexico, and at the "sponge" gold are oxidation products mines of Potosi in South America, of telluride of gold. there have been larger outputs of the white metal, but nowhere such values iron ore and softer than calcite, while per ton, of ore in the ordinary run of iron sulphides are considerably light-

m'nes thruout the camp. Going back a dozen years no one in tellurides. Ontario would have dared to predict an important future for gold mining in this province. Now we have in its ore deposits were not sufficiently Porcupine at least four properties understood or appreciated. The likely to become the greatest gold Tough-Oakes alone seemed to have a mines in the world, and there are chance. It had a number of well de-

Cambrian schist. In the Future. The future belongs to Canada. Most of our gold mines will go deep. We have few surface accumulations of the yellow metal. In this respect our neighbors are not so fortunate. A great many of their gold mines give synite and feldspar porphyry and their was the line of contact between the granite synite and feldspar porphyry and their wonout at shallow depths and their won- the sedimentary series or some older derful success in copper mining in rock. Nevada, Arizona and other western in the recent extension of the lake states is largely due to special shore mine under Kirkland Lake, at n enrichment in the oxidized zone.

Primary deep seated deposits are found only in Michigan and Montana. There are no great gold fields state are taken as the porphyry and conglomerate can be seen. At greater depth this contant tact may be with lamprophyre or now known in the United States.

some districts. Mining is a business enterprise which yields handsome profits when energy, skill and capital S. R. Clarke,

INTERESTS DICKERING FOR ORR PROPERTY

Kirkland Lake, Aug. 15,-It is rumored here that negotiations to pur-chase the Wettlaufer property, bet-ter known as the Orr, which indicates Kirkland Lake Gold Mines on the comes very fine grained and shades east and Teck-Hughes on the south, into felsite highly changed with finely east and Teck-Hughes on the south, are now being carried on by Sir Henry M. Pellatt in behalf of MoIntyre Porcupin Gold Mines. Several large offers for the Orr have recently been made, as the deep development work already completed on the mines imnediately adjoining indicates a very large tonnage of high-grade ore waits recovered on this property. The outcome of the deal now reported being eagerly awaited thruout the Kirkland Lake district. The above wire was received by H.

STANDARD SALES.

Op. High. Low. Cl. Sales. Gold—
Apex 5½ 5½ 500 Cl.

Dome Ext. 16 6 500 Cl.

Dome M. 10.00 500 Cl.

Eldorado 2½ 500 Cl.

Holl. Com. 445 450 445 450 500 Cl.

Keora 18½ 18 50 Cl.

McIntyre 151 150 500 Cl.

Newray M. 70 500 Cl.

P. Crown 33 500 Cl.

P. Vipond 32 500 Cl.

T-Krist 7½ 500 Cl.

Silver—

Silver— Gold-Silver—danac 1514 15% 1514 1514 2,000 1,500 600 210 Hargrayes . 1172 ...

Herr Laxe .530 ...

Le Rose ... 48 .50 .47 .50

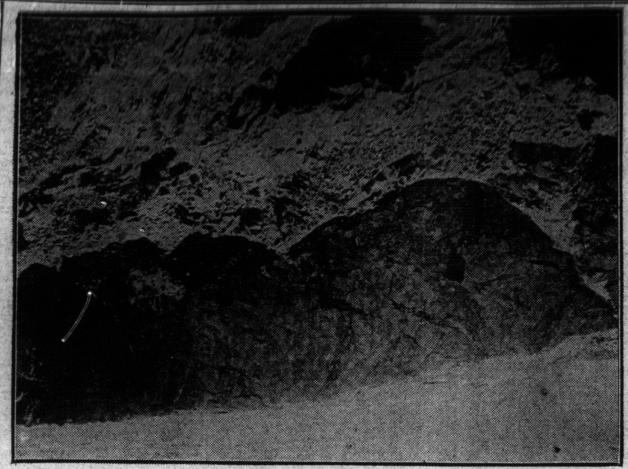
McK.-Dar. .55

Nipissing .790 .810 .790 .800

Pets. Lake ... 10½ ...

Amisk. .32½ .33 .32 .32½

Arethewey .18 .19 .18 .19 1,715



The Dome "Glory Hole," from which thousands of tons of mill rock have been quarried.

of Silver Caused Only

Small Rally.

The attention of traders in the min-

awakened.

The bullish influence of the jump in

anac held around 15½ to 15%. In the Porcupine group heavy trading in a few of the issues occurred, but nothing of special interest de-

heavy with more stock offering than usual. In some quarters it was believed that the dividend would be delayed for a time while others were

rather pessimistic and predicted that

which the stock came out would seem

to presage either the passing of the dividend or its delay. It must be remembered that the McIntyre direc-

day of reckoning.

KIRKLAND LAKE **DEVELOPING FAST**

Indicate its Great Importance.

COMING INTO ITS OWN

Rich Veins at Tough-Oakes First Attracted Attention-Others Followed.

From World Special Correspondent.
Kirkland Lake, Aug. 13.—In going north from Cobalt on the T. & N. O. Railway the first occurrence of gold is at Boston Creek, 50 miles by rail from the silver district. The railway then passes thru a gold district for a distance of 30 miles to Receive for a distance of 30 miles to Bourkes. Kirkland Lake is near the centre of this district, and so far it has proved the most important part. The district as a whole is noted for the wide disribution of tellurides. They occur at the Millar-Burton property near the railway station at Bourkes, and to some extent, also, at the Boston Creek Mine, and they give a distinct type to the ore bodies of Kirkland Lake. Tellurides and metallic sulphides

"Mustard" gold

The reality of 85-cent silver, and, perhaps, 90 cents for the Cobalt producers, is something undreamed of in the old days. It makes the flotation Tellurides as a rule are heavier than plants a particularly valuable part of the mine, as even the lowest grade er and much harder than any of the of ore has assumed an importance heretofore unheard of. For the small-

The Early Days. In the early days of Kirkland Lake mines in the world, and there are chance. It had a number of well deprobably other Cobalts and other Porfined, the rather narrow, veins. It cupines in these great areas of pre-looked more like an ordinary gold proposition than anything else in the

greenstone. With the eruption of What Ontario mainly wants is more the porphyry the metals tended to-capital and better railway facilities in ward the contact because there was less pressure at that point and it was

United Kirkland. The United Kirkland is situated on the main fracture zone, a little further to the west. It has probably the best defined contact in the whole camp. The conglomerate of the sedimentary series lies on one side and the igneous gold-bearing rock on the other. It is the typical red porphyry of the camp, but in some places it bedivided iron sulphides. A great deal of secondary silicification is also in evidence and these are the conditions par excellence for the deposition of

Kalgoorlie in Western Australia is also a telluride camp. In many re-spects it resembles Kirkland Lake, ADVANCE IN SILVER but its "golden mile" will be greatly eclipsed by Kirkland Lake's much greater length of auriferous ground. S. R. Clarke. Other Cobalts Also Should Pros-

PRICE OF SILVER

London, Aug. 15 .- Bar stiver, 44d per ounce.

New York, Aug. 16.—Bar silver, 86%c per ounce.



ONTARIO'S WEEKLY

the new producers, of which Adanac If you want reliable news of all promises to be by far the most im-2,000 the mining camps of Northern The Adanac Company is not at pre-Ontario, subscribe for The North-ern Miner, Cobalt, Ont.

Sent giving out any news, and all that is known is that ore is being bagged. There is a mysterious buy-550 1,000 20,300 1,200 | Ca year. Canada, \$1.50; U. S., \$2 per ing of the shares going on, and brokers believe that the action of the stock

SAMPLE ON REQUEST.

COBALT STOCKS PRODUCTION AT HIGH **SLOW TO RESPOND** LEVEL ON M'INTYRE

Recent Finds at New Camp Jump of Three Cents in Price Heavy Inclusion of Country Rock Reduced Grade for Last Month.

VALUES PERSISTENT

The attention of traders in the mining market yesterday was focused on the silver stocks by reason of the rather startling enhancement in the price of silver. When the official market quotation flashed over the wires from New York came out at 86%, a new high record and almost 3 points up from the previous day's figure, a near thrill went thru the market and renewed interest was awakened. Breaking Thru of Ore Passages Responsible for Treatment of Rock.

From World Special Correspondent. The bullish influence of the jump in the price of the metal, however, which in any kind but the present market would have caused quite a flurry. was somewhat lost, but even at that some response, the feeble, was made by a few of the Cobalt group.

The continued advance in the price of silver in spite of the powerful efforts of the British Government to prevent it speaks volumes for the trend of the market. If with India, one of the largest buyers of silver, removed from the market the price continues to soar there seems to be little possibility of any return to the old established levels for the white metal for some time to come. It must be borne in mind that the ban placed on the importation of silver into In-Porcupine, Aug. 15 .- July and Aug-

on the importation of silver into India does not satisfy the demand from that source but merely postpones the large of receiving the control of the source but merely postpones the large of receiving the source but merely postpones the large of receiving the source but merely postpones the large of receiving the source but merely postpones the large of receiving the source but merely postpones the large of the public should understand that there can be no sudden changes in the value of the ore. These deposits are deep seated and are in the class regarded as permanent. They are not mere surface accumulations of gold here today and away tomorrow. With dan't there has been a progressive in depth there has been a progressive inof ore has assumed an importance heretofore unheard of. For the smaller properties, which have as yet not fully explored their acreage and which may find rich veins to compare with those of the older companies, there is an added speculative possibility.

Nipissing attracted considerable buying with an attendant rise in price to \$8.10. Coniagas was bought up as high as \$4.15 and \$5.30 was paid for Kerr Lake. The smaller properties the Hollinger Convolidated are as the series in richness and in quantity of ore, and in none of the mines has this been more marked than at the Mc-Intyre Con. The ore of the lower levels carries 18 per cent, of iron sulphide and this percentage is increasing. This strong mineralization is one of many evidences of persistence of values to the lowest mining depths. Kerr Lake. The smaller properties the Hollinger Consolidated are not did not respond so readily but there now what they were during the first was a firmer feeling. Beaver sold at 34 and Timiskaming changed hands large tonnages cannot be carefully in large volume at 32 to 33. McKinley was higher at 55, Har-graves went up a little to 12 and Ad-anac held around 15½ to 15%. mined a great deal of ore from lower levels there is no reason to suppose that values will not also improve with depth at this great mine. The Dome acquired a lingering repuveloped during the day. Speculation as to the McIntyre dividend which is about due was the chief topic on the street. The stock itself looked a little ply because it was worked as a quar-

ry. With ordinary mining practice values here would have stood up to those of the other big mines of the camp.

STANDARD STOCKS.

Ask.

Bid

е	dividend or its delay. It must be re-	Gold—	Did
e	membered that the McIntyre direc-	Apex 5%	51/
-	torate did not commit themselves to	I Davidson	27
đ	The state of the s	Pulome Extension	16
e			
y			9.75
-		Eldorado 21/2	6
8		Folev	21/4
-	Hollinger was quiet, but firm,	Gold Reef	114
a	around \$4.50 and Dome changed hands	Thomaser Con	4.45
_	at \$10. Newray was steady at 70	Homestake	
n		Inspiration 7	
s		Keora 181/2	161/4
ť	West Dome was traded in at 17½, a	35-7-4	43
	lot of stock coming out at this figure.	Moneta 9	150
١,		Newray Manes 70	69
-	ADVANCE IN SILVER	Pearl Lake	
١,	DESIGNATION ADAMAG	Porcupine Bonanza	,
y	BENEFITS ADANAC	Porcupine Crown	37
h		Porcupine Gold	
	Other Cobalts Also Should Pros-	Porcupine Imperial 3	21/4
	Other Covaits Also Should Pros-	Porcupine Tisdale 21/2	21/2
	per at Present Figure.	Porcupine Vipond 321/2	32
	per at 1 resent 1 iguite.	Preston 41% Schumacher Gold M 471%	. 4
1		Teck-Hughes st	48
П	The large increase in the price of	1 Lompson-Krist	***
П	silver will have much affect upon the	West Dome Con 18	17%
П	revenues of the producing Cobalt	Silver—	4176
П	mines. Yesterday's price of 86% an	Adanac 15%	151/4
П	ounce was a jump of almost 3c an	Balley 214	
Н	oz. over night, and it is believed	Beaver 86 Chembers-Ferland 14	34 .
	among builton dealers that the quo-	Coniagas	131/6
	tation will go very materially higher	Crown Reserve 26	3.50
_1	before the demand has been met.	Foster 414	• • •
7	Much of the east is practically pre-	Gifford	3%
. 1	vented from gathering new silver sup-	Gould Con sz	0.78
П	plies, and the real demand from India	Great Northern	6%
1		Dargraves 19	11%
1	and other silver-using communities will not be felt until the war has	Hudson Bay 38 Kenabeek 191/2	35
1	closed. The old Cobalt med war has	Kerr Lake5.25	18
1	closed. The old Cobast producers will	Lorrain	5.05
1	make a lot of money during the	La Rose	49
Į	high price for the metal, and some of	McKinley-Darragh	
1	the new producers, of which Adanac	Nipissing8.05	8.00
1	promises to be by far the most im-	Ophir 8%	8
1	portant, will enjoy great prosperity.	Peterson Lake 101/2	10
1	The Adanac Company is not at pre-	Right-of-Way 5½ Rochester Mines 5	41/2
.1	sent giving out any news, and all	Silver Leaf 11/2	114
1	that is known is that ore is being	Seneca-Superior 21/2	11/2
1	bagged. There is a mysterious buy-	Timiskaming 33	3214
1	ing of the shares going on, and brok-	Trethewey 19	181/2
1	ers believe that the action of the stock	Wettlaufer 7	6
1	later on will be a surprise to the mar-	Miscellaneous-	
	heat	TOCHUM UND	

-GOLD UNITED KIRKLAI

We wish to announce the continuance of the public subscription offering of stock of the United Kirkland Mines, Limited, at 30c a share, subject to examination and favorable report upon the properties by our own engineer, name to be announced in due time, who will make an independent investigation of the properties and the conditions surrounding them.

The orders and inquiries on this stock have exceeded our expectations, testifying to the popularity of Kirkland Lake as the next great gold camp of the north and the possibilities of the United Kirkland group, which represents perhaps the largest compact aggregation of properties lying directly along the line of the feldspar-porphyry contact, which is the orecarrier and the source of the production of the camp. The United Kirkland properties are crossed by the three-vein system which traverses the district from Tough-Oakes on the east to and including United Kirkland on the west. This ore system has been proven for a distance of two miles and to a depth of 700 feet in the Kirkland Lake or Beaver-McKane properties, lying one remove to the east from United Kirkland. The Beaver-McKane properties were sold to the present Beaver Consolidated interests by the United Kirkland principals, after the latter had developed the Beaver-McKane to a depth of some 70 feet, for the sum of \$300,-000. The Beaver people have continued the shaft to ten times its original depth and have proven a mine which is reasonably worth ten times the original purchase price. A large part of this enhancement of price, following shaft-sinking and deep-level explorations, must inevitably be reflected also in the neighboring United Kirkland group, lying on the strike of the big vein system of Kirkland Lake, and the United Kirkland interests feel that they are justified in capitalizing some of the results obtained by shaft-sinking in their immediate neighborhood. The adjoining Elliott-Kirkland and Kirkland Lake companies, whose properties were secured from the United Kirkland principals, have sunk respectively some 200 and 700 feet directly in line with United Kirkland and have found the ore in place and proven the extension of the formation in their

THE UNITED KIRKLAND MANAGE. MENT IS ESTABLISHING CAMP AND BE-GINNING OPERATIONS THIS WEEK, AND THE NEWS TO DATE FROM THE PROP. ERTIES IS OF THE MOST SATISFACTORY CHARACTER.

Below we print brief reports on the United Kirkland Gold Mines, Limited, submitted by Messrs. T. J. Flynn, M.E., and George O. Rando(ph, B.S., E.M. Mr. Randolph is a young and able engineer, formerly connected with the very successful Seneca-Superior management in Cobalt Some of the Seneca-Superior interests have now taken over the adjoining Elliott-Kirkland properties and are successfully prosecuting deep development. Mr. Flynn is a veteran mine operator, fully familiar with the history and geology of Kirkland Lake. Mr. Flynn's report follows:

REPORT BY T. J. FLYNN, M.E.

"The proven veins of value in the Kirkland Lake area have been found to occur in red feldspar porphyry dikes, having a northeast-southwest direction, along the south shore of Kirkland Lake. The veins along the south shore of Kirkland Lake. The veins are not of the usual white quartz, with defined walls, but are more in the nature of 'breaks,' in which occur small stringers of dark colored quartz and fragments of the red porphyry wall rock, a little calcite, also considerable iron sulphides and a trace

"The Tough-Oakes was the first mine of the district to be developed. It is located at the northeast end of the porphyry belt, so far as has been proven to be productive. From the Tough-Oakes mine, run-ning in a southwest direction, the dike has shown good values on every property through which it passes to the Kirkland Lake (Beaver) mine.

"At the Tough-Oakes a great deal of high-grade ore was found at the surface. From this point west-ward a gradual increase in depth was necessary be-fore reaching good values, which at the Beaver mine was found to be at a depth of approximately 200 feet-"At the Elliott property a shaft is at present being put down to the 300-foot level, where conditions similar to those existing at the Beaver mine at the same level will undoubtedly be found.

"The dike of red porphyry referred to extends through the Elliott property on to the United Kirkland claims, where a strong 'break' shows on the surface in a direct line with the developed mines of the camp to the Tough-Oakes. "There is every reason to suppose that the same

general conditions will prevail on the United Kirk-land claims while under development as were found on the two miles of productive ground to the north-

"Some surface prospecting should be done in order to determine the best point at which to locate a shaft. A considerable area of the whole district shows conglomerate on the surface, which in most cases has proven to be quite shallow, and has no bearing on the gold depositions. "Diamond drilling would no doubt be the quickest and most inexpensive method of ascertaining the depth necessary to sink shaft in order to reach ore

"(Signed) T. J. FLYNN, M.E."

Mr. Randolph's report follows:

REPORT BY GEO. O. RANDOLPH, B.S., E.M. nliance with your request, I beg to

"GENERAL INFORMATION-This property is situated in the Township of Teck and is comprised of some 135 acres, entered at the Recording Office at of some 135 acres, entered at the Recording Office at Matheson as Claims Nos. L2640, L2641, L2642, L4185 and L4186. The property is three miles distant from Swastika, a station on the Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway. The main road to Kirkland Lake passes in close proximity to the claims. This road is traveled by both wagons and automobiles.

telephone line connects this section with the tele-graph at Swastika. The Northern Ontario Light & Power Company are delivering power to the Elliott. Kirkland, about one-half mile northeast of the claims.

"FORMATION-The formation in the Kirkland Lake area consists of the Huronian Sediments and Lamprophyre, with an intrusive red porphyry, the predominating phenochrists of which are feldspar. This series of formation has a southwest trend from the Tough-Cakes mine. High-grade milling ore has been discovered in numerous places on surface along the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this formation, but in general under the strike of this strike the strike of this strike the strike of the strike of this strike the strike of this strike the strike of this strike the strike of the strike the strike of this strike the strike of the strike the strike of the strike of the strike the s the strike of this formation, but in general underground developments have proven that ore bodies
at depth are more persistent and of better grades
than those exposed on surface. The veins or 'breaks'
are usually narrow on surface. In the case of the
Kirkland Lake mine, no persistent ore was encountered until the 300-foot level was developed. Wide
ore bodies of high-grade milling ore are now being
developed on the 10, 400, 500 and 600-foot levels of
that mine.

"The general strike of the veins in this section is parallel to the formation, and the dips of both formation and veins are to the south. formation and veins are to the south.

"As can readily be seen on the map, the Dodga-Eilis claims lie directly in the belt which extends from the Tough-Oakes through the Sylvanite Wright-Hargrave, Teck-Hughes, Orr, Kirkland Lake and Elliott-Kirkland properties, a distance of nearly three miles. Several veins, or breaks, are found persistently along the line of strike of this belt, and valuable ore bodies have been developed in them. Geologic conditions are similar in all these properties, and wherever sufficient work has been performed valuable ore bodies have been encountered The Elliott-Kirkland have been operating but a short time, and have not reached the depth desired for development, but to date conditions similar to those of the Kirkland Lake mine have been proven.

"DEVELOPMENT—The work performed up to the date of the writer's visit consisted in trenching and sinking test pits on promising looking veins, or 'breaks.' This work resulted in exposing the characteristic formation of the district, similar in all respects to the surface exposures of the proven mine of the area. No general surface sampling of this property could be done. It has been proven in the southwest section of this camp that it is necessary to prospect at depth to obtain the best results.

"CONCLUSION—Your property is located in the proven belt of the district. The geologic conditions are favorable. Transportation facilities and electric power for development will enable the work to be pursued at a low cost. Continuations of proven veins should be encountered on this property.

"Results obtained in this end of the district makes it imperative to prospect this property at depth. This involves the installation of a plant capable of handling work to a depth of 400 feet. Developments work at the 300 or 400-foot levels on these claims should be rewarded by finding ore in sufficient quantity and value to make it a producing mine.

"Yours truly.

"Yours truly, "(Signed) GEO. O. RANDOLPH, B.S., E.M."

WHILE THESE REPORTS ARE SATIS-FACTORY AND INDICATE THE GREAT MERIT AND POSSIBILITIES OF THE UNIT ED KIRKLAND GROUP BEYOND A DOUBT, WE HAVE CHOSEN TO HAVE THE DATA CHECKED UP BY AN OUTSIDE MININ ENGINEER AND GEOLOGIST OF OU OWN SELECTION, WHO WILL GO TO KIRKLAND LAKE WITH AN OPEN MIND, HAVING NO PREVIOUS INTEREST THERE, AND WHO WILL SUBMIT US A DISINTER ESTED SUMMING-UP OF CONDITIONS AS HE FINDS THEM. THIS MAN MUST OF NECESSITY BE ONE WHOSE CREDEN. TIALS HAVE ESTABLISHED HIS QUALIFI-CATIONS BEYOND ALL QUESTION. ON HIS REPORT WE PROPOSE TO STAND OR FALL. IF HE FINDS FOR THE PROPERS TIES WE SHALL, OF COURSE, BE GRATISFIED, AS DOUBTLESS WILL BE ALL THOSE WHO HAVE BOUGHT UNITED KIRKLAND STOCK THROUGH US AND THROUGH OTHER BROKERS. IF HE FINDS AGAINST THE PROPERTIES—AS HE WILL IF CONDITIONS DO NOT WARRANT HIS FIND ING OTHERWISE—WE WILL PROMPTLY RETURN ALL MONEYS AND ORDERS SENT US FOR THE STOCK, LEAVING ALL WHO HAVE BOUGHT UPON OUR SUGGESTION FREE TO ACT AS THEY CHOOSE AFTER

United Kirkland Gold Mines, Limited, stock is offered at 30c a share. The company has 2,000,000 shares, half of which are reserved for treasury use. Par value, \$1.00. No personal liability.

IN DUE COURSE APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO LIST THE STOCK FOR OPEN TRADING ON THE TORONTO STANDARD STOCK EXCHANGE, AND WE ANTICIPATE THAT THE ISSUE WILL BECOME VERY ACTIVE ON THAT MARKET AND A MUCH HIGHER LINE OF QUOTATIONS WILL PREVAIL.

Orders can be filled through our office or through that of your own broker at 30c a share, net, with no commission. These should be in hand immediately, as the stock is in request in very large volume and the alloument at this price is limited.

ISBELL, PLANT & CO.

Members Toronto Standard Stock Exchange STANDARD BANK BUILDING TORONTO

the statement that the property of the United Kirkland had been reported on by Frank C. Loring, E.M. This was a mistake, Our publicity chief was informed by one of the owners of this property that Mr. Loring, who is interested in a property in Kirkland Lake District, had reported favorably on the district as a whole, and would be engaged to report on the property of United Kirkland. Based upon the statement made by this owner, Mr. Loring was referred to in a manner that would possibly infer that he had reported on the property of the United Kirkland. This was a mistake, and we hasten to correct same, iand. This was a mistake, and we hasten to correct same.

ISBELL, PLANT & CO.

OOD VEINS

Area Comb ising Form Big Asset

O PUBLIC IN & Co, had th ding in low-priced anish River and Amend. The rest of the remely dull, and the practically no is ding at the momentier, and we would no see activity develor our stocks are low quires a little actipublic to this ma

COTTON LE Bickell & Co. York, Aug. 18 sher report was comble for the erop or at, buying by spood, which gave a be clear. Near months one in the New Young in the Stocks are with the exception of the second in the op, with the exception of Texas, is thing would be just fear that peace de axe a further scar. I perhaps bring it ent buying on that something definite a lines of peace or

mes of peace or market will no schuate from day fore, hardly see for taking a permarket at this tag levels. HARVEST HELP \$12 TO W:N The Grand Trunk 1 sell Harvest Helo

to Winnipeg on fe August 21 and 30, 2 croate and east to orth to Huntsville. 1 August 23 and 30, 2 croate and west and Fare going \$12 to it per mile beyond er mile to Winniper.

innipes via Transc 10.45 p.m. on date For particulars as Z. etc. a

and his today from ried they were