

The price of hating
other human beings

The Gateway

is loving oneself less
----Eldridge Cleaver

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Running a blue streak!

by Greg Neiman

You see them here, you see them there, you see those streakers everywhere!

Yes, its quite the rage, rip off your clothes and run around naked in our Canadian winter; a child's paradise. It keeps you fit, and you have fewer laundry bills, and you might even give a pervert a thrill.

Who are these mad runners-of-the-night? Why do they insist on breaking record after record in a wild, unprecedented urge for nudity, casting off all prudish modesty in an animalistic craze for total exposure in the middle of the cold, cold night?

Gateway has the answers right from the streakers' mouths. In a telephone interview, this reporter asked a few questions of two confirmed, hard-core streakers, R and A.

This is how they responded to my queries:

Q—Were you embarrassed?

A—No, of course not, we didn't have time and we were pretty corked.

Q—Where did you go in your streak?

A—They started in the Jubilee parking lot just as the crowds were coming out. A was to lead the charge with a bugle solo, but he got stuck getting out of the car, and as a consequence ran alone. They then ran down to the residences, through the main hall to four corners, and up to the third floor of Henday, which was their headquarters.

Q—Did you think hard

about streaking before you did it?

A—"Yeah, we had a lot of planning to do...getting people together...we had four hard core people and we got three others."

Q—Would it be easier for you to do it again?

A—"Yes, definitely...we'd like to try less people in a tougher situation of just thousands all together."

Q—Would you streak in mixed groups?

A—"Oh, definitely, we have some women to streak with us on our next one."

Q—Were you sober when you did it?

A—"Not really...A. was because he had his little solo behind us."

Q—Did the cold weather bother you?

A—"We didn't feel cold at all, we weren't even shivering."

Q—Do you have any records in mind that you would like to break?

A—"It's going to be really something to break a record...(he then made reference to the Texas mass streak wherein 2,000 people streaked, and the across-the-border streak between Canada and the U.S.) but we would like to try it in a courtroom."

Q—How would you describe the experience?

A—"That's a hard one...unique' because there is nothing else like it."

Q—What did you see as you streaked past the crowds?

A—"Cameras flashing...people fighting to see...pointing...applauding...others just looking...the women took it better than the men...some women covered their eyes and turned away."

Q—From your point of view, how do you think people see streakers and streaking?

A—"If its done properly...I feel that people show admiration and respect...(these two are purists, they disdained the artless HUB streak wherein some members carried their clothes with them and acted in a disorderly manner en streak)."

Q—Did the threat of arrest or legal action affect your decision to streak?

A—"No, it never entered our minds at all. Anyway, there's just campus security around here anyway, and you know what that means."

Q—What first prompted you

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Hub Daycare problem

by Greg Neiman

The present facilities in the HUB Daycare centre provide no cross ventilation or humidification for more than sixty persons, counting children and staff.

The centre is a renovation of HUB apartments which, if rented would only contain twenty-four persons.

Because of this, the temperature often becomes unbearable, to the point of being destructive to the health of the children and staff.

A meeting to be arranged between the Board of Directors of the HUB Day-care centre and the Students' Union will probably be a non-antagonistic one, says Doris Badir, chairman of the board of Directors for the centre.

What will be discussed will be an application for money to provide ventilation system for the HUB Centre, which, according to Dianne Dally, director of the centre, is badly needed.

Estimates for the cost of a good ventilation system were received by Badir today, and she is arranging for a meeting to be held in an attempt to finance its construction in the centre.

Some estimates have ranged in the price zone of three to four thousand dollars, and it is hoped that little trouble will be encountered in arranging for it.

"I would rather not ruffle any feathers," Badir said in a telephone conversation with Gateway concerning the matter.

Laxer lashes out

by John Kenney

"If we want to understand the energy crisis we should not think of it in terms of physical shortages," said Jim Laxer at a Monday forum. About 60 people took the time and trouble to hear the York economist and N.D.P. waffle member articulate his ideas concerning the international energy crisis and how it reflects upon the Canadian situation.

Our knowledge of the energy issue comes from two suspect sources - oil companies and government agencies. "They have vested interests in changing their arguments," he said. Prior to 1973 reports all looked rosy but after 1973 the picture suddenly changed. The problem,



After a long vigil, Gateway photographer Doug Moore snapped this streaker in Hub. It was only one of several streaks on campus this weekend.

Rude awakening for Alcan

Corporate image battered

by Satya Das

The corporate image took a merciless lashing at Wednesday's forum on the social responsibilities of multinational corporations held in SUB theatre.

The speaker was Duncan Campbell, vice president public affairs of ALCAN, the Canadian aluminium giant.

After an initial introductory speech to push the corporate image, Campbell threw open the discussion to questions from a panel and the audience.

The panelists systematically proceeded to strip ALCAN's body down to a skeleton which exposed the many social irresponsibilities of that corporation.

Rishi Thakur, a Guyanese student on the panel, led off with charges of discrimination and disparity between Canadian and native workers in ALCAN's operations in Guyana. The charges specified that native workers live in slums while white workers have houses with many modern amenities; as well, native and white workers in the same job are paid on different scales.

Campbell replied that he had not understood most of the question, but that it would be going a bit too far to label the housing conditions as slums. He said that ALCAN has always tried to help the Guyanese people, and that Guyanese workers are allowed to buy shares in the corporation. An audience member interrupted to say that the wages are too low to permit the purchase of shares. Campbell replied that he himself had not purchased any shares.

Panelist R.B. Charlton took up this point and said he found it interesting that a senior vice president in ALCAN owned no shares in his own company, to which Campbell replied somewhat grudgingly that he did own 96 shares.

Many Guyanese students in the audience then lost their temper and bombarded Campbell with questions about ALCAN operations, and the

he concluded, was a "tightly controlled monopolistic oil industry."

The oil industry is dominated by 7 major corporations (5 American, 2 European) of which Exxon is the "granddaddy of them all." According to Laxer "they had to create an energy crisis in order to bring about a change in that situation" - to opt for an "acceptable profit rate." In effect it became corporation policy "to suppress alternatives and to turn down exploration to deliberately bring about a crisis."

Laxer then treated the audience to the hysterical stories emanating from the Wall Street area. American investors were

fearing that corporations like Chrysler and even Exxon just might be taken over by wealthy Arabs. That led some Americans to comment that the only alternative in such a case would be to nationalize them.

He conceded that there was opposition from the manufacturing sector of the American economy towards oil companies' plans "but the policy of self-sufficiency has the upper hand in American politics."

As for Canada, Laxer sees a squabbling between provincial and federal governments over jurisdiction of energy resources rather than who should own them or develop them.

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