

applying for a permit for each individual shipment.

- 6. During the year, certain commodities continued to be subject to price control, supported by subsidies paid by the Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation; the Canadian Wheat Board administered the regulation of prices of certain grain and grain products; and the Department of Agriculture granted freight assistance to Western grains for consumption as feed in Eastern Canada. Any of such products, when exported, become subject to refund of subsidy or of other pecuniary benefit to the Government bodies concerned.

Commodities thus dealt with during the year were:

- Oats and certain oat products
- Barley and certain barley products
- Flaxseed and linseed oil
- \*Coffee
- \*Corn Products
- Cotton
- \*Dried Fruits
- \*Leather Footwear
- \*Leather Gloves
- Lard
- \*Non-Ferrous Metals
- \*Protein Feeds
- Shortening
- Soap

\* - No longer subject to refund claims.

- 7. The Wartime Prices and Trade Board terminated the Administration of Ships' Stores in November, 1947, and certain ships' stores, namely, wheat flour, macaroni, lard, shortening, butter, soap, rice, corn syrup and other syrups, were then placed under export permit control by amendment of Section 15 of the Export Permit Regulations.

8. Statistical Summary re Export Control

From May 14th to December 31st, 1947, the Export Permit Branch received applications for export permits numbering.....77,504  
 Applications under previous regulations in course of process on May 14..... 690