

BEAR RIVER, N. S.

1915.

# WASH DRESS FABRICS

Our "Wash Dress Goods" for this season are the strongest and most attractive we have ever displayed. Never have we shown so many exclusive designs in dainty Serpentine Crepes, some in fine hair line stripes, others in floral designs and Dresden effects, 27 in. wide, 14 c per yd.

## English Percales

Absolutely fast dyes, 32 in. to 33 in. wide, 15c and 16c per yd.

## Domestic Prints

Striped and floral designs. 30 in. to 33 in. wide, 10c to 14c yd.

## Beach Suitings

In plain colors, a good washer and a splendid wearer, 30 in wide, 15c per yard.

## San Toy Suitings

This new wash suiting certainly will take first place among Cotton Dress Fabrics for 1915. 30 in. wide, 22c per yd.

## Sunresista Suitings

Absolutely fast dye, will not fade in the sun. Mercerized finish in plain colors, 33 in. wide, 24c per yard.

## Shantung Suitings

Permanent Mercerized finish, just the thing for Blouses or Street dresses, laundries well and fast dye, 27 in. wide, 20c per yard.

## White Peque & Fancy Brocades

These staple goods are always favorites for Skirts, Suits or Blouse Waists, 28 in. wide, 21c to 30c yard.

## Dress Linens

Pure white and colored, 27 in. to 40 in. wide, 30c to 50c a yard.

WRITE FOR SAMPLES

## FREE DELIVERY

We prepay all delivery charges to your nearest Station or Post Office, on all Dry Goods purchases.

# CLARKE BROS. - Bear River

### TALKING ALARM CLOCK

Those who are obliged to arise at an early hour on penalty of missing trains or other important things, but who have become used to the buzz-zz-zz of the old-fashioned alarm clock, have a new invention offered them at the modest price of twenty-five dollars.

This is a talking alarm clock, and the price is indeed modest when it is known that the invention was put on the market in the year 1900, and that its cost then was \$2,500.

In the evening, before retiring, you set the clock for 6.30; at 6.30 you will probably get up. Here is what will awaken you.

"Six-thirty, six-thirty, six-thirty; time to get up; get up, can't you? Get up, you miserable, lazy man. Get up, get up, get up!"

If you are awake in the middle of the night and wish to know the time press a button and the clock will tell you the nearest quarter hour, as "Two fifteen, if it happens to be 2.15 or 2.15." The phonographic record is on an endless belt, and the grooves in which the voice vibrations are recorded run lengthwise of the belt. The belt continues to give out sound until shut off when once started. So far the clocks have been supplied with belts which talk in thirty-five languages.

Since the prohibition of vodka, the consumption of tea in Russia has enormously increased, and the price of this article has gone up in consequence.

### VARIETIES OF GRAIN FOR THE MARITIME PROVINCES

In Bulletin No. 81, of the regular series issued by the Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms and entitled "Division of Cereals: Summary of Results, 1914," Dr. Charles E. Saunders, Dominion Cerealist, recommends the following varieties of grain for the Maritime Provinces:

**SPRING WHEAT**—Red Fife and White Fife old standard sorts in the highest class for bread-making; Early Red Fife and Marquis, maturing earlier, are worthy a trial; Huron and White Russian give good yields but are not of early ripening and are of low strength for bread-making especially White Russian.

**OATS**—Banner and Ligowo are white oats of the best standard. Ligowo ripens earlier. The black varieties give smaller yields than these. Very early oats are Daubenev and Early Day.

**BARLEY**—Manchurian, a selection from Mensury, and Ontario Agricultural College No. 21, a selection from Manchurian are strains of six-rowed barley that are superseding the older varieties. Two-row varieties of good standard are Duckbill, Goldthorpe and Canadian Thorpe and Swedish Cavalier.

**PEAS**—Arthur for earliness and yield. Golden Vine (small), White Marrowfat (large) and Prussian Blue are good sorts.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

### ABOUT THE WAR STAMP

The Post Office Department, having given notice a week or two ago, in connection with the War Revenue Act, that all letters and postcards mailed in Canada for delivery in Canada, the United States or Mexico and letters mailed in Canada for the United Kingdom and British possessions generally or wherever the two-cent rate applied, should in addition to ordinary postage carry a one-cent stamp as a War tax and also having notified the public that such war tax, while it should be paid preferably by the postage stamp marked "War Tax," could, if such stamp were not available, be paid by an ordinary one-cent postage stamp is now issuing further notice that postage stamps may be used for the prepayment of war duties on bank cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, express money orders, proprietary or patent medicines, perfumery, wines or champagne, as well as upon letters and postcards, postal notes and post office money orders, the intention being to provide facilities in those portions of the country where excise stamps are not readily available. This in view of the fact that postage stamps may be obtained at all points over the whole country, in many places where there is no Collector of Inland Revenue and no Inland Revenue stamps could be obtained, is a distinct convenience to the public, and no doubt will be largely taken advantage of.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

## Bear River

Mr. Oscar Vroom, of Alberta, is at present visiting his father W. V. Vroom, Esq.

Mr. Edward Walker of Digby, was here last week training horses for Mr. Herbert Hicks.

Capt. John W. Berry and wife came home on Saturday last from Boston, where they spent the winter.

Capt. Llewellyn Rawding, who has been spending the winter in Boston, came home on Saturday last.

Mr. Wright of Bear River, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stronach and son for a few days last week.

Schr. Emma E. Potter of this port, loaded with soft wood from Mr. Herbert Hicks, for Rockland, Maine, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Potter of Clementsvalle spent Sunday last with their daughter at the home of Capt. John LeCain.

Master Ira Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Jones, returned from Boston recently, where he has been making a short visit.

A number of ladies met at the home of Mrs. (Rev.) McFadden on Friday afternoon of last week to sew for the Belgian Relief Fund.

The Ladies' Aid in connection with the Methodist Church here, met at the home of Mrs. Fred Jones on Friday afternoon of last week.

### DEEP BROOK

E. V. Hutchinson and Boyd Berry, arrived home from Halifax on Saturday 17th inst.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Spurr have returned from a pleasant visit with relatives in Kings County and the Annapolis Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. McFadden, who spent the past two weeks with their son, Rev. J. S. McFadden are leaving today for their home in Westmoreland County, N. B.

The "Plus Ultra" Sunday school class held an entertainment and serving cake and cocoa last Thursday evening. A pleasant social gathering is reported and the proceeds \$600, will be used for pulpit lamps.

The Easter offering of the Deep Brook W. M. A. S. amounted to \$5.00 and at the half-yearly mite box opening of the mission Band April 18th a good offering is reported. The May meeting of the Mission Band will be the annual business meeting.

Dorcas Society meeting last week took the form of a quilting party at the home of Mrs. Sherman, and was well attended. Meeting this Wednesday evening with Mrs. Willard Henshaw. The Red Cross Branch of this society recently forwarded 20 pairs of men's socks, fifty contribution.

On Tuesday April 6th Mrs. Kesiah Henshaw, mother of C. V. Henshaw of this place, passed away at her home, West Waldeck, aged 83 years. Funeral service conducted by Rev. O. P. Brown, on the 9th. Two daughters, Mrs. Troxell of Medfield, Mass., and Mrs. Osborne of Lynn arrived for the funeral service.

The Krupp family and firm have subscribed \$7,500,000 to the New German war loan. That is they have lent the money for big guns and are to receive it back with both profit and interest added.

### CLEMENTSPORT

April 19

Mr. Oscar Vroom, of Alberta, is at present visiting his father W. V. Vroom, Esq.

Mr. Edward Walker of Digby, was here last week training horses for Mr. Herbert Hicks.

Capt. John W. Berry and wife came home on Saturday last from Boston, where they spent the winter.

Capt. Llewellyn Rawding, who has been spending the winter in Boston, came home on Saturday last.

Mr. Wright of Bear River, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stronach and son for a few days last week.

Schr. Emma E. Potter of this port, loaded with soft wood from Mr. Herbert Hicks, for Rockland, Maine, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Potter of Clementsvalle spent Sunday last with their daughter at the home of Capt. John LeCain.

Master Ira Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Jones, returned from Boston recently, where he has been making a short visit.

A number of ladies met at the home of Mrs. (Rev.) McFadden on Friday afternoon of last week to sew for the Belgian Relief Fund.

The Ladies' Aid in connection with the Methodist Church here, met at the home of Mrs. Fred Jones on Friday afternoon of last week.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Taylor Ray, son of the late Hon. W. H. Ray, is quite ill at the time of writing and under the doctor's care.

Miss Minnie Whitman' Principal of the Clementsport school, spent over Sunday at Upper Clements, at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. Chipman.

Mr. Carl Stronach, of the Royal Bank branch, Digby, is spending his vacation at the home of his parents here, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stronach.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. McFadden, of New Brunswick, are at present visiting their son here the Rev. J. S. McFadden, pastor of the Baptist Church.

The Misses Mary and Emily Lockward have returned recently from Hamilton, Bermuda, where they have been spending the winter at the home of their uncle the Hon. H. Lockward.

Mrs. A. D. Roof, proprietress of our popular summer resort the "Rest", arrived here on Saturday last from Boston, where she has been spending the winter with her daughter. She will soon commence making preparations for summer tourist business.

**REZISTOL**—A safe and sure remedy in all cases of overstimulation; also indicated in all cases of Brain Fatigue, Nervous Exhaustion caused by overwork or malnutrition, unequalled for nausea or general depression. A general tonic and body builder. Mail orders filled by Rezistol Chemical Co, Boston, Mass.

Mr. Sunday has been invited to conduct a series of meetings in Boston. A delegation of 75 representative clergymen and laymen went to Philadelphia to extend the invitation. The time of beginning the meetings has not been announced.

## Don't Cough Your Throat Sore "Nerviline" Will Cure You Quickly

### The Annoyance of a Bad Cough Soothed Away in One Day

Nothing so bad for the throat as coughing, and nothing half so annoying as to have some one near by that is hacking, sneezing, or constantly clearing the throat.

Rub on Nerviline—it will save you all further pain and distress. Even one good rub with this soothing, penetrating remedy will bring the finest relief, will take out that rasping soreness, will stop that irritating tickle that makes you want to cough so much.

Nerviline isn't something new. It has a record of forty years of wonderful success behind it.

In rubbing on Nerviline you use something safe, reliable, and sure to cure. Its action is marvellous. The way it sinks in through the tissues—the way it penetrates to the seat of the congestion is really a wonder.

For chronic colds, coughs, or sore throat you can't beat this trusty family remedy. Its name spells cure for any sort of pain in the joints or muscles. Try it for rheumatism, rub it on for sciatica or lumbago, test it out for neuralgia or headache—in every case you'll find amazing virtue and curative power in Nerviline.

Most families keep the large 50c. bottle always handy on the shelf; trial size 25c., at all dealers in medicine, or the Catarrhzone Co., Kingston, Canada.

### City and Country Labor

The unemployment problem is still existent in the cities and scarcity of labor is still complained of in rural districts. The question is how can the one be reconciled with the other, and the one brought to supply what the other needs and the other to take what the one possesses in excess. After the war there may be a rush of immigration, but that cannot be for a year at least. We must, therefore, make the best of the situation and try to get along with what we have. A Toronto paper has been publishing letters from a number of men who have accepted positions on farms. They all, without exception speak in good terms of their experience. The pay is not lavish, but the food is good and abundant, the bed clean and life in the open brings a keen appetite for meals and a pleasant desire for sound refreshing sleep. One man writes: "I have tramped miles and miles after deer and dropped too exhausted to eat or sleep. Here when I'm hungry I have a good meal to go to and when I'm tired there is a nice clean bed waiting. You know how I hated to break from the city, but now Mary and I are both glad we came. You should see her with her skirt tucked up bustling to and from the barns. It's the pastoral life for us all right. Men who wander cities idle and hungry while there are opportunities like this offering are crazy."

Perhaps readers of this may think the writer of the foregoing has hit upon a soft spot. It is more than likely however, that he is possessed of that Mark Tapleyism that should accompany all desires for work. That hopefulness which leads to success, and at this period of time, begets some

fulfilment of the scriptural injunction to bear one another's burdens. Every man, yes and every woman who goes to work in this strain of spirit, and to all it is possible, is helping to take the handicap off somebody else's shoulders and is contributing to the welfare alike of his own country and the empire. He is uplifting his fellowman, he is assisting in the clothing and feeding of his countrymen, may be his townsmen at the front, and he is setting an example that cannot be too extensively followed. He is doing his share towards reconciling the wants of the city with the needs of the country. He is also probably prolonging his own life as well as making matters easier for others. Above all he is proving himself a true patriot in earnestly doing his best to promote production.

### MILDREDINA HAIR REMEDY

Grows Hair And We Prove It By Hundreds Of Testimonials.

It never fails to produce the desired results. It enlivens and invigorates the hair glands and tissues of the scalp, resulting in a continuous and increasing growth of the hair. Letters of praise are continually coming in from nearly all parts of the country stating that Mildredina Hair Remedy has renewed the growth of hair in cases that were considered absolutely hopeless. A lady from Chicago writes: "After a short trial my hair stopped falling and I now have a lovely head of hair, very heavy and over one and a half yards long." Mildredina Hair Remedy stimulates the scalp, makes it healthy and keeps it so. It is the greatest scalp invigorator known. It is a wholesome medicine for both the hair and the scalp. Even a small bottle of it will put more genuine life in your hair than a dozen bottles of any other hair tonic ever made. It shows results from the very start.

Now on sale at every drug store and toilet store in the land. 50c. and \$1.00.

Mildredina Hair Remedy is the only certain destroyer of the dandruff microbe which is the cause of 98 percent of hair troubles. These pernicious, persistent and destructive little devils thrive on the ordinary hair tonics.



**Try this Thirsty Flour**

A very thirsty flour. Absorbs a lot of water. Because it contains so much gluten. Manitoba wheat is wonderfully rich in sturdy gluten.

And, think of it, FIVE ROSES is milled exclusively from the very cream of the Manitoba wheat berries.

So FIVE ROSES must be awfully thirsty, don't you see?

In your mixing bowl it greedily absorbs more water.

So you get more loaves than usual without using more flour. You use less.

Your flour lasts longer, doesn't it? Less trips to your dealer.

That's how FIVE ROSES saves money. Actually saves YOU money.

Use this economical flour.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached

Not Blended

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED, MONTREAL

### TALKING ALARM CLOCK

Those who are obliged to arise at an early hour on penalty of missing trains or other important things, but who have become used to the buzz-zz-zz of the old-fashioned alarm clock, have a new invention offered them at the modest price of twenty-five dollars.

This is a talking alarm clock, and the price is indeed modest when it is known that the invention was put on the market in the year 1900, and that its cost then was \$2,500.

In the evening, before retiring, you set the clock for 6.30; at 6.30 you will probably get up. Here is what will awaken you.

"Six-thirty, six-thirty, six-thirty; time to get up; get up, can't you? Get up, you miserable, lazy man. Get up, get up, get up!"

If you are awake in the middle of the night and wish to know the time press a button and the clock will tell you the nearest quarter hour, as "Two fifteen, if it happens to be 2.15 or 2.15." The phonographic record is on an endless belt, and the grooves in which the voice vibrations are recorded run lengthwise of the belt. The belt continues to give out sound until shut off when once started. So far the clocks have been supplied with belts which talk in thirty-five languages.

Since the prohibition of vodka, the consumption of tea in Russia has enormously increased, and the price of this article has gone up in consequence.

### VARIETIES OF GRAIN FOR THE MARITIME PROVINCES

In Bulletin No. 81, of the regular series issued by the Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms and entitled "Division of Cereals: Summary of Results, 1914," Dr. Charles E. Saunders, Dominion Cerealist, recommends the following varieties of grain for the Maritime Provinces:

**SPRING WHEAT**—Red Fife and White Fife old standard sorts in the highest class for bread-making; Early Red Fife and Marquis, maturing earlier, are worthy a trial; Huron and White Russian give good yields but are not of early ripening and are of low strength for bread-making especially White Russian.

**OATS**—Banner and Ligowo are white oats of the best standard. Ligowo ripens earlier. The black varieties give smaller yields than these. Very early oats are Daubenev and Early Day.

**BARLEY**—Manchurian, a selection from Mensury, and Ontario Agricultural College No. 21, a selection from Manchurian are strains of six-rowed barley that are superseding the older varieties. Two-row varieties of good standard are Duckbill, Goldthorpe and Canadian Thorpe and Swedish Cavalier.

**PEAS**—Arthur for earliness and yield. Golden Vine (small), White Marrowfat (large) and Prussian Blue are good sorts.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

### ABOUT THE WAR STAMP

The Post Office Department, having given notice a week or two ago, in connection with the War Revenue Act, that all letters and postcards mailed in Canada for delivery in Canada, the United States or Mexico and letters mailed in Canada for the United Kingdom and British possessions generally or wherever the two-cent rate applied, should in addition to ordinary postage carry a one-cent stamp as a War tax and also having notified the public that such war tax, while it should be paid preferably by the postage stamp marked "War Tax," could, if such stamp were not available, be paid by an ordinary one-cent postage stamp is now issuing further notice that postage stamps may be used for the prepayment of war duties on bank cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, express money orders, proprietary or patent medicines, perfumery, wines or champagne, as well as upon letters and postcards, postal notes and post office money orders, the intention being to provide facilities in those portions of the country where excise stamps are not readily available. This in view of the fact that postage stamps may be obtained at all points over the whole country, in many places where there is no Collector of Inland Revenue and no Inland Revenue stamps could be obtained, is a distinct convenience to the public, and no doubt will be largely taken advantage of.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.