

THE TORONTO WORLD

A Morning Newspaper published every day in the year.

Telephone—private exchange connecting all departments—Main 222, between 8 a.m. and 12 p.m. After midnight and on Sundays or holidays use Main 222 Business and Circulation Dept.; Main 222 Editorial and News Dept.; Main 222 Sporting and Commercial Editors.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES IN ADVANCE.
One year, Sunday included.....\$5.00
Six months, Sunday included.....2.50
Three months, Sunday included.....1.25
One month, Sunday included......45
One year, without Sunday.....4.00
Six months, without Sunday.....2.00
Three months, without Sunday.....1.00
One month, without Sunday......35
These rates include postage all over Canada or Great Britain.

They also include free delivery in any part of Toronto or suburbs. Local agents in almost every town and village of Ontario will include free delivery at the above rates.

Subscription rates, including postage, to United States:
One year, Sunday included.....\$6.00
One year, without Sunday.....5.00
Special terms to agents and advertisers. Rates to newspaper on application. Advertising rates on application. Address THE TORONTO WORLD, Toronto, Canada.

Advertisements and subscriptions also received by any responsible advertising agency in Canada or the United States, etc.

HAMILTON OFFICE.
Royal Block, North James and Merrick streets, Telephone 683.
Walter Harvey, Agent.

The World can be obtained at the following news stands:

BUFFALO, N.Y.—News stand, Elliott street; news stand, Main and Niagara streets; Sherman, 588 Main street.

CHICAGO, ILL.—P.O. News Co., 217 Dearborn street.

DETROIT, MICH.—Wolverine News Co., and all news stands.

HALIFAX, N.S.—Halifax Hotel news stand.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.—Avalon news stand.

MONTREAL, QUE.—Windsor Hotel and news stand; all news stands and news boys.

NEW YORK, N.Y.—St. Dennis Hotel and Hotel; news stand, 1 Park street; all news stands.

OTTAWA—Despatch and Agency Co.; all news stands.

QUEBEC—Quebec News Co.; all news stands.

ST. JOHN, N.B.—Randall & Doherty.

WINNIPEG, MAN.—T. A. McElroy; John McDonald; Hotel Empire news stand.

All Railway news stands and trains.

Does The Morning World reach your home before 6:30? If it does not, send in a complaint to the circulation department. The World is anxious to make its carrier service as nearly perfect as possible.

PREPARE FOR GREATER TORONTO.

Optimism, not pessimism, should be the note of a progressive city. Far more opportunities have been lost by timidity than were even in part retrieved by belated recognition and frantic efforts after betterment. Here in Toronto—the capital of a province from its position and the abundance of its resources is second to none in the Dominion—there is ample justification for sanguine yet prudent anticipation. If our city government were less concerned about security of tenure and more alive to the necessity of providing now for the deficiencies of the present and the requirements of the immediate future, they would better establish their claim to popular confidence.

All great cities have suffered more or less from this lack of foresight and courage. But there is less excuse now for inability or unwillingness to learn the lesson of experience and read the signs of the times. Nothing is more common to-day than the prophecy that within the compass of this century the population of Canada will number anywhere from thirty to a hundred millions. Is Toronto to stagnate while all this marvelous development is in progress, or is it to grow with the expanding nation? The history of the last decade is enough to show that its increase will continue to be at least correspondingly great, and that within a very few years the present suburban towns and townships must become part of the city.

Taking a strict view of the problem of Greater Toronto as it now offers itself, ordinary common-sense requires the council without a day's delay to survey comprehensively the existing situation and decide upon a comprehensive plan calculated to bring the public-services up to date and provide for the necessities of the imminent future. It should include preparation for the inclusion of the suburban districts, and for their linking up with the business centre. If the city council persists in following the happy-go-lucky, hap-hazard policy of doing as little as possible—no more, indeed, than to meet indifferently the most urgent needs—the end can only be confusion and huge ultimate expense in doing later, under worse conditions, what should be done now and ought to have been done long ago. Greater Toronto is coming, and the city must be ready for its advent.

HONEST ADMINISTRATION.

Governor Hughes of New York is steadily reaping the reward of his single-hearted and assiduous devotion to the cause of the people. Thanks to the popular confidence he has evoked and has at his command the measures he recommended for acceptance are going thru despite the open opposition of some state senators and representatives and the scarcely veiled disaffection of many more. When the hostile element appeared likely to prevail, instead of pitting antagonism by concession, the governor appealed to the people and the response was more than sufficient to paralyze the malcontents. The latest chapter in the chequered political history of the State of New York should strengthen and stimulate reformers throughout the continent of America. Serve the people and they will trust

you—trust the people and they will support you.

Speaking the other day to the Young Republican Club of Brooklyn, Governor Hughes indulged in some plain speaking to his own party. He declared his belief that if the sentiment of its rank and file had its way and was permitted to have voice through the action of its representatives, "it will stand as it should stand, the invincible champion of the people's cause in their just demand for the elevation of the standards of public service and for the vindication of the supremacy of public rights over any private interest." Those who set private interest against the public interest, he declared, are neither Democrats nor Republicans. "They can teach no lessons of party loyalty—their loyalty is to the interest which they serve."

This epigrammatic summary of the political situation in the United States is just as true of the corporation partisans of Canada, whatever the political label they wear. Their loyalty is not to their nominal party, but to the interest which they serve. The pity of it is that they are numerous enough, influential enough, both in governments and legislatures, to make the task of serving the people one of extraordinary difficulty.

The people have an effectual remedy if they will only use it. Let the electors of each constituency watch their representative closely and insist that he stands in every case for the public interest, not for private interest.

The same pressure that brought the recalcitrant Republican senators and representatives of New York to their knees will prove equally effectual in Canada if it is only exercised. There is not a candidate returned who does not profess an ardent desire to serve the people and a most virtuous resolve to resist all temptations to act contrary to the public interest. Yet administrative abuses are rampant; public service companies are insufficiently controlled; provincial rights are invaded by the use of transparent fictions; great corporations break their statutory and contractual obligations and the regulations imposed for the public safety with absolute impunity.

The electors of the Dominion and the provinces have only themselves to blame if these conditions continue. In Governor Hughes' words—"Party loyalty is loyalty to the interest of a great party which may be the instrument of a wise and just administration of government."

A party which does not do this is not deserving of loyalty and the only way to make it worthy is to ensure an administration that will "redeem its honorable pledges to the state." If a sufficient number of the constituencies of Canada insisted on distinct pledges and held their representatives strictly to account for their fulfillment, that administration could be obtained.

MEXICANIZING THE UNITED STATES.

In considering the matter of President Roosevelt's successor, there has been a tacit agreement not to discuss the third-term proposition. Some deny that it would be a "third term." Others contend that Mr. Roosevelt would never accept a nomination. Still others, willing, under the circumstances, to stretch a point in this particular case, are not unwilling to subscribe to the general rule which limits presidential service to the years of Washington.

It has remained for Senator Foraker of Ohio to distinctly challenge the third term. Always adroit to seize an argument easily understood by the people, he says:

"We have an object lesson in the experience of Mexico. She is probably more prosperous and happy under Diaz than she could be under anybody else, for he is one of the most marvelous and most successful of the world's rulers, but so far at least as the choice of her president is concerned, Mexico is no longer a republic, except only in name."

The contention that Mr. Roosevelt is now serving his first term because not elected president until 1904, would seem to be settled against him. When President Harrison died in 1841, there were many who contended that his successor should be known as "John Tyler, vice-president of the United States, acting as president."

Tyler insisted that Harrison's death made him President of the United States, in name and in fact. He had his way, and the point was never revived, although no less than five vice-presidents have succeeded.

Meanwhile, it would appear that the strongest anti-third-term man in the United States is only because he agrees with what has heretofore been so strong a sentiment among the people that he is willing to retire from an office which he is so well qualified to fill for many years to come. Should he persist in declining a third term, it will be a precedent hard for any successor to override hereafter.

WEST YORK ELECTION.

West York has spoken with no uncertain sound, and the absolute unanimity of the support accorded the power policy of the provincial government should confirm the premier's belief in its efficacy and popularity. This election is important because it affords another proof that the surest way of winning and preserving public confidence is to maintain public rights. Mr. Whitney has it in his power to perform an inestimable service for Ontario, by ridding the province, once and for all, of that malignant party spirit which is prepared to sacrifice the most sacred principles of democratic government to secure its own

Some Items Condensed From The Sunday World

A writ has been issued against the directors of the Grand Valley Railway Co. to enjoin the proposed sale of the road to M. A. Verner of Pittsburgh. Serious allegations are made by the petitioner, J. S. Clark, former president of the road.

Dr. Forbes Godfrey was on Saturday elected to the legislature to represent West York by 200 majority.

Nominations to fill the vacancy for alderman in the first ward brought out three candidates, W. T. Stewart, roof-er; W. J. Saunders, manager McColl Oil Co., and J. C. Graham, manager Graham Ice Co. Ex-Ald. Fleming declined a nomination, as he will again contest for the board of control on Jan. 1.

Three earthquake shocks frightened the inhabitants of Guayaquil, Ecuador, early Saturday.

The steamer Selwyn Eddy was sunk after a collision with the steel barge Maida in the Detroit River Saturday morning.

Prince Von Buelow, commenting on the visit of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to Germany, spoke in high terms of Canada, whose progress he said is watched by G. many with sympathetic concern.

The jury in the Asselin libel case at Quebec disagreed.

The strike of French seamen has extended to every port in France, and at Rotterdam a general strike of sailors has also been declared.

Haywood, now on trial at Boise, charged with the Steunenberg murder, was seized with terrific pains in his head Saturday and is in a state of collapse.

Gen. Billot, ex-minister of war for France, and a famous figure in the Franco-Prussian war, is dead.

A workman in revenge near Sebastopol set a locomotive running wild, almost wrecking a train in which was the Grand Duke Constantinovich.

Hon. Lomer Gougeon, premier of Quebec.

predominance. A better and safer way is to exhibit vigilant activity in defending the interests of the people, and in protecting the public resources and utilities from improper exploitation. Once an administration establishes this reputation, it can trust the electors, and West York has made their response plain.

ORDERED C.O.D. PARCELS

To Different Names at Hotel Room, Not His.

What looks like a scheme to cover shoplifting operations was disclosed when Ernest Robert Gleason was arrested Saturday afternoon in School street, Yonge street.

W. J. Wright, alias "the boy," was charged that he had been seen by a police officer to be carrying a parcel, which he believed to have been stolen from the Crown Drug Company, Alton and Yonge streets.

Wright says the Gleason bought a parcel of goods, including brushes, at the Crown Drug Company, and sent it to Charles Blake, 400, Tremont street, Montreal. It was not claimed on delivery, and no person was at the door to receive the parcel had come in the same way to J. Cadden at the same room. Both were returned.

Wright saw Gleason offering brushes which he believed to be his for sale, but, although several remembered his having offered the goods, nothing of the kind was found on him.

BOY KILLS HIS FATHER.

Was Protecting Mother Against His Attacks.

NEW YORK, June 2.—In protecting his mother, Anthony Fusello, a 19-year-old lad, shot and killed his father, John Fusello, a laborer. The boy was arrested and told the police that his father came home in an irresponsible condition to-day and threatened the mother with a revolver.

He declared he grappled with the elder man, wrested the pistol away, and that his father then started for him with a knife. Then he pointed the loaded gun at his father's head and fired.

FINED \$1,500,000.

Convicted of Violating Anti-Trust Law and Entering State by Fraud.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 2.—The Waters-Pierce Oil Company of Missouri yesterday was adjudged guilty of violating the anti-trust laws of Texas, convicted of having entered the state by fraud, and fined \$1,500,000. The state request for ousting proceedings was granted.

The issue of the present legal controversy is the anti-trust laws of 1890 and 1894. Of the penalties assessed by the verdict of the jury, \$375,375 will go to the county attorney if the verdict is finally upheld.

At the close of the decorations in the Necropolis the party repaired to St. James'. Here there are four graves, which were similarly honored. Here are the names of the deceased: Corp. Mack Defries, No. 3 Company; Private William Smith, No. 2 Company; Private Christopher Alderson, No. 1 Company; and Corp. F. Mackenzie, No. 2 Company.

Two others who fell at Ridgeway are buried elsewhere. Private Malcolm McKenzie, No. 9 Company, lies at Woodstock, and Private I. H. Mewburn at Stamford. Flowers were sent by express on Saturday for the decoration of their graves.

On Sunday morning Capt. John Ford, William Gibson, secretary, and Charles Brown, standard-bearer, went up to Mount Pleasant and decorated the grave of the late Alexander Muir with flowers and the maple leaves which he had made immortal.

It was Capt. Ford who organized the Chicago company of sixty-eight men in 1886, who came down from Illinois to help protect their native land. Fifty of them were still alive to apply for their land grants recently.

COAL \$6.75 FOR CASH.

Commodity Not Likely to Get Further Rise in the Fall.

The local coal dealers on Saturday raised the price of coal to \$7 per ton, or \$6.75 for cash.

"No particular reason, but only on general principles" is the explanation given by Patrick Burns. He did not think there would be a further increase in the fall.

E. Wheeler of the Wheeler Coal Co. states that he does not believe the price will exceed \$7 per ton during the winter.

"If the price should be raised a little it will be due to increased expenses locally, but I don't think there is any cause for alarm in this respect," said Mr. Wheeler.

bec, says he has the assurance that a measure will be introduced in the imminent parliament this week to amend the B.N.A. Act in respect to provincial subsidies.

President Mellen of the N.Y., N.H. and H. Railway complains of the necessary increase of \$800,000 in wages to employees, saying that it is accompanied by decreased efficiency of labor.

Odesa, Russia, officials and lawyers have been detected in a conspiracy to furnish bogus heirs for fortunes awaiting claimants.

Disappointment is expressed at Washington at the inability to secure the extradition of a German on Germany on all articles of American make.

J. F. Lyons, druggist of Montreal, was found dead in his store by his son.

An increase of \$1,000,000 in the building permits for May in Toronto is reported.

Judge McHugh of Windsor has decided that the county must assume the care of all bridges over 800 feet long.

A London cable announces that the condition of Lord Edward Blake continues satisfactory.

Dr. J. F. W. Ross has been elected president of the Academy of Medicine, this city.

Admiral Coghlan, U.S.N., who recited "Hoch der Kaiser," after the battle of Manila Bay, and almost started a war, has retired from the service.

The plasterers' laborers of the city went on strike on Saturday.

Sod was turned on Saturday for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exhibition to be held at Seattle in 1908.

All the sporting events were "tilly reported."

AT OSGOODE HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Chambers.

Cartwright, master, at 11 a. m. Single Court.

The Hon. Chief Justice Falconbridge. Peremptory list for Monday at 10 a. m.

1. Graves v. Digraas.

2. Re Tolosa v. Canadian Southern Railway.

3. Wilson v. Calahan.

4. Glencoe v. Merchants' Bank.

5. Re McCurdy and Paddy Sound.

Toronto Non-Jury Sittings.

The Hon. Mr. Justice MacMahon. Peremptory list for 11 a. m.

1. Usher v. Simpson.

2. Ash v. Wells.

3. Toronto B. & M. Co. v. Kaiser.

4. Gamble v. Webb.

5. Davies v. Weldon.

6. O'Meara v. Perry.

Divisional Court.

Peremptory list for Monday at 11 a. m.

1. Dunstan v. Niagara Falls Con. Co.

2. Maycock v. Wabash Railway Co.

3. Watkins v. Toronto Railway Co.

4. Clark v. Goldridge.

5. Norris v. Hamilton Bridge Co.

6. Bingham v. City of Windsor.

Court of Appeal.

Peremptory list for 11 a. m.

1. C. P. R. v. G. T. R. v. City of Toronto (Yonge-street bridge).

Appeals entered for divisional court sittings, commencing June 3, 1907.

1. Re Wilson and Toronto General Trusts.

2. Dunstan v. Niagara Falls.

3. Toronto C. & B. Co. v. Crown Bank.

4. Niagara, etc., v. St. Catharines, etc.

5. Maycock v. Wabash.

6. Watkins v. Toronto Railway.

7. Clark v. Goldridge.

8. Norman v. Hamilton Bridge Works.

9. Boggs v. Newman.

10. Bingham v. Windsor.

11. Port Hope, etc., v. Cavanagh.

12. McKay v. Toronto Railway.

13. Kennedy v. Kennedy.

14. Osborne v. Deane.

15. Drenay v. New Ontario.

16. Wallace v. Temiskaming.

17. House v. Brown.

18. Labelle v. O'Connor.

19. Kendrick v. Richmond.

20. Harrison v. Mohr.

21. Mills v. Small.

22. Moore v. Toronto.

23. Re McDonald v. Copeland.

24. Calverley v. Lamb.

25. Eby, Blain Co. v. McLean.

26. McPherson v. Grant.

27. McLean v. Abbott.

28. Buethel v. Thorp.

29. Hastings v. Poussette.

30. Quinn v. Fairbairn.

31. Davis v. Maher.

32. Swanton v. Thomas.

33. Duncombe v. Duncombe.

34. Leach v. Lake Erie, etc., Railway.

35. Hay v. Imperial.

36. Clappe v. St. Thomas.

37. Loudon v. Milmine.

38. Hodgson v. Bible.

39. Milloy v. Wellington.

40. Donaldson v. Dereham.

41. Re Wynn & Weston.

42. Lincoln v. McKinnon.

43. Williams v. A. Q. U. W.

44. Farnham v. Miller.

Summary Judgment.

John De Witt obtained from Master in Chambers Cartwright summary judgment against C. J. Kidd for \$4086.78. The claim is on certain promissory notes discounted by the Crown Bank and assigned to Pringle.

Brothers at Law.

Isaac Becker of Port Rowan in July last brought an action against William Becker, his brother, to obtain possession of certain property left under the will of their father, Henry Becker, who died in February, 1902.

Application was made to Master in Chambers Cartwright to strike out the statement of claim on the ground that it was not delivered within the requisite time. The master has decided that upon the plaintiff paying \$30 as costs of the motion within three weeks the statement of claim may stand. In default of payment the statement of claim is to be set aside with costs.

Wants a Commission.

Archibald M. Campbell of Ottawa has issued an action against David Smith and William Armstrong of Muskoka, claiming \$2000 commission for securing a purchaser for certain property in the Township of Coleman, and for services as geologist and mining expert and agent of defendants in examining and reporting upon the property.

To Set Aside Deed.

Martha A. McDonald is asking the court to have a certain deed set aside as fraudulent and void. She has made Eugene Horan and John Curran defendants to the action.

Shoe Trouble.

The Slater Shoe Co. have begun an action against W. G. Begg & Co. of Collingwood, claiming an injunction restraining the defendants from offering for sale the "Slater Shoe" so long as they have the brand or price upon them.

A LIVING GHOST!

That is What Her Friends Said About Her

Read how Mrs. James Steele, Waterville, Que., was cured by the use of

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

she writes: "For the past fourteen months I was nervous all the time, and became so run down I was unable to walk across the house without getting dizzy. My friends told me I looked like a living ghost and advised me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I got two boxes and within two weeks I had improved wonderfully and after finishing the fourth box I was completely cured. They are the greatest pills I ever used and I can recommend them to all sufferers."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills act directly on the disordered heart and nerves, and restore them to healthy action. They have no equal for reviving and strengthening the heart beat, invigorating the nervous system, and acting as a food for the blood, improving its quality, making it rich and red.

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

EARLY CLOSING Commencing 1st June and on each Saturday of JUNE, JULY and AUGUST, this store will close at 1 p.m.

GAS STOVE TIME IS HERE

The man who doesn't notice that a red-hot coal fire in the kitchen makes the housewife tired and uncomfortable shouldn't have a wife. The outlay of a few dollars will bring you one of our gas stoves, and that will mean, besides comfort—economy and pleasure. Read about three of the best gas stoves obtainable.

