

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III. No. 167.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

## NEWS FROM ALL FRONTS IS MOST FAVORABLE TO THE ALLIED CAUSE

British Forces Have Another Successful Day on Western Front—Russians Also Make Progress on Slonavka River—Austrians and Germans Seem Unable to Stem Russian Advance on Lemberg—Czar's Forces Now Within Twelve Miles of Brody Which Guards Approaches to Lemberg—Von Bohmer's Army is Now Placed in Grave Danger

LONDON, July 26.—The Allies are able to congratulate themselves on another good day's record, with the capture of the important position of Pozieres on the Western front, and Erzincan in Armenia, while the Russian General Sakharoff in the fighting on the Slonavka River, has captured another 1,000 prisoners and five guns. The British Secretary of War, Lloyd George, published a statement to-night which shows the importance the Germans attached to the retention of Pozieres, by quoting from a German divisional order, issued at Contalmaison, on July 11th, as follows: "Furthermore, the conversion of the villages into strong points is of greatest importance. Such villages are Pozieres, Contalmaison and the two Bizantins and Longueval." Secretary Lloyd George points out that with the capture of Pozieres the last of those villages has fallen into the Allied hands. He further points out that today's German claim of the repulse of an attack on Trones Wood must be a clerical error, as Trones Wood has been in British possession since July 14th. The position of military critics in London is that no positions so strong as those that British are now attacking, will be found between Pozieres and Bapaume, otherwise, they argue, the Germans would not have risked bringing troops and guns from the Verdun sector to defend Pozieres. It is inferred from indications in official despatches that the British are already beginning to establish themselves on both sides of the road from Pozieres to Bapaume.

As on the West front, the Germans and Austrians appear to be unable to make a successful stand anywhere against the victorious Russian forces. General Sakharoff's recent success has brought him within about twelve miles of Brody, which guards the approaches to Lemberg and places Von Bohmer's army in danger. The unexpectedly swift fall of Erzincan leads to the supposition here that the Turks must have removed the guns from the defences of this town to assist the armies in the field, not anticipating such a rapid Russian advance in such a difficult country.

The Italian front attracts little public interest, but the Italians recently have been making good progress in the Dolomites region.

## Turk Troops Rushed To Help Germans

BERLIN, July 26.—Important developments are impending on the south-east front and they will soon be seen on the Danube, too." This was the cryptic utterance of the chief of the intelligence department at a luncheon to American correspondents at German headquarters last Sunday. The Associated Press is now able to add that Turkey had placed a force of Ottoman troops at the disposition of the Central Powers for service in Europe. These troops are now in transit through the Balkans, and leading detachments are already approaching Galicia where they will co-operate with the Austro-Germans against the Russians.

## British Capture Pozieres Village

LONDON, July 26.—The village of Pozieres has been completely captured by the British, according to an official announcement made to-day. The text of the statement follows: "The whole village of Pozieres is now in our hands. West of the village our territorial troops made a further advance and captured two strong trenches and a number of prisoners, including five officers. Elsewhere on battlefield there is no change."

LONDON, July 26.—The capture of Pozieres gives the British troops domination of the highest point overlooking the plateau on which the German lines extend to the eastward.

## Citizens of Repute

LONDON, July 26.—No objection has been raised by the British Government to any proposed visit of certain American citizens of repute to Ireland for philanthropic purposes, Lord Robert Cecil, the Minister of War Trade, informed Laurence Ginnell, Nationalist member for North-West Meath, in reply to a question in the Commons.

During the last month the price of canned lobsters has been gradually but surely declining, but this report will probably prevent any further decline in prices.

## WE MUST PUSH OUR VICTORY SAYS DERBY

Tells American Correspondents in Interview That Personally he Wants the British Offensive to go as Far as Berlin—German Rulers Must be Taught Lesson he Says

LONDON, July 27.—Lord Derby, the new Under-Secretary for War, in an interview to-day to American correspondents, whom he welcomed in his new capacity, said: "I want you to impress on the American people our determination to destroy the efforts of Germany to secure world dominion. This fighting is now terrible, so awful that not a man actually in it, ourselves as well as the Germans, ever wants another. But we must push our victory until we make it impossible for German rulers to renew the conflict. We have no desire to partition Germany. Some of our Colonies may insist upon the retention of German colonies, but that is not what we are in the war for, we want to prevent future wars. We want the United States with us in this, not for this war, but for those hereafter. Asked how far the present offensive expects to go, he said: "I don't know, but personally, I want it to go as far as Berlin."

## Till Not a German Stands on French Soil

PARIS, July 27.—In an army order in which he communicated to his troops a congratulatory address sent them by the French Academy, Gen. Robert George Nivelle, commander of the French forces at Verdun, says: "Thanks to the heroic stand of the army before Verdun, the allied offensive already has made brilliant progress—and the German are not at Verdun."

"But our work is not finished. No Frenchman has a right to a moment's rest while the enemy remains on the soil of France and Alsace Lorraine. To enable the allies' offensive to develop freely and culminate in a rapid, decisive victory, we will continue to withstand the assaults of our implacable enemies, who, withstanding the sacrifice of half a million men which Verdun already has cost them, still cling to their main hopes."

"Not satisfied with resisting, soldiers of the Second Army, you will constantly harass the adversary so as to hold before you, by ceaseless menace, the greatest possible part of the enemy forces until the approaching hour of the general offensive."

## France Lifts Embargo on N. S. Lobsters

Official advices reached Halifax by cable yesterday that the embargo against Canadian lobsters entering France had been removed.

The lobster exporters of this Province are to be congratulated upon the success of their efforts in this matter and though the decision has arrived too late to prove of any material advantage to the entire trade for this season the benefit that accrues in having the article established as a food stuff instead of as a luxury is important.

Busy preparations can now be made with some confidence for another season's operations. Now that France has apparently acknowledged the food value of lobsters it is not likely that the British Government will class it as a luxury.

During the last month the price of canned lobsters has been gradually but surely declining, but this report will probably prevent any further decline in prices.

From inquiries among the trade we learn that an advance in prices is not expected. The chief consuming season in France is now nearly over, and the orders to supply French requirements during the fall and winter will not likely be heavy.

Already most of the pack has been shipped to the Liverpool and London markets and it is from these places that the bulk of the French orders at the present time will likely be filled.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

## DEUTSCHLAND READY FOR SEA BUT HUGS PORT

Capt. Koenig Has Cleared Ship but Asks Officials Withhold Publication Ship's Manifest for Reasonable Time—German Consul at Baltimore Says Ship Doesn't Sail for Week Yet

BALTIMORE, July 27.—The German merchant submarine Deutschland cleared from the Custom House this afternoon, but Capt. Paul Koenig, her commander, said: "The time of my departure is indefinite." He said in reply to a question, asked him by Custom officials for the benefit of the Pilot Association that Collector Ryan with the approval of the Treasury Department, granted the request of the Commander of the submarine that the ship's manifest be withheld from publication for a reasonable time. Carl J. Leuderitz, the German Consul here, said to-night the Deutschland will not leave for a week. When asked why her departure was further delayed after the customs clearance papers had been taken out, the Consul would vouchsafe no explanation.

## Harden Again Warns Germans

Ridiculous Prediction That the French Cannot Fight Beyond Autumn

CAUTIONS PUBLIC ON PEACE HOPES

## The Horse and Rabbit Market

LONDON, July 27.—A despatch from the Hague says the price of horse in Germany has doubled. Farmers are making a fortune selling rabbits at twenty-five marks each. The bad weather is spoiling the crops.

## Flight. Lieut. is Killed

LONDON, July 27.—Lieut. Otto Parschall, given recently a decoration of "pour le merite" for bringing down his eighth enemy aeroplane, has been killed in action.

## German Steamer Sunk

LONDON, July 27.—A Stettin despatch to Reuters' says the German steamer Norderny, 5,497 tons, bound from Sweden for Germany, laden with iron ore, was sunk north of Arcona Rügen Isld. The captain and crew were drowned.

## Allies Prospects Were Never Brighter

LONDON, July 26.—"Great Britain is not tiring of the war, but on the contrary, has never been more hopeful," said Lord Derby, former Director of Recruiting, and now Under Secretary for War, in an interview to-day.

## "Olive" Sunk

LONDON, July 26.—An Algiers despatch says that the British steamer Olive has been sunk; crew saved.

## More Frightfulness

LONDON, July 26.—Six civilians have been executed by the Germans at Ghent, charged with war treason, according to an Amsterdam despatch.

## For How Long?

SANTO DOMINGO, July 26.—Frederico Carvajal was proclaimed provisional president of Santo Domingo to-day.

## No Ticket No Loaf

AMSTERDAM, July 26.—The Telegraph is authority for the statement that bread tickets will shortly be introduced in Holland.

## SEEK REPRIEVE FOR SIR ROGER CASEMENT

LONDON, July 27.—Premier Asquith received a deputation of Nationalist members of the Commons to-day who had a petition, signed by 390 of their colleagues, the Roman Catholic Bishop of Dublin, fourteen other Bishops and 119 representatives of universities of learned Societies, for the reprieve of Casement. The Premier promised careful consideration of all points.

## "As We Forgive Those"

London, June 25 (By Mail).—A British army chaplain returned from France to-day told of stopping at a wayside shrine in Flanders, where Belgian soldiers, kneeling in prayer, were following the chant of their priest until the father started the Pasternoster. At the words: "As we forgive those who trespass against us," there was silence. Not a man replied. The priest hesitated and started again. Suddenly a steady voice rang out from the back, clearly intoning the words that pledge one to forgive his enemies. It was the voice of Albert, King of the Belgians. His soldiers then repeated after him, word for word.

## Titles and Nobility

LONDON, July 27.—It is expected Asquith will announce in the Commons that the three Germans who still held British titles of nobility are to still hold British titles. The nobility are to be deprived of their British honors. They are Duke of Albany, Duke of Cumberland, who are in line of accession to the British throne, although remotely, and Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein.

## The Horse and Rabbit Market

LONDON, July 27.—A despatch from the Hague says the price of horse in Germany has doubled. Farmers are making a fortune selling rabbits at twenty-five marks each. The bad weather is spoiling the crops.

## Flight. Lieut. is Killed

LONDON, July 27.—Lieut. Otto Parschall, given recently a decoration of "pour le merite" for bringing down his eighth enemy aeroplane, has been killed in action.

## German Steamer Sunk

LONDON, July 27.—A Stettin despatch to Reuters' says the German steamer Norderny, 5,497 tons, bound from Sweden for Germany, laden with iron ore, was sunk north of Arcona Rügen Isld. The captain and crew were drowned.

## Allies Prospects Were Never Brighter

LONDON, July 26.—"Great Britain is not tiring of the war, but on the contrary, has never been more hopeful," said Lord Derby, former Director of Recruiting, and now Under Secretary for War, in an interview to-day.

## "Olive" Sunk

LONDON, July 26.—An Algiers despatch says that the British steamer Olive has been sunk; crew saved.

## More Frightfulness

LONDON, July 26.—Six civilians have been executed by the Germans at Ghent, charged with war treason, according to an Amsterdam despatch.

## For How Long?

SANTO DOMINGO, July 26.—Frederico Carvajal was proclaimed provisional president of Santo Domingo to-day.

## No Ticket No Loaf

AMSTERDAM, July 26.—The Telegraph is authority for the statement that bread tickets will shortly be introduced in Holland.

## OUR EDWARD SAYS THAT THE WAR IS VIRTUALLY FINISHED

### Britain Agreeable

LONDON, July 26.—The British Government, it was learned to-day, will consent to a plan for rationing the civilian population in areas occupied by the German and Austrian armies, under the supervision of a neutral commission appointed by President Wilson, if the Central Powers will consent not to remove native food supplies. The plan will be given Ambassador Page in a letter from the Foreign Office this week.

### British Official

LONDON, July 26.—A British official to-night says:—With the exception of occasional artillery duels and sharp local encounters at various points, there was no important incident to-day.

### Italian King a Born Soldier

LONDON, July 17.—The military correspondent of the London Times, describing his recent tour of the Italian front, says:

"Italy is fortunate in having at her head at this critical hour of her destinies, a King who is a soldier born and bred. It is a common saying here that the King of Italy is home sick when he is absent from the army, and it is certain His Majesty spends every hour he can spare from state affairs, with his troops. He wears on his breast the medal and ribbon given only to those who have been at the front a year, and though he deprecates any allusion to the fact, it is true that he is constantly in the firing line. He has had many narrow escapes, and is personally known to the whole army, who love to see him in their midst."

### Dreadnought Proves to Be Auxiliary Steamer

LONDON, July 25.—With reference to the German statement that a submarine had torpedoed a British dreadnought, off Orkney Islands, July 20th, the British Admiralty stated that a small auxiliary steamer, off the north of Scotland, was attacked by a submarine. She was not hit.

### No Details of What Was Heard

LONDON, July 26.—Reports of prolonged firing being heard, coming from the Gulf of Bothnia on Monday, are printed in Stockholm newspapers to-day. No details are given.

## The Nationalists Don Their War Paint and Make Matters Lively

Timothy Healey Charges Government With Treating Prisoner: Arrested During Recent Revolt With Cruelty and Feroicity—Home Secretary Denies His Charges and Speaker Calls House to Order—Government Compelled to Summons Aid From Lobbies When Nationalists Spring Snap Votes—Scene Indicated Spirit Now Prevailing Among Irish Party

LONDON, July 26.—The first symptoms of the expected Irish revolt in the Commons as a consequence of the deadlock over Lloyd George's negotiations, broke out in the Commons last night on the report stage of a series of votes on supply bills, the ordinary course of which would have been purely formal procedure. The House was nearly empty and a handful of Nationalists twice seized the opportunity to attempt to discuss in a general manner the rule in Ireland. When they were declared out of order by the Speaker, they twice demanded a division, forcing the Gov-

Says German Officers Wearing Iron Crosses Told Him the Kaiser Sees to Hear That German Has Lost the Game—The Collapse of Germany Now Only a Matter of Time—Sir Edward Has Just Returned From Visit Somme Front Where Nfld. Detachment is Stationed—Carries Message From Pres. Poincare to Nfld. Soldiers

PARIS, July 27.—Sir Ed. Morris, Premier of Newfoundland, in an interview to-day with a representative of the Havas News Agency, declared that the Germans were beginning to realize that the war is practically finished. He has now just returned from a section of the Somme front where the Newfoundland detachment is stationed.

Before leaving for the front he was asked by President Poincare and Premier Briand to express to his countrymen in the trenches France's admiration and appreciation of their splendid bravery.

### No Details of What Was Heard

LONDON, July 26.—Reports of prolonged firing being heard, coming from the Gulf of Bothnia on Monday, are printed in Stockholm newspapers to-day. No details are given.

### No Details of What Was Heard

LONDON, July 26.—Reports of prolonged firing being heard, coming from the Gulf of Bothnia on Monday, are printed in Stockholm newspapers to-day. No details are given.

ernment to summon members from the lobbies for to vote.

LONDON, July 26.—An exciting scene, indicative of the strong feeling which prevails among the Irish members, took place in the Commons to-night, when Timothy Healey charged the Government with arresting 2,000 innocent persons in the course of the Irish rebellion, and treating them with cruelty and feroicity which even Germany had not shown in Belgium. The Home Secretary replied that Healey's administration started the Sinn Fein organization in Ireland, and therefore he was father of the movement. The Speaker then called Healey to order for irrelevance, but did not refuse the request of Sir Herbert L. Samuel, the Home Secretary, for permission to reply to the charges made by Healey. Secretary Samuel characterized the charges as utterly unfounded, and denied vigorously that prisoners had been ill-treated or placed in solitary confinement, as alleged. The Home Secretary said he would leave the House to judge the value of Healey's allegations.



**CLEANING AND PRESSING.**

Leave your order for Cleaning and Pressing with us, and we will do the rest of it right at reasonable prices. Every detail of the work is carefully looked after, to insure satisfaction to our customers.

**W. H. JACKMAN,**  
39 WATER STREET WEST. 2 Doors East Railway Station.  
Phone 795. P. O. Box 186.

om Park  
Keep Away  
their Child-  
eful Condu-  
it Should  
draw public  
of some in-  
Park after  
both sexes  
most un-  
anner, and  
arents hesi-  
n there or  
nes to go  
at we have  
of some of  
a character  
possibility  
ore detailed  
hope that  
the part of  
the unquali-  
-respecting  
-irregular-  
-ver term  
WAY.  
chard Gau,  
reported to  
had discov-  
into and  
s sleepers  
ause a seri-  
ctor stop-  
covery and  
matter in  
25% your  
ANT  
NG!  
on the  
ill be in  
daylight  
ry Practi-  
ce. All  
ons are  
ed from  
nge with-  
ther side  
ds of the  
ard. Any  
ns so do-  
to arrest,  
serious  
bullets.  
es not ex-  
the hills  
ards firing  
LIVAN,  
Consty.  
NIE,  
charge of  
struction).  
s  
ouncil  
Wall.  
the under-  
ived until  
at 4 p.m.  
aining Wall,  
dral Street.  
e seen and  
next at the  
ound to ac-  
tender.  
ATTERY.  
Seey-Treas.  
rst Class  
ant employ-  
-Also Machin-  
CLOTHING  
ing, Duck-  
At once,  
nts Makers,  
ad outside.  
high prices  
to BRITISH  
ckworth, St.