

and solemn manner, "Because God Almighty has proclaimed from Mount Sinai, in a most solemn manner, among other things, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy;" and the boy has forgotten all about it. His memory must be *very short indeed, VERY.*"

We rode off as the deacon pronounced the last word; and left the man to his own thoughts. He had evidently not been to church that day, but surely he had heard a sermon.—*Christian Index.*

LORD BROUGHAM.—It is worthy of notice that in the recent debate on America, in the House of Lords, Lord Brougham pronounced the whole of the Canadian possessions of the Crown to be of less value than the preservation of pacific relations between Great Britain and the United States. It is a matter of rejoicing that such a feeling exists in England, whatever the ground of it may be; and certain it is, that the world will allow both nations to place a high estimate upon peace, without suspecting them of cringing or cowardice.—*Philadelphia North American.*

A CURIOUS CAUSE OF WAR.—In the year 1005 some soldiers of the commonwealth of Modena ran away with a bucket from a public well belonging to the state of Bologna.—This implement might be worth a shilling; but it produced a bloody quarrel, which was worked up into a bloody war. Henry the king of Sardinia, for the Emperor or Henry, the second, assisted the Modenese to keep possession of the bucket; and in one of the battles he was made prisoner.—His father, the Emperor, offered a chain of gold that would encircle Bologna, which is seven miles in compass, for his son's ransom, but in vain. After twenty two years imprisonment, and his father being dead, he pined away and died.—His monument is still extant in the church of the Dominicans. This fatal bucket is still exhibited in the tower of the cathedral of Modena, enclosed in an iron cage.

FATE OF THE APOSTLES.—St. Mathew is supposed to have suffered martyrdom, or to have been slain with a sword at the city of Ethiopia. St. Mark was dragged through the streets of Alexandria, in Egypt until he expired. St. Luke was hanged upon an olive tree, in Greece. St. John was put in a cauldron of boiling oil, at Rome, and escaped death. He afterwards died a natural death at Ephesus in Asia. St. Peter was crucified at Rome, with his head downwards, at his own request, thinking himself unworthy to die in the same posture as his beloved Master. St. James the Great was beheaded at Jerusalem. St. James the Less was thrown from a pinnacle or wing of the Temple, and then beaten to death with a fuller's club. St. Phillip was hanged up against a pillar at Hierapolis, a

city of Phrygia. St. Bartholemew was flayed alive by command of a barbarous king.—St. Andrew was bound to a cross, whence he preached to the people until he expired. St. Thomas was run through the body with a lance, at Coramandel, in the East Indies.—St. Jude was shot to death with arrows. St. Simon was crucified in Persia. St. Mathias was first stoned, and then beheaded. St. Barnabas was stoned to death by the Jews at Solonis. St. Paul was beheaded at Rome by the tyrant Nero.

A Word to Teachers.

Knowledge cannot be poured into a child's mind like fluid from one vessel into another. The pupil may do something by intuition, but generally there must be a *conscious effort* on his part. Though much may be gone by others to aid, yet the effective labor must be performed by the learner himself. It must be remembered that he is not a passive recipient but an active voluntary agent—nay, more, it is not enough to give admission and welcome to knowledge, but he must reach out and grasp and bring home.

It is the duty of the teacher to bring knowledge within arms length of the learner, and he must break down its masses into portions so minute that they can be taken up and appropriated one by one; but the final appropriating act must be the learner's. Knowledge is not annexed to the mind like a foreign substance, but the mind assimilates it by its own vital powers. It is far less true that each one must earn his own bread by the sweat of his own brow, than it is that each one must earn his own knowledge by the labor of his own brain; for, strictly speaking, Nature recognizes no title to it by inheritance, gift or finding.—*Horace Mann.*

BE COURTEOUS.—Dr Humphrey was once seated in a stage coach, when a gentleman and a lady, on their bridal tour wished to be accommodated with seats on the inside. There being one vacant seat, the newly married pair were subjected to a separation, unless some passenger relinquished his place. This no one appeared to do, when the Doctor mounted the outside, insisting upon the gentleman occupying his seat with his bride. Subsequently the Doctor was collecting funds for the college over which he presided, and was presented with a handsome donation from the stranger he had met in the stage coach, with the remark that he knew nothing of Dr. Humphrey, or Amherst College, save that its President was a "*gentleman.*"

Burke estimated that the number of men destroyed in war, in all ages of the world, up to his time, amounted to seventy thousand millions.