HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Established 1823. Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Wednesday, December 14, 1853. New Series. No. 94.

Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher. Published every Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island.

TERMS—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for cash in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For the first insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 2s.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 3s. 6d.—16 lines, 4s.—20 lines, 4s. 6d.—25 lines, 5s.—30 lines, 5s. 6d.—36 lines, 6s.—and 2d. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuance.

Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued until forbid.

MAILS.

THE MAILS for the neighbouring Provinces, &c., will be forwarded on and after the 15th December instant via Cape Traverse and Cape Tormentine.

They will be made up on that day, and every following Friday, at 12 o'clock noon, and a mail for England will be made up every week at the same time, and forwarded to Halifax.

THOMAS OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office. Dec. 5, 1853.

Religious Tract Society's Publications.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the publications of the London Religious Tract Society are now sold for cash at the book store of Mr. G. T. Haszard. The stock has been much enlarged by recent importations, and many works of the best English divines will be found on their shelves—The Parent Society has also entrusted this Committee with six Libraries to be sold at half price to Sunday Schools. These libraries numbering from 80 to 1000 volumes, can thus be purchased for £25 cy. As it will materially advance the interests of religion amongst our scattered population to have grants of books towards the formation of libraries and the establishment of Sunday Schools, especially in the country parts; it is earnestly hoped that Christian friends will help us with their subscriptions. A few pounds subscribed now, would enable the Committee to do much towards supplying the most destitute settlements with sound, wholesome religious reading.

Mr. Hubbard, the depositary, is instructed to receive any contributions, however small—and will keep an account of the same,

By order
JOHN ORLEBAR.

BAZAAR.

THE Christian Public are hereby notified, that the Ladies of the *BAPTIST CHURCH* and congregation worshiping in the Baptist Church, in Charlottetown, purpose holding a *BAZAAR* in the Temperance Hall on Thursday the 29th, December, to aid in raising *Funds* for the erection of a *Tower* and *Porch* to the said Chapel.

Contributions in donations or work, will be thankfully received by either of the undersigned Committee

MRS. W. BARNSTEAD,
" J. MCGREGOR,
" D. WILSON,
" J. WEATHERBE,
" J. SCOTT,
" J. LOVE,
" T. DESBRISAY,
" J. CURRY.

Charlottetown, Nov. 1, 1853. (All papers.)

J. S. DEALEY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT AND
Ship Broker,
No. 7, SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK.

☞ Freights and Vessels procured, at short notice for Europe, the British Provinces, West Indies, Australia and California. Berths secured for the latter places.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public generally that he has commenced business as,

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer.

At the corner of Queen & Sydney Streets, and hopes by promptness and punctuality to merit a share of their patronage.

ARTEMAS G. SIMMS.

☞ CASH advanced upon articles left for Auction.

Temperance Hall Company.

AT A MEETING of the Directors of the above Company, held in the Temperance Hall, this evening, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted viz:—

"RESOLVED, That the Treasurer (Mr. John W. Morrison) be instructed to take the necessary legal measures for the recovery of all unsettled Subscriptions to the Temperance Hall Company."

By Order,
J. B. COOPER, Sec'y.

Charlottetown, March 17, 1853.

A CARD.

THE undersigned having this day entered into *CO-PARTNERSHIP* as GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, their Business heretofore carried on by them individually, will in future be conducted under the Name and Firm of *LONGWORTH & YATES.*

FRANCIS LONGWORTH,
ALBERT H. YATES.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island,
June, 16th, 1853.

N. B. The AUCTION business will at all times receive their best attention.

A BAZAAR.

WILL be held at the Temperance Hall, at Charlottetown, on *Thursday*, the 12th day of January, 1854, to aid in the erection of the Parsonage House, in connection with St. John's Church, at Crapaud. Contributions will be thankfully received by the following Ladies.

MRS. JENKINS, MRS. T. DESBRISAY,
" FITZ. GERALD, " E. PALMER,
" CUNDALL, " R. T. ROACH.

NOTICE.

THE Tenants on Townships Numbers Sixteen and Twenty-two, in this Island, the property of The Right Honourable, Laurence Sullivan, are hereby required to make immediate payment of all arrears of rent due by them, otherwise proceedings will be instituted for the recovery thereof.

WHILIAM PORGAN.

12th April, 1853.

COMMISSARIAT.

DRAFTS at sight on the Commissariat Chest at Halifax, will be given in exchange for British Coins, or Mexican Dollars, at par.

JAMES B. LUNDY, D. A. C. G. ☰
Commissariat, P. E. Island. 22d Nov., 1853.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. RICHARD FAUGHT, by Note of Hand, or Book Account, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, who is duly authorised by Power of Attorney to collect the same.

THOMAS ALLEY.

Charlottetown, Sept. 21st, 1853.

LAND ASSESSMENT.

Treasurer's Office,
Charlottetown, Sept. 6, 1853.

IN pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the Eleventh year of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for levying further an Assessment on all Land in this Colony, and for the Encouragement of Education," and also an Act in amendment of the said Act, intituled "An Act to explain and amend the present Act for the Assessment of Land and the Encouragement of Education," and also of an Act made and passed in the Fifteenth year of the same reign, intituled "An Act for the Encouragement of Education, and to raise Funds for that purpose by imposing an additional Assessment on Land in this Island, and on Real Estate in Charlottetown and Common and Georgetown and Common," and also of an Act made and passed in the Sixteenth year of the same reign, intituled "An Act relating to the mode of proceeding against Lands on the several Townships in Prince Edward Island and the Islands contiguous thereto, for the recovery of arrears of Land Assessment:"

I do hereby publicly notify the owners or occupiers of Lands in this Island, for which the annual Assessment or Assessments charged thereon by the said recited Acts, or some one or more of them, of Nine shillings and two-pence, lawful money of this Island for every hundred acres of Wilderness or Unimproved Lands, contained in the several Townships and the islands belonging thereto, and the sum of six shillings and eight-pence of like money for every hundred acres of cultivated or improved Lands in the said several Townships and Islands as aforesaid, and the sum of Four shillings of like money for each and every uncultivated or unimproved Town Lot, Common Lot and Water Lot granted in the Town and Common of Charlottetown, and the sum of Six shillings of like money for each and every uncultivated or unimproved Pasture Lot in the Royalty of Charlottetown, and the sum of Four shillings of like money for each and every cultivated or improved Pasture Lot in the said Royalty, and the sum of Two shillings and six-pence of like money for each and every cultivated or improved Town Lot and Water Lot in the said Town, and the sum of Two shillings of like money for each and every cultivated or improved Common Lot as aforesaid, and the sum of Two shillings and eight-pence of like money for each and every uncultivated or unimproved Town Lot and Water Lot in the Town of Georgetown, and the sum of One shilling and four-pence of like money for each and every cultivated or improved Town Lot and Water Lot in the last mentioned Town, and the sum of Three shillings and four-pence of like money for each and every uncultivated or unimproved Pasture Lot in the Royalty of Georgetown, and the sum of Two shillings of like money for each and every cultivated or improved Pasture Lot in the last mentioned Royalty and the sum of Two-pence of like money for each and every acre of cultivated or improved Lands in the Royalty of Georgetown, called Reserved Lands, and the sum of Three-pence of like money for each and every acre of such last mentioned Lands as may be deemed uncultivated or unimproved Lands, and the sum of Two shillings and eight-pence of like money for each and every uncultivated or unimproved Town Lot, Pasture Lot and Water Lot in the Town and Royalty of Princetown, and the sum of One shilling and Four-pence of like money for each and every cultivated or improved Town Lot. Pasture Lot and Water Lot in the last mentioned Town and Royalty, and so in proportion for a less quantity, is payable; that unless the Assessment or Assessments for the current year imposed by the said recited Acts, or some one or more of them, be paid into my hands or the hands of any of my Deputies (as required by Law,) on or before the sixth day of December next, I shall proceed against all such Lands as shall then be in arrear for non-payment of the same charged thereon.

STEPHEN RICE, Treasurer.

Georgetown Mails.

THE MAILS for Georgetown until further Notice, will be made up and forwarded every Monday and Friday morning at nine o'clock.

THOS OWEN, Postmaster General.

May 2, 1853.

The Wonder of the World!
Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge.

THE Great Remedy is at last discovered, and COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, COSTIVENESS AND CONSUMPTION have lost their terror, and vanish as if by magic before this Sovereign remedy. Was it ever before known that, *Hopeless cases of Consumption were cured for less than $5?*

Truly, if any individual is to be pitied, and needs sympathy, it is the consumptive,—always expecting to get well, and yet the painful evidence of decay almost "makes the inner soul shrink with the outer flesh."

"Some bloom as roses bloom,
And live as roses live,
A single morning space!"

While others, in more mature life,—by some imprudence and a slight cold neglected,—in the hectic flush, the painful cough,

"The prints of their parting steps appear."

All we ask is this one question:—If you have got mucous membranes, or any other members of the body that are "heirs to ills"—are you not interested in this *great remedy*, DEVINES' COMPOUND PITCH LOZENGE.

Sold by W. R. WATSON and T. DESBRISAY & Co., at APOTHECARIES' HALL.

THE PSALMIST,

JUST RECEIVED, at GEORGE T. HASZARD'S Bookstore, in various bindings. The above is the Edition of Watts's Hymns used in the Baptist Chapel, Charlottetown.

Report of the Inspectors of Turnip Fields, for Queen's County.

The Inspectors of the Fields of Turnips entered for competition in Queen's County for the Premiums offered by the Royal Agricultural Society, have to report, that we visited the different Fields mentioned in the table annexed, and after making careful examination, have to present the following as the result.

TABLE OF RETURN OF TURNIP CROP, IN QUEEN'S COUNTY, 1853.

SWEDES.

COMPETITORS' NAMES.	WHEN SOWN	No of Drills in chain.	Average No. & weight on half a chain of drill		WEIGHT OF ROOTS ON ONE ACRE.				No. of Bushels, of 56 lbs.
			No.	Weight	Tons	cwts	qrs	lbs.	
Thomas Pethick, Esq.	May 20	26	30	98½	22	16	2	12	913
Judge Peters	May 15	26½	31	95¾	22	12	2	0	905
D. Hudgson, Esq.	June 17–21	30½	33	82¾	22	10	0	20	900
Hon. G. Coles	July 1	29	31	86½	22	7	0	16	894
Thomas Dodd	June 20	28½	27	87¾	22	6	1	0	892
J. C. Binns, Esq.	June 12	31½	30	78	21	18	3	0	877
James Peake, Esq.	July 10	38	34	64½	21	16	1	20	872
George Lewis	June 12	29	39	84	21	15	0	0	870
John McGill, Esq.	May 12	29½	32	82½	21	13	2	8	867
William Brown	June 15	27	31	89	21	9	0	12	858
William Hodges, Esq.	June 15	33	35	72¾	21	6	1	0	852
John Thorne	May 28	28	28	84¾	21	3	1	16	846
G. W. DeBlois, Esq	May 28	31	36	77¾	20	12	0	16	824
Charles Stewart	June 15	29½	35	78	20	10	3	16	821
Chester Woolner	June 10	34	26	67½	20	8	3	0	817
J. B. Palmer	June 12	26½	34	84	20	1	0	8	802
George Smith	June 15	29½	41	76	20	0	1	12	800
Charles Bernard	June 12	41	38	54¾	20	0	0	20	800
R. Woolner	June 20–24	33	25	64	20	0	0	0	800
John Roper	June 20–24	30	38	72½	19	9	1	4	778
Captain Bayfield		26	31	83	19	5	1	12	770
Wm. Marshall, Esq	June 12	28	31	76¾	19	3	1	16	766
Joseph Wise	June 28	32	30	66	18	17	0	16	754
Dr. Day	June 18	32	26	65¾	18	15	2	24	751
Thomas Crabb	June 10	27	35	75¾	18	4	3	8	729
H. D. Morpeth, Esq.		29	30	70¾	17	16	3	24	713
Richard Bagnal	June 12–15	27	31	71¾	17	5	2	4	691
William Prowse	June 15	29	28	66¾	17	5	0	20	690
Stephen Weeks	June 16	31	30	61	16	17	2	20	675
J. M. Holl, Junr.	June 10	33	31	48¾	14	6	3	4	573
YELLOWS									
William Hodges, Esq.	July 7	30	33	66	17	13	2	8	707
R. Palmer	July 25	32	30	40½	10	12	2	20	425

The above Table shews the amount of competition and the number of competitors we think shews an increase over former years and there must be a corresponding increase of the crops grown; we beg leave to congratulate the society on the success of their encouragement of the growth of this valuable crop.

The cultivation generally we have no hesitation in saying is good and very creditable to the Farmers whose Fields we visited; here and there are some defects which we will endeavor to point out, in doing which we hope we shall not be thought presumptuous and hope our remarks will be acceptable to the society.

We doubt very much the propriety of allowing Farmers to compete for prizes for Turnips who do not practise a regular rotation of Cropping which as far as we could ascertain is not generally done.

We would advise our Brother Farmers to be more careful in Drilling,—some wide, some narrow, and crooked drills in the same Field cannot come within the bounds of good workmanship. Two Fields came under our Observation the one 41 Drills to the Chain the other 38 which was altogether too close in our opinion any Drills less than two Feet apart should not be allowed to compete.

For the different kinds and Quantities of Manures time of sowing &c., reference can be had to the notes kept by us during our inspection. In some Fields near Charlottetown Manuring too heavy was very perceptable. In our case (where 38 Loads was Ploughed down in the fall and 70 Loads put in the Drills in the spring) the Turnips shewd the most Luxuriant growth in fact a person could hardly walk through them but when they were pulled the bulbs were small coarse and of an ill shape and necks to them from 6 inches to a foot long,—this shews that an over dose of Manure is not commendable the Cultivation of the First and second prize Crops is confirmatory of these remarks from 35 to 50 Loads of well rotten Manure per Acre according to the state of the soil we consider to be amply sufficient and if what is called stimulating Manure is used to give the plant a vigorous growth at first even a less Quantity will do, one or two cases came under our notice where a small Quantity of slack lime was put in the Drills and appeared to have an excellent effect, we would recommend where the Land is clear and time will allow to plough the Manure in in the fall this practice will give the Farmer a chance of early sowing which should be always done if possible.

The kind generally grown is Skirnney's and the Quantity of seed used is from 1lb. to 3lb. per acre.

There were but two Fields of Yellow entered for competition the first was very excellent but we are sorry we cannot report so favourably of the second the Turnips appeared to be mixed between white and yellow and an uneven light crop, of course it rests with the society whether these are entitled to prizes or not.

Our opinion seems to prevail with Country Farmers that it is useless for them to compete with Farmers near Charlottetown we think if the society could give one set of Prizes for the Royalty and another for the Country there would be more satisfaction.

There is a prejudice with some Farmers against the cultivation of Turnips on account, as they consider, of the extra labor and expense but Farmers should consider that the Land should have the same cleansing with any other root crop as with Turnips if this were done as it should be a decided preference must be given to "Turnips." In our Tour of inspection we passed a great many Farms where Turnips was not to be seen, on others were some patches that were a disgrace to all rules of Farming if the society could reach those Farmers and induce them to grow Turnips to any thing like perfection. In our opinion they would do honor to themselves and confer a great benefit on the Country.

The mode of ascertaining the Amount of the Crop were the same as practised in former years.

GEO. LEWIS, } Inspectors.
GEO. SMITH, }

Report of Swede Turnips in Prince County, 1853.

The Judges of Swede Turnips for Prince County report, that they examined the fields of the several competitors, on the 31st of October and 1st of Nov., 1853, and award the Prizes as annexed:—

SWEDES.

Date when Sown.		No. and weight of Roots in One Chain of Drill.		No. of Drills in 1 Chain.	Names of Competitors.	Weight of Roots in One Acre.				Bus., each 56 lbs.	lbs.
		No.	Weight.			tons	cwts	qrs	lbs		
May	26	51	196	30	F. McNutt, Darnley	26	5	0	0	1050	0
June	10	58	231	27	William Clark, Esq., Darnley	27	16	3	8	1114	35
June	8	58	247	31	Benj. Bearisto, Esq., Princetown	34	3	2	18	1367	18
May	28	49	218	31	James Bearisto, Lot 18	30	3	1	8	1206	35
		95	184	27	Anthony McCole, Bedeque	22	3	2	8	887	8
June	8	63	200	28	Jas. J. Fraser, St. Eleanor's	25	0	0	0	1000	0
June	9	41	179	31	Netas Darby, Lot 17	24	6	0	8	990	50
		51	163	28	H. C. Green, Esq., Lot 17	20	7	2	0	815	0
		68	151	30	Hugh Smith, Lot 17	20	4	2	6	809	6

Method of ascertaining the number of Bushels, &c. in an Acre:—Each Judge selected a drill, of which one-third of a chain was pulled and weighed.

ROBERT McNUTT, }
GEORGE JONES, } Judges.
THOMAS CAIRNS, }

SIDMOUNT, 10th Nov., 1853.

Sir;

I beg to return you the Three Pounds awarded me as a Premium for the second-best acre of Turnips this year, which I wish to offer as a Premium for the best half-acre of Swede Turnips to be grown in 1854, in Queen's County, but on land situate without the Town, Common, Pasture Lots or Royalty of Charlottetown; the person gaining this Prize not to be prevented from competing for and receiving any other prize offered for Swede Turnips by the Society.

While offering this prize, I may be permitted to make an observation on the mode of cultivating this root. Many persons think a heavy crop of Swedes cannot be raised without an immense dose of manure Experience has convinced me that this is a very mistaken idea. The mode I pursue is this:—I plough 30 to 45 loads to the acre in the fall, cross-plough in the spring, and then throw up my drills, leaving a little hollow in the top of each ridglet; I then apply my home-made guano (viz: night-soil, hen-dung, urine and sawdust, bones, ashes, soot, &c.), which is quickly done by the men, with a half-bushel bucket, walking along and sowing it in the little hollow along the top of the drills, which are then sharped up by running the double mould board Plough between them, then rolled down and the seed drilled in. By this means a strong stimulating manure is placed close to the seed, which gives it a vigorous growth and shoots it quickly past injury from the fly. I have found this method give me better crops than twice the quantity of manure, either ploughed in broadcast or covered in the drills. Our soil is light, and soon parts with the manure applied to it; it is therefore bad economy to give over-doses of manure;—on such soils, light and frequent dressings will yield much more profitable returns during the rotation than over-doses at more distant intervals of time. Turnip land must be in fair condition, and of course must receive a moderate dressing; but the great secret, I believe, in raising good crops of Swedes at moderate expence, is in having some stimulating manure close to the seed. From my hen-house alone last winter I collected sufficient for 10 drills—being one-third of an acre,—and the contents of the privy during the winter mixed up with sawdust and oat-shellings furnished sufficient for an acre. I mention this to shew how, with a little attention, every one can make up sufficient "home-made guano" for a good patch of turnips, hoping that our farmers will turn their attention to saving and testing these valuable stimulants.

I am,
Your obedient Servant,
JAMES H. PETERS.

To Charles Stewart, Esq., }
Secretary R. A. Society. }

(From the Provincial Wesleyan.

ARE WE NOT DREAMERS?

Life is real! Life is earnest!
And the grave is not its goal;
Dust thou art, to dust returnest,
Was not spoken of the soul.
H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Who that gives a passing glance over the fair earth, with all its array of glories beautiful and brief, views not in its thronging multitudes, a world of dreamers? Everywhere, far o'er where the muezzin cries the hour of prayer, where the gorgeous rolling car crushes hourly its votaries, or where the traveller bends in mute idolatry of genius over the graves of classic Greece, as well as in our own land, where each priceless moment carries before the everlasting throne, its record of golden privilege, thankfully improved, or remorselessly squandered; in all climes, the dwellers on earth seem as denizens of a slumbering city. Time in its ceaseless rush, bears down before them, empire, and nation, and dynasty, yet they heed it not. Wrapt in reverie, the reverberating crash of falling thrones and towers strikes on their ear, but as the distant murmur of the sea. They know, that though now, the sounds "of blood and splendor, revelry and wo" may echo from shore to shore of the round globe, yet that on some morning when the sons of men shall go forth as ever to their toil, the clear heavens above them shall melt away, as the dim shadows of dawn, and that where now the quenchless sun pours forth his splendor, a great white throne, the glory of which no eye of flesh may view, shall stand while a clarion blast, swelling "louder yet and yet more dread," shall pierce the foundations of the hoary earth, and the everlasting hills, and the caves of the solemn sounding sea; and from their depths shall the pale sleepers of ages come forth, to await the word of the Omnipotent. They know, that though now, life may unfold before them as a dream of enchantment, and the heart throb joyously in the very consciousness of existence, yet that an hour *will* come when a grasp, more potent than the tie that binds us all to earth, shall chill the inmost spirit, when the cheek now glowing with hope, shall blanch before the fearful visions of the future, and they shall pass away to enter the shadowy palaces of the city of the dead. They know these things, they live in the clear light of realities, startling and profound, whose immeasurable sweep girds the far shores of eternity, and yet, *they dream*. No voice from the land of spirits can rouse an echo in their bosom. Marathon and Waterloo may win a name in story, but Sinai and Calvary are voiceless messengers to them. The dark legends of Eld,

"The love of vanished ages,
The trumpetings of proud humanity,"

may, perchance, wake slumbering response from some lethargic loiterer on the crumbling precipice of life; but every immutable utterance of that volume

"With the eternal heraldry and signature
Of God Almighty stamped,"

which tells, that when we who are but the dust of the earth, marred and defiled by the touch of sin, were perishing; the Eternal One left the burning glory before which the seraphim veil their gaze, that he might redeem us from death; every missive from the "land which is very far off," falls unnoticed on the heedless ear.

How can these things be? Is there not a voice around and above us all, reaching from the "land of everlasting light" and from the depths of that foundationless city on which no sun has ever risen, bidding us rise from the fearful slumber which enchains us? We may heed it not, we may slumber on till earth is fading from our gaze, but when the dark forshadowings of eternity surround us, and the wrathful surges of the solemn river of death shall overwhelm the trembling spirit, we *shall wake for ever*.

BESSIE BERANGER.

November 3d, 1853