Amasea, in the age following Saint Augustine, thus imitates his illustrious predecessor, clearly showing us the doctrine and practice of the Church in those e-ly days: "You yourselves have formerly prayed to the martyrs before you were martyrs. They heard you when you entreated them. Now that you can hear us, grant us our request."—Serm. X.

In fine, all this teaching, this reasoning, this consoling practice of Christians throughout the ages, is the outcome of the "Communion of Saints," in which we profess our belief daily by reciting the Apostles' Creed, and which in turn is the crowning glory of the twin precepts of charity in practice—the highest love of God and of our neighbour. As from the love of God flows our worship of Him, and the invocation of Christ Jesusthe one Mediator between God and man, I Timothy II, 5—so from the love of Gar neighbour flows the honour we give to the Saints on account of their nearness to God, and likewise their invocation. The whole doctrine and practice of our relationship with the Saints is bound up in Christ's fundamental law of love, that law which unites the whole Christian world into one great spiritual family, one vast mystical body of which Christ is the Head.—Coll. I, 18; II, 10. There are already great multitudes of Saints whom no man can number sitting with Him on thrones in His kingdom, and the Lord gives Hintself to them in all His unveiled beauty and splendour, ravishing them with endless glory and felicity. It is the reward te in the Kingof the charity they exercised on earth. Our dom of Christ is different from theirs, but the Lingdom is onethey in glory, we on trial-all being members of the mystical body of which Christ is the Head.

But Christ is not exclus. The y in Heaven, for He repeatedly and expressly reveals His presence in His members in affliction and trial, and emphatically declares it in His sentence of reward to the elect for their exercise of charity on earth: "Come, ye blessed of My Father for I was hungry and you gave me to eat; I was thirsty and you gave me to drink; I was a stranger and you took me in."—Matt. XXV, 35. It cannot be that, once arrived and crowned in