

HIGH SCHOOL OF COMMERCE PRIZES

Dr. Cody Addresses Scholars on "Industry, Integrity, Efficiency."

Dr. H. J. Cody, minister of education for the Province of Ontario, was the speaker at the annual commencement of the High School of Commerce, Shaw street, last night. The assembly hall of the school was crowded to capacity by scholars and friends of the school. Dr. Cody took as the text for his remarks the motto on the crest of the school, which is "Industry, Integrity, Efficiency," and drew attention to the fact that there are 800 students in connection with the day classes and 200 in the night classes in the central school and other affiliated schools throughout the city. He prophesied that this school would be one of the great schools of Canada in the future.

R. H. Eldon, principal, said that there were 196 names on the honor roll of the school. Six of these had received decorations and 11 had fallen in France. The names of those who had fallen were read by Miss Rose, a former student, who had spent three years overseas in the Royal Naval Air Service. The prizes were distributed to the successful students and medals and diplomas given to the graduating class.

A very masterly valedictory was delivered by Carl O. Richards in which he dealt very cleverly with the problems of demobilization, rehabilitation and reorganization. He emphasized the thought that only those who are educated and trained would be able to take their full share in the big opportunities which the coming days would offer.

The list of those who received medals is as follows:

The Vigeon gold medal, for first place in the stenography course, S. Fanny Albert.

The Vigeon silver medal, for second place in the stenography course, Arthur H. Young.

The Bradshaw gold medal, for first place in the stenography course, Kathleen R. Storer.

The Bradshaw silver medal, for second place in the stenography course, Gladys E. B. Crystale.

The Toronto Board of Trade gold medal, for first place in the general business course, Olive S. Barnes.

The Toronto Board of Trade silver medal, for second place in the general business course, Gladys E. B. Crystale.

The Victory Loan medal, for the 1917 competition in the High School of Commerce—J. Carl O. Richards; 2, G. Herbert Baker; 3, Olive S. Barnes.

Scholarships. Second year to third year—Lottie Bergstein, Irving W. Ford, Lillian J. Hodgins, Benjamin Hunter, Lenora A. McKee, Marjorie A. Moye, Madeline D. Rogers, Hazel I. Smith.

Third year stenography to fourth year—Margaret M. L. Barnes, Kathleen R. Storer.

Third year general business to fourth year—G. Herbert Baker, Henry N. Jordan, Spencer E. Killo, Hally A. Sword.

Captain Peters Gives Lectures On Varied Sea Experiences

Despite the rain a good-sized audience heard the lecture given by Captain Peters at Massey Hall last night when he told something of his experiences at sea, and by word and picture gave a very vivid sketch of the hardships and life of the sailor.

The lecturer speaks from experience, having been four times shipwrecked, and by the singing of the national anthems, followed by "Rule Britannia," in which the audience were invited to join. Captain Peters gave a running commentary on the many views of sailing vessels as they started on their ocean voyage. The reefing and furling of sails, the view of vessels in a storm, and the danger from shipwreck, waterpocket, tidal wave, fog or rockbound coast were all very graphically described.

The views were most varied and of a character not commonly shown, and for both children and adults the talks of Captain Peters were most informing.

A SWIFT RETORT.

Five months in the Ontario Reformatory was the swift retort of Col. Denison yesterday to the plea of Harry Clayton, charged with vagrancy, that now he had a wife and two children he was doing better. Clayton has a long roll of convictions against his name.

Andy Chalmra, a Russian, charged with drunkenness, complained that he had lost a wallet containing \$10 since his arrest. The police denied he ever had one. Chalmra was remanded until Thursday.

Charged with posting obscene letters to a woman's lodge, Alex. Calder was remanded one week.

G. Hutchins was given four months at the Ontario Reformatory at Burwash for assaulting Edna McKinley and stealing \$2 from her.

VETERANS

Items of Interest to Returned Soldiers Will Be Printed in This Column. Sent in.

Lance-Corp. E. J. Hicks, 10th Royal Grenadiers, who was captured at the battle of St. Julien, has been released and is now safe in England. Speaking French and German fluently, he offered as a mediator between the Huns and his fellow-Canadian prisoners.

That the Y.M.C.A. had planned to serve returned men, that in the opinion of competent observers outside the ranks of the Y.M.C.A. its military work during the war has been one of the most outstanding achievements in applied Christian service, that qualified clearing depot secretaries of the Y.M.C.A. would co-operate with the employment agencies on behalf of returned soldiers, were among the important points featured at yesterday's territorial conference of Ontario and Quebec Y.M.C.A. secretaries, held at the Central Y.

That he would not undertake to say if the typographical union would make special conditions to meet the cases of returned soldiers who took only a six months' course, was a statement made yesterday by Sam Hadden, secretary of the union. "These vocational students," said Mr. Hadden, "are taught typographical machinery without consulting us, and many are not fitted for this profession, which takes years of study."

J. T. Marsh, district inspector of steel, imperial munitions board, was yesterday presented by the members of his staff with a handsome clock supported on either side by a shell, in token of appreciation. H. W. Fleming, the assistant inspector of the Steel Institute, making the presentation. Captain H. K. Morrison, M.C., and W. M. Tredgold, assistant inspector, were present.

Regimental Sergeant-Major Fraser of Davielville Hospital recently gave a plot of blood for transfusion to "Pete," W. D. Franklin, a victim of osteomyelitis. Franklin was unable, however, to pull thru even with this great help.

Lieut. W. Lorne Macdonald, graduate of 1918 of Toronto University, of the 25th battalion, who has been wounded, has been appointed to the staff of Khaki University.

Lieut. G. N. Tucker, who has been invalided to Canada on account of wounds received last April, is a son of Rev. Canon Tucker of London, Ont.

Corporal E. J. Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. Brown, 43 Alcorn avenue, has been posthumously gazetted for the Military Medal. He was killed in action on Nov. 10, after a year in the trenches.

A bronze tablet erected to the memory of the late Samuel Treas, of the P. P. C. L. I., who died on August 5, 1914, and was killed on May 8, 1918, at the age of 35, is being unveiled with special ceremony at the Church of the Messiah, next Sunday morning.

Major (Dr.) Palmer, a graduate of medicine, Toronto University, who graduated and enlisted with the First Contingent the same year, has been gazetted by King George with the Military Cross. He has been previously recommended for the D. S. O.

Clasps for the Southland and South African campaigns, honorable scars from the battle of Lens in August, 1917, long service in the front line trenches on Vimy Ridge and the Somme, poignant memories of the ill-fated battle of Chanarral, Chile, when his ship, H.M.S. Glasgow, was disabled and H.M.S. Good Hope was sunk, were among the many medals and decorations which were conferred on the gallant sailor.

The views were most varied and of a character not commonly shown, and for both children and adults the talks of Captain Peters were most informing.

Ten More Deaths From "Flu" In Windsor Border District

Windsor, Dec. 13.—Ten more deaths from influenza occurred on the border today, and from interior parts of the country come reports of the spread of the disease. Although Windsor schools have not been ordered closed, Mayor Tuson believes such steps will be necessary before many deaths have passed. Dr. H. R. Cruickshank, medical health officer, does not favor the closing movement, but hopes that with the coming of colder weather the epidemic will show some indication of abatement.

VERSATILE MISS KERR.

Miss Estelle Kerr was the guest of honor at a gathering of the Women's Press Club last night at the home of Mrs. J. E. Elliott, 69 Bloor street. The occasion took the form of both reception and an affair, as Miss Kerr had lately returned from overseas, where she did service as a driver of a motor ambulance, and is leaving in a few days for California.

An original program of living pictures, introduced by verse, illustrating "The Versatile Miss Kerr," was cleverly produced by members of the Press Club, of which Miss Kerr is a member. Refreshments were served at the conclusion of the program.

UNIVERSITY LODGE INSTALLATION.

At University Lodge, A.F. and A.M., last night, Dr. V. J. Collum was installed as deputy grand master for Toronto west district. Vice W. J. Brennan who has resigned owing to serious illness.

The installing master was Deputy Grand Master F. W. Harcourt, assisted by E. T. Malone, grand secretary; F. W. Logan of Hamilton and other grand lodge officers.

The three senior officers for 1919 are: J. Munro, W.M.; Dr. R. W. Mann, senior warden, and C. F. Keenber, junior warden.

Follies of the Passing Show—By Mitchell

(Copyright 1916, by Public Ledger Co.)



What about the rock-pedestrian?

CITY ITEMS

Women are now eligible to appointment as the committee of management of the Toronto Skating Club. The following committee was appointed at the annual meeting: Mrs. John Law, Miss Jeanette Rathburn, Miss Pora Macdonald, Lieut.-Col. Kirkpatrick and Messrs. J. J. Cawthra, P. E. Lockie, A. R. Martin and H. W. Locke.

Miss Lull K. Hyslop of the editorial staff of The Telegram was presented with a Minion dinner set by the staff of the paper on the occasion of her approaching marriage. John R. Robinson, who made the presentation, voiced the appreciation in which the members of the staff held her.

On Saturday, when the muniton factories that have been working on American contracts close, it is expected that 15,000 women will be out of work. Employment bureau reports that there has been no great demand for re-employment, and it is expected that there will be no rush until after the Christmas holidays.

The speaker at the Mission to Lepers held in the Sherbourne House Club yesterday afternoon was Rev. A. R. Brown, who described the work done in the interests of the lepers at Canton, China. Mrs. S. T. Brown was in the chair. The treasurer's statement, read by Miss Lill, told of \$2,381.65 receipts during the year, \$600 being a legacy.

A successful shower of canned fruit, jam, marmalade and pickles was held yesterday afternoon by the Friends of France to assist the big bazaar to be held today at 71 Yonge street in aid of the homeless refugees of France.

St. Ann's parishioners are holding a bazaar in the parish hall, De Grassi street, in aid of the education fund of the parish. The booths have a variety of attractions suitable for Christmas gifts. The bazaar continues until next week.

Those who have taken Christmas stockings from the Toronto Red Cross to fill for the boys in the military hospitals are requested by Mrs. Stearns Hicks, Ben head of Cole department, to turn them in before Tuesday the 17th, as arrangements are being made to have the various distributions some days before Christmas.

More Lines Join Ranks of Canadian Railway War Board

At the last meeting of the Ontario operating committee of the Canadian Railway War Board it was intimated that three additional railways would join the ranks at the next meeting. The Vabash, Pere Marquette and T. & N. O. The object of the new body will be to supervise traffic in Ontario so that all will run without friction.

The officers are: Chairman, C. G. Bowker, general superintendent of the G. T. R.; Allan Purvis, general superintendent, C. P. R.; D. Crombie, general superintendent, C.N.O.; W. R. Baldwin, general superintendent, C.P.R.; Montreal; J. Balkwill, superintendent, M.C.R.; St. Thomas; H. T. Macdonald, T. & N. O.; Hamilton; and Charles Hudson of the C. P. R. secretary.

NATURAL-BORN IMPATIENCE.

Sam Silverstein and Harry Blumberg were each fined \$50 by Judge Winchester for conspiracy to force an application for a military permit to the United States. The defence of their counsel, F. S. Singer, was that the armistice had already been signed when the two conspired, and that they had merely become impatient.

Sore Granulated Eyelids.

Excess of Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 5c. For Book of the Eye FREE ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

DISPUTES THE TITLE.

Arthur G. Peuchen is defendant in a suit for \$14,000 brought by Peter McLaren on an alleged promissory note. In response Mr. Peuchen claims that the lands in Alberta on which the promissory note was given are encumbered, the title not clear and certain bills for goods exaggerated. Mr. Justice Middleton is trying the case.

DEMAND A NEW TRIAL.

New York, Dec. 13.—The Glasgow Trades Council, representing 100,000 Scottish trade unionists, has adopted resolutions demanding a new trial for the officers elected to the Glasgow Trades Council, according to a cablegram made public here tonight by the New York Council for San Francisco labor defence.

NOTED HORSE JUDGE, T. W. JOHNSTON, DIES

The death occurred on Friday morning at his late residence near Brampton of Mr. Theodor W. Johnston, in his 79th year. For many years Mr. Johnston has been known as an authority on horses, and for many years officiated as judge at many of the large exhibitions.

During the American civil war he owned one of the best horse farms in the United States. He was well known as a horseman, and for many years officiated as judge at many of the large exhibitions.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

DR. PATTON'S LAST LECTURE ON WAR

"Great Britain and United States Can Control the World."

"The War and Civilization" was the fifth and last of the series of lectures by Dr. Francis L. Patton given in Convocation Hall. In spite of the disagreeable weather there was a large crowd, which has been maintained throughout the week. Col. John Gunn, G.O.C. D.S.O., was in the chair. Dr. Patton foretold a closer federation for the British Empire in the future, but also brought out the menace of socialism that is apt to creep in when democracy is allowed to much freedom.

Taking the wonderful work of the Red Cross in the late war as an example of the progress of civilization, Dr. Patton pointed out that this work by Florence Nightingale, but as far back as the days of the Old Testament. He showed that in some ways civilization has not advanced much beyond the days of the Old Testament. "Alas, that we are compelled to say that civilization has not yet abandoned the cruelty with which it has effected this war would have on future generations," would be hard to say, said the doctor.

He discussed the many questions that were likely to come up at the peace conference. "I do not know what the people of the United States will think of this," said the speaker. "But I know that if the United States is amenable to a bigger fleet that England will not raise objection to their having as expensive a fleet as they care to pay for."

Socialism, particularly state socialism or state control, was the theme of much talk. As examples of how good state ownership might be, he showed just how bad individual ownership was liable to become in certain circumstances. "It would be a shame to let a concern be going bankrupt," he stated. "For then the honest investors could be protected."

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

He explained the idea which some held that state socialism was progress for the capitalist and not for the laborer. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work. He said that the man who is condemned to work if he wishes, if he wishes, he has no right to work.

TEN CONVERSATIONS OVER TWO PAIR OF WIRES

Washington, Dec. 12.—Postmaster-General Hurston made public today a letter from Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, announcing the invention and development by the technical staff of the Bell system of a "practical system of multiplex telephony and telegraphy by the use of which it is now possible to increase many-fold the message-carrying capacity of long telephone and telegraph lines."

By this system it is claimed ten simultaneous telephone conversations of wires will be available either for five simultaneous telephone conversations or for 40 simultaneous telegraph messages, or partly for one and partly for the other.

In telephony, as well as in telegraphy, sensational results have been attained by the new system. A pair of wires will be available either for five simultaneous telephone conversations or for 40 simultaneous telegraph messages, or partly for one and partly for the other.

BRITISH ARMY WON IN BOXING COMPETITIONS

London, Dec. 12.—At the close tonight of the inter-allied boxing tournament, held in Albert Hall, the British army was given fifty points, winning the King's trophy. The United States army boxers received 39 points, those of the United States navy 32 points.

Six Million Women Will Cast Ballots Today

London, Dec. 13.—Approximately six million women will vote tomorrow at the general election in the United Kingdom. Never before have women eligible to vote for members of parliament. They have participated in elections for many years. Tomorrow they will help elect 707 members of the new house of commons. This house will be responsible for the peace and conduct of Great Britain's foreign policy for the next five years.

The newly enfranchised women comprise nearly one-third of the total electorate of 20,000,000 of the United Kingdom. To this extent they are expected to influence the kingdom's domestic future and the empire's relations to world events.

Thus, for the first time in history, the women of one of the great powers are given the opportunity of participating in world affairs directly. All women of 20 and over in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales will share this privilege.

Armed Against Assassins Wilhelm Goes in Fear

London, Dec. 13.—Several scores of detectives, the pick of former Emperor William's force of sixteenth at Potsdam, are staying at Amersfoort, shadowing every movement of Herr Hohenzollern, according to the American correspondent of The Express, who claims to have been told by a German source that the emperor's suite and detectives have added at least 100 to the population of the village of Amersfoort, the correspondent states.

A despatch from Amersfoort says that the former German emperor has suffered another serious attack, and a doctor has been summoned from Berlin, according to despatches received here.

Compulsory Military Service Cost Canada Four Millions

Ottawa, Dec. 12.—Compulsory military service cost Canada in the neighborhood of \$4,000,000. This estimate at about \$2 per man drafted into the army, or about \$20 per man of reinforcement, actually made available under the Military Service Act. The latter figure is computed on the basis of registration.

It is not expected, however, that full returns as to the operation of the Military Service Act will be available before the middle of January. It is estimated that the returns will show a total of something like 25,000 men guilty of offences under the act. In addition, there already have been a number of prosecutions for failure to register.

CARVELL AND OTTAWA TAXES.

Ottawa, Dec. 12.—That the Dominion Government's position toward the City of Ottawa in regard to municipal taxes should be no different from that of any other property holder is the opinion of Hon. F. H. Carvell, minister of public works. While the B.N.A. Act provides for an exemption, Mr. Carvell believes the provision is wrong and unbusinesslike. The civil servants should also pay income taxes, Mr. Carvell believes.

FINLAND'S NEW PREMIER.

Helsingfors, Finland, Dec. 13.—Gen. Mannerheim formally was elected premier of Finland by the Finnish Landtag today. The landtag also accepted the resignation of former Premier Svinhufvud.

REMOVE THE BAN ON USE OF SUGAR

Lift War-Time Restrictions Regarding Serving Sweets in Restaurants.

O