nflderable

pine tree white, the imber of it It grows d fize, and fuch quan-

o forts, the cious juice, very good and fweet-eater quan-beautifully abinets, tatof the foft gated grain free from life may be n meadows the leaves are much

this tree in my descripnd near the grows to an and found, puntry from beriaguays; d when they ce of their good market rood of this afh; but it by its bark; nches thick, nches deep, bulk appear ty they may

be readily known. The rind or infide bark is of the fame thickness as that of other trees, but its color is of a fine bright yellow, infomuch that if it is but flightly handled, it will leave a stain on the fingers, which cannot easily be washed away; and if in the spring you peel off the bark, and touch the sap, which then riles between that and the body of the tree, it will leave so deep a sincture that it will require three or four days to wear it off. Many useful qualities belong to this tree, I doubt not will be discovered in time, belides its proving a valuable acquisition to the dyer.

The LIEMLOCK I REE grows in every part of

America, in a greater or less degree.

It is an evergreen of a very large growth, and has leaves formewhat like that of the year; it is however quite uteless, and only an incumbrance to the ground, the wood being of a very coarse grain, and full of wind stakes or cracks.

The BASS or WILITE WOOD is a tree of a middling fize, and the whitest and softest wood that grows a when quite dry it swims on the water like a cork; in the settlements the turners make of it bowls, trenchers and dishes, which wear smooth, and will last a long time; but when applied to any other purpose it is far from the rable.

The WICKOPIC or SUCKWIC appears to be a species of the white wood, and is distinguished from it by a peculiar quality in the bark, which when pounded, and moissened with a little watter, instantly becomes a matter of the consistence and nature of size. With this the Indians pay their causes, and it greatly exceeds pitch, or any other material usually appropriated to that purpose; for besides its adhesive quality, it is of so oily a nature, that the water cannot penetrate through it, and its repelling power abates not for a considerable time.

The BUTTON WOOD is a tree of the largest fize, and might be distinguished by its bark, which is quite smooth and prettily mottled. The wood is very proper for the use of cabinet makers. It is covered with small hard burs which spring from its branches, that ap-

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