THE CATHOLIC HISTORY OF ENG-LAND.

The Interesting Periods Reviewed by Cardinal Manning.

The first period of the Catholic history of England, writes Cardinal Manning, was a period of Christian liberty; Eng land was united. for I may say that uni- martyrs, crying to heaven for grace, to ty of England was the work of the Church There were seven kingdoms in England, and at last these were reducted to three and for two hundred years these three continued in a perpetual warfare with one another. Nevertheless, bishops and priests, and pastors and churches covered the land, and there was union among the people; the faith prevailed and England became one people - one in name In those days the bishops and priests of the flock were chosen and consecrated by the Church. It had its councils, its synods, its laws. In those days the poor had their patrimony, for the possessions of the Church was shared between the pastors and the people, and possessions of the Church are the patrimonies of the people. In those days men of royal blood were bishops anp priests at the altar; princesses of the royal blood were abbess es and humble nuns in convents. England and Rome were united in a living unity. Such was England in the time of the Saxon Kings. Every Saxon King who ascended the throne took the royal oath-the coronation oath-that he would observe with jndgment all the Liberties of the Church. The period represented the whole spirit and the whole life of King Edward.

In the second period what was it? say how many have been found in these young men believe that politics is a vu! four hundred years. I have tried to count up, and I have only found some twelve gence and honor and high public aims or thirteen. Some might find more, but have little or no place. But Gen. Ha wley compared with the saints of Saxons periods they are like the scant stalks of wheat here and there as compared with the well sown-field. In those days no councils could be held without the con sent of the King, no cannons could be sanctioned without the royal ascent, no tribunal could excommunicate the servants of the King; no bishop could be elected without the royal nomination or permission to elect, and the patrimonies of the poor were seized. There was continued legislation growing more and mere severe against the liberty of the Church, until at last that period was summoned up in Henry the Eight. This is a dismal story; England was a vast monarchy; it became a great commonwealth, and it became less and less in the kinglom of God until at last it was separated from it in Henry the Eight's time.

Of Christian England of the last period what shall I say? I can only say this, that the bondage of the previous four hundred years which the royal edicts and Acts of Parliament had inflicted no longer exists. There is now no persecution. The Church has now its Bishops it holds its Synods as it did in the days of King Edward: its patrimonies, it is true, are gone, but whatever she possess for me to give countenance to the parti es is joyfuly Shared by the Poor, The cipation of Catholic ladles as the work same law of charity prevails to day as did of old; the pastors, though but few are faithful in their fidelity to the infallible, Church of God, How, how will it end. There have been two movements the one going down deeper and deeper and further from the light of faith. The latitudinarianism and the free thinking and infidelity that prevailed at the end of the seventeenth and the beginning of the eighteenth ceutury have brought Christianity to this a denial of the Divine revelation of Christianity. The Holy Scriptures are rejected. The other is an approaching to the doctrines of the Catholic Church. Men began to believe in these doctrines little by little. First of all, there was a beiief in the conversion of sinners, then they became to believe in Baptism and its effects; then men began to read the New Testament: men found that there was a Church, and that that Church was to be spread all over the world. Then there came the question. what is it, and how is it to be perpetuated? By the providence of God the Church has been again established in this land, and after a period of four hundred years has been established in all its fidelity, in all. its Imperishable power. Su ely this is not without the finger of God. Then came the answer to the question of the English peoplethe authority of the Church is Divine, the Church is here; it is visible, and it is God that speaks to you. That was beginning to be recognized, and some were terurning to the Church like flowers of the field to the light that shines. The people of England believes in Christianity: they believe in Divine Revelation; they have a suspicion of all human ion is composed, are good things in their teachers. Surely the Catholic Church is way. But something else is more urgen for surely the Catholic Church is way. But something else is more urgen for surely attended to. Cash expanding in this land. Down to the thy needed juis now; and the beginning advanced on consignments of goods. Terms year 1830 it was in the Catacombs: no- of it must be an outspoken: authoritive year 1830 it was in the Catacombs: no- of it must be an outspoken; authoritive liberal and all business strictly confidentia.

that year it came into the light of day, Birds' Nests and all kindred organizat. missions were opened, and men began ions for the demoralization of our poor, to listen to some of them; they began to and for the ruin of their souls and of hear the Cotholic faith preached for the the souls of their children. first time. Is the desolation of England to last forever? Will the blood of our be of no avail? Will all the saints of Saxon times and the great martyr of England, who laid down his life for liberty. be unheard? Will Edward, King and Confessor, lift up his hands in vain for this land of ours? Surely not. There is a time coming, I must believe, when men will receive the light of faith, and enter inte the Church of God.

POLITICS NEXT TO RELIGION. Gen. Joseph R. Hawley made some re marks at Hamilton College the other day which deserve the attention of young resign, and that four under secretaries men generally. It is rather fashionable for the college yyung men to take a gloomy view of politics and politicians and to flatter themselves that is a mark of intellectual superiority to despise polities. Of course this way of looking at politics is a sign of ignorance and conceit, and yet there are people whose in superable stupidity allows them to go through life proud of their ignorant contempt of politics, that is, of the theory and practice of the great and noble

science of governing States. "Next to the preaching of God's World said Gen, Hawley, "there is no calling Delthil says. "immediately seems to exbetter fitted to call out all that is true and lofty in manhood than that of the true politician.'And yet there is a school Saints became few. I hardly venture to of shallow pessimists who would have gar and corrupt trade, in which intelliis right, nor is his language extravagant.

The subject of politics is the welfare of the people; and what could be more lofty?; Whatever their shortcomings may be, the politicians are in the main men of worthy purpose. They represent the people, and to say that they are all cor. rupt and vicious is to calumniate the

THE MOST REV. DR. WALSH ON THE PROSELFTISING SYSTEM:

The Archbishop of Dublin, in a letter to the Freeman, says the time has indeed come for a thorough going, uncompromising, and unsparing exposture of the proselytising system and of its iniquities, 1 rejcice to see that this great good work is at length taken in hand. I am myself in a position to testify to the deep feeling of abhorrence, most unreservedly expressed to me on more than one occasion with which this shame ful system, and the mean and dishonorable proceedings of its agences, and of their paymaster and patrons, are regard ed by not a few prominent members of the Protestant Church in this city. The existence in Dublin of this system of bribery, so widespreading in the ramin. cations of its well-organized agencies among our poor, has made it impossible benevolent purposes which have, from time to time been brought under my notice, I can have no guarantee that they may not be turned to an account. either now or at some future time, by some overzealous Protestant members for the purpose of that nefarious system of bribery, to which you are now in so timely away dissecting the attention of the public. Whether justly or unjustly the belief that in his Grace, Lord Plun. kett, the Bird's Nest system finds a pow erful protector, is widely entertained among the members of the Protestant as well as of the Catholic community in Dublin. I have myself been frequently assured by benevolent Protestants who have come to me from time to time in reference to charitable works, such ass those to whom I have already alluded that they do not share the views of the i Archbishop on this matter, and that they are prepared, if necessary, publicly to express their repudiation of them. Speaking more than twelve months ago, in reply to an address presented to me by the managers of an institution for the protection of poor Catholic children from the wiles of the proselytisers, 1 used the following words-"It is indeed increditable that a traffic so disreputable should not long since have been put down with a strong hand by the responsible authorities of that religious denomination in whose supposed interest its operations seem to be carried on.' High. sounding appeals for peace and good-will benevolence of brotherly union smong the numbers of various classes and creed of which our complex social organizat.

body saw it, nobody heard of it. After repudiation of all sympathy with the

PROBABLE CRISIS IN FRANCE. Over the Action of the Chamber in Cutting

Down Appropriations
Paris, November 23.—The Chamber of Deputies to day voted in favor of a reduction of 628,000 francs in the expendi ture of the central administration and a reduction of 150,000 francs in payment to the finance ministry. The Chamber referred the question of other reductions to the consideration of M. Sadi-Carnot, the minister finance. After several di visions it was decided to discuss an amendment reducting other credits de manded by the Government. The attitude of the Chamber of Deputies toward the Government has created a sensation. Reports are current that several members of the Cabinet are about to have already tendered their resignation.

A CURE FOR DIPHTHERIA.

Dr. Delthil' a French physician, says that a sure cure for any ordinary case of diphtheria is to utilize the vapors of liquid tar and turpentine so as to dissolve the firbinous exudations that choke up the throat and lead to such fatal results in that dreaded disease. Delthil's process is simply this: He pours equal parts of turpentine and liquid tar into a tinpan or cup and set fire to the mixture. A dense resinous smoke trises, obscures the air of the room. "The patient;" Dr, perience relief; the choking and ratcle stop; the patient falls into a slumber, and seems to inhale the smoke with pleasure. The fibrinous membrane soon becomes detatched; and the patient coughs up microbicides. These, when caught in a glass, may be seen to dissolve in the smoke. In the course of three days afterward the patient entirely recovers." This treatment has been tested in New York recently and with grattying results. It is based on the theory that diphtheria is due to the rapid multi plication of living fungi, which are killed by the fumes of tar and turpentine. In deed, all successful treatment of diphtheria is by the use of medicines which destroy low forms of insect life.

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ARCHDIOCESE OF ST. BONIFACE.

Comprising the Province of Manitoba and a portion of the N. W. Territories and the District of Keevatin.

District of Keewatin.

District of Keewatin.
Former Bishop-Rt. Rev. J. N. Provencher
first Bishop of the country now forming the
ecclesiastical Province of St. Boniface, d
June 7, 1858.
Arch. Most Rev. Alexander Tache, O. M.
L. D. D., cons. Bishop of Arath, and coadjutor of Bishop Provencher, Nov. 23, 1851, transtated to St., Boniface June 7, 1853; nominated
Archbishop of St. Boniface. the day of the
erection of the metropolitan Sec. Sept. 22, 1871
CHURCHES AND CLERGY.

Archbishop of St. Boniface. the day of the erection of the metropolitan See, Sept. 22, 1871.

CHURCHES AND CLERGY.

St. Boniface Cithedral, Rev. F. A. Dugas, P. P., J. Messier, curate; A. Maisonneuve, O. M. I., agent for Rt.Revs. Bps of N. W. T. George Dugast chapiain of the academy Joseph Mc Carthy O. M. I. secretary.

St. Vita; attended from St.Boniface.

St. Mary's Winnibeg; Revs. M. Ouillette, O. M. I. P. P. and F' Cahiil, O. M. I. Curate.

Church of Immaculate Conception, Winnibeg; Rev. A. A. Cherriet.

Provincial Penitenti? Py. Rev. C. Cloutter Rat Portage, Kev. T. L. Baud'n, O. M. I.

St. Patrick's Church, Selkirk and Peguis—Rev J. Allard O. M. I.

St. Norbert — Rev. J. M. Ritchot.

St. Agathe—Revs. C. Samoisette and P. Pelletier.

t Francois Xavier, Rev. F. X. Kavanagh.

Baje St. Paul, Rev. Fortier.

St. Charles, Rev Dandurand, O. M. I.

St. Anne des Chenes and St. Joachim, Rev Girard.

Lorette, Re'. J. Dufresne
St. Laurent and other missions of Lake
Manitoaba, Rev's. F. Camper, O.M. I. H. Gascon, O. M. I. J. Campeau, A Dupont O. M. I.
and Bro. Mulvehill, catechist.
Lake Qu'Appelle Fort Ellice, and the missions
West, Revs. L. Lebret, O. M. I. J. Decorby,
O. M. I. J. Hugonard, O. M.I. Magnan and Lepages.

page.
St. Jean Baptiste de la Ri viere aux Prunes
Rev D Fillion.
St Joseph, Rev M Pelletier.
St Pierre de la Riviere aux Plats Rev J Joly,
St Pie and Emerson J N Jutra J
FortAlexander, Rev A. Madore, O M I an

Bro J B Doyle,
Rainy Lake and other Missions, East Lake
Winnipeg Rev J Marcoux,
St Leon, Rev C Bitsche.
St Alphonse and, M D de Lourdes Rev

I. Campeau
St Cuthbert Portage la airie, Rev J Mc-

Carthy O M I.

Brandon, Rev J Robillard
Regins, Rev. D. Graton.

Wood Mountain.moose Jaw. and medicine
Hat Rev P St Germain O M I

Hat Rev P St Germa'n O M I

EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS
The ological Seminary and Coll ge of St
Boniface—Teaching staff Rev. Fathers Lory
S J. (director), Drummond, S J; French S J
Lussier, S J; Biain, S J; O'Brien, S J; Bell
iveau S J; Paquin S J; Rev J Cloutier and
J L Rone. Ecclesiastical Students—Messrs.
Cameron, Gllis, Montreuil, Dubois, Turcotte;
Lanlgne, Brothers Gaudet S J; Fortier S J'
Blouin, S J; Leiebyre S. J
Course of Studies—Theology, Classics, andcommercial course in English and French
Puplis—80.

commercial course in English and French
Pupils—80.

St Mary's Institute, Winnipeg; two houses—
Brothers of the Congregation of Mary BroWilliam (director), Pupils 180.

St Boniface Academy for Young Ladies
disters of Charity (Gray Nuns), Boarders 60:
pay scholars 120

St Vital's school, for day scholars—Sisters
of Charity, Pupils 60.

St Norbert's school—Sisters of Charity, Boar
ders 20 day scholars 60

St. Francis Xavier's; school day scholars—
Sisters of Charity, Pupils 55.

St Mary's Academy (Winnipeg) day scholars
and boarders—sisters of the Holy Names of
Jesus and Mary, Sister superior Mary John
of God. Boarders 60. day scholars 130.

School af Immaculate Conception (Winnipeg)—sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and
Mary, Pupils 70.

St Joseph's Convent, (Brandon)—sisters
Faithful Companions of Jesus, S'ster M A
Reer sup, Pupils 70.
Sisters of Charity (Gray Nuns) sister Lamy
supr.

St Bonface Hospital Sister Shaughnessy.

supr. St Bonface Hospital Sister Shaughnessy. directess, Orphan Asylum sister Boire d rectress;Or-phan, girls 38

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erected will enable them to bestew additional care upon the education of their Pupils.

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to conform to the general rules of the Institution.

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Parents residing at a distance will please funish sufficient funds to purchase such ciothing as may be required, also materials for Drawing, Fancy Work, etc. Pupils from other institutions will not be admitted without a recommendation from Superiors Books and Letters are subject to the inspection of the Directress. Pupils are admitted at any time, charges dating from entrance. No deduction will be made for partial absence, or for withdrawal before the close of a session, unless in case of illness, or for other grave and unavoidable reasons. Pupils are allowed to receive visitoes on Sundays, from one to five p. m. Only Parents, Guardians and such persons as are duly authorized, will be admitted. Address.

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