

THE CANADIAN BEE JOURNAL.

D. A. JONES.

F. H. MACPHERSON

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BEETON, ONTARIO, AUGUST 12TH, 1885.

We hope to give the dates of the Ontario Beekeepers' Association Convention in next issue.

We are out of the second issue of the CANADIAN BEE JOURNAL, and as soon as it is possible, we will reprint that number. We are more than busy just now.

Our friends of the London *Free Press* say of the CANADIAN BEE JOURNAL: "Each succeeding number of this publication teems with interesting facts and apt suggestions on the profitable and genteel pursuit of bee-culture."

We are just getting a lot of samples of the labels for glass bottles put up ready for mailing, and as soon as ready will send out a large lot of them. If any of our readers do not receive samples, we shall be glad to send them on receipt of cards to that effect.

QUEENS.

The season for virgin queens is almost over. We can supply a large number of home-bred Italian queens at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00, and can in most cases ship by return mail or express.

OUR FOUL BROOD PAMPHLET.

The call that we have had for this little book has been very large, and every day further orders are coming in, so fast that we will soon have to print a second edition. Friend Root, Medina, O., can supply them to United States customers who wish them.

MATTER FOR THE C. B. J.

We are still behind with matter for the C. B. J.—that is, we have still more than we can conveniently get in every week. We are seemingly not likely to lack in good original matter from contributors, so that we will not need to use much outside matter.

THE BEESWAX CONTROVERSY.

Mr. Deadman requests the insertion of the following:

Mr. Brown's article on page 246 of the JOURNAL demands a reply. I consider so in justice to

myself, if not also for the beeswax controversy—I expect to have time for this very shortly. The management of a drug business and 200 colonies of bees is all I can possibly find time for, for a week or so yet. I think I can show the readers of the C. B. J. that Mr. Brown's accusations were uncalled for.

ADVERTISING SPACE.

We will issue several thousand copies of the CANADIAN BEE JOURNAL for free distribution during the exhibitions at Toronto, London and Hamilton, and this will be a splendid opportunity for those who have anything to offer for sale during the Fall in the way of bees or supplies. We will not make any charge over our regular advertising rates, and they are exceptionally low. We believe it has paid most of our advertisers well to advertise in the CANADIAN BEE JOURNAL, and this chance is one that should not be missed.

THE VARIOUS USES OF BEE PRODUCTS.

A subscriber has suggested that a space in the JOURNAL be devoted to the insertion of some of the various uses of bee-products. By this, we presume, he means, the uses to which honey and wax, propolis, etc., may be used outside the regular course of things. For instance: Is propolis of value for anything else besides the duty for which it is intended in the bee-hive? What other uses may wax be put to which are not now generally known? Is there anything for which honey may be used, besides its present normal uses? We shall be glad to have a Department for the rehearsal of such items to the readers of the C. B. JOURNAL.

HOW TO GET RID OF FERTILE WORKERS.

If fertile workers have the combs all taken from them, and the heads shaved off the young drones, then put the combs in a cool cellar over night, or immerse in cold water for one hour, leaning the combs first one way and then another in order that the water may fill every cell, holding them on a slant of say forty-five degrees to allow the air to pass out of and the water into the cells. After the brood is chilled, and killed, the combs may be placed in the hives to be cleaned out; if there is any worker brood in the combs this process cannot be carried out as it would kill it. Shave the heads off all drones in the frames, only, as they are capped. To get rid of fertile workers does not simply mean to get rid of the workers that lay the eggs at that particular time, because, if they are destroyed others will take their places and so continue as long as there is one bee left in the hive. By taking the combs from them, leaving them without for from twelve to twenty-four