mail to United States per year \$6. DUNCAN MARSHALL,

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1908.

SOME DOUBTFUL AMENDMENTS Municipal Law will discuss the each ten year term, and to determine amendments asked to the Edmonton what they shall be for the next decity charter on Monday evening. cade; in other words it makes the Among these are several proposals of Council in power when an assessment very great public interest, some period expires the judges of what the worthy of very careful scrutiny, and taxes of the establishment shall be some which might themselves be for the next ten years. This power made the subjects of prontable would open the way for a condition amendment, if not rejected altogether. of things which no public-spirited citi-The tenants' franchise clause pro. zen will contemplate without appre-

"names appear on the householders' ary-quite long enough to make it "tax list hereinafter provided for." worth while for a manufacturer to ex-Another amendment "householder" to mean "the occupant for the period made as small as pos-"of a dwelling-house who has been sible. Should it ever come that a "actually a resident of the city since group of unscrupulous aldermen held "the first day of February in the then office when an assessment period "current year." "Dwelling-house" elapsed, the proposed clause would

"for ingress and egress."

In place of provisionally passing ing a notice stating shortly the sub. a city council. ject matter of such proposed by-law

by vote of the burgeeses. This is a broad power to confer on a council and one which the Legisla- likely to work hardship on a man ture might well hesitate to grant. It who, having bought a lot during the happens not at all infrequently that current year and wishing to pay the the burgesses of a city favor a certain taxes due from him would be refused project but do not approve the plan because the former owner had default by which the Council propose to carry ed. It might well occur that before it out. Yet with the power conferred he could collect from the defaulter by this clause the Council might refer the time for discount would have passsimply the project to the burgesses ed, and even -e date on which a in its general form. In such case five per cent, penalty is to be imendorsation of the project would posed. mean endorsation of the Council's plan for accomplishing it; and the THE CITY'S RADIAL CHARTER. burgesses could only reject the proposed plan by expressing disapproval railway charter has been reported faof the project itself. The vote would vorably by the committee of the Legbe not on the by-law, but on the ab- islature that is worthy of note. At stract question for which the by-law present the city owns the charter for offered one of many solutions. It an urban system but the possession would be no reflection of public opin of the rural franchise granted by this ion on the course the council proposed charter is a matter of legal dispute to pursue. The ratepayers would be between the city and the gentlemen prevented expressing their opinion on who purchased the charter a few the whole problem in hand, and the years ago and lost it again by default. Council from knowing what the people To assert the city's claim to the rural really thought about it. Naturally franchise would have been a tedious, this must lead to misunderstanding, and probably an expensive process. endless disputation and needless bick- Application was therefore made to the ering. The ratepayers would be, per- Legislature for a new rural charter, haps frequently, constrained to ex- supplementing the urban charter held press disapproval of a very desirable by the city. The application has been project in order to prevent an un- favorably reported by the committee popular mode of execution; the Coun- and will in all probability become cil would be, perhaps frequently, con. law. This empowers the city to build strained to construe an adverse vote and operate tram-lines in any direction as a repudiation of a project when for a distance of eighty miles. Though

this was only intended as disappro to such handicap. For the satisfaction of the ratepayers and the guidshould be provided for the free ex. of course through incorporated munipression of public opinion on the cipalities. whole detailed circumstance and con dition of every important civie under taking involving the expenditure o the civic money. The ratepayer is the paymaster; he should be told the constituency of Qu'Appelle in the clearly and fully what he is asked to pay for and allowed to say what he thinks about it. This can only b to sanction and legalize. The Legis lature would be entirely justified in suggesting the elimination of ... clause from the proposed amend

ments. Another requested amendment wo thy very careful attention provides

assessment of manufacturers in reriod shall exceed ten years.

expenditure of a proportionate sun wearing a mask.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN from the Federal treasury, and if the REGINA'S INCINERATOR TESTS. assent of the ratepayer is required for A few days ago the representative the former could be justified without OAILY -Delivered in City, \$4 per the former could be justified without was credited with announcing that yes. By mail, per year, \$3. By SEMI-WEEKLY-Subscriptions per Council. The ratepayers are quite as in Regina had been in every way sucyear \$1. Subscribers in the Un- anxious for the establishment of man- cessful. The other side of the story ited States \$2. All subscriptions ufacturing enterprises as the Council, is coming out now and by no me they will be quite as ready to grant agrees with the pronouncement of the

But the clause goes farther. It invides that the voters' list shall in- hension. Ten years is a long term clude "the names of all persons whose for an assessment to remain stationinterprets ert himself to have the assessment is construed to mean "an actual sep- give them power to make his assess "arate dwelling with a separate door ment for the next ten years as small

as he might wish-in return for a sat-Regarding by-laws it is proposed isfactory "consideration," And assuming this unfortunate condition, the smaller the assessment was made the any by-law required by the Edmon- larger the "consideration" they could ton charter to be referred to the demand, for the smaller the assessburgesses and thereafter submitting ment the more the assessed would the same, the council may by reso- save. This is a power which, whatlution submit the question by such ever might be its advantage, is altoby-law to be determined, by publish- gether too broad to be conferred in Another proposed amendment is

and the question to be determined the effect that taxes for the current year shall not be accepted until all arrears are paid. This clause appears

An amendment to the city's street non-exclusive the amendment restore val of the manner in which tney pro- the charter held by the city to some posed to execute it. Neither the pub thing near its original value, and lic nor the Council should be subject gives us the unquestioned right to build lines wherever business ma warrant within a circle one hundred ance of the aldermen every facility and sixty miles in diameter, except

UN-MASKED.

nomination as Liberal candidate fo

Mr. J. T. Brown has accepted the

coming Federal elections, Mr. Brown though proclaiming his adherence Liberal principles in Federal affairs done by submitting the whole problem joined the so-called Provincial Right. to him in the form which he is asked party in Saskatchewan in the las Provincial elections, was hailed as brand snatched from the burning, and exhibited to the public as unanswerable proof that the followers of Mr. Haultain knew no distinction as to party lines. Unfortunately the pres ent antics of Mr. Haultain's journal ist friends do not confirm the profession. Just now they are reviling Mr The Council may by by-law fix the Brown as a traitor to the cause, one valiant denunciator finding himself spect to land actuany and bona-fid; only able to convey his impressions used in connection with their busi-by attaching to Mr. Brown the name ness at a stated amount for a period of the great apostate. One thing in the royalties on the mining of iron for ising prospect of they did not endead legitimate yearning of their representations. not exceeding ten years, and may clear—a man cannot be a Liberal in twenty years. In the regulations were to ally themselves anew with the tative to present the electors of Rose from time to time as such period Federal politics and remain a mem adopted in 1903 provision was made protected interests of the country, bud with the unsullied eloquence of expires readjust and refix said as- ber in good standing of the Haultain reserving royalties on the product of The necessity of some new pledge of their member would justify the exsessment provided that no such pe- ites. It will be readily admitted that all mining locations granted by the faith was most emphatically declared penditure. There is something du to profess friendship of the Scot Crown. The recent order suspends this by the organ of the Manufacturers' of course to the encouragement of lit-This again is a sweeping provision Government would put him equally provision so far as iron mining is Association on the eve of Mr. Bor- erature in a young country, but per It empowers the Council to fix with- beyond the pale. The situation then concerned until January, 1928. The den's tour; and was promptly met by haps if the honorable gentleman out reference to the ratepayers, the is this: A man cannot be a Liberal suspension is granted as an induce that honorable gentleman with pro- would give us warnig when he feels assessment of manufacturing con- in either Federal or Provincial affair ment to prospectors and miners to fuse assurances of the loyalty of him- symptoms of an ebullition we could cerns, or in other words the taxes and still be numbered among the so locate and operate the iron deposits self and his followers to the interests make arrangements for sufficiently these concerns shall pay. A reduction called Provincial Righters; yet these of Canada, At the end of the manufacturers and the ideals of conserving the interests of posterit of an assessment affects the other gentlemen must not be insulted by the of exemption the mines become sub one Association. If the impression in his forensic efforts. But to saddle ratepayers precisely the same as the suggestion that they are Conservative: ject to whatever regulations may be could be created in the public mind the Province with the burden of Han-

the latter it is difficult to see how of the Decarie Incinerator Company sity of turning this power over to the the tests of the new plant installed

> port issued by the special commit | West Huron, said: tee appointed to supervise the in cinerator tests in the interests of the city can hardly be looked upon as being in any sense a favorable pro nouncement. While it does no actually condemn, it certainly does not commend. Its tone throughout

is apologetic. The report frankly admits that both as regards the time and cost of incineration, the plant failed to meet the requirements of the con tract entered into between the city and the Decarie company, but in extenuation of that fact states that the material provided for the various tests was not favorable to the fulfilment of the contract terms as regards time and cost of incineration. The report further urges that "the severe weather which has prevailed during the tests should be

taken into consideration." The latter plea for leniency is judging the efficiency of the incir erator on the basis of the recen tests can hardly be taken seriously and the fact that it is urged would in some degree seem to show that the case for the incinerator is lacking in strength. Had the tests been made last winter there might have been some reason for urging "the severe weather" in mitigation of the tract standard. As it is, however more ideal climatic conditions than they have been. Of course if the in was given on the understanding that

contracted for.

Plainly stated the conclusion of the the country remain practically unafcinerator, using ordinary fuel, failed have suffered in no considerable de to destroy ordinary garbage within the gree. not incinerate as it ought to.

ROYALTY REGULATION SUSPENDED.

made.

MOVING ON THE TARIFF.

M.P., who suspended his efforts to gina experiments have a direct inter- of another Conservative member in low-tariff Government has permitted vests the Council with power to read- est to the Edmonton ratepayer. Re this connection. Speaking in Parlia-The Committee of the Legislature on just these assessments at the end of garding them the Regina Leader says. ment on December 5th last, Mr. E. This will be entirely in accord with The somewhat non-committal re N. Lewis, Conservative member for both the principles and the practices

> section of the country in which 1 campaign will be the tariff; and the live, and I have talked with hon. contending parties the Canadian members from different parts of the Manufacturers' Association versus the country on this point, I am sure people of Canada. that the hon, senior member for St John (Mr. Daniel) for instance, wil agree with me that, while there is a little shortage of money and the banks are not loaning as much as they did, there are no hard times, Certainly there are no hard times where I come from. It is almost impossible to find a man needing em-

ployment. While the statement of Mr. Lewis does not altogether apply and was not intended to apply to conditions in Canadian cities, it does fairly represent the conditions in rural Canada and it is miles nearer the truth as regards conditions generally than Mr Cockshutt and the blue ruin brigade who are trying to work the "lack o" employment" cry as a blind to hide the attempted raids of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association on the taxpayers of the country. That we have plant's failure to come up to con- a shortage of money is true, but that snortage has not produced industrial it is difficult to conceive that the depression, commercial stagnation, detests could have been made under preciation of values or the other conamons collectively known as "hard times," So far the chief result of the cinerator is only intended for use scarcity has been to prevent the unin summer or in tropical climates, dertaking of intended new enterthe report's contention as to "severe prises, and the men who are temporweather" must carry some weight, arily unemployed are men who were But we were certainly under the im engaged in connection with such pression that the order for the plant works. Canadian factories are still it would work all the year round. ing business, and the volume of cur-Certain it is that an incinerator rent business has shrunk little if at which can only be efficiently worked all. Business concerns have not during the summer months would decreased the number of their employbe of little practical use to Regina | ees to any considerable extent. Those would, in fact, be nothing more than who have been thrown out of eman expensive toy. We need an all ployment are those whose employthe-year-round incinerator, not a ment was possible only while an enormere summer affair which can only mous volume of money was being be profitably worked when the ther poured into the creation of new entermometer stands at 60 in the shade. prises. In recent years thousands of With regard to the material used men have found employment in carry in the tests, we do not see that it ing on civic improvements, thousand affords any reasonable ground upon more in the building trades and allied which to base an apology for the occupations. Such employment is neresults of the tests. The matter em | cessarily uncertain and more or less ployed in the tests-ordinary city precarious. It is assured only when was fairly typical of the material investment ceases the employment which the city wishes to dispose of cannot other than cease. The Canaall the year round and for the dig dian people are in the position of havposal of which the incinerator was ing invested their accumulated earnings, and as the banks grew less That the tests would have been ready to lend them more money to inwould hardly require a heaven-born but that it did not cease altogether. but that it did not cease altogether. would narmy require a neaven-both but that it did not be unfortunate conditions disadvantage. Admitting freely the inventive genius to construct an in A study of the unfortunate construct an in of some Canadian cities reveals that superiority of Alberta's law-makers we

that the low tariff policy of the pres- sard for the purpose-well really.

ent Government had worked harm to the industrial interests of the coun-

foreigners to "invade" their markets of the Opposition. But the public Now, I am glad to be able to say should understand that behind it that I cannot agree with the hon. looms the greed of the protected facshutt) or any other hon, member sition are bound by both principle who rises in this House and talks and practice to gratiny. It looks more hard times. I am speaking for ...e daily as though the question of the

EMBARRASSING HIS FRIENDS.

On Thursday last the Edmonton Journal in a report of an address de livered by a local gentleman to the Conservative club of this city said: In closing his address, which occupied over an hour. Dr. McInnis

laid bare the officials of the myster ious Imperial Pulp Company of Manitoba which figured so conspicuously in the recent exposures at Ottawa. The president of the company resided in Edmonton. The managing director was none other than the Hon. Clifford Sifton; the secretary was William Sifton, and the treasurer was Miss Jones, of To ronto, a stenographer.

But on Saturday the Ottawa corre spondent of the Western Associated Press sent along the following, which in fairness the Journal was also constrained to publish:

Ottawa, Feb. 21.-Shortly after the noon, Right Hon. James Bryce entered and took a seat by the Speaker. He was greeted with applause. On question of privilege, Hon. Clifford panies prevented from abusing and Sifton, quoted an Edmonton de effect that he was managing director its. He remarked it was his desire totalled \$600,262, as against \$667,571 school teachers, a royal commission to say he was not, nor never in fact (had been an officer, shareholder, or stockholder in this company, and in fact had no inferest by himself or through any one else in the Imperial Pulp Co.

How these scandal-hunting orator do make trouble for their friends.

SCARCELY NECESSARY

Alberta can struggle along without

having the rounded periods of the member for Rosebud embalmed in imsive, and to end with it would serve 1, 2, 3 Extra and 3. flammable matter. The city, how where lack of employment exists it still cannot bring ourselves to believe ever, requires a plant which will exists not among those engaged in that the Provincial structure will ever, requires a plant which will exists not among those satisfactorily dispose of the garbage occupations not readily susceptible to crumble about our ears unless shored which hitherto has been disposed changes of the money market, but and bolstered by the unabridged orain order that the nursance ground only might be dispensed with that the was very favorable, and could only solidarity of the edifice and the good ditions as above set forth. might be dispensed with that the was very lavolable, and coast solidarity of the edifice and the good construction of an incinerator was exist at all when money was tolerably judgment of the electorate we cannot plenty. The permanent industries of see that the uncurtailed discourses of the honorable gentlemen are neces Plainly stated the conclusion of the feeted and those dependent upon them sary either to the stability of the former or the enlightenment of the latpeg. If the claims of those critics able to a shortage of money into the lit is true that speeches in the House bear this in mind. mean anything tangible they mean similitude of 'hard times," and will of Commons are preserved word for that the incinerator Edmonton nas exaggerate the unfortunate circum- word in official reports, but there under order and partly paid for does stances of those whose occupations the have been some pretty good arguments shortage has temporarily suspended advanced in recent years for suspendinto conditions pertaining in the in- ing the practice. Not least among dustrial field. A general election can- these has been the contention that not in the nature of things be very Hansard is an encouragement to profar distant, and the Opposition would lixity—an inclination that scarcely be alike treasonable to their history needs encouragement in this Canada A recent order in council foregoes and indifferent to their not over-prom- of ours. Not even the natural and

RECIPROCAL DEMURRAGE

The Edmonton Journal considers it try, the best of a bad lot of arguments a few days ago that a bill will be inadvisable to represent Canada as a would have been advanced for the re-troduced this session enlarging the ative against Japanese and Chinese land whose people are on the verge versal of that policy, and the best of Railway Commission and conferring and has hinted that the whole meaof starvation. The cue is no doubt a poor lot of chances selected as the upon that body explicit powers, to sure may be unconstitutional. This is taken from Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, party's platform for the campaign deal with certain matters not clearly about what was to be expected, and It may be expected therefore that placed within their jurisdiction by the probably about what was desired. The nothing will be left undone to im Railway Act. The announcement was bill as originally drawn contained a import workmen for the benefit of the press the public with the idea that made in a debate on the question of clause explicitly excluding from its manufacturers that he might belie the our manufacturing concerns are gocerns, and no Council would be justi- agent. As this is the make of incin industrial conditions of the country ing to eternal smash and their emfore be taken to mean that the Com- whom the Federal Government had fied in granting concessions which the fied in granting concessions which the fied in granting concessions which the field in for which we have partly paid, the Re may be interesting to note the words and hunger—all because a malicious penalties on railway companies fail. anese and Chinese are subject to Feding to deliver ears within a specified eral immigration laws this would have time. This would remedy a grievance freed them from the operation of the frequently felt throughout many parts Act, but the measure might still have of Canada, but nowhere more severely been effective in debarring other or more frequently than in the por- classes of Asiatic immigration. Untion west of the Lakes. The present der guise of fearing that this clause member for Brantford (Mr. Cock tory-owners, a greed which the Oppo- of an anomaly. The railways of the however, it was withdrawn and the country are declared to be "common measure became unquestionably incarriers," and by virtue of being such valid. With the clause the Act might have been aided by money grants, have been operative against certain land grants and concessions of various classes, but might have been declared kinds. Yet while the Companies are unconstitutional if applied to other entitled to protect themselves by classes; without the clause it could charging demurrage for the detention be operative against nobody because of cars the patrons cannot collect dam- plainly and unquestionably uncon-tiages for the failure to supply cars tutional. With the clause it might within reasonable time, or any time, have been upheld in certain cases by No one wishes to see the Companies the courts, but vetoed by Parliament; placed under unnecessary or unneces- without the limiting clause it could sarily severe obligations, but there is be neither allowed by the courts nor a pronounced public opinion that they sanctioned by Ottawa. T hat the Britshould be made to recognize more ish Columbia Government did not un-

> the people of the country. An inflex- that the bill was mutilated to make ible law requiring the Companies to its death more certain. The Vancousupply any number of cars however ver World suggests that if the Melarge, at any point however remote Bride Government wish this suspifrom the trade centres, and at any cion dispelled the easiest course is to time regardless of climatic and other use their influence with the C.P.R. to conditions, would be both unjust and have Japanese labor substituted by economically unwise. To be just and white labor in the construction of the in the best interests of all concerned Alberni extension of the E. & N. raila certain amount of latitude must be way. allowed in the administration of the law. This can probably be best done by empowering the Railway Commis- Montreal, Feb. 25-A big break ocsion to make a ruling covering the curred this morning in the sixteen-question and to execute the ruling inch city water main, on Rachel street question and to execute the ruling at the corner of Garnier street, oppo opening of the House this after- with recognition of the circumstances ite Lafontaine park, resulting in the of the time and place. The public do serious floodiing of properties in the

> handicapping the public. Grand Trunk Earnings. effect that he was managing director Montreal, Que., Feb. 26.—The of the Imperial Pulp Co., which has Grand Trunk Railway traffic earnings day, Premier Robinson promises a

> > decrease of \$67,689

AS EXPECTED.

The Chief Justice of British Colum-

clearly that their business in life is to derstand this is not to be supposed. provide transportation facilities to and there remains only the conclusion

Big Montreal Water Pipe Break.

not want the Companies abused or high reservoir to a considerable exhandicapped; they do want the com- tent.

Premier Isrues Manifesto.

St. John, N.B., Feb. 26.-In a manifesto of four thousand words issued 26.—The to the electors of New Brunswick to-February 21 pension system and larger salaries for the same period a year ago, a to deal with the prices of school books and a policy of general colonization

SEED GRAIN ADVANCE Purchasing Department

RE GOVERNMENT SEED GRAIN

The undersigned has appointed C. Nairn, Edmonton to purchase grain in carlots only, suitable for seed, as follows:-Wheat, Nos. 1 and 2 Northern, and if there is not sufficient perishable tomes of Hansard. To be of these grades then 3 Northern and No. 4, when purchased ployed in the tests—ordinary city precarious. It is assured only when gir with the process would be expended by the control of these grades then 3 Northern and No. 4, when purchased when gir with the process would be expended by the control of these grades then 3 Northern and No. 4, when purchased when gir with the process would be expended by the control of these grades then 3 Northern and No. 4, when purchased when gir with the process would be expended by the control of these grades then 3 Northern and No. 4, when purchased when gir with the process would be expended by the control of the control

The above grades will be purchased basis in store Fort pense. Nova Scotia is the only Canadian William, official weights and grades to govern in all cases, Province which indulges the luxury of subject to his right of rejecting any cars rejected by the preserving verbatim the wisdom that Grain Inspector as unsuitable for seed. It is inadvisable to That the tests would have been ready to lend them have selection eminently successful had they been vest, the occupation of those who liverage falls from the assembled Legislators. send in samples of grain, because I cannot make selection eminently successful had they been vest, the occupants of the except upon inspection of the entire car lot. You must ship carried out with specially selected ed from interest simp material goes without saying. It less; the marvel is not that it did so press and appear neither to sigh for on your own judgment and run the risk of your grain being

> All grain must be free from wild oats, darnel and cockle. Seed grain for the province of Alberta will as far as practicable, be re-cleaned and distributed from Calgary and Edmonton.

All grain will be bought at current market prices date which hitherto has been disposed changes of the money and those whose occupations could of at the nuisance ground. It was among those whose occupations could tions of Mr. Hiebert and his self-de. of inspection, plus a reasonable premium, dependent upon its of at the nuisance ground. It was among those whose occupant upon its in order that the nuisance ground only flourish when the money market only flourish when the money marke

Re Billing-Until further notice, owing to an arrangement with the railroad companies regarding freight rates, all grain for seed purposes fulfilling the above conditions. originating, in Alberta must be billed to C. Nairn, Edmonter, or that their preservation in Han ton or my agent, Calgary. Send him your Bill of Lading, time and at the cost specified. This But it is to be expected that the sard would be other than an expensive and at the same time advise him whom you wish to handle s practically a repetition of the criti- high protection theorists will endea- luxury, expensive to the public and your car if rejected for seed purposes, as he cannot handle cism of the plant installed in Winni- vor to distort the conditions inevit-

CHARLES C. CASTLE, Purchasing Agent, P.O. Box 1327, Winnipeg.

YOUR WINTER SUIT

Gentlemen's suits this season are semi-form fitting, the coat being a little shorter than last year, and showing the lines of the body. They have the "French" back, so much in favor with particular dressers



Skillfully Made

W. E. SANFORD MANUFACTURING CO., LTD. HAMILTON, ONT. WINNIPEG, MAN.

SEASON'S GRAIN MOVEMEN During the five months en the three western provi year by over 2,000,000 hus the five months just ended, 36.6 34 629.480 for the corresponding The most noticeable feature

returns is the fact that the insp winter wheat have inc 424 cars to 1,040 cars, while fla During the period only six of rve were inspected, and only of speltz. The detailed figures in carsfollows, showing compar

vear:-. 33,227 4 529 Barley 1,120 Total 41.563

ELEVATORS FOR G. T. P. LIN It is said that the Northern El the erection of a line . of way from Winnipeg to Saskatoo names of the new stations at announced as yet. The new lin districts of the west and with t this summer and altogether a see great activity will be witnessed. new country during the next

SEED FAIR WINNERS.

The official list of prize win and Thursday of last week, has ture, as follows: Class 1, Section 1-Winter Who Alberta Red: 1, J. G. Vosbur Granum; 2, H. J. Bowden. Cla holm; 3, Elias Pilling, Leavitt; Miles Parks, Bowville; 5, Char Quinton, Leavitt; 6, W. G. Blackor Claresholm; 7, Eli Bennett, Magra Class 1, Section 2-Winter Who Soft: 2, Walter Ackroyd, Magrath Class 1, Section 3-Spring Whe Red Fife: 1, E. H. Earl, Medic Hat; 2, W. H. Spackman, Stirling Jos. Atkinson, Norton; 4, A Medicine Hat: 5. James L. Laurence; 6; John T. Steele, grath; 7, Orson Bridge, Magrath other than Red Fife: 1, J. C. burgh, Granum; 2, D. Pelletur, L. bridge; 3, Evert Evans, Macleod John Jones, Iron Springs; 6, A. W ley, Medicine Hat. Class 7, Section 1—Best Bus Spring Wheat: 1. J. G. Vosbur Granum; 2, E. H. Earl, Medic Hat; 3, Wm. H. Spackman, Stirlin Class 2. Section 1-Oats. Banner W. H. Pawson, Coaldale; 2, E. Earl, Medicine Hat: 3, John Bro

Lethbridge; 4, B. S. Pawson, Codale; 5, J. G. Vosburgh, Granum; Wm. Damon, Macleod. Wm. Damon, Macleod.
Class 2, Section 2—Oats, long:
B. James, Lethbridge; 2, T. All
Brick, Peace River Crossing; 3, A.
Keffer, Lethbridge; 4, A. Woolle
Medicine Hat; 5, George E. Hemeloy
Coaldale; 6, H. H. Jenkins, Pinel
Creek; 7, Walter Ackroyd, Magrath
Class 2, Section; 3—Oats, shore. Class 2. Section 3-Oats, shore H. J. Bowden, Cardston; 2, E. S. H niger, Magrath; 3, Hugh Curry; Ing ton; 4, Wm. H. Spackman, Stirling, Wm. Moodie, De Winton; 6th, Woolley, Medicine Hat. class 3, Section I—Barley, two red: 1, A. Woolley, Medicine Hat;
J. G. Vosburgh, Granum.
— Class 3, Section 2—Barley, six red: 1, E. V. 65—Larley, six red. 1, E.

ed: 1, A. E. Keffer, Lethbeidge; 2, E. Renaud, Gleichen; 3, E. H. Ea Medicine Hat; 4, Hugh Curry, Ing ton; 5, H. B. Moore, Innistail. Class 4, Section 1—Peas: 1, J. Vosburgh, Granum: 2, A. Wooll Medicine Hat. Class 4, Section 2-Flax Seed: 1, E. Ingram, Lethbridge. Class 5, Section 1—Timothy See 1, Jos. C. Peterson, Raymond; 2, 8.

Howard, Innisfail.
Class 5, Section 2—Brome Grass: Lacombe; 3, Alex C. Blackwood

MONDAY'S GRAIN WARKETS.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 25.-Ve mand for low grade wheat sent market up with a bound this moting, and Winnipeg said up to \$1.1 for May and July \$1.12%, or % o Saturday's close. By the way, was the last official close of Winnipeg grain and produce exchan Trading was very active all morni millers for a certain amount of c

no demand for this wheat for exp the keen demand for low grades tainly strengthened the contr wheat. Receipts are heavy just no owing to the amount of seed wh coming in and quite a number of that do not come up to the stand for seed are going to ward to William. Out of one lot of forty only 11 were accepted for seed. world's shipments showed a mark falling off, especially from Americrease of nearly one million from Winnipeg cash wheat—No. 1 H 1.07¾; No. 1 Northern, 1.06¾; N Northern, 1.03%; No. 3 Northern, 97%; No. 4 Northern, 90; No. 5. No. 6, 66; feed No. 1, 591/2; feed N Oats-No. 2 white, 5012; No.

American options: Chicago-M opened 941, closed 943; July open 914, closed 89%; September oper