salvation of its immortal soul, administer to it in ariculo mortis that Sacrament which even the Applican catechism teaches is necessary to salmind would be treated as if she had been guity of a serious crime; as if she had been a drunkard, or habitual pilferer. She would be dismissed, and sent forth into the world to starve, and those to whom she might apply for comfort

her she was rightly served." case. Protestants for the most part believe in the efficacy of vaccination, and so take care to have their children vaccinated; but except in some very rare instances, they do not believe in part very remiss, and often quite indifferent about getting their children baptised. In spite of their pretended Christianity, it is thus pretty clear that the Jew is as good a Christian as are the disciples of Calvin. It is indeed difficult to get at the real opinions of Protestants upon any one point of Christian doctrine, so carefully do they conceal those opinions beneath a veil of ambiguous words. Only by accident, or unawares, do they allow the truth to leak out; and we therefore deem it of importance to put on record that, in the opinion of the Protestant press of Eng-Of what value then, in the name of all that is absurd is that Sacrament? or how came Christ to make such a silly blunder as to appoint it as an indispensable condition of admittance to the Kingdom of Heaven? " Amen, amen, dico tibi, St. John, iii. 5.

THREE RIVERS .- The Echo de St Maurice gives a short description of this imposing ceremony, and we are indebted to the above named journal for the following particulars:-

On Wednesday last, the 29th ult., this magpincent ceremony took place. Nine Bishops of the Province and more than a hundred priests took part in the solemnities of the day; whilst an immense crowd filled the interior of the new Cathedral. The Sermon was preached by the Rev. M. the Grand Vicar Laffeche; His Lordship of Tloa, Mgr. Baillargeon was the consecrating Bishop, assisted by his Right Reverend brethren of the Episcopacy. The service commenced at 7,30 a.m., and was not concluded until 3,15 p.m.

On Thursday the Reverend M. Chabot said the first Low Mass in the Cathedral. This gentleman has well earned this distinction, since, if the new Church is now completed, it is attributable to his indefatigable energy, which triumphed lowed to pass without a strong proto over every obstacle, and the difficulties innu- of the friends of religious equality. merable, which are always to be met with in such great undertakings under the most favorable circumstances; but which difficulties have been greatly enhanced by the crisis through which the country has just passed.

ALMA Division-We regret to learn that a very serious disturbance occurred at Sault au the nomination. Several persons were much injured; stones were freely thrown, and pistol shots usual, retrain from offering any opinion as to the origin of a disturbance which all good citizens name of the wretched sheet above alluded to. must deplore and condemn.

LOTBINIERE ELECTION-Mr. Drummond has been returned for this County by a majority of

Mr. Allen has been returned as Member of the Legislative Council for the York Division.

The Witness will pardon us if we find ourselves compelled to postpone a reply until next week, when we will endeavor to do him justice.

To the Editor of the True Wilness

Montreal, October 5th, 1858. Br. Editor, can you give me the desired information on the following points.

1. Is it true that at a recent trial of a Dentist in this city, the husband of the lady against whom an assault was said to have been attempted, was an Orangeman?

2. Is it true that, of the jury before whom the case was tried some seven or eight members were also

3. Is it true that in the sympathies of an Orange jury for a brother Orangeman is to be found the explanation of a verdict which has excited the surprise of every impartial person acquainted with the facts of

Waiting a reply to the above queries, I have the honor to remain, Mr. Editor,

Your Obedient Servant,

In reply to the above, we must state that it is out of our power to give our querist any in-formation upon either of the first two questions by him submitted to us. As to the third, from what we know of Orangemen, their contempt for the obligations of an oath when the interests of the Order, or of a member of the Order, are at stake; and of the injurious consequences which result to society and to individuals from the deleterious moral effects of Orangeism upon the Bench, the Jury, and the witness—we have every reason to believe that the anomalous verdict rendered in the case of Dr. Webster referred to, might be accounted for upon the hypothesis suggested by our correspondent. At the same time, we beg it to be clearly understood that we have no reasons for believing that hypothesis to be correct, or founded upon any thing better than common report. This however we may safely say, that, where the Orange element enters largely into the composition of a Jury, it is in vain to look for truth or justice from a body so constituted.

On Tuesday, the New York Crystal Palace was entirely destroyed by fire. Loss estimated at \$1,500,000.

mach Mil DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

To the Editor of the True Witness.

Toronto, October 4th, 1858. DEAR SIR—His Lordship Bishop De Charbonnel returned last Friday, 1st inst., from Three Rivers, where he attended the consecration of the new Cathedral, which took place on the Wednesday previous. Yesterday, Feast of St. Michael, Patron Saint of our Cathedral, His Lordship officiated ponand those to whom she higher apply and the state of redress would in Protestant England "tell in the morning a lucid exposition on the Catholic her she was rightly served."

The state of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the country of the Real Presence of Our Lord in the Catholic C We have no doubt but that such would be the Blessed Eucharist, by the Very Rev. Mr. Walsh, Canon of the Cathedral of the Archdiocese of Halifax. The instruction was well calculated to confirm Ca-tholics in their faith in that Adorable Sacrament, and to carry conviction into the mind of our dissenting brethren present on the occasion. As might some very last the Sacrament of Baptism as a have been expected, the pious Catholics attending means of grace; and therefore are for the most St. Michael's Cathedral, evinced their devotion towards their Patron Saint by approaching the holy Sacraments on the day set apart to commemorate the solemnity of their glorious St. Michael. A large number of devout communicants were seen, on that day, to approach the Holy Table to partake of the Bread of Life. There is evidently a marked increase of piety and true devotion among the Catholics of Toronto, which is well calculated to encourage their zealous Pastors in their arduous mission, and to convince our separated friends that there is some thing at work, in the Catholic Church, which all their Synods, Conventicles, Camp Meetings, can never replace. It is the Divine Paraclete, the Eternal Truth, who abideth not with human contrivances.-To the Church alone, built upon a Rock by the land, it is a serious offence to administer the Saviour of mankind, this Divine Spirit has been pro-Sacrament of Baptism to a child in imminent dan- mised. With the Church of ages, founded by Christ, ger of death, without the consent of its parents. planted by the Apostles, and watered by the blood of martyrs, He will remain forever, manifesting His presence by such works, as the spirit of novelty and schism can never imitate.

Of our Provincial Exhibition, opened on the 29th ult., I need not say any thing to you. The whole press in Canada is teeming with speculations on the Kingdom of neaven: Amen, amen, awo two, subject. From twenty to thirty thousand people misi quis renatus fuerit ex aqua et Spiritu daily visit the Crystal Palace. It is generally admitted that both the display itself, and the excellent manner in which all the arrangements have been carried out, exceed any thing of the kind that has ever been attempted in this Province. It is to be regret-CONSECRATION OF THE CATHEDRAL OF ted that the general satisfaction should have been Proper The Echo de St Maurice lessened by an anomalous feature in the proceedings of the inaugural ceremony; I allude to the prayer by the Protestant Bishop of Toronto, Dr. Strachan.— Neither the place, nor the occasion required there the presence, in its insignia, of the Anglican Church; such display was out of place on such an occasion. But if the proceedings were to be opened with prayer, why was Dr. Strachan chosen out of hundreds of other ministers of different denominations to obtrude his prayer upon an assemblage of persons of every creed and persuasion? Are we to have always a dominant Church?—or have we a State religion? If so, which shall be the privileged Church? Shall it be the Church of England, or the Catholic Church ?-shall it be the Church of John Wesley, or of John Knox? On this subject, our excellent Canadian Freeman re-

marks wisely:

"Better far, and we venture to say, more acceptable in the sight of God, would have been a simple appeal from the executive to each person, to invoke the blessing of Heaven on the enterprise as his heart and conscience might dictate. It is full time that the religious convictions of all should be respected." I regret to say that the above preposterous item in the programme of the inaugural ceremony, was allowed to pass without a strong protest on the part

Mr. Editor, if an insignificant sheet, styled the Toronto Mirror, has, perchance, been placed within your reach, you may have noticed an occasional censure of your noble and independent course; your correspondent also may now and then have attracted the notice of this would-be guide of public opinion. If I may be permitted to give you an advice on the subject, it is to treat this contemptible whelp with deserved scorn. The Mirror, whatever it may have been in former days, has sunk so low lately Recollet on Monday last, upon the occasion of that it is beneath all notice. Its editor is a crack brained youth, ready to grasp at the first bone that the Government agents may choose to throw at him .-The correspondents of this miserable sheet are school were fired. In the absence of conclusive evi-dence as to the origin of the row, and consider-which age, experience, and a few more lessons in ing the very conflicting nature of the accounts grammar may, perhaps, impart to them, if they are given of the disgraceful transaction, we shall, as you, Mr. Editor, never again, after this, to pollute the columns of the noble Trus Witness with the

Whilst speaking of journalism, I beg leave to say that our defunct papers in Toronto have been well replaced by our excellent Canadian Freeman. This truly independent periodical has bitherto pursued a course which has given general satisfaction. It is moderate in its tone, dignified in its style, and discrect in its views. Only one opinion prevails in Upper Canada, so far as I have ascertained, in reference to our infant Catholic press.

Our city is still thronged with multitudes of visitors, attracted by the Provincial Exhibition. That money will be in better circulation, in consequence of this event, is a matter of gratification to our poor neople. I Wishing you every success, I remain yours,

## THANKS.

The undersigned returns thanks to the Catholics of St. Joseph, of Huntingdon, whose names are given below, for their liberal contribution the public for years, turns round and assails those towards discharging the debt which had accumulated upon the Church.

L. G. GAGNIER, Ptr.,

Pastor of Huntingdon, Cailip Cairbey, Patrick Hughes, Denis M'Cartey, Peter Keiren, Lawrence Cavena, Anthony Murphy, Daniel Donahoe, John Savage, James Donahoe, John Waters, Richard Feeny, John O'Connor John Durnion, John Massam, James Feegan, Peter Muir, James M'Cue, Bernard Narcy, Patrick Walsh, Patrick Sherry, William Wilders, James Lehay, Walter Walsh, Pierre Procaucher, Michael M'Omvin Joseph Phompson, James Feeny, James Walsh, J. Btc. Audet William Hassem James Darragh Louis Chatelle Hugh M'Omvin, Joseph Allard, Patrick Martin, Michael Courney, Martin Cavena, Patrick M'Govern Thomas Murphy, Charles Fury, James O'Nill, John Thomas Murphy, Charles Fury, James O'Nill, John Cavena, James Neary, Richard Rice, Denis Martin, Patrick Cavena, Alexander Murphy, J. L. Blanchette James Hughes, Benjamin Fury, Felix Hughes, Francis MacAffery Patrick M'Gouvel, James Flynn, Zephirin Courville, Michael Fee, J. M. Allard, John M'Cane, senior, John Donahoe, P. Fee, Thomas Donahoe, John M'Cane, junior, Charles Reily, P. Cunningham John M'Donaugh, Patrick M'Eant, William Fears John M'Donaugh, Patrick M'Faul, William Feeny, and a wanton slander. Joseph Porcheron, James Murphy, Hugh Maginniss, William Collins, Joseph Durnion, William Kehoe, Joseph Laberge, Water Walsh, Thomas Fullom, Richard Walsh, William Reily, Michael Fullom Edward Donnelly, John MCartey, John Donnelly, Thomas Fullon, Recognition of the Control of P. Tenpenny, Daniel Murphy, James Connor, F. X. P. Tenpenny, Daniel Murphy, James Connor, F. X. Hurtubise, John Bannon, John Gilmore, Michael Connor, Daniel Lauftis, Thomas Courney, Patrick O'Hare, Thomas Savage, J. Btc. Dahaime, James Savage, Alexis Duhaime, James Carnon, Michael Foran, Ann Reilly, Thomas Dolan, William Finn, Michael Dolan, Arthur M'Golrick, Widow Currin, Joseph Ricc, Lawrence Foran, Charles M'Faul, Patrick Roarden, Patrick Kelly, Patrick Tallan, J. Btc. Deschambeault, Peter Donnelly, Patrick Donnelly, Patrick Reily, David O'Nill, Patrick Solan, James M'Iver.

Brownson for October received; we shall notice the contents in our next.

As strong inducements are often held out to soldiers in Her Majesty's Service in Canada, to desert their colors, and to take service in the United States, we think that the following specimen of military discipline, as it is administered in the army of our Republican neighbors, should be as extensively circulated as possible; as a warning to any who, blinded by the perfidious promises of good pay, good treatment, and speedy promotion, might feel inclined to take a step which, when too late, they would bitterly deplore :-

"BRUTAL TREATMENT OF A DESERTER. - A Texas correspondent of the Louisville Journal gives the particulars of the brutal treatment of a young man, named Harrington, a deserter from Camp Colorado, who had been re-captured. Harrington was enlisted for the 2nd cavalry, but deserted, and was brought back to Fort Smith, the wretch who apprehended him having compelled him to travel on foot two days without food. Capt. N. G. Evans, of this regiment was at the Fort at the time, and Harrington was put in his Company, and that day he had to walk 12 miles, handcuffed and dragging a ball and chain, before he got anything to eat. The second day's march from Port Smith was over a road called the 'Narrows," the roughest that wagons ever travel I suppose. The waggons in going over it, would bounce and slide off from rocks four feet at a time. On the morning of the second day the Captain ordered Harrington to be tied by the hands close up to the tail-gate of the waggon. At that time his wrist and fingers were so swollen that he could not bend them. The sentry who was put over him says that, for more than one hundred times, the ball which was attached to him by a chain and placed in the feed-box would, when the wagon came out of a hole or slid off a rock, jerk his feet from under him, and all his weight would come on his wrists, and his breast strike the feed-box. The sentry, who saw that the man was almost dead, took the responsibility to let him get into the wagon out of the sun and dust, and gave bim water to drink. He began to enliven and feel better, when the sergeant of the guard came up and raised h-I, and made the sentry tie the poor fellow up again. He did not go more than three miles, before the sergt, seeing that the man was almost dead, ordered him to be cut down; but before he reached the ground, he breathed his last. Harrington's breast was beat almost to a jelly, and his back, from his chin down, was as black as could be. He told them in the morning that if he had to walk that day, tied to the wagon, he would be dead before night. He begged and prayed them to shoot him and put him out of his misery.'

We find in the Kingston Morning Herald the following well merited strictures upon Mister Sheriff Corbett, from an "Irish Cutholic":-

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING HERALD.

O tempora! O mores!

In looking over the Daily British Whig of this morning, I find a report of the second "sederunt" of the Anglican Synod lately assembled in this city. Among the many and sundry proceedings of that venerable body, I have read with feelings of peculiar edification a speech, exhortation or religious homily from our friend the Rev. Thomas A. Corbett, the distinguished High Sheriff of these United Counties.

On carefully perusing the remarks of that learned and very exemplary divine, I have been induced to head this letter with the above quotation, "O tempora, O mores." Sheriff Corbett the advocate of temperance!!! Oh! shades of bot whiskey, brandy and gin, arise and annihilate the scoffer! Where now thy votary? Where now thy chance of patronage? where now thy patron? Oh! Ichabod, thy glory hath departed, thy sun hath set. "Publish it not in Ascalon, let it not be known in Gath." Sheriff Corbett turned tectollar! "Alas! poor Yorick, I knew him well—where are your gibes now! your gambols! your flashes of merriment, that were wont to set the table in a roar. Not one now to mark your own grinning! quite chap-fallen!" Alas! Alas! poor Sheriff Corbett! Alas! alas! champaigne; thy friend, thy patron and thy sale is gone—false to his friends, false to himself and false to thee! Poor Canada, unfortunate country-" cursed with whiskey and Irish Priests!" Thy doom has gone forth, thy good name, fame and reputation is ruined, blasted and destroyed forever. In New York and throughout the broad confines of America, the cry has gone | omplishing my purpose by the coldness or apathy forth from the High sheriff of the United Counties of of some or the almost unpresidented obstacle that Frontenac, Lennox and Addingion, "whiskey and Irish Priests have been the curse of Canada." Terhave crumbled away rible and fearful curse! The disciple of temperance, the paragon of public virtue, the xponent of religion, Thomas A. Corbett has sent it forth. Exemplary Christian! praiseworty divine! sound orthodox Protestant, Rev. Thomas A. Corbett! Temperance! thou hast a worthy advocate-religion an exemplary disciple. Let loud poeins of joy and gladness and exaltation sound forth from one extremity of the city to the other, " Sheriff Corbett is converted-Sheriff Corbett preaches temperance!!" Unfortunate Catholics, benceforth hold down your diminished heads and blush; the cry has gone forth from the High Sheriff—"whiskey and Irish Priests have reined the country."

Enough of this Mr. Editor, and now for a serious consideration of the worthy official's edifying discourse. If ever a disgraceful, base, scandalous, and unmitigated calumny was perpetrated, it has been in the present instance, and I call upon the government of the country to dismiss from office a man guilty of such conduct. An official who after fattening upon who have been his warmest friends-this man who has has abandoned (if report speaks true) the religiou his fathers were proud to profess-the Canadian know-nothing and modern renegade. Are our country and our religion to be maligned, slandered and calumniated by such men as Sheriff Corbett, and will the government keep such men in office? Where are Catholics to expect justice, fair play or impartiality if such men as Sheriff Corbett, occupying a chief and most important position in the country are allowed to vituperate and slander them as he has done? Not content with exercising the high perogatives the law has conferred upon him at home-not content with displaying his bigotry, prejudice and partiality in Kingston—he must in New York and elsewhere endeavor to injure the country, and calumniate the Catholic religion. An official guilty of such conduct is unworthy to fill the office he holds; and the indignant voice of the country should demand his immediate dismissal. As a Catholic, I accuse him of a wilful, deliberate and malacious falsehood in saying "Irish priests were a curse to the country" and I challenge him to the proof. Unless he can furnish shoved him up against a table and held him there, such proof, he must stand convicted before the public and before the country of a wilful, a deliberate,

Yours, &c., AN IRISH CATHOLIC. Kingston, 16th Sept., 1858.

The Brockville Recorder (Protestant) thus delivers broken up the better for society in general."

Whiskey Manufacture.—Two Distilleries in this city are now regularly making 1,500 gallons of whiskey each a day; making 18,000 gallons a week as the produce of two distilleries alone! Where is Neal Walker, who was afraid for the girl's and her own Dow ?- Toronto Leader.

A FINE SPECIMEN OF A COLONIAL MISSION-ARY. (From the Toronto Colonist.)

Who on earth is this man Norris who has been making the Province ridiculous by presenting a petition to the Royal Family? The English journals are full of him; and it behooves us, if possible, to put a stop to his impudence. It appears that some person, whom nobody knew anything about, during the early summer season went the round of the Government offices, the chambers of the Parliament House, and other places, requesting signatures to what appeared a very harmless memorial, inviting the Sovereign to pay a visit to her North American dominions. Who first signed this document we can-not precisely tell. Some thoughtless members of the Assembly, no doubt. Be this, however, as it may, the memorial passed from one hand to another. No one saw any harm in it, and we believe it received hundreds of signatures. Let our readers judge by the following communication from this audacious, ignorant person, Norris, how ridiculous the Province must appear in the eyes of the people of England with such a representative. The letter, it will be seen, was addressed to the Mayor and Corporation of Toronto; and a fine episode such a correspondence will make, when Bulwer writes his next novel. We give the letter verbatim et literatim ; and in the meantime we suggest that this person, Norris, whoever he is, should be promptly disavow-ed by the people of the Province. The next thing we shall hear of will be his claiming an Imperial appointment as a reward for his loyalty. Here is the letter as it came into the hands of Mr. Mayor Boulton:to the Mayor and Corperation of Tronto.

> BURBILLS HOTEL LONDON BRIDGE

Friday Sep 10 1858. Mr. Navor & Gentlan-I think it but write to inferm you that The petition Intrusted to my care asking the prince of wales to open our exhibition is now in the hands of hir magestys government receiveng there most auxious consideration.

I apprehend that from the laitness of the season it would be unreasonable to expect any of the royal familey out to cannada this year-but If the exhibition could have been postponed unti-next year it could have been made one of the grandest things for cannada that ever occured.

Mr. Mayor I wish you to recollect that this is n idle boast, but a reallity & my reasen for comein to that conclusion is the magnificient maner in which I have been received by all classes of Society -Lords-Merchants in fact all partys & that only objection was a pity It could not be put off until next year and make a grand national Exhibition of it I would Send out most willingly a case of goods for cannada deserves it from us—well then there is the press all honour to them the thundering times Morning Post and all the government papers including the Small fry are crowded with articles on cannada and advocating the nesesity of a visit from Mgesty itself.

Mr Mayor I have had Several Intervew with members of the governent by all of which I have been received most warmly as to lord Carnarvin he should have been a cannadian he is a Dear fellow & I hope to be one of those who will giv him a hearty cheef when he accompany hir Mgesty next year to cannada of course I speak of the government in there private capacity

I am to have to have an Interveau this Day with one of the government but it would be late for this

post so I cant tell you the result. Mr Mayor In my opinion you have one duty to perform and it is this no matter how I have worked you must consier I cant acomplish this grand object without some asistance from the citizens they should call meetings in all parts of cannada and above all things the papers on whom I depend to, help me out, should take the matter up and send the resolutions passed by those meeting to the press here-So as to strengthen my position-perticularly the press whitch is a governent paper and has dun gond service to cannada In fact all the papers in London deserve well at your hands-I trust you will hand this note to the press in Toronto whome I am sure will send forth those news thruceout the province.

Mr Mayor the moment I receive my answer I will start for cannada but it shall be but to return to london stronger than ever in the good cause. Raving taken this matter in hand Mr Mayor rest

assured I am not the man to be prevented from achave stood in my way Since I took it up all of whitch

PSI beg to enclose a specimen of my success from the Literary Gazette a paper strictly aristocratic-by grace-especial those slips have been sent down-to inclose to you as the paper will not be printed untill to morrow.

THE LATE MELANCHOLY HOMICIDE IN THE TOWN-

I am Mr Mayor Faithfully yours &

SHIP OF FRANKLIN, RUSSELTOWN, L. C .- The following is a summary of the facts brought out at the luquest:—"The deceased, William Walker, had been passing some time with his father-in-law, William Cantwell, Esq., in Franklin. He was a man of very intemperate habits, and when under the influence of iquor was most violent. He was athletic and powerful, and when in liquor a terror to the inmates of the house. On Tuesday evening last, the 28th ult. while sitting in the dining-room with his wife and her two brothes, William and Robert Cantwell, he was asked twice by his wife, who was sewing at the table to go to his bed. This was at 9 o'clock. He had been fauch intoxicated in the afternoon, and was then, but to a less extent, under the influence of li-quor. His then state rendered him the most dangerous. He refused to do as his wife had asked him. William Cantwell, her brother, who was sitting down quietly reading a new spaper, now rose from his chair went towards the deceased, put his hand on his shoulder, and in a very kind manner asked him to go to his bed; to which request he replied with rough language and cursing, such as "damn you, I will send "you to hell." William Cantwell again sat down and continued reading his newspaper. Some minutes elapsed, when he again rose from his chair, approached the deceased, again urged him to go to bed, saying, we are not going to sit up here all night. With that the deceased jumped up from his chair, took it in his hands and dashed it at Cantwell, who warded off the blow, and the chair fell on the floor. The deceased then closed upon Cantwell who retreated, sprung upon him, seized him by the throat with one hand, and by the hair of his head with the other, with the intention apparently of taking his life, or doing him some very serious injury. His head was bent downwards on his breast, while in the clutches of the deceased. Mrs. Walker, Robert Cantwell, and the servant girl, Jane Cassidy, after some time, with great effort, succeeded in separating them. But before they could be separated, Cantwell drew from his pocket his pocket knife, and stabbed the deceased in itself upon the Orange Question:—"The fact of the the abdomen, inflicting five wounds. Mrs. Walker matter is, the Orange Society is only intended for succeeded in pushing her husband into the kitchen, the political aggrandisement of demogogue leaders and locked the door. She then ran to pacify her of the Gowan kidney, and we are astonished to hear brother, who immediately left the house, and went to of any sensible man being connected with it. We the house of his friend, Mr. Rogers, the Collector of trust the wedge entered by the Toronto resolutions will effectually cut off many revels from the ranks of racter was very good,—a man of his word, quiet and the order. In Canada, the society is political, and inoffonsive. The deceased afterwards ran through the quicker all secret political organisations are the back kitchen door, and made an attempt again to get into the dining room. He did not succeed, as

safety, as her brother William had left the house.

Still after a little while the girl did go to the kitchen. saw the deceased lying on the floor, and asked him why he did not go to his bed. He replied he was unable to do so, and on looking at him saw wounds and blood upon his abdomen, which was the first intimation she had of his being wounded. She then observed on the kitchen table a butcher's knife, which she a very short time previously had placed in the buttery; and as no person had been in the kitchen but the deceased, the presumption is that it was taken out by the deceased to use against Cantwell. Shortly after Mr. Rogers and Cantwell returned. The latter exerted himself to procure medical aid for his brother-in-law. In the meantime Mr. Rogers bandaged up the wounds in the best manner be could. Deceased was then removed to his room, where he died on the morning of the 30th ult. During his illness he was under the impression that he would recover. Dr. Verity, of Hemmingford, who with two other medical gentlemen attended him, came to town at the request of the father-in-law, for Mr. Coroner Jones. The Coroner immediately proceeded to hold his inquest. The Jurors, who were 15 of the most respectable and intelligent men of the Township, at two o'clock A.M., on Saturday, returned "a verdict of excusable homicide." The body was, on Friday night, removed by the family to Whitehall for inter-

FATAL ACCIDENT .- At half-past six on Friday evening, James H. Norton, a native of England, working upon the scassolding of the tubes for the Victoria Bridge, accidentally fell, and was swept away by the current, and drowned. The body has not been recovered. There was no boat on the spot, or he might have been rescued. The deceased was a very respectable and steady young man of 20 years of age, had formerly been a book-keeper, and had been driven to his fatal employment for want of more suitable occupation.

Birth.

On Tuesday morning, 5th inst., the wife of J. M. Anderson Esq., Classical Teacher, of a daughter.

## MONTREAL MARKET PRICES.

iì	į vi	stoper o,	rang.
n-	Flour, per quintal	\$2,80 to	\$3,00
-	Unimeal, per do	2,50	
10	Wheat, her minot	90	
	Oats, do	45	47
g	Barley, do	1,00	1,10
	Oats, do Barley, do., Peas, do.,	90	95
y,	Beans, do.,	1,55	1,60
y il	Buckwheat, do.,	75	1,00
of	Onions, per minot,	0	2,50
13	Potatoes, per bag,	80	90
is	Beef, per lb.,	7	15
	Mutton, per quarter,	1,00	-
38	Pork per 100 lbs., (in the carcass).	6,00	1,75
1-	Butter, Fresh, per lb.,		7,00
n	" Salt, per lb.,	20	25
11	Eggs, per doz.,	141	15
- 1	Cheese, per lb.,	15	17
1-	Turkova par gounda	10	13
n	Turkeys, per couple,	1,40	1,50
d	Geese, do.,	90	1,00
e e	Fowls, do	50	60
r J	Hay, per 100 bdls.,	5,50	8,50
1-	Straw, do.,	4,00	5,00
re	Ashes-Pots, per ewt	6,65	6,00
	" Pearls, per do.,	7,10	7,00
1.			-

P. K.

INDIAN CREEK, Mo., July 3d, 1857. Messrs. Penny Dayis & Son :- Dear Sirs-Illaving used your Pain Killer for two years, I find it to be the best medicine for what it is recommended for that I have ever used. I feel thankful for the benefit I have received from it. I have been troubled with dyspepsia forten years, and tried \* \* \* to no benefit. But as soon as I got to using your PAIN KILLER I found relief, and by the use of it I am cntirely cured. For chills and fever or congestive chills it is the hest medicine I have ever used. I have used it for a great many different complaints, and it has never yet failed in giving immediate relief

CHAS. L. GANGH. Sold by all the principal medicine dealers. Lymans, Savage, & Co., and Carter, Kerry, & Co., Montraal, Wholesale Agents.

THE ST. PATRICK'S BAZAAR.

THE ANNUAL BAZAAR, under the direction of the Ladies of Charity of the St. Patrick's Congrega-tion, will be held on MONDAY the 4th OCTOBER, and continued on the following days, in the

MECHANICS' HALL,

GREAT SAINT JAMES STREET,

The proceeds will be applied to the support of the Sr. PATRICK'S URPHAN ASYLUM, and to the Clothing of destitute Children, attending School, during the approaching winter.

THE MUSICAL FESTIVAL which was to have taken place at Guilbault's Gardens having had to be abandoned, owing to the inclemency of the weather, A GRAND

MILITARY PROMENADE CONCERT. WILL BE HELD IN

THE CONCERT HALL UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

Lieut.-Col. Wily, and the Officers and Men of the Volunteer Militia Rifles, ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, 13th OCTOBER,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

VOLUNTEER MILITIA BAND.

Tickets, 25 cents each; to be had from the Commitee of Officers, at the several Music Stores, and at the Hall on the evening of the Concert. Montreal, October 5, 1858.

> A see the second of the second or the second INFORMATION WANTED.

OF PETER HART, and family, who left the town of Granby, County of Shefford, Canada East, eight years ago, and are supposed to be either in the State of Ohio or Iowa. Any information of him will be thankfully received by his younger Brother, B. Hart; if by letter, address to "Sherbrook, District of St. Francis, C. E."

Boston Pilot and Western papers would confer a favor by publishing the above.

## A LUXURY FOR HOME.

IF our readers would have a positive Luxury for the Toilet, purchase a Bottle of the " Persian Balm" for Cleansing the Teeth, Shaving, Champooing, Bathing; Removing Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Sun-marks, and all disagreeable appearances of the skin. It is uncqualled.

No Traveller should be without this beautiful preparation; as it soothes the Burning sensation of the Skin while Travelling, and renders it soft. No person can have Sore or Chapped Hands, or Face, and use the "Persian Balm" at their Toilet

Try this geat," Home Luxury."
S. S. BLODGETT & Co., Proprietors, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

(Wholesale Agents),

Montreal,