

Charitable Re-employment: Subject to certain reasonable conditions, employers are required with respect to those who have left their employment to assist in the armed forces, to release them in employment under conditions not less favorable than those which would have been applicable had no call to arms not taken place.

Employment Insurance: Discharged persons who enter insurable employment are entitled, after 12 weeks of such employment, assuming that they have made the contributions required of them, to be credited with the time they spent in the armed forces since July 1, 1941, the date at which the Employment Insurance Act became effective, without the necessity of making contributions to the unemployment insurance fund for such period of service with the forces.

Out-of-work Benefits: Benefits similar to unemployment insurance benefits are payable to discharged persons who are capable of employment, but for whom no work is available, for a period not exceeding their length of service, with a maximum of 12 months.

Temporary Unemployment: Benefits similar to those payable under the provisions for out-of-work benefits may be paid to discharged persons who are temporarily incapacitated.

Vocational Training: Vocational training is available to all discharged persons who have no trade or who need a brush-up course in their trade. This course benefits are awarded only single and may be paid during such training.