

The Standard

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FAIR AND COOL

THREE CENTS

GREAT STEEL STRIKE GATHERED FURTHER MOMENTUM AT VARIOUS INDUSTRIAL CENTRES TUESDAY

Conflicting Claims, as Much as Variance as Those Given out the Opening Day of the Big Strike, Continue to be Made by the Contending Forces in the Widespread Industrial Contest—Congress Makes a Move to Intervene in the Strike—Two Men Killed and Others Wounded—Strikers, on the Whole, Remain Law-Abiding.

Demands Made By Steel Union

Pittsburg, Sept. 23.—The twelve demands of the steel workers are: Right of collective bargaining. Reinstatement of men discharged for union activities. An eight-hour day. One day's rest in seven. Abolition of the 24-hour shift. Increase in wages sufficient to guarantee American standards of living. Double scales of wages in all trades and classifications of workers. Double pay for all overtime, holiday and Sunday work. Check-off system of collecting union dues and assessments. Principle of seniority to apply in maintenance, reduction and increase of working forces. Abolition of company unions. Abolition of physical examination of applicants for employment.

Parrell, Penn., Sept. 23.—Two men were killed and two others were wounded in another clash between State Police and strikers today. The trouble started when a crowd congregated at Station six Greenfield streets and refused to disperse. When the troopers charged the crowd they were fired upon, it is alleged. The mounted officers returned the fire, killing two men, eye-witnesses say. Tonight's riot occurred at the same place where one was killed and many more injured in an outbreak last night.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 23.—Congress intervened in the steel strike today by directing the Senate Labor Committee to institute an immediate investigation to ascertain "if the situation in any way can be relieved by Federal action." The inquiry will begin Thursday, when representatives of the strikers will be heard. Later, Chairman Gary, of the United States Steel Corporation; President Gomper, of the American Federation of Labor, and other spokesmen for both capital and labor will appear. Action by the Senate was taken on

PREDICTION OF LABOR GOV'T IN GREAT BRITAIN

Member of British Parliament Sees Labor Party in Control Within Very Few Years.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 23.—The election of a labor government in Great Britain in a few years' time was prophesied this morning by Ben Tillett, M. P., British delegate to the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress, now in session at Hamilton, upon his arrival from Liverpool on the Corcovado. He said: "I doubt the Labor Party would ultimately win the adherents of the former Liberal party. He said that British labor was now settling down and had decided to pursue its interests through a peace parliamentary pressure rather than by direct action."

LAKE SEAMEN'S UNION TO JOIN STEEL STRIKERS

Men Employed on Ore Carrying Steamers of Great Lakes to Go Out in Sympathy.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Patrick O'Brien, Assistant Secretary of the Chicago local of the Lake Seamen's Union, announced today that the strike vote of the men employed on ore-carrying steamers on the Great Lakes had been counted and is practically unanimous in favor of going out in sympathy with the steel workers.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 23.—Official announcement that the Provincial general elections will be held on Monday, October 20, the same date as the vote on the referendum, was made this afternoon by Sir William Hearst. Nominations will be held the previous Monday, October 15. The date of the elec-

327,100 Men Claimed To Be Involved In Great Strike of Steel Workers

Table with 2 columns: Category and Value. Includes: Approximate number of employees (327,100), Percentage organized (semi-official estimate) (15), Cause of Strike—Refusal to accept, Demand of Unions—Right to bargain for the men as to hours, wages and working conditions, Number of employees holding stock in company, 74,000, Wages Paid, Unskilled help, lowest, \$3.50; highest, \$6, Skilled help, lowest, \$7; highest, \$70 to \$80, Highest priced help, rollers, who work up to \$80 a day and average \$30.

LONDON OFFICIALS BELIEVE ITALY SINCERELY DESIRES TO SOLVE SITUATION AT FIUME

Italian Military Authorities Have Issued Orders That Participants in Raids, Who Do Not Return to Their Units in Five Days, Shall be Posted as Deserters—Had Warning of Trouble Last July and Were Informed of Plans of D'Annunzio.

London, Sept. 23.—In official circles here the opinion was expressed today that Italy sincerely desires to solve the Fiume situation. It is understood that the Italian military authorities have issued orders that participants in raids, who do not return to their units within five days, shall be posted as deserters and punished with the utmost rigor.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 23.—The Italian Government was informed last July of the plans of Lieutenant-Colonel Gabriele d'Annunzio for his Fiume adventure, according to the Italian daily paper Avanti, extracts from which were cabled today from Geneva to the official information bureau here. The paper also asserted that the Allies were told of the action of d'Annunzio's accomplices in Fiume long before the soldier-poster carried out his campaign.

IMPORTANT COAL FIND REPORTED AT NEW MARYLAND

The Farm of a Returned Soldier Reveals Rich Deposits of Coal—License to Search Taken Out.

Special to The Standard. Frederick, N. B., Sept. 23.—News of an important find of coal in the Parish of New Maryland, York County, within a few miles of Frederick, has been reported. The Great farm, which was recently purchased by a returned soldier named Brigs, under the provisions of the Soldiers' Settlement Act, is the place where the specimens of coal have been found, and it is understood that preparations are being made for the proper development of the area.

FIELD KITCHEN OF FORMER KAISER AT WASHINGTON

Will Occupy Prominent Place Among the War Exhibits in Smithsonian Institute.

New York, N. Y., Sept. 23.—The field kitchen used by the former German Emperor was among the 2,700 tons of trophies of the world war brought to this country by the transport Santa Rosa, which arrived here today from Brazil. They will be sent to the Smithsonian Institute at Washington, where they will be placed in the permanent War Exhibit. The field kitchen, made of copper, resplendent with enamel decorations, showed no signs that it had been in the midst of shot and shell. According to its history it was captured near Verdun.

LEADER DENOUNCES THE ONE BIG UNION

Member of American Federation of Labor Makes Vicious Attack Upon Those Seeking to Foster Movement.

REMARKS CAUSED SOME OBJECTION

More Moderate Members of Convention Applauded Denunciations Hurlled at All Connected With O. B. U.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 23.—Scathing denunciation of the One Big Union, the principles of the organization, the methods adopted by those who seek to foster the movement, and practically everything connected with it, was made this afternoon by J. W. Hayes and Matthew Wall, members of the Executive Committee of the American Federation of Labor, in speeches before the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress. They alleged that the One Big Union was strongly opposed to organized labor, and was an attempt to revive a scheme that had been attempted thirty years ago in the United States, but which, at that time, "had been found wanting."

The speakers, members of the Union Labor Department of the American Federation of Labor, which is holding sessions in Hamilton, created something of a sensation when they commenced to denounce the movement, which has quite a number of supporters among the delegates at the convention. The sentiments they expressed at first attracted a number of cries, and interruptions were frequent, but more often than not the shouts of disapproval were drowned by the vociferous applause of the more moderate members of the Congress.

QUEBEC TRAIN ROBBERS ARE ALL IN CUSTODY

New York Business Man, Under Suspicion, Gives Satisfactory Explanation and Passes from Shadow of Police.

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Sept. 23.—A satisfactory explanation today saved a New York business man from arrest in connection with the hold up and robbery of the Ocean Limited train at Harlow last week. The trouble originated in a message sent to the New York man, Basil E. Carrm, of a Broadway address, by J. B. Proteau, one of the men now under arrest in Quebec as one of the train bandits.

NEW YORK BANK CLERKS DEMAND SHORTER HOURS

Three Thousand Workers in City's Principal Banks Form an Organization and Draw up Demands.

New York, N. Y., Sept. 23.—Bank clerks are the latest New York employees to organize and formulate demands for shorter hours and more pay. It was learned today that about three thousand workers in the city's principal banks and financial institutions have formed an organization and drawn up the following demands: A six-hour working day, with time and a half for extra hours up to 7 o'clock in the evening; double time for each hour after 7 o'clock. So far as known, the demands have not yet been presented to the bankers.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION OF UNIONIST PARTY TO BE UNDER DISCUSSION TUESDAY NEXT

Caucus Yesterday Postponed Consideration of the Question Until Prime Minister Can be in Attendance—Prohibition Matters Given Attention in House, Dividing Honors With the Question of Amnesty to Deserters.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—The question of the organization of a permanent Unionist party has been once more postponed. It was to have been taken up at today's Unionist caucus, but the main question dealt with today was that of prohibition. Mr. Rowell, it is said, strongly urged the necessity of re-introducing the bill ratifying and extending the provisions of the prohibition order-in-council until one year after the proclamation of peace, but there was considerable division in the gathering as to the wisdom of the course. A number of members are said to have taken the view that the Doherty Act, regulating interprovincial traffic and providing for provincial autonomy, was all that the country demanded. It is probable, however, that a new bill, perhaps slightly modified will be introduced.

The second question dealt with was that of amnesty to deserters. The majority opinion of the caucus seemed to be that the law should be allowed to take its course.

The private quarrel between Mr. Charles Murphy and Mr. Newton Wesley Rowell is developing into a parliamentary serial. In 1918 Mr. Murphy assailed Mr. Rowell. A week ago Mr. Rowell assailed Mr. Murphy.

Special to The Standard.

Yesterday Mr. Murphy counter-attacked, and, being unable to manoeuvre freely because of parliamentary barbed wire, so to speak, threatened to return to the attack in 1920. Mr. Murphy spoke on a question of privilege. A question of privilege is hard on an unruly tongue. Also gives opportunity for exercise of ingenuity. Mr. Murphy showed himself ingenious. He managed to drive a coach and four through the rules, evading Mr. Speaker's repeated warnings sufficiently to say that Mr. Rowell had had his expenses paid on a trip to the front to the extent of \$3,750. To round things off Mr. Murphy added that he too had been gone to the front "had I been a financial leech or a political parasite."

It was all very interesting and thrilling, but apart from the passing enjoyment derived from a scrap, the House is becoming a little wearied of the whole business. Conservatives, in particular, complain that the House of Commons is no place to hang out a washing of Liberal sordid linen, adding, solemnly, that if others should follow example there would not be time in the House to talk anything else.

The House, generally speaking, is doddering along in a sluggish fashion. Today, for example, it ran out of government orders and had to resort to private members business, a rather extraordinary thing. The session, however, will go thirty-one days at least, the reason being that, under the law, there must be thirty-one days to constitute a session, and what is much more important to the average member, to legalize a full indemnity.

MONCTON MEN MISS SINCE SUNDAY SAFELY LANDED HOME

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, N. B., Sept. 23.—With nothing more serious than a thrilling experience at sea, and some discomfort from seasickness and a two days' fast, the seven Moncton young men who have been missing since Sunday morning in a motor boat in the Northumberland Straits, were landed safely at 5 o'clock this afternoon, at Cape Bail on the mainland, about fifteen miles below the point from which they set sail for Prince Edward Island on Sunday morning. The missing young men reached their homes in Moncton about 11 o'clock tonight. News of their safety was joyfully received not only by their parents and friends, but by the whole city, as grave fears for their safety had been entertained on account of the exhaustive search having failed to reveal any tidings of their whereabouts. The young men left Shediac Sunday morning for Summerside, and when about six miles from their destination, the engines stalled. Efforts to get the engine going were unsuccessful, and the boat drifted for several hours, when it was decided to anchor.

At this time the boat was about ten miles off Cape Bail and there remained at anchor Sunday night and through Monday night's storm, sending up signals without being discovered by those on the mainland or the boats sent out in search of them. So the young men aboard the motorboat were desperate about the shore they were met about the boat that they burned up their shirts for the three lights sent up during Sunday and Monday nights. They waited in vain for relief until this morning when two of the young men ventured out in a twelve foot canoe to paddle ashore. Five miles distant from the shore they were met by lobster fishermen who went out and towed the motorboat ashore. The young men aboard the motorboat had very little to eat, mouthful or two of oatmeal soup on Monday afternoon exhausted the rations, although they had sufficient water to last until afternoon. During the storm Monday the sea washed over the motorboat riding at anchor and only the fact that they had a staunch boat saved them from being swamped.

U. F. O. ADVENT INTO POLITICS HURTS LIBERALS

Their Ranks Being More Heavily Shattered by the New Party Than Are the Union Ranks.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—The government is beginning to marshal its forces for the coming by-election contests. Sir Henry Drayton, it is understood, is to be offered a nomination in Kingston, this constituency being vacant owing to the retirement of Mr. Nickle. In North Ontario a strong Unionist is already in the field, and the beginning of next week it is predicted will see candidates in nearly every riding.

The Liberals are being considerably worried by the farmers. In Assiniboia their convention disagreed and failed to put a man in nomination. In Glenagarry they have apparently abdicated to the U.F.C. and in North Ontario they threaten to do the same. The projection of the agriculturists into politics, it is now beginning to be realized, cuts more deeply into the body of the former minister of railways and canals arriving in Toronto this morning in the private car of Sir Robert Borden.

FUNERAL OF HON. FRANK COCHRANE TAKES PLACE TODAY

Toronto, Sept. 23.—The funeral of Hon. Frank Cochrane will take place at three o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the residence of his brother-in-law, David A. Dunlop, this city. The body of the former minister of railways and canals arrived in Toronto this morning in the private car of Sir Robert Borden.