

The Weekly Monitor

VOL. 43

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, JUNE 30, 1915

NO 12

Letter from Harry Lantz Now in Flanders

No. 1 Canadian Casualty Station,
Flanders,
June 5th, 1915.

Dear Brother:—
I have just been reading some letters before burning them and among them was one from you, and I was not sure that I had answered it, so decided to do so now, as I presume a letter is always acceptable, especially one from a foreign country which once seemed so far away from me, but owing to the deers of war has been brought near, and to many readers, young lives, there or rather here given freely to maintain the cause of right and freedom as we understand them.

We must certainly believe that our enemies are not all cruel and savage but have been taught her civilization being superior should dominate the world.

Still it hardly seems possible that a human people should approve of the savagery and treachery which forms such a part of their program. You need to talk to one of the fellows who has been through the battles of Neuve Chappelle and Ypres, to get a glimpse of what it is like and very seldom do we see officer or private who is anxious to go back if it could be done otherwise. But I am glad to say that our fellows are more eager perhaps to do their part than some other troops of His Majesty.

We have had a number of cases here of men with their nerves shattered from the sound of the guns, and the shock so caused to the system. Most of these fellows recover after a change and rest, and good meals. While the fellows are in the trenches they have iron rations, that is hard biscuit, corned beef and perhaps tea without sugar or milk sometimes, but other times they are pretty well, it depending pretty much on the activity of the command. You have no doubt heard that the Saxons are friendly and sometimes arrange truces between trenches, but our fellows soon know when the Prussians or Bavarians appear, as they show intense hatred for England, and now Italy, and perhaps some day they may be able to include another in their list. You of course are wondering how we are getting along, and what we do as soldiers, how we feel, whether we are well fed, etc. You know something of our part which we perform and by the way, I must tell you that although we don't feel satisfied with our part, we receive commendation, from official circles and patients who are fortunate enough to be under our care. They are glad to stay as long

as is necessary for a complete cure. I have just had a Highland Corporal, Canadian, who just came here to see me, and he corroborates what all have said, namely, stay where you are and be thankful that you are so lucky. He told me about sleeping in trenches over the bodies of Germans which were hardly covered, and Friday night they made an advance over the bodies of wounded, dying and dead British and Germans. He said the stench and sights made many of the men sick so that they were not fit for duty. Another Corporal I have met from the same regiment who has been down with minor wounds twice, is going back tomorrow. He had a bullet pass through his Glengary right over the top of his head almost singeing his hair, but is no worse for his experiences, which he does not wish to have repeated. He is acquainted with some people in Wolfville and so he inquired if there were any Acadia people, and in this way I got acquainted with him. He has given me his cap badge as a souvenir. We meet many fine fellows here from all parts. Gregg, a Soph, who came over with Acker, was in the Ypres fight and later at Festubert, got wounded in the foot and is again in England. L. Caldwell is now attached to the headquarters staff of some brigade here in Flanders as they had not had their horses over here yet but expect them very shortly. I was thru the old cathedral here a few days since, which is very nice, and is a very large edifice for a town of this size, that is, about four thousand. The inside is really wonderful but hard to describe as I am not acquainted with the service or rites of the church. There are several altars, confession rooms, consecration room, etc., with a great deal of statuary and painting, stained glass, etc. I was glad to hear you were setting trees. If you could see France and England and their ornamental trees, you would understand me better. Of course they are old countries, but ours will soon be among that variety. I have not told you that we are having ideal weather really better than N. S. I think.

It has been warm enough that for two weeks the fellows have been all able to go bathing, as there is a large bath in the town. I must tell you that we have now some real good Northern Spy apples from Ontario, packed like oranges in the bushel box. The Red Cross people brought us two boxes Friday, and they were well received I assure you. Au revoir.

HARRY.

According to figures announced in the British House of Commons, 79,916 women have registered for war work and of this number 1,916 have been utilized.

WESTERN BAPTIST ASSOCIATION ENDORSE WORK OF N. S. TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE

The following resolution was unanimously adopted at the Western Baptist Association which met at Westport, June 17th to 20th.

Resolved, I. That we heartily endorse the work of the N. S. Temperance Alliance as accomplished through its Field Secretary, Rev. H. R. Grant, and the County Alliance in their efforts for the improvement and enforcement of law.

II. That we endeavor in every legitimate way to bring to a successful issue the repeal of the Scott Act and the adoption of the Nova Scotia Temperance Act in Annapolis County on July 8th, and we urge both pastors and canvassers to diligently seek the securing of sufficient signatures to their petition for obtaining a plebiscite on this question.

III. That as members of the Association, we pledge ourselves that by all available means we will endeavor to help the people fully realize the danger of the manufacture and use of cider and other liquors with even a low percentage of alcohol."

B. D. KNOTT

Clerk of Western Baptist Association.

DAILY SERVICE VIA YARMOUTH LINE TO BOSTON IN EFFECT FROM YARMOUTH, MON DAY, 28TH JUNE

The regular daily service to Boston from Yarmouth performed by the popular steamers "Prince George" and the "Princess Arthur" goes into effect Monday, 28th, inst, and on and after that date sailings from Yarmouth will be, daily at 6 p. m., except Sunday, and steamers arrive in Boston the following mornings.

There is no more delightful trip to Boston than via the Yarmouth Line which has established a reputation of unexcelled regularity of sailings and satisfaction by the travelling public in all respects.

Persons leaving New England for the Provinces will make no mistake in using the Yarmouth Line which reaches all points in Nova Scotia and the Provinces.

For all particulars as to sailings, rates, stateroom reservations, etc., communicate with company's agent, Mr. A. E. Williams, at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, or any agent of the Dominion Atlantic or Halifax & South Western Railway.

Two or three deserters from Aldershot were captured in Yarmouth last week and were held over until the arrival of an escort to take them back.

THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

Italy Severs Diplomatic Relations With Turkey

PARIS, June 28.—Announcement was made at the French Ministry of War today that, according to the Italian press, Italy has broken diplomatic relations with Turkey. Italy, it is added, will send troops to the Dardanelles.

Russians Have Retired in Order Beyond the Dniester River.

LONDON, June 28.—Berlin reports the fall of the Galician town of Halicz, and says that the Austro-Germans have crossed the Dniester River, which means that the five days' desperate rear-guard action by the Russians has ended in their retirement. However, the stubborn resistance of this flank of the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian armies, has undoubtedly enabled him to reform his lines along the River Bug, virtually without interference.

The River San now takes the place of the Dniester as the scene of a sanguinary battle in the Russian effort to prevent the investment of Warsaw. Petrograd admits the retirement of the Russians to the River Gnila Lipa, which is some eighty miles from the frontier, and falls into the Dniester at Halicz, but military experts do not expect heavy fighting along that river. They express the opinion that the next serious battle probably will occur along the Zlota Lipa River, which runs parallel to the Gnila Lipa further eastward, where the Russians would benefit by the railroad with which the Tarnopol line connects. These operations and plans, according to military men, confirm the theory and the Dniester forces were merely covering for the northern army.

WAR BRIEFS

A lot of men were admitted to hospital, suffering from what is, I believe called "dropped wrist," also from jaundice. The outbreak could not be accounted for, and we were asked to secure a sample of water from a straw coming from a German position, and joining one in the rear of our trenches. Being tested, one grain of arsenic per pint of water was found in the sample. A repetition in Flanders of the German South African trick.

The body found on the coast of Clare Island, and supposed to have been the body of A. G. Vanderbilt, lost in the Lusitania, was not his body.

The Swedish Government has prohibited the export of all kinds of cotton. It may be needed for war purposes.

German newspapers announce the arrest of a millionaire Senator, charged with selling metal and pyrites to Great Britain from his Swedish and Norwegian works.

A former Hungarian Minister of War, and in command of an Austrian Army, at the beginning of the war, has been arrested and is treated as "a serious political criminal."

The following message was flung into the British trenches in Flanders, by Germans. "We are too few to attack, and too proud to surrender, but we want to go home."

Von Bethmann-Hollweg charges Italy with entering the war by a combination of mob dictation, bad faith on the part of the Cabinet of Premier Salandra, and in a certain degree to the money of the allied powers.

Thirty-eight British aviators destroyed the big railway bridge at Ghent, wrecked the railway station and freight depots, thereby spoiling Germany's plans of making Ghent a railway centre.

The Prussian casualty list contained the names of no less than 1,388,000 persons. Taking Prussia's average, the number for Germany would be two millions and a quarter of men. An awful sacrifice to the Kaiser's ambition.

A party of 297 German prisoners were brought to Halifax to be forwarded to internment camps.

A Methodist Minister in New Brunswick has been refused a circuit for the ecclesiastical year because of anti-British and pro-German utterances.

Complaints are being made by Germans against Von Bethman-Hollweg on account of his speeches. He is charged with having a perfect genius for saying foolish things. For example his saying that a treaty was only "a scrap of paper."

The New York Tribune says, "Whether we now join in war, whether we now draw the sword, henceforth and till the destruction of those who today dominate Germany, the American people will look upon those who are fighting the Germans as allies; they will hope and pray for their success."

The Commission for Relief in Belgium announces that the receipts in cash and a valuation of cargoes of food and other supplies have amounted to \$60,000,000. About 5,500,000 are now paying for their food, 1,500,000 are entirely helpless.

Sir Felix Semon, a German by birth, but now a naturalized Britisher, says, "The inhuman methods of German warfare, have often, and of late with increasing force, induced me to think that it would be right for a German by birth to publicly express his detestation of that policy. Sir Arthur Pinero, another naturalized Britisher, says, "I emphatically abhor the barbarous methods, one and all, practised by Germany."

OFFICER. You want me to read you girl's letter to you, do you?

PAT. Sure, Sorr, and it's rather private. Will you please stuff your ears with cotton wool, so you cannot hear it.

Seven hundred men from all over Canada have offered their services to the navy department with a view to learn how to operate aeroplanes.

The press of Portugal demands the discontinuance of diplomatic relations with Germany because German submarines have sunk Portuguese ships.

The British Government plans for the insurance of life and property against German air craft.

Scott Act Repeal

Citizens

"The saloon is the sum of all villainies. It is worse than war or pestilence. It is the parent of crimes, and the mother of sins. It is the appalling source of misery, poverty and sorrow. It causes three-fourths of the crime, and of course is the source of three-fourths of the taxes to support that crime. And to license such an incarnate fiend of hell is the dirtiest, most low down, damnable business on the top of this old earth."—Billy Sunday.

Sir Frederick Treves, physician to the late King Edward and perhaps the greatest medical authority in the Empire, says: "All alcohol is distinctly a POISON with certain uses like other poisons, but limitations on its use should be as strict as on arsenic, opium or strychnine."

**VOTE THE RED BALLOTT
ON JULY 8TH**

Workmen

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor said: "The time has come when the saloon and the labor movement must be divorced."

Hon. John Burns, British Labor leader, said: "Give up drink or give up hope of holding your place in the industrial world."

**VOTE AGAINST YOUR ENEMY
VOTE THE RED BALLOTT**

Merchants

You get what is left after the rum seller has got what he can. The average saloon is said to take in \$8,300 a year. Does the cash business of the bar room aid your business?

**DON'T FORGET TO GO TO THE
POLLS ON JULY 8TH**

Pastors

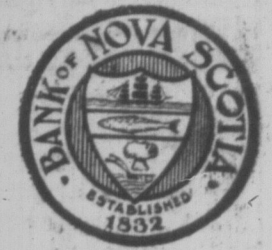
The gospel of the Christ is the gospel of social redemption no less than a gospel of individual salvation. From your place behind the sacred desk use your opportunity to attack that arch enemy to society, of the church and of decency, the rum traffic. Will you not remind your congregation of their duty to vote down the bar room and VOTE AGAINST THE SCOTT ACT so that the more stringent N. S. Temperance Act can come into force? In the name of righteousness HIT THE TRAFFIC and hit it hard. ON SUNDAY, JULY 4th.

Temperance Electors

Some liquor dealers in Halifax sent out a circular to the electors of one of the other counties when the vote on the repeal of the Scott Act was being taken, calling upon them to vote to retain the Scott Act. As clear headed men, do you need any strong argument in favor of the N. S. Temperance Act? Go to the polls on July 8th and vote against the ACT THAT THE RUMSELLER PREFERS.

How the New Act Works

It is now in force in the counties of Pictou, Cumberland, Hants and Kings. In the town of Amherst in Cumberland Co., the Act is well enforced. Here are some of the results: In the past four months under the Scott Act there were over 60 arrests for drunkenness; in the first four months under the new Act there were 13 arrests under the same police force and the same system of making arrests. Stelarton, a mining town of 4,500, was formerly considered the most temperate town in Pictou Co. Under the Scott Act there was great difficulty in suppressing sales. During the last five months under the new Act there were only five arrests for drunkenness. The town of Westville shows a similar record. Windsor, in Hants Co., under the new Act has had but one arrest in the last five months. Without exception under this new Act, where officials are honest, dives and bars and other rum dens can be suppressed. Honest officials in all



Small Deposits Welcome

If you wish to start a Savings Account do not hesitate because you have only a small sum to begin with; you will be welcome at our office. Some of our large accounts began as deposits of \$1. It is our aim to have customers come to us with the feeling that we will attend to their business with pleasure.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

Capital - - - - - \$ 5,000,000
Surplus - - - - - 12,000,000
Total Resources over - - - - - 90,000,000

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH
J. S. Lewis, Manager

towns where it is in force consider the N. S. Temperance Act vastly superior to the Scott Act.

**VOTE FOR THE BETTER ACT.
VOTE AGAINST THE SCOTT ACT.
VOTE THE RED BALLOTT.**

G. C. WARREN,
Sec. Temperance Alliance.

Death of Rev. W. B. Wallace

The news of the death of the Rev. William Boardman Wallace, D. D., was received here on Saturday evening last, he having passed away early that morning after an operation three days previous, blood poisoning having set in.

The deceased was a son of the late Rev. Isaiah Wallace, whose memory is revered by thousands in these Maritime Provinces. He was born in Granville on Oct. 21, 1867, and was therefore in the forty-eighth year of his age.

Dr. Wallace graduated from Acadia with the class of '90, and received the degree of D. D. from Colby University. He held several pastorates in the United States, principally in New York State, among them being the First Baptist Church of Oswego, N. Y., from 1893 to '96; Tabernacle Church, Utica, N. Y., '96-'97; East Baptist Church, Cleveland, Ohio, 1907. For the past year he had been pastor of Rockefeller's Church, Rochester, N. Y.

A Buffalo despatch of June 27, says of the deceased: "Dr. Wallace was one of the brilliant men the Baptist Church of Nova Scotia has given to the world, and that is saying much. At the time of his death he was in the prime of life. He was a unique preacher in many respects. In his personality he demanded attention, and in his methods, straightforward, vigorous and virile, he was eminently a man's man."

The body of the deceased will be placed in a private mausoleum in Rochester until the family decide on permanent place for interment, which undoubtedly will take place at Granville.

Dr. Wallace married Miss Alice Young, sister of Mr. Abram Young of this town, and Mrs. H. G. Mellick of Lawrencetown is a sister of the deceased.

While the prisoners of war in the detention camp at Amherst were being conducted to the compound for physical exercise on Thursday last, one of them, Fritz Clause by name, assaulted one of the internment camp police knocking him insensible. The guard was called to quell the mutiny and in the melee which followed the originator of the trouble was shot dead and four of the other prisoners were more or less seriously wounded.

Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital Paid up - - - \$11,560,000
Reserve Funds - - - 13,575,000

Savings Department Accounts may be opened with an initial deposit of One Dollar. Interest is credited half yearly.

Joint Account An account in the name of two members of a family will be found convenient. Either person (or the survivor) may operate the account.

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown.
E. B. McDANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.

My Aim: "The Greatest Good to Greatest Number"

LADIES' PURE SILK HOSE, with lisle tops; white, tan or black, 45c per pair

LADIES' VEGETABLE (BOOT) SILK HOSE, in white tan, or black, 24c per pair

LADIES' BALBRIGGAN HOSE, with double soles and high spliced heels, only 22c per pair.

LADIES' "SILK-O-LINE HOSE," black, tan or white, 24c per pair

LADIES' LISLE THREAD HOSE, with extra out size tops, 24c per pair

LADIES' COTTON HOSE, 10c up. My line at 14c, sizes 8 to 10 inch, tan or black is Bad-to-Beat

"BUSTER BROWN" and "ROCK RIB" for boys, 5 inch, 18c up to 23c for 11 in. Elsewhere small sizes sold at same price as large

"BUSTER BROWN'S SISTER" and "PRINCESS" for girls, white, tans or black—Priced the fair way.

"THREE EIGHTIES," a grand low priced stocking, sizes 5 to 10 inch, 10c upwards

"LITTLE DARLING," in cashmere Hose

RANDOLPH "CUTIES," in Lisle Sox

For their Majesties
THE HOME RULERS

"CRAFTANA," the justly celebrated, seamless unshrinkable, black cashmere Sox, made on the Graduated Principle with two threads in the top, three threads in the leg, four in the foot and instep and five in the heels and toes thus affording at the Minimum of Cost the Maximum of Comfort and Durability, 40c pair.

Men's Seamless Cotton Sox, 8 cents

" " black " " 11 cents

" " Woolen " " 16 cents

Men's "Marathon" Sox Winged Foot Brand, tan or black 9 to 11 inch, 13c

These Sox have been sold at 20 to 25 cents per pair in this town

The above brands are registered to prevent unscrupulous manufacturers from using them. The goods are as separate from other lines as a Marathon Race from some Go-as-you-Please. And you will save money by accepting no substitutes—every pair of the genuine are branded, and there are I believe, none such elsewhere at my prices.

My Store is open on Saturdays until 10 p. m.

WALTER SCOTT, The "Keen Kutter"

Granville Street The Royal Bank Building (Next Door to Public Telephone Station) Bridgetown