

CANADA

State of the trades in Canada during the month of September, from Labor Gazette:

Allied Printing Trades.—Active in Sydney, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Three Rivers, Peterboro, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Hamilton, Brantford, Guelph, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Brandon, Calgary.

Busy.—Charlottetown, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Berlin, Stratford, London, New Westminster, Vancouver, St. Catharines.

Dull.—Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Winnipeg, Victoria, Nanaimo.

Clothing.—Active in Sydney, Halifax, Charlottetown, St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Brantford, Guelph, Berlin, Stratford, London, St. Thomas, Windsor, Chatham, Winnipeg, Brandon, Ottawa, Hamilton, Vancouver.

Leather.—Active in Sydney, Halifax, Charlottetown, St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford, Berlin, Stratford, London, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Calgary, New Westminster, Vancouver, Victoria.

Woodworking.—Active in Sydney, Halifax, Charlottetown, St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford, Guelph, Berlin, Stratford, London, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Brandon, Calgary, New Westminster, Victoria.

Metal, Engineering, Shipbuilding.—Active in Sydney, Halifax, Charlottetown, St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford, Guelph, Berlin, Stratford, London, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Calgary, Victoria, Nanaimo.

Unskilled Labor.—Active in Sydney, Charlottetown, St. John, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Hull, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford, Berlin, Stratford, London, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Calgary, Nelson, New Westminster, Victoria.

Food and Tobacco Preparation.—Active in Sydney, Charlottetown, St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford, Guelph, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Brandon, Calgary, New Westminster, Vancouver, Victoria.

Railroad Construction.—Active in Sydney, Charlottetown, Quebec, Sherbrooke, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, Guelph, London, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Brandon, Victoria.

Mining.—Active in Sydney, Halifax, Sherbrooke, Hull, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Calgary, Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria.

Dull at Nanaimo.—Active in Sydney, Halifax, Charlottetown, St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinth, Montreal, Hull, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Toronto, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Brantford, Guelph, Berlin, Stratford, London, St. Thomas, Chatham, Windsor, Winnipeg, Brandon, Calgary.

Lumbering, Saw Milling.—Active in St. John, Quebec, Three Rivers, Sherbrooke, Hull, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Peterboro, Calgary, Nelson, New Westminster, Vancouver, Victoria, Nanaimo.

The Penny Bank of Toronto

Operation of Branches in Public Schools

A very important part of the bank's work has been in connection with the operation of branches in a number of the public schools throughout the city. Up to the beginning of September branches had been established in 13 public schools; on Monday, September 11, the work was extended to 13 additional schools with most satisfactory results. During the summer holidays, withdrawals in the schools were somewhat in excess of deposits, but with the reopening of the term the bank expects to receive about \$1,000 a week from the several schools in which it is established. The total number of deposits made in the 13 schools in which the bank was first established, from April 1 to September 25, was 20,825, and the withdrawals, 1,407. In the 14 new schools 5,271 deposits had been already made within one week of opening, and there were no withdrawals up to September 28. The bank has at present on deposit a total of \$19,000 from school children alone, while total deposits from all sources amount to about \$50,000, the majority of the deposits being in sums ranging from 1 to 25 cents.

By way of showing at a glance the volume of business transacted at these branches the following statement is set out of the number of deposits recorded in each of the schools on September 11

and September 18 respectively, are published, in accordance with a return supplied by courtesy of the managing directors, the returns from schools in which the banks have only recently been established being separated from the others. Ontario:

A NEW LIFT LOCK.
A new lift lock, with a lift of forty-eight feet, will be constructed at Kirkfield, Ont., on the Trent Canal.

HOUSES FOR MECHANICS.
St. Thomas men complain of the scarcity of suitable dwellings.

NATURAL GAS.
In Medicine Hat natural gas for motive power sells at five cents per 1,000 cubic feet. It has a pressure of 60 pounds per square inch and is used in the town for illuminating purposes.

Unions Formed During the Month of September

Barrie.—Barbers.
Toronto.—Warehousemen.
London.—Brass Moulders, Core Makers and Furnace Tenders.
Manitoba.
Brandon.—Printers.
Saskatchewan.
Regina.—Printers.

The new Postmaster General has been gazetted as Ministers of Labor. It had been thought in some quarters that this branch would be separated from the Post Office Department in order that Ralph Smith, M.P., might have been put in charge.

The co-operative store at Stellarton has been operating for forty years, and has been a great success. A weak feature was the desire of the majority of the members for the highest dividends year after year without returning any part into the business as a reserve fund. This, however, was remedied two years ago, and a reserve fund formed. Sydney and Dominion 1 co-operative stores, profiting by the experience gained by this and other stores, decided that 10 per cent. of the dividends should revert to the business each year. Dominion 1 store is a success.

As Long as It's Not a Labor Combine It's All O. K.

Negotiations for a merger of twenty-two wholesale drug establishments in Canada were reported to be in progress. The capital of the proposed merger was stated to be \$6,000,000.

CANADIAN TRADE REVIEW

Foreign Trade.—Total imports entered for consumption in Canada during August were \$24,329,302, as compared with \$23,365,361 in August, 1904. Domestic exports amounted to \$20,902,876, as compared with \$21,826,954 in August, 1904. Products of the mine and the fisheries, under the latter heading, showed a considerable increase, but those of the forest, animals and their produce showed a decline, while agriculture declined by over one-half. Manufactures showed a gain. For the two months ended August 31, total imports were \$42,809,067, and total domestic exports were \$33,952,325.

Canada's trade for the fiscal year ending June 30, amounted to \$470,151,289, being \$2,581,740 less than for the previous fiscal year. Total imports showed a gain of over \$6,000,000.

The demand for steel rails was so active that the Grand Trunk Railway found it necessary to place an order for 5,000 tons with an American firm, and a British Columbia firm placed an order for 15,000 tons with a Welsh mill. The anti-dumping clause was temporarily suspended with regard to steel billets.

Shipments of dairy products to Europe up to September were 1,294,260 boxes of cheese, and 401,946 packages of butter, against 1,256,897 boxes of cheese and 311,856 packages of butter last year. Prices were also higher this year than last.

THE STRIKE AT OTTAWA

Editor Journal:
Kindly accept thanks from Local Union No. 71, Ottawa, for the way the strike money came in. It was a little slow at first, but we got it in time to win the strike, and I think it was a grand victory for Local No. 71 and the U. A., when we consider the odds we had to work against. In the first place we had the M. P. A. to fight; second, we had a few rats, and third, we had the Canadian National Association; but, notwithstanding all that, we made them take their hole, and they signed our agreements—a copy of which you will find enclosed. We were out for four weeks, and we have put the N. A. to the wall as far as Ottawa is concerned. We have only one unfair shop now, and all the rats are caged up in this one shop, so that leaves the rest of the field to us. Fraternally yours,
F. W. Duncan, Sec'y No. 71.

FORM OF AMENDED AGREEMENT
Adopted by the Journeymen's Association of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters' Local Union, No. 71, of Ottawa, Canada, and the Master Plumbers' Association of the City of Ottawa, this day of 1905, and to remain in force until 1906.

Said parties agree that 9 hours shall constitute a day's work for 5 days and 5 hours on Saturday for six months, from May 1st until the end of October, and 8 hours per day for the next six months.

2. That the members of Local Union, No. 71, agree not to contract or sub-contract or put in any material or do any work except for master plumbers while in their employ. And the master plumbers agree not to hire any help except members of the United Association.

3. That if any man working in a shop is not laid off that night and reports for duty in the morning, and is then laid off, he shall receive one-half day's pay.

4. That all work performed on Sundays, Christmas, New Year's, and Labor Day be paid for at double the rate of wages.

5. Hereafter every apprentice shall serve four (4) years' apprenticeship, get his tools and become an improver; he shall receive one dollar and seventy-five cents per day for the first six months from the day he took a kit of tools, and after that the standard rate of pay.

6. A register of all apprentices shall be kept by the secretaries of both associations; the master plumbers shall send the name of their apprentices, and the date of the commencement of their apprenticeship to the secretaries of both associations.

7. That no master plumber shall send out any apprentice or helper to do any work pertaining to plumbing, gas or steam fitting until he has served his full term of four years.

8. Any man working after quitting hour shall receive time and a half until 12 o'clock, and from 12 o'clock double time.

9. Any member working outside of the city shall have board and travelling expenses paid and receive pay for time consumed in travelling at the standard rate of pay; trip to be made at the discretion of employer.

10. Minimum Rate of Wages.—All journeymen plumbers, gas and steam fitters shall receive not less than 52 cents per hour.

11. Said parties mutually agree that in case either said Local Union No. 71 or said Master Plumbers' Association, or any member thereof, shall violate terms of this agreement, then in that event, such union or association, as the case may be, so violating this contract, shall pay to the other for each distinct instance of violation the sum of ten dollars, the same to be deemed liquidated damages and not a penalty. The sum shall be paid by the union or association so offending within five days of the formal notice, or proof shall be furnished of such violation.

12. Said parties unitedly agree that in case any difference arise between them in the carrying out and construction of the terms of this agreement and about which they cannot satisfactorily agree, then within three days after such differences or troubles arise, the matter shall be submitted to a board of arbitration to consist of three members, each party hereto shall appoint an arbitrator, and the two thus appointed shall select a third, to be an architect or contractor in the building line, and said parties within forty-eight hours shall submit their respective contentions and proofs to such arbitrators. Such arbitrators shall render a written judgment within forty-eight hours after such contentions and proofs shall be submitted to them and each of the parties hereto hereby solemnly agree to faithfully abide by the decision of such board, or a decision rendered by a majority thereof, there being no right of appeal from such decision whatever.

13. This agreement adopted in its entirety, and no change, omission or amendment to be made to it by either association unless three (3) months' notice is given while it remains in force.

If the 75,000 mouths controlled by organized labor, with their sympathizers, ate union-made bread, there would be no bakers' strike on. Lend a hand. Now is the time.

Hard Coal at "Tribune" Office

All Union Men in good standing can purchase best hard coal, guaranteed, at \$6.25 per ton. This coal is delivered by union drivers. Now men be consistent and stand by those that stand by you. If you will purchase your coal from only union firms, you will not only be assured of fair treatment but will be helping to further the good cause along.

Labor Conventions

Dec. 4, Denver, Col., National Alliance of Bill Posters and Builders of America.

Dec. 4, Cleveland, O., International Seamen's Union.

IN 1906.

Jan. 8, St. Paul, Minn., Stone Masons' International Union of America.

Jan. 8, Washington, D.C., International Slate and Tile Roofers' Union of America.

Sept. 27, Toronto, Canada, Operative Plasterers' International Association of America.

Across the Border

BIG FIGURES IN CIGARMAKERS' FINANCES.

The annual report of the International Cigarmakers' Union demonstrates once more not only the immensity of that organization's financial transactions, but also the thoroughness of the fiscal system perfected by the veteran, Adolph Strasser. The total amount handled by the financial officers of the union during the fiscal year reached the enormous sum of \$2,583,864.74.

The chief items of expense for the year were: Sick benefits, \$163,226.18; death benefits, \$151,752.93; strike benefits, \$32,888.88; out of work benefits, \$29,872.50; loans granted to members, \$58,728.71. The total amount for all purposes paid out during the year was \$434,469.20.

Nowhere in the report is there a charge to a "profit and loss" account, because of a defaulting custodian of funds. Several hundred local financial officers handle and care for the funds of the Cigarmakers' Union, and not a penny of the two and a half millions handled during the year stuck to the fingers of any of them. What business can equal that record?—Ex.

There are 50,000 to 55,000 members in good standing in the cigarmakers' international union.

Preparations are under way for a concerted movement on the part of the big railroad brotherhoods to secure a reduction of the present working hours for railway employees all over the country. It is expected that the movement will assume definite form within the next two months.

Tile Layers' Journal: No matter how much trade unionism may be abused and its leaders libeled, the fact remains undisputed and unshaken that the union is the uplifting factor of the workingman and that the advancement of the toiler is directly the result of organization's power and influence.

The most despicable scamp in the world is the fellow who, too cowardly to come out in the open like a man, sneaks around trying to work little schemes to defeat some man or measure. One little cuss like that in an organization can keep a dozen real men busy watching him; but, like all means things, he comes to an end sooner or later!—The Union Label.

A counterfeit of the Hatters' label is in use. It is of the same size and color as the genuine, but in design are the words "Individual Liberty." Many dealers are handling the "scab" hats under the impression that they are all right. Look out for them.

The Fall River Textile Council, representing the organized cotton mill operators of the city, has decided to reject the offer made by the Manufacturers' Association to advance wages 5 per cent. and introduce a profit-sharing plan. The council has requested the restoration of the reduction of 12 1/2 per cent., which went into effect July, 1904. Further negotiations will be conducted during the coming week.

Journeymen Barbers have been on strike in Akron, O., for nearly two months. Four shops have signed and nine are still struck. This organization has been particularly fortunate in the matter of strikes, the longest strike in its history heretofore lasting but two days. Since the organization of the international in 1887 there have been but ten strikes, and most of these were settled in a few hours.

This is the way they are handling the label question in St. Paul, according to the Union Advocate: "Upon receipt of information that a given union man has been either buying non-union goods or patronizing non-union houses to the exclusion of the union establishments he will be notified by the secretary and asked to explain his conduct. After a second offense the offender's union will be notified, and such action as the union thinks proper will be asked for. In time such an offense must inevitably be followed by expulsion if the great movement of the union label is to succeed."

About 350 window glass workers met in Bridgeton, N.J., recently and resolved to indorse the amalgamated wage scale in force at present in the factory of the Cumberland Company at Bridgeton and the factory of the North American Company at Millville. This means that all these men who were employed in the west last year, will work in the east in the present blast.

If a woman performs a man's work she should command a man's pay. Many of the girls at the tile works do work hard enough for a man—too hard for a woman—and men ought to be engaged to do it or the women ought to receive the wages a man would demand.

Labor circles of Los Angeles are much exercised over the rapid influx of Japanese into many lines of industry in that city. They are working as painters, cabinet makers, boot and shoe repairers, electrical workers, cooks, waiters and assistant bartenders. One section of the city, not the aristocratic portion, has become a Japanese colony.

THE
Sovereign Bank
OF CANADA
Established May, 1902

TOTAL DEPOSITS
on 30th April, 1903 \$3,252,919
30th April, 1904 5,707,703
29th April, 1905 2,310,204
31st August, 1905 9,138,437

YOUR CURRENT OR SAVINGS ACCOUNT INVITED

Main Office - 28 King St. West
Labor Temple Bch. 167 Church St.
Market Branch - 168 King St. East

WANTED

1 Mortorman

20 Bricklayers

and Builders' Laborers

APPLY ON JOB

FOOT OF PRINCESS ST.

THIS IS THE COAL DRIVERS LABEL



See that this Label is on the WAGON.

MONEY TO LOAN

—ON—
FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.

At the Following Easy Terms:

\$100.00 can be repaid \$2.70 weekly
75.00 " " 2.20 "
50.00 " " 1.50 "
25.00 " " .85 "

We will loan you more money on the same security than you can get elsewhere, absolute privacy being our motto.

KELLER & CO.
144 YONGE STREET
(UP STAIRS)
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OFFICES:
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..FACTORIES INSPECTORS..

The following are the Factory Inspectors for the Province of Ontario:

James T. Burke Thomas Keilty
Arthur W. Holmes John Argue
Miss M. Carlyle Mrs. J. R. Brown

Their Office is in the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, ground floor. Any one having business with them, or desiring to know anything in regard to the Act under which they are employed, will please address them as above.

NELSON MONTEITH,
Minister of Agriculture.

Eight hours for work.
Eight hours for sleep.
Eight hours to do as we will.