

28. Surgeon Turcott, Quebec Field Battery.
29. Asst. Surgeon Kirpatrick, 66th P.L. Fusiliers, Halifax.
30. \*Surgeon Stephen Smith, Woodstock F.B.
31. Asst. Surgeon Muir, 78th Highlanders.
32. " " Johnson, 82nd Charlottetown, P.E.I.
33. Surgeon Despars, 84th Batt.
34. " Bowen, Gananoque F.B.
35. " Codd, C.M.I.C., Man.
36. Asst. Surgeon Merrick, 19th Batt.
37. Surgeon Brown, I.S.C., Fredericton.
38. " Warren, 2nd Dragoons.
39. " Kains, 28th Batt.
40. Asst. Surgeon Dame, 48th Highlanders.
41. Surgeon Henderson, 14th P.W.O. Rifles.
42. " Curry, 66th P.L. Fusiliers.
43. " Douglas Corsan, 5th Royal Scots.
44. Asst. Surgeon Elder, Montreal Garrison Artillery.
45. Surgeon W. J. Mitchell, 7th Fusiliers.
46. Asst. Surgeon Piper, 7th Fusiliers.
47. Surgeon McWilliams, 22nd Batt.
48. Asst. Surgeon Minchin, 38th Batt.
49. Surgeon W. T. Harris, " "
50. Asst. A. N. Hayes, 27th Batt.
51. " G. A. Pickets, 75th Batt., Lunenburg, N.S.
52. " Major Maclean, 31st Batt.
53. Asst. Surgeon J. L. Leproton, 83rd Batt.
54. Surgeon F. Rae, 34th Batt.
55. Asst. Surgeon Rice, 22nd Batt.
56. Surgeon J. Henry, 36th Batt.
57. " Halliday, 57th Batt.
58. " J. W. Oliver, 44th Batt.
59. " Tracy, 49th Hastings Rifles.
60. " Horsey, G. G. F. G.
61. " Major F. W. Campbell, C. R. I.
62. " V. H. Moore, 41st Batt.
63. " Elliott, T. F. B.
64. " M. A. McDonald, Sydney F. B.
65. " MacGillivray, 94th Highlanders.
66. " Major Neilson, R. C. A.
67. " J. Warburton, 82nd Batt., P. E. I.
68. " F. J. Austin, 5th Regt. Cavalry.
69. " Worthington, 53rd Batt.
70. " McCarthy, 35th Batt.
71. " Roddick, 1st P. W. Rifles.
72. " J. A. Duncan, R. C. A., Victoria, B.C.
73. " H. R. Ross, 8th Royal Rifles, Quebec.
74. Asst. Surgeon Park, " " " "
75. Surgeon Saunders, Kingston F. B.
76. " Turner, 3rd Regt. Cavalry.
77. " Lindsay, Guelph F. B.
78. " W. F. Roome, 26th Batt.
79. " W. R. Bell, Ottawa F. B.
80. " S. A. King, 1st Regt. Cavalry.
81. " Major Mayrand, 11th Batt.
82. " H. R. Casgrain, 21st Essex Fusiliers.
83. " S. F. Wilson, 74th Batt., St. John, N.B.
84. " J. C. Pickard, 24th Batt.
85. " G. T. Orton, 90th Batt., Winnipeg.
86. " Boyle, 45th Batt.
87. " Major Connell, 67th, Woodstock, N.S.
88. " Jenkins G. A., P. E. I.
89. " Eakins, 15th Batt.
90. " J. Hanavan, I. S. C., London.
91. Asst. Surgeon J. S. Keele, 95th, Man.
92. Asst. Surgeon D. Thompson, 37th Batt.
93. Surgeon Ross, 77th Batt.

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The following resolution has been received from the Secretary of the Ontario Medical Association by the Secretary of the Association of M.O.M.

*Whereas*, our Military Medical colleagues have formed an Association of Medical Officers of Militia for the furtherance of the study of Military Surgery, Medicine and Hygiene, and for the bettering of the troops under their professional care

*Resolved*, that this Association extend a hearty and fraternal welcome to this Association of Medical Officers

*And Whereas*, this Association is painfully aware of the inadequacy, inefficiency and lack of proper organization of the medical service of the militia,

*And Whereas*, it is impossible for medical officers to discharge their duties conscientiously and fully under existing regulations

*Resolved*, that this association pledges itself to further and assist the objects of our sister association in every possible way,

*And Resolved*, that the Secretary be and is hereby instructed to forward copies of this resolution to Sir J. C. Abbott, the Minister of Militia, Major General Herbert and the Secretary of the Association of Medical Officers of the Militia of Canada.

#### NOTES.

Dr. Grassett, surgeon to the Governor-General's Body Guard, has been appointed professor of military surgery and hygiene in Trinity Medical College, Toronto. It is believed that the day is not far distant when the Government will require a certificate of attendance at a course of lectures on these subjects to qualify a medical man for appointment to the militia. Similar appointments will shortly be made in the various medical colleges in the Dominion.

Of the regulations of the militia department the one which is most irksome to the medical officers is that which permits the appointment of a civilian to the rank of full surgeon in the militia without a day's service over the heads of assistant sergeants, who may have served nine years and upwards, including active service in the field. This is grossly unjust to those who have given their time and money to the country's service. This injustice could readily be obviated by adopting the Imperial system of medico-military nomenclature. Let every medical officer who joins, join as a surgeon captain, after fifteen years service become a surgeon major, and after five years more become a surgeon Lieut.-Colonel. Upon reaching surgeon Lieut.-Colonel, he might be placed upon the general staff of the militia and detached from regimental duty.

In future the rank and corps of medical officers will appear upon the official Ontario Medical Register.

The medical journals of Canada have arranged to publish the promotions and other items of interest to the medical service.

It is devoutly to be hoped that when, in the near future, the medical service of the militia receives the consideration it deserves at the hands of the Government, that medical officers will be permitted to retire with rank after three years service. The unnecessarily long period of service now required greatly retards regimental promotion.

#### THE MEDICAL ASPECTS OF THE LATE CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

The camps of 1892 are now things of the past. In estimating the benefits derived by the militia from them, we must not omit to notice the care with which a beneficent Providence has watched over the physical welfare of our citizen soldiers. It pleased the Almighty to send little or no rain to dampen the insufficient bedding of the men, to fill the hollows with water, to cause diarrhoea and rheumatism, against which a penurious Department of Militia had provided no medicine. But especially have the militia to be thankful that they broke no bones, for if they had, the unfortunate sufferers would have been obliged to experience discomforts similar to those of Major Stewart of the 13th Batt., who broke his leg at Niagara Camp some two years ago, and who had to wait some hours before his leg was set, until splints were borrowed from a civil practitioner. Altogether officers and men have more to be thankful for than they know of.

#### A SIGNIFICANT RESOLUTION.

A resolution passed by that powerful organization, the Ontario Medical Association, is highly significant and uncompromising. It would seem to imply that the Medical profession, outside of the Military Medical Service had awakened to the fact that their confreres were not receiving

\* Deceased, vice-president for New Brunswick.