

The British Cabinet

Appointment of Lord Lansdowne as Foreign Minister is Condemned.

Mr. Haubury May be Next President of the Board of Trade.

(Associated Press.) London, Nov. 5.—"Clad in the robes of dazzling failure" is the way one Liberal newspaper describes the Marquis of Lansdowne's entry into the foreign office. This, undoubtedly, expresses the opinion of a preponderance of the British public, irrespective of party lines. Even among those organs feebly upholding the advisability of Lord Lansdowne's appointment, there is a tendency to allocate him to the position of a mere nominal head of the foreign office, blindly following out every wish of the premier.

This, the Associated Press learns, is quite opposed to Lord Salisbury's own idea. He does not share the general belief that in the war office he did badly. In fact, the premier is so convinced of the reverse that he gave Lord Lansdowne the option of continuing in his former office or taking the new billet. Lord Salisbury was delighted that Lord Lansdowne was willing to accept the Foreign Office Portfolio.

He believes he will make a strong foreign secretary and had long contemplated Lord Lansdowne as his successor should the doctors refuse to allow him to continue the severe duties he undertook during last parliament.

One of Lord Salisbury's closest friends said to a representative of the Associated Press: "Lord Lansdowne, by his training and social career, is more fitted and available to meet diplomats and decide large issues. Should the fall of success will only be because he is too much of a gentleman."

The under-secretary in the war office and colonial office, vacant through the changes in the cabinet, must now be selected, which is no easy matter. Mr. R. W. Haubury, financial secretary of the treasury, is believed likely to succeed Mr. C. T. Ritchie as president of the board of trade, and Mr. George W. Mackenzie as parliamentary secretary of the war office, is frequently mentioned as successor of Mr. Gerald Balfour as chief secretary for Ireland, though the latter's resignation is by no means certain at present.

With reference to Irish matters, an amusing story is going the rounds about the Duke of Marlborough, whom the papers frequently, without basis, mention as Earl Cadogan's successor in the Lord Lieutenantcy of Ireland. On the strength of this, it is said a large amount of Irish literature has been imported to Albenheim, where a recent visitor is alleged to have found the young Duke almost buried amidst stories of Ireland.

Mr. Gerald Balfour may change the secretaryship of Ireland for the board of trade. If this occurs it will give

The Cecil Family

four of the most important offices in the cabinet, which calls out from the Liberal papers the cry of nepotism.

The publication of Lord Rosebery's story of Napoleon has not only brought forth unanimous and unbounded praise, but has given rise to a general feeling of regret that the present distinguished cabinet could not avail itself of such a brilliant intellect. It is a careful monograph of Bonaparte's closing days, and, while it discloses no new historical facts, it deals so masterfully and impartially with all the available evidence, that it must stand, so the critics say, as an authoritative record in addition to being the most perfect character sketch ever penned. It teems with powerful epigrams and touches of humor and imagination, while the British ministers responsible for the arduousness of Napoleon's captivity are treated with merciless satire. On all sides it is admitted that this latest work reveals

Lord Rosebery at His Best.

What will he do next? This is the question which arises on all sides.

How bitter politics are growing in Ireland can be judged from an open letter from Mr. Wm. O'Brien, saying he re-enters parliament with the utmost reluctance, and with no more satisfaction than he would enter an English jail. But, Mr. O'Brien adds, he considers it a national duty. He also says the exclusion of Healy and his faction from the Irish party is the only means of enabling men of honor to remain in it.

As a result of the visit of the superintendent of the Southwestern railway to the United States, the directors of the road have decided to substitute for the present lever system of signaling, the pneumatic method employed on American roads. The latter's installation is now occurring. Other lines are likely to follow suit, so that the immense signal boxes which have long been features of the great termini, will probably disappear.

The vexed question of the decrease of the commerce of the port of London, owing to

Lack of Docking Facilities

and high rates, is likely to be solved by the formation of a public body for the better management of the docks and waterways, whose plan includes river ways on both sides of the river above Gravesend, thus avoiding lighthouse, which connected with railroads, will save the time and expense.

The Prince of Wales's dismissal of

Tod Sloan is received with joy by the racing world of England as a significant indication of feeling against American jockeys and trainers. The Prince of Wales yielded to the popular clamor, while the methods and manners of a number of self-advertising American owners have undoubtedly given the jockey club an excuse for its present attitude. Sloan is much chagrined. His retainer was to have been £5,000. He had other offers of a like amount, but now the Prince of Wales.

Has Thrown Him Over,

no English owner is likely to employ him as first jockey. Sloan returns to the United States on November 14th, but the story that he does not intend to apply for a license here in 1901 is regarded as being at least premature. Leigh, the trainer of Mr. Frank Gardner's stable, which Sloan manages, and whose application for a license to train at Newmarket caused so much of the present trouble, has secured quarters at Epsom. Twenty-six American yearlings have already arrived there. Rigby will not apply for a license for 1901, as he is engaged by Madame Member to ride in France. Morgan, Edie and Jones go to Austria.

Knox On The Trail

He Captured Two Guns From Dewet's Force in Fight Near Parys.

A Number of Refugees Are to Be Sent Back to Johannesburg.

London, Nov. 5.—The situation in South Africa is improving and Lord Roberts will shortly return to England with the majority of his staff.

Arrangements are being made in Cape town to send the first batch of refugees back to Johannesburg, and accommodation is being provided at Bloemfontein for a garrison of seven thousand men.

Nevertheless, the activity of the Boers continues. On October 26th a command of 300 captured a garrison of 30 men at Reddersburg, but afterwards released them. Trains from the south to Pretoria are attacked by the Boers almost daily.

On October 24th the burghers occupied Kofffontein. On the other hand, Gen. Dewet's force near Parys captured two guns, one of them a weapon best used in the British in the Sanna's Post affair.

The daily list of British casualties is heavy. During the month of October the British lost 167 men killed in action, including 15 officers, 71 who died of wounds, 367 who died of disease, 22 who died of accidents and 97 captured or missing, a total almost equal to the monthly average for the duration of the war.

The Daily Express publishes the sensational statements that the Boer revival is more serious than hitherto believed, and that in consequence Lord Roberts's return is likely to be still further postponed. It says also that no considerable part of the troops will return before January or February, while the regimental draft from England will continue and five thousand horses will be sent out. The paper definitely declares that the Boers are well armed and abundantly supplied with ammunition, and that the campaign is likely to last another six months.

In the best informed quarters, however, it is asserted that there is no ground for the pessimism of the Daily Express.

Preparing to Welcome Canadians.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—The returning members of the first contingent are to arrive here at 1.30 tomorrow morning. The train is expected to arrive at Lewis about 1 o'clock this morning. If the train is held back the Ottawa demonstration will be ruined by the late arrival of the men. Consequently the Montreal committee have chartered a special train so as to get them here on proper time. Arrangements for a reception include a big parade and banquet in the drill hall. The city is on the tiptoe of expectancy, and there promises to be a great time.

MONTREAL MEMS.

Montreal, Nov. 5.—The Court of the Queen's Bench opened here this morning, Justice Hall presiding. After awaiting in of grand jury, the court adjourned for a week.

The formal opening of the Royal Victoria (ladies) college, gift of Lord Strathcona, and the unveiling of the statue of Her Majesty at the entrance to the college, last evening, was one of the most brilliant functions in Montreal of late years. Over 1,500 guests, including leading representatives of the social and business circles of the city, enjoyed the hospitality of Lord Strathcona. His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Minto were present with their staff.

FIREMAN INJURED.

Nanaimo, Nov. 5.—There was an exciting runaway on the Chemainus timber railway last night. The engine struck a middy rail on a steep down grade, and the engineer lost control. He and the fireman jumped, the latter being injured. The brakeman hung on behind the tender and had a narrow escape. The engine was derailed and forced up the track for a considerable distance.

The Alexandria mines shut down yesterday.

VICTORIA ELECTIONS.

Melbourne, Nov. 5.—The result of the election for the legislative assembly of Victoria is the return of forty-five Ministers, forty-eight members of the opposition and two independents.

Roberts's Appeal

Asks That No Drink Be Offered to the Returning Soldiers.

He is Proud of the Conduct of the Men in South Africa.

(Associated Press.) London, Nov. 5.—Lord Roberts sends from Pretoria a striking appeal to his countrymen to refrain from turning the welcome of the home-coming of the troops into a drunken orgy. He expresses the sincere hope that the welcome will not take the form of treating to stimulants, and "thus lead to excesses that will tend to degrade those whom the nation delights to honor, and not lower the soldiers of the Queen in the eyes of the world, which has watched with undisguised admiration the grand work they have performed for their sovereign and country."

He says: "I am very proud to be able to record, with the most absolute truth, that the conduct of this army from first to last has been exemplary. Not a single case of serious crime has been brought to my notice, indeed, nothing deserving the name of crime. I have trusted to the men's own soldierly feelings and good sense, and they have borne themselves like heroes on the battlefield and like gentlemen on all other occasions."

Lord Roberts explains that he thus appeals because of the distressing and discreditable scenes resulting from injudicious friends speeding the parting soldiers by shoving bottles of spirits into their hands and pockets.

Heavy Boer Losses.

London, Nov. 5.—Lord Roberts, in a dispatch from Johannesburg, dated November 2nd, reports no less than eight fights at different points, all unimportant, but significant of the activity of the Boers.

General Kitchener, after a night march, surprised Schoeman's laager at Steenkamp, and then pushed on the Schalburgers' laager at Bookranz, but the British were prevented from following up by the Boers, who trekked north.

Prisoners in the hands of the British say the Boer losses in the fight with Gen. Barton on October 25th were 140 killed, wounded or missing.

Orders for the States.

New York, Nov. 5.—In competition with European manufacturers, says a London dispatch to the Herald, an American steel company has obtained an order for \$5,000,000 worth of rolling stock for South African railways.

Wahler, Beit & Co., one of the great South African mining corporations, asked for a bid on coal wagons, to be delivered to the mines at the earliest possible date. The Pressed Steel Car Company of Pittsburg is the successful bidder. The American company not only made a bid a third lower than any other company, but beat the European bidder in time by eight months.

COLLIERIES IN OPERATION.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 5.—Every colliery in the Hazleton region is in operation to-day.

Armed With Mausers

The Carlists Are Well Equipped to Meet the Spanish Soldiers

Don Carlos Says the Present Raising Was Contrary to His Orders.

(Associated Press.) Paris, Nov. 3.—A correspondent of Le Petit Parisien, telegraphing from a point in the French Pyrenees, says that 15 troops are not sent immediately to Pamplona and San De Duzel, these towns of great strategic importance will fall into the hands of the Carlists, who will then be masters of the upper valley of the Serge, and will be able to obtain arms from France and Andorra. The Carlists in upper Catalonia are armed with Mausers and are well equipped with tents and campaigning material.

Compromising Documents.

Madrid, Nov. 3.—The Liberal organs, referring to the Carlism movement, call upon the government to annihilate without pity a party which they consider a disgrace to Spain. It is believed that several bishops intend to reproduce a Papal encyclical blaming the priests for stirring up the trouble.

Domestic visits have been made to the houses of the Marquis de Cerralbo and the Marquis de Cassola, and arms and compromising documents have been seized at the house of another of the Carlists.

Don Carlos Interviewed.

Venice, Nov. 3.—Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, in the course of an interview had with him here, declared that the present raising in Spain was contrary to his orders and would retard instead of promoting his efforts to secure his rights.

MINING DISASTER.

Many Men Killed and Injured by an Explosion in a West Virginia Coal Mine.

(Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 3.—The Associated Press has just received a dispatch, at 10.50 o'clock, from a correspondent at Phillippi, W. Va., which says: "Berryburg coal mines blown up. Thirty-two killed and over 100 wounded. Greatest calamity ever occurred in this state."

Another Report.

Cincinnati, Nov. 3.—A Times' Special says an explosion to-day in the Berryburg coal mine at Phillippi, W. Va., killed 23 and injured over 100 men.

No Telegraphic Communication.

Phillippi, W. Va., Nov. 3.—The explosion occurred in one of the mines of the Southern Coal & Coke Co., eight miles from here. There is neither telegraphic nor telephonic communication with the mines.

Ten Men Killed.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 3.—President Berry, shortly before 2 o'clock, received a telephone message from Berryburg, saying that 10 men had been killed and 4 seriously injured, 3 of whom will probably die. The mine was damaged very

slightly. The accident happened at midnight, when most of the men were out of the mine.

DISTURBANCES IN CHICAGO.

Socialiste Labor Speakers Driven From the Streets by the Police.

(Associated Press.) Chicago, Nov. 3.—Socialiste labor orators raised the red flag in State street last night, and were driven off the thoroughfare by the police, who were compelled to interfere to stop a riot. It was socialiste labor night, and the Debs speakers used half a dozen wagons to speak from along the street. There were frequent clashes between the speakers and the big crowds who gathered around the stands. Shortly after midnight the socialists became bolder and a red flag was raised on every wagon. The red flag was very large, and in contrast was hung a flag of the United States of very small dimensions.

EX-MAYOR DEAD.

New York, Nov. 2.—William L. Strong, who was the last mayor of the old city of New York, died early this morning at his residence in this city.

Soldiers Welcomed

By the Citizens of Montreal and Ottawa—Monter Street Parades.

Received at the Capital by Lord Minto, Hon. R. W. Scott and Mayor Payment.

(Associated Press.) Montreal, Nov. 3.—Montreal members of the first contingent, together with Sergeant Northcott, Private Stewart and Corp. O'Dell of the Fifth Regiment, Victoria, and Private Lee, of Nelson Rifle Company, British Columbia, and members from Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London and other Ontario cities, were enthusiastically received by thousands of Montreal's population on the arrival of the train at the Grand Trunk station at 1.30 to-day.

The contingent, paraded through the principal streets headed by military, police and society bands, and followed by all of the local militia, fraternal and other societies. Streets were lined with thousands of citizens who were wild with enthusiasm. All public and many private and business buildings were decorated with flags, bunting, etc. At 3 the parade broke up at the drill hall, where the heroes were entertained to a banquet by the citizens.

Accident at Quebec.

Quebec, Nov. 3.—About 10 o'clock this morning as the procession conducting the returning soldiers was ascending Mountain Hill, a gallery in rear of the Chien D'Or hotel, on which some 20 people were standing, gave way precipitating all to the ground, a distance of 25 feet. The injured are George Adams, a waiter, spine broken; Miss Macauland, a waitress; Frederick Letourneau, barkeeper, broken legs; and widow named Coumbe, skull fractured. The accident was due to the gallery being in a decayed condition, and the weight of people too great for its strength.

At Ottawa.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Nov. 3.—The returning soldiers got a great reception on their arrival here to-day. They reached the city at 2 o'clock and marched to Parliament Hill, amid the cheers of thousands, who met them at the depot, and who lined the sidewalks along the route. Lord Minto, Hon. R. W. Scott and Mayor Payment gave addresses of welcome. The parliament grounds were black with people. There will be an illumination of buildings to-night. The whole city is decorated with flags and bunting.

Ottawa, Nov. 3.—The following cable was received by Lord Minto at the close of his speech: "Her Majesty the Queen has heard with pleasure of the safe return of the Canadian contingent, and desires to thank them most cordially for the services which they have rendered to her empire."

SPINAL CORD SEVERED.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—The case of Arthur Foreman, the 11-year-old lad, who was brought to the sick children's hospital from Port Carling on Wednesday, suffering from paralysis of limbs from the waist down, caused by a bullet wound, is exciting the attention of physicians. Investigation shows that the bullet severed the spinal cord and lodged just below the side of the right shoulder. Severance of the spinal cord usually results in instantaneous death. His arms were numb for some time after he was injured, but they are getting so he can use them. His brain is as sound as ever. He can swallow, but his breathing is from the stomach, the muscles of the chest being paralyzed.

Many physicians are watching the case and declare the patient may live for months, but, despite of his complete recovery.

DEBTS WILL BE PAID.

New York, Nov. 2.—Reporting the de (Astollene's) financial affairs, Richard Schirer, counsel for the Countess de Castellane, is quoted in a Paris dispatch to the Tribune as saying that all debts will be paid immediately by the Countess, with the exception of a few claims from antiquity and bric-a-brac dealers, which are deemed absolutely exorbitant.

Drowned In a Well

Emperor's Favorite Wife Killed by the Order of Empress Dowager.

Germans in China—Troops Are Guarding the Railway From Peking.

Berlin, Nov. 2.—A special dispatch says: "In a well, situated within the imperial palace precincts in Peking, was found the body of Emperor Kwang's favorite wife, Shen Ti, whom the Empress Dowager caused to be drowned after the flight of the court from the capital. The second favorite, Shing Fi, and a hundred ladies belonging to the imperial harem, are prisoners in the hands of the allies."

Telegrams from Count von Waldersee show that all the German troops have now arrived in China and been distributed. The First and Second marines, the First infantry brigade and a small force of cavalry and artillery are stationed at Peking. The Second infantry brigade, with a corresponding force of artillery, engineers and cavalry, is at Pao Ting Fu. One battalion is at Shan Hai Kwan. The Third infantry brigade, with a company of sharpshooters, two squadrons of cavalry and several batteries, is at Tien Tsin. One battery and several howitzers are at Taku, and there is a force of troops distributed along the railway from Peking to Yang Tsun, superintending the work of construction.

A Pao Ting Fu dispatch, dated yesterday, says: "Telegraphic connection has been completed with Peking, entirely by the Germans. The railway from Pao Ting Fu to the capital is nearly completed. French detachments are working the line. The health of the German troops is improving."

Another batch of letters from German soldiers in China appears to-day in a number of papers, among them the Hanoverian Courier, which, editorially, demands official statements with reference to details given by the writers of the cruelties alleged to have been committed by German troops in China. This demand is warmly supported by the Freisinger Zeitung.

Police Commissioners.

London, Nov. 3.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says that an important edict appoints Liu Kun Xai viceroy of Nankin, and Chang Chi Tung viceroy of Hankow, to be additional peace commissioners on behalf of China.

COAL GOES UP.

New York, Nov. 1.—It is announced that the prices of anthracite coal have been advanced 50 cents a ton over the nominal price of the July circular by the anthracite mining and carrying companies. The change covers the whole country, beginning to-day.

The advanced prices are as follows: Grate, \$3.75; egg, \$4.25; stove and chestnut, \$4.50. The western prices are: At Buffalo—Grate, \$4.75; egg, stove and chestnut, \$5. These last prices are per gross ton of 2,240 pounds.

At Chicago, Milwaukee and Duluth—Grate, \$5.75; egg, stove and chestnut, \$6. These last prices are per net ton of 2,000 pounds.

The tidewater prices are L.o.b. at New York harbor.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

(Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 3.—London business circles are keenly interested in the American contest, says the Tribune's correspondent. Business in the street and on the exchanges is virtually suspended until the decision of the American electorate can be known in questions affecting the industrial interests of the world.

TORONTO ITEMS.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—It is estimated that the earnings of the Toronto street railway for the present year will reach a million and half dollars.

Jos. Alph. Livingstone, one of the leading men in the Temperance Colonization Society, which about twelve years ago created a boom in Northwest land, is dead, aged 78. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

ARCHBISHOP LEWIS RESIGNS.

Kingston, Nov. 2.—To-day His Grace Archbishop Lewis resigned the chairmanship of the House of Bishops, which means his retirement as Metropolitan of Canada. It is likely Bishop Bond, of Montreal, will be his successor. Archbishop Lewis intends residing in England for the future, hence his action.

VALUABLE CARGO.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 2.—A Times special from Duluth says: "The most valuable grain cargo ever carried on the great lakes is being loaded in Duluth by the new steamer Howard Shaw. The Shaw is loading 200,000 bushels of fax for Buffalo, and the fax is insured for \$1.80 per bushel. This amount makes the total value of the cargo \$360,000."

HAYS ELECTED PRESIDENT.

New York, Nov. 2.—The directors of the Southern Pacific Railway Co. met here to-day and elected Charles M. Hays to the presidency of the company. No other business was transacted at the meeting.

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ALL'S CURE

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ROYAL BAKING-POWDER

Absolutely Pure

No inferior or impure ingredients are used in Royal for the purpose of cheapening its cost; only the most highly refined and healthful.

Royal Baking Powder imparts that peculiar sweetness, flavor and delicacy noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, rolls, etc., which expert pastry cooks declare is unobtainable by the use of any other leavening agent.

Alam is used in making cheap baking powders. If you want to know the effect of alum upon the tender linings of the stomach, touch a piece to your tongue. You can raise biscuit with alum baking powder, but at what a cost to health!

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