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The Toronto World

FOURTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING JANUARY 9 1915—FOURTEEN PAGES

EXCHANGE

Client will exchange a four-family Apartment House in Rosedale for central property.

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THE TWO LINES OF TRENCHES AND A REDOUBT

Some Further Comments on Nickel-Plated Politics

Editor World: This question is assuming proportions that perhaps never before occupied the minds of the people of Canada: calling forth the one absorbing thought that there is a deep, underlying mystery in connection with it all.

Who are the group who have been so influential in nickel, in the Cobalt camp, in water powers, in timber limits, in political influence, and might have been Porcupine? How can one small circle of lawyers be so active in so many directions?

Newspapers on War and Nickel Temptations.

THE EXPORT OF NICKEL.—(From Beck's Weekly, Montreal, Jan. 8.) According to the Toronto Globe, there is a man behind the newspaper agitation for the prohibition of the export of Canadian nickel ore, matte or oxide to any country outside the British Empire that is not a "patriotic" one.

THE WAR AND THE NEWSPAPERS.

(Editorial Toronto Globe, Jan. 8.) "War must be the harvest time of the newspapers." That is an everyday salutation from the Man on the Street to the Man on the Press.

THE NEWS A MINDREADER.

Globe, Jan. 8: The Toronto News, which frequently discovers what the Hon. Frank Cochrane is thinking before anyone else has an inkling of his opinions, says that

Bryan's Resignation Demanded.

Special to The Toronto World. ELIZABETH, N.J., Jan. 8.—The resignation of Secretary of State Bryan is demanded in a set of resolutions adopted by the German-American Alliance, this city, on the ground that Bryan is favoring the allies against Germany.

GREAT STRUGGLE BEGINNING SAYS VON HINDENBURG

Germany's Popular Hero Admits Russians Are Determined Fighters.

SHATTERS WILD HOPES

Russian Offensive Has Not Collapsed as Berlin Had Believed.

Canadian Press Despatch.

GERMAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, POSEK, Dec. 19.—(Delayed in transmission), via London, Jan. 8, 11 p.m.—"Even the occupation of Warsaw and of the Vistula line would by no means signify the end of the campaign. The Russians, with their immense territories, can fall back indefinitely. Defeated at Warsaw they can fall back on Kiev, from Kiev on Moscow and eventually on Vladivostok. Of course we can't follow that far."

PRICE OF BREAD MAY BE RAISED

Advance of One Cent a Loaf Contemplated in U. S. Cities.

EMBARGO ON EXPORT?

Movement is Under Way—Americans May Eat Corn as Alternative.

WANT PENSIONS FOR MOTHERS

Labor Delegates Seek Amendment of Lemieux Act and Safeguards for Transport Men.

DISCOURAGE COTTON GROWING IN INDIA

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. CALCUTTA, Jan. 8.—A communique issued in the district of Delhi notifies the people that in view of the probable smaller demand for cotton, government officers in various localities have been instructed to discourage the growing of cotton during the coming year, and to encourage the planting and growing of cereals.

Men Who Are Particular About Dress Will Be Interested.

In good time as usual, the Dineen Company—140 Yonge street—have just unpacked the first spring shipment of suits hats from Henry Heath London, England. They are extra smart and will be readily appreciated for their style by the particular dressers of the city.

BUY BRITISH VESSEL FOR COTTON TRADE

Special to The Toronto World. NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Strachan & Company of Savannah have purchased the British steamer "Harley," owned by the Union Navigation Company of Montreal. The name of the vessel will be changed to Southern and the ship transferred to American registry to be used in the German cotton trade.

Canadians Leave This Month For Positions on Firing Line

Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World. SALISBURY, Eng., Jan. 8.—"Altho nothing official has been divulged, there is no doubt but that the Canadians will be moved from Salisbury to France this month to get into the firing line. It is impossible to verify the report that the Canadians will be moved to another camp in England. No serious illness is reported in the Toronto battalions. J. A. MacLaren.

ARTHUR GRIFFIN RHODES SCHOLAR

Trinity Graduate Was Chosen for Honor by University Committee.

OBJECTIONS WERE MADE

General Opinion Was That Choice Lay Between Three Others.

STORMS CHECK HEAVY FIGHTING

Changes Slight in Front Lines.

ALLIES GAIN SLIGHTLY AROUND RHEIMS, BUT LOSE IN ARGONNE.

Thousands Surrender to Russians — Lull in Poland Continues.

CAUCASUS SOLDIERS SEARCHING FOR TURKS

Some of the Russian soldiers are searching for the routed Turks, who are reported to be surrendering by thousands, while in Flanders, which is virtually all under water, the allies assert that they have found it possible to make some headway.

LOSS GROUND IN ARGONNE.

The Russians continue their forward movement in the Carpathians and in Bukovina, while in France infantry attacks have been made at many points, followed by artillery engagements and sapping and mining operations.

BALKAN STATES LOOK FOR WAR

Roumania Mobilizes Army—Greece Much Irritated by Turkey — Italy Receives Protest From Austria.

SCHOOL CHILDREN SEE PICTURES.

Fifteen school children saw the Williamson submarine motion picture last week at the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences.

Rhodes Scholar



Arthur Kent Griffin, Trinity, who was awarded the Rhodes Scholarship last night by a committee of the University of Toronto.

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CONSCRIPTION NOT REQUIRED, SAYS HALDANE

Recruiting Satisfactory, Tho Few Irish Revolutionists Complicate Problem.

HUGE GUN IS EVOLVED

Will Rival Germany's Heaviest Artillery—House of Lords Adjourns.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Jan. 8, 9:07 p.m.—After a two days' session, during which its members' statements from Earl Kitchener, secretary for war, Viscount Haldane, lord high chancellor, the Marquis of Crewe, government leader in the house, and Baron Lucas, on behalf of the government, on the progress of the war, and Great Britain's preparations to carry it on, the house of lords this evening adjourned until Feb. 2, when parliament will reassemble.

The opposition was not very skilful in securing from the government information on the growth of the army or on the operations of the navy, regarding which its members persistently questioned the ministers; but generally speaking the government expressed satisfaction at the rate at which recruiting was proceeding and Viscount Haldane declared that the necessities for compulsory service had not arisen.

WESS OF THE SOOT.

The Unionist peers who criticized Ireland's reply to the call to arms were told that Ireland was doing her full share in the war.

A LIGHTER VIEW WAS INTRODUCED INTO THE DISCUSSION BY SOME OF THE SCOTISH MEMBERS, WHO COMPLAINED OF THE KILTS SUPPLIED TO THE SCOTTISH REGIMENTS.

Baron Moncrieff described these kilts as "abbreviated ladies' noble skirts." Baron Lucas replied that the war office had been unable to get a sufficient stock of the usual material used in the making of kilts.

CONSCRIPTION NOT NEEDED.

Viscount Haldane, lord high chancellor, replied on behalf of the government. He agreed with the Earl of Selborne's estimate of the gravity of the crisis. He pointed out that he had seen himself during the war with the necessity of the first task before the British army, that of expelling the Germans from Belgium.

AS TO THE SUGGESTION OF COMPULSORY SERVICE, LORD HALDANE SAID HE THOUGHT THIS WAS A BAD THING, ALTHO IN THE TIME OF A GRAVE NATIONAL CRISIS, IT MIGHT BE NECESSARY TO FRAME A MILITARY ORGANIZATION CAPABLE OF THE NECESSARY EXPANSION.

As to the suggestion of compulsory service, Lord Haldane said he thought this was a bad thing, altho in the time of a grave national crisis, it might be necessary to frame a military organization capable of the necessary expansion.

REFERRING TO SOME OF THE TECHNICAL PROBLEMS OF THE WAR, LORD HALDANE REMARKED THAT THE ALLIES AT AN EARLY PERIOD IN THE FIGHTING HAD BEEN BEHIND IN RESPECT TO GREAT GUNS. THIS CONDITION HAS SINCE BEEN RECTIFIED, HE DECLARED.

"The task is an enormous one, and it varies in the case of each of the allies, but on us rests a burden which is larger than that of either France or Russia—the burden of keeping command of the sea," he added.

RECRUITING IN IRELAND.

The Marquis of Crewe, government leader in the house of lords, replying to the criticism with regard to the recruiting in Ireland, and a statement by Lord Middleton that desertion had made the recruiting process a difficult one. There were in Ireland, he added, a number of revolutionary Irishmen, who were vocal out of all proportion to their influence.

THE DIVISION IN POLITICAL OPINION IN IRELAND, THE MARQUIS SAID, ADMITTEDLY HAD MADE THE RECRUITING PROCESS A DIFFICULT ONE.

The Marquis declared that he had received no particular information concerning the movements of Sir Roger Casement, who was reported to have proposed an alliance between Germany, Ireland and America to the Berlin Government, but if Sir Roger had done what he was reputed to have done the marquis said his conduct ought to be followed by severe penalties.